

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Dec 16, 2023 – 12:19 PM EST

PDB ID : 2OL5

Title: Crystal Structure of a protease synthase and sporulation negative regulatory

protein PAI 2 from Bacillus stearothermophilus

Authors: Brunzelle, J.S.; Cuff, M.E.; Minasov, G.; Li, H.; Joachimiak, A.; Anderson,

W.F.; Midwest Center for Structural Genomics (MCSG)

Deposited on : 2007-01-18

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

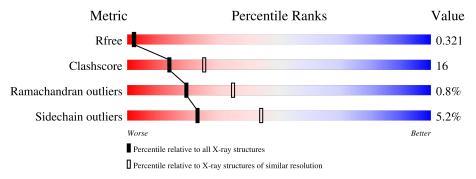
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Me	ol Chair	n Length	Quality of chair	n		
1	A	202	63%	25%	•	9%
1	В	202	64%	24%	•	8%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3120 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PAI 2 protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	183	Total 1494	C 951		O 269		0	0	0
1	В	186	Total 1518	C 963		O 278	 Se 7	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is water.

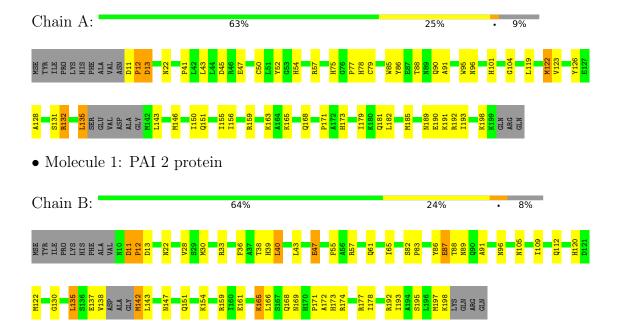
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	64	Total O 64 64	0	0
2	В	44	Total O 44 44	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PAI 2 protein





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	62.60Å 77.95Å 89.45Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.81 - 2.50	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	38.79 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	97.8 (38.81-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	86.4 (38.79-2.20)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.05 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D.	0.213 , 0.276	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.280 , 0.321	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2015 reflections (10.18%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	33.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.968	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33 , 34.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	3120	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	40.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.06% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.73	0/1525	0.84	3/2052 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.67	0/1549	0.74	1/2086 (0.0%)	
All	All	0.70	0/3074	0.79	4/4138 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	132	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.99	116.81	120.30
1	A	132	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.97	123.79	120.30
1	A	13	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.25	123.02	118.30
1	В	11	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.24	123.02	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	130	GLY	Peptide
1	В	55	PHE	Peptide
1	В	65	ILE	Peptide



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1494	0	1468	48	0
1	В	1518	0	1483	48	0
2	A	64	0	0	8	0
2	В	44	0	0	1	0
All	All	3120	0	2951	94	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 94 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\mathring{\mathbf{A}}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:135:LEU:C	1:A:135:LEU:HD22	1.54	1.28
1:B:86:TYR:CE1	1:B:91:ALA:HB3	1.89	1.06
1:A:135:LEU:C	1:A:135:LEU:CD2	2.30	0.95
1:A:11:ASP:CB	1:A:12:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.95
1:B:86:TYR:HE1	1:B:91:ALA:HB3	1.33	0.92

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentil	les
1	A	179/202 (89%)	171 (96%)	7 (4%)	1 (1%)	25 43	
1	В	182/202 (90%)	167 (92%)	13 (7%)	2 (1%)	14 26	

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percent	tiles
All	All	361/404 (89%)	338 (94%)	20 (6%)	3 (1%)	19	35

#### All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
1	A	12	PRO
1	В	12	PRO
1	В	172	ALA

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	162/171 (95%)	155 (96%)	7 (4%)	29 53
1	В	166/171 (97%)	156 (94%)	10 (6%)	19 37
All	All	328/342 (96%)	311 (95%)	17 (5%)	23 44

5 of 17 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	147	ASN
1	В	169	ASN
1	В	40	LEU
1	В	47	GLU
1	В	87	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 20 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	120	HIS
1	В	169	ASN
1	В	175	GLN
1	В	173	HIS
1	A	184	GLN



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

