



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 26, 2020 – 07:52 pm BST

PDB ID : 4OLG  
Title : Crystal structure of AmpC beta-lactamase in complex with covalently bound N-formyl 7-aminocephalosporanic acid  
Authors : Shoichet, B.K.; Barelier, S.  
Deposited on : 2014-01-23  
Resolution : 1.71 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.11  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11



## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

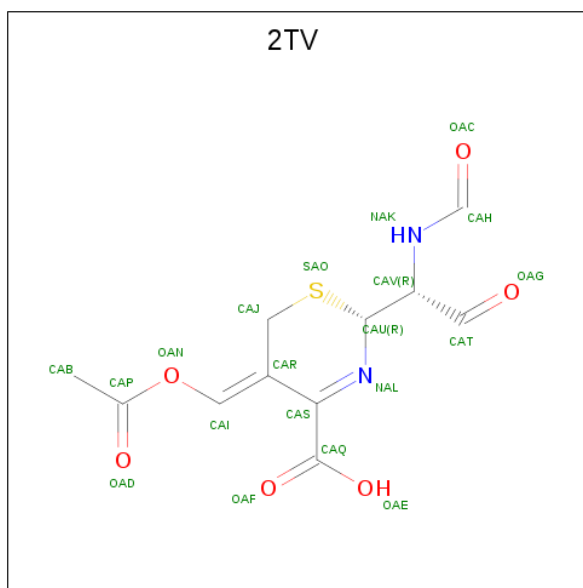
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6109 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-lactamase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	356	Total	C	N	O	S	0	10	0
			2825	1814	479	526	6			
1	B	358	Total	C	N	O	S	0	6	0
			2816	1810	479	520	7			

- Molecule 2 is (2R,5Z)-5-[(acetyloxy)methylidene]-2-[(1R)-1-(formylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-5,6-dihydro-2H-1,3-thiazine-4-carboxylic acid (three-letter code: 2TV) (formula: C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			20	11	2	6	1		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			20	11	2	6	1		

- Molecule 3 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	1

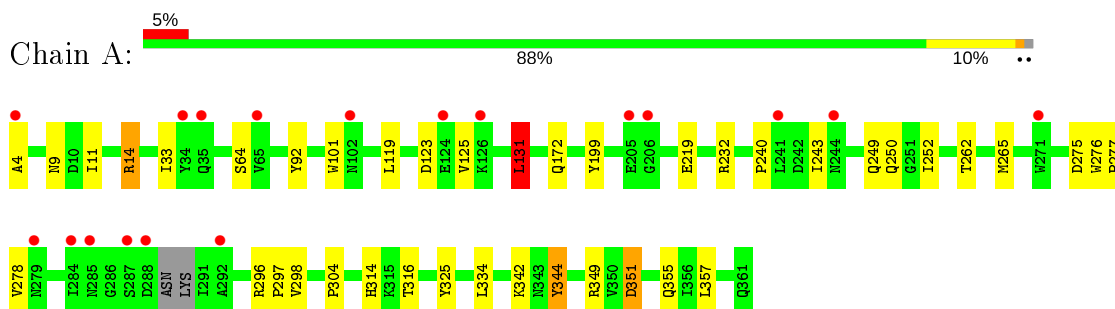
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	211	Total O 211 211	0	8
4	B	212	Total O 212 212	0	1

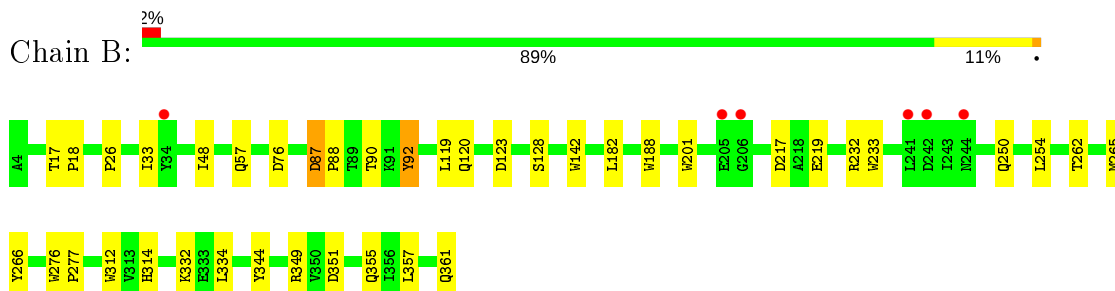
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Beta-lactamase



- Molecule 1: Beta-lactamase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	118.66Å 77.15Å 98.14Å 90.00° 115.95° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.41 – 1.71 29.33 – 1.71	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (29.41-1.71) 99.6 (29.33-1.71)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.04 (at 1.71Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.166 , 0.200 0.169 , 0.202	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3140 reflections (3.68%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.3	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.042	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.39 , 45.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	6109	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.34% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PO4, 2TV

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	1.20	3/2904 (0.1%)	1.15	9/3974 (0.2%)
1	B	1.20	7/2896 (0.2%)	1.08	5/3964 (0.1%)
All	All	1.20	10/5800 (0.2%)	1.12	14/7938 (0.2%)

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	92	TYR	CZ-OH	6.22	1.48	1.37
1	A	64	SER	CB-OG	5.90	1.50	1.42
1	B	188	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.75	1.48	1.41
1	A	344	TYR	CE1-CZ	5.72	1.46	1.38
1	B	201	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.61	1.48	1.41
1	B	142	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.58	1.48	1.41
1	B	87	ASP	CB-CG	5.46	1.63	1.51
1	B	312	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.41	1.47	1.41
1	B	233	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.36	1.47	1.41
1	A	101	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.22	1.47	1.41

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	87	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-8.79	110.39	118.30
1	A	14[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.98	117.31	120.30
1	A	14[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.98	117.31	120.30
1	A	265	MET	CG-SD-CE	5.90	109.64	100.20
1	A	92	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.73	117.56	121.00
1	A	219	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-5.64	116.53	123.30
1	B	219	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-5.32	116.92	123.30
1	A	131	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.30	127.49	115.30
1	A	199	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.29	117.83	121.00

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	87	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.28	123.05	118.30
1	A	131	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	5.11	119.69	111.00
1	A	232	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-5.11	101.07	111.80
1	B	217	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.07	122.86	118.30
1	B	76	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.06	113.74	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2825	0	2733	30	0
1	B	2816	0	2740	23	0
2	A	20	0	10	1	0
2	B	20	0	10	4	0
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	A	211	0	0	5	0
4	B	212	0	0	3	0
All	All	6109	0	5493	56	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (56) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:265[B]:MET:HG2	1:B:266:TYR:N	1.79	0.95
1:A:262[B]:THR:HG23	1:A:298:VAL:HG12	1.47	0.94
1:B:87:ASP:OD2	1:B:92:TYR:OH	1.90	0.88
1:A:262[B]:THR:CG2	1:A:298:VAL:HG12	2.06	0.85
1:A:4:ALA:HB3	1:A:9[B]:ASN:OD1	1.81	0.80
2:B:401:2TV:H1	4:B:655:HOH:O	1.79	0.80
1:A:11:ILE:HD12	1:A:14[B]:ARG:HD2	1.65	0.77
1:B:332:LYS:HD2	1:B:361:GLN:HB2	1.73	0.70

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:182:LEU:O	1:B:232[A]:ARG:NH1	2.26	0.69
1:A:262[B]:THR:HG22	1:A:297:PRO:O	1.95	0.67
1:A:243:ILE:HD12	1:A:252:ILE:HD12	1.77	0.66
1:A:243:ILE:CD1	1:A:252:ILE:HD12	2.31	0.59
1:B:119:LEU:HD11	2:B:401:2TV:SAO	2.44	0.58
1:B:88:PRO:HB2	1:B:90[B]:THR:HG22	1.87	0.56
1:B:334:LEU:HG	1:B:357:LEU:HD22	1.88	0.54
1:B:262:THR:HG22	1:B:265[B]:MET:SD	2.47	0.54
1:A:240:PRO:O	1:A:249:GLN:HG3	2.07	0.53
1:A:342:LYS:NZ	4:A:692:HOH:O	2.41	0.53
1:A:243:ILE:CD1	1:A:252:ILE:CD1	2.86	0.53
1:B:17:THR:HB	1:B:18:PRO:HD3	1.89	0.53
1:B:26:PRO:HB3	1:B:48:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.53
1:A:276:TRP:CD2	1:A:277:PRO:HA	2.44	0.52
1:A:262[B]:THR:CG2	1:A:298:VAL:CG1	2.84	0.52
1:A:4:ALA:O	1:A:9[B]:ASN:ND2	2.42	0.51
1:B:57:GLN:HA	1:B:57:GLN:OE1	2.09	0.51
1:B:332:LYS:HD2	1:B:361:GLN:CB	2.39	0.51
1:B:262:THR:O	1:B:262:THR:HG23	2.11	0.50
1:A:33:ILE:HD12	1:A:33:ILE:N	2.26	0.50
1:A:316[A]:THR:HG22	1:A:325:TYR:CD1	2.47	0.50
1:A:119:LEU:HD11	2:A:401:2TV:SAO	2.51	0.50
1:A:11:ILE:HD12	1:A:14[B]:ARG:CD	2.39	0.50
1:B:332:LYS:HE3	1:B:361:GLN:OE1	2.12	0.49
1:B:33:ILE:HD12	1:B:33:ILE:N	2.28	0.49
1:B:344:TYR:CE1	1:B:349:ARG:HG2	2.47	0.49
1:A:125:VAL:HG11	1:A:131:LEU:HD23	1.94	0.49
1:A:262[A]:THR:HG21	1:A:296:ARG:HB3	1.95	0.48
1:A:172:GLN:HG3	4:A:544:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:334:LEU:HG	1:A:357:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.47
1:B:265[A]:MET:HG3	4:B:504:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:B:276:TRP:CD2	1:B:277:PRO:HA	2.49	0.47
1:B:344:TYR:CZ	1:B:349:ARG:HG2	2.50	0.46
1:A:351:ASP:O	1:A:355[B]:GLN:HG3	2.16	0.45
1:B:88:PRO:CB	1:B:90[B]:THR:HG22	2.47	0.45
1:A:344:TYR:CZ	1:A:349:ARG:HG2	2.52	0.45
1:A:316[A]:THR:HG22	1:A:325:TYR:HD1	1.81	0.44
1:A:262[A]:THR:HG22	1:A:296:ARG:NH2	2.32	0.44
1:B:250[A]:GLN:O	1:B:254:LEU:HG	2.19	0.42
1:B:351:ASP:O	1:B:355:GLN:HG2	2.19	0.42
1:A:344:TYR:CE1	1:A:349:ARG:HG2	2.55	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:250:GLN:HG3	4:A:699:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:275:ASP:O	1:A:278:VAL:HG12	2.19	0.41
2:B:401:2TV:H1	2:B:401:2TV:H4	1.86	0.41
2:B:401:2TV:CAB	4:B:655:HOH:O	2.53	0.41
1:A:262[A]:THR:HG23	4:A:642:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:250:GLN:CG	4:A:699:HOH:O	2.68	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	362/358 (101%)	355 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	362/358 (101%)	355 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	724/716 (101%)	710 (98%)	14 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	289/292 (99%)	284 (98%)	5 (2%)	60	44
1	B	289/292 (99%)	285 (99%)	4 (1%)	67	52

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	578/584 (99%)	569 (98%)	9 (2%)	62 47

All (9) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	123	ASP
1	A	131	LEU
1	A	304	PRO
1	A	314	HIS
1	A	351	ASP
1	B	120	GLN
1	B	123	ASP
1	B	128	SER
1	B	314	HIS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	190	ASN
1	A	198	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	2TV	B	401	1	12,20,20	4.62	5 (41%)	8,26,26	1.60	2 (25%)
3	PO4	A	402[A]	-	4,4,4	0.91	0	6,6,6	0.95	0
2	2TV	A	401	1	12,20,20	3.86	4 (33%)	8,26,26	2.11	2 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	2TV	B	401	1	-	4/5/31/31	0/0/1/1
2	2TV	A	401	1	-	4/5/31/31	0/0/1/1

All (9) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	401	2TV	CAJ-CAR	-12.30	1.36	1.50
2	A	401	2TV	CAJ-CAR	-9.26	1.40	1.50
2	B	401	2TV	CAQ-CAS	-7.94	1.40	1.52
2	A	401	2TV	CAQ-CAS	-7.81	1.40	1.52
2	A	401	2TV	OAN-CAI	4.25	1.45	1.39
2	B	401	2TV	CAS-NAL	4.24	1.33	1.28
2	B	401	2TV	OAN-CAI	3.81	1.44	1.39
2	A	401	2TV	CAV-NAK	-3.05	1.42	1.46
2	B	401	2TV	CAS-CAR	-2.23	1.39	1.46

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	401	2TV	CAV-NAK-CAH	-4.15	115.39	122.42
2	B	401	2TV	OAN-CAP-CAB	3.19	116.78	110.77
2	A	401	2TV	CAJ-SAO-CAU	-2.75	89.07	94.47
2	B	401	2TV	CAV-NAK-CAH	-2.27	118.58	122.42

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

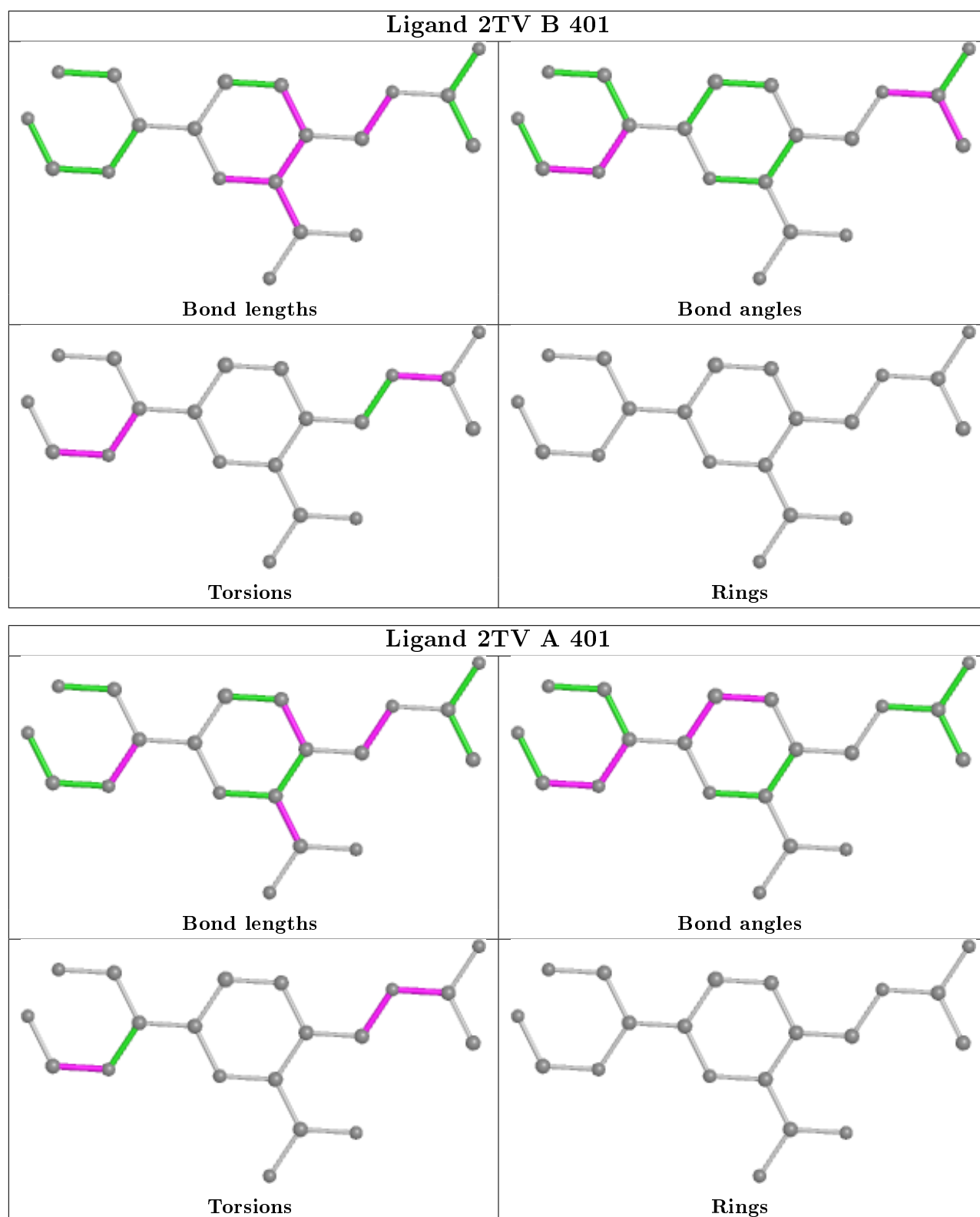
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	401	2TV	CAB-CAP-OAN-CAI
2	B	401	2TV	OAD-CAP-OAN-CAI
2	B	401	2TV	CAU-CAV-NAK-CAH
2	B	401	2TV	OAC-CAH-NAK-CAV
2	A	401	2TV	CAB-CAP-OAN-CAI
2	A	401	2TV	OAD-CAP-OAN-CAI
2	A	401	2TV	CAR-CAI-OAN-CAP
2	A	401	2TV	OAC-CAH-NAK-CAV

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	401	2TV	4	0
2	A	401	2TV	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	356/358 (99%)	0.12	18 (5%) 28 31	17, 25, 47, 61	0
1	B	358/358 (100%)	-0.05	6 (1%) 70 74	18, 27, 44, 53	0
All	All	714/716 (99%)	0.03	24 (3%) 45 50	17, 26, 45, 61	0

All (24) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	4	ALA	3.9
1	A	244	ASN	3.8
1	A	285	ASN	3.5
1	A	34	TYR	3.5
1	A	284	ILE	3.5
1	B	244	ASN	3.3
1	A	287	SER	3.3
1	B	241	LEU	3.3
1	A	206	GLY	3.0
1	A	102	ASN	3.0
1	A	126	LYS	2.8
1	A	241	LEU	2.7
1	B	206	GLY	2.6
1	A	124	GLU	2.5
1	A	292	ALA	2.5
1	A	205	GLU	2.4
1	A	288	ASP	2.3
1	B	242	ASP	2.2
1	B	34	TYR	2.2
1	A	271	TRP	2.2
1	A	279	ASN	2.1
1	A	35	GLN	2.1
1	B	205	GLU	2.1
1	A	65	VAL	2.0



## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

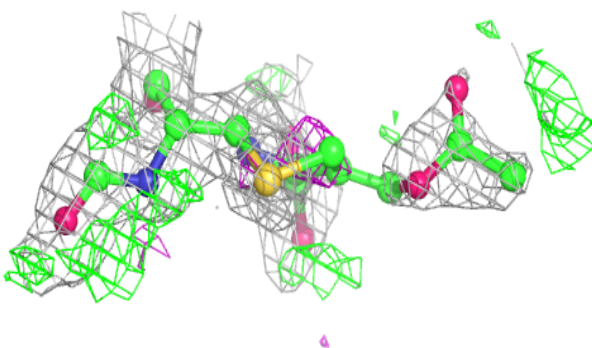
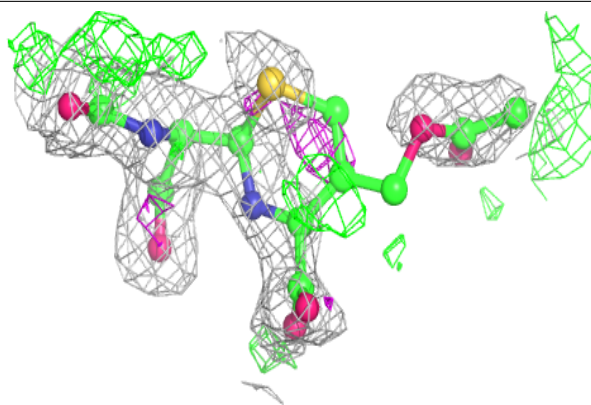
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

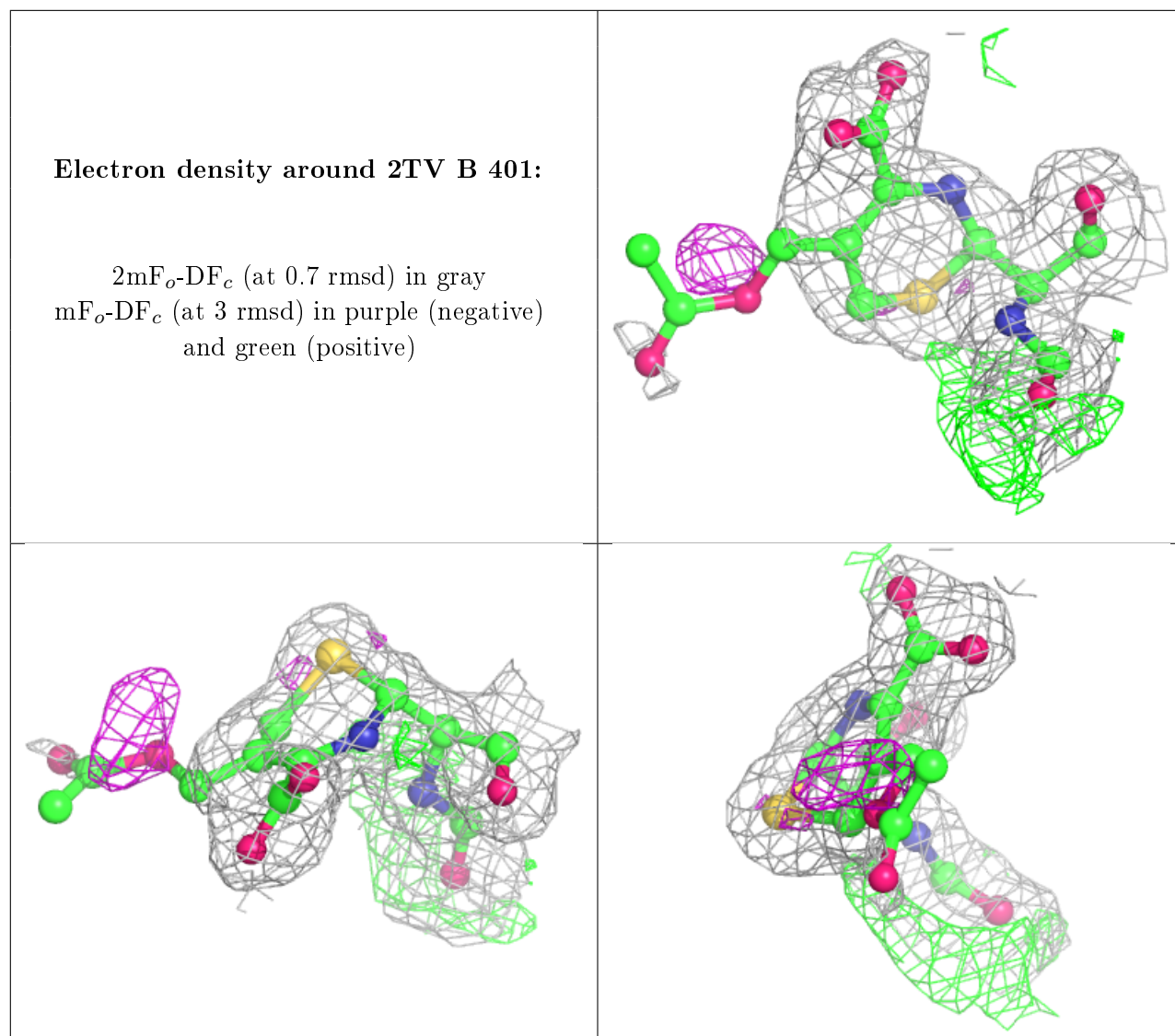
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	2TV	A	401	20/20	0.82	0.21	21,50,68,69	20
3	PO4	A	402[A]	5/5	0.89	0.12	32,36,38,40	5
2	2TV	B	401	20/20	0.89	0.15	30,58,103,107	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around 2TV A 401:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.