

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Apr 23, 2024 – 04:37 am BST

PDB ID	:	80SQ
BMRB ID	:	34809
Title	:	Why does the herpes simplex 1 virus-encoded UL49.5 protein fail to inhibit
		the TAP-dependent antigen presentation?
Authors	:	Zhukov, I.; Krupa, P.; Karska, N.; Rodziewicz-Motowidlo, S.; Lipinska, A.D.
Deposited on	:	2023-04-19

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

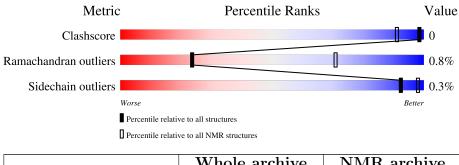
MolProbity		
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as 541 be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 43%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
		95				
1	A	35	66%	9%	26%	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 5 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues								
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model							
1	A:7-A:22, A:24-A:30, A:32-	0.72	5					
	A:34 (26)							

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 4 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	5, 7, 8, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19
2	2, 9, 12
3	11, 20
4	13, 14
Single-model clusters	1; 3; 4; 6



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 453 atoms, of which 216 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Envelope glycoprotein N.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				Trace
1	٨	35	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	0
	A	- 55	453	136	216	47	54	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	23	ABA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP 009800
А	31	NLE	MET	engineered mutation	UNP 009800



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

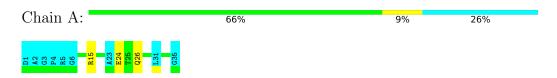
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N





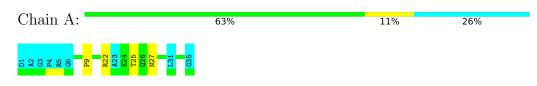
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N

Chain A:				60%	14%	26%
D1 A2 G3 G6 E7	E11 R15	A21 R22 A23	L31 G35			

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N

Chain A: 63% 11% 26%

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N
Chain A: 66% 9% 26%



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N

Chain A: 57% 17% 26%

4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N





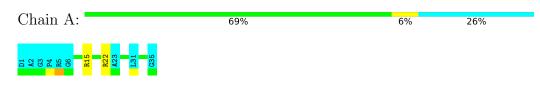
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N
Chain A: 63% 11%

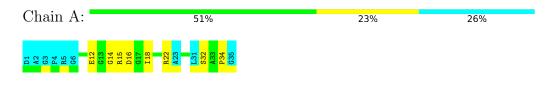
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N

Chain A: 57% 14% · 26%

4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N





26%

4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Envelope glycoprotein N

Chain A:					63%		11%	26%	
D1 A2 G3 R5 G6	P9 R15	R22 A23 E24	L31	G35					



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 10 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *all calculated structures submitted*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	164
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	163
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	1
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	43%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ABA, NLE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	B	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	
1	А	$1.67 {\pm} 0.10$	$1{\pm}1/180~(~0.8{\pm}~0.7\%)$	$2.02{\pm}0.18$	$5{\pm}2/240~(~2.0{\pm}~0.7\%)$	
All	All	1.68	29/3600 ($0.8%$)	2.03	95/4800~(~2.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	0.2 ± 0.5
All	All	0	5

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Moo	lels
	Ullaili	nes	туре	Atoms		Observeu(A)	Iueai(A)	Worst	Total
1	А	15	ARG	CZ-NH1	-8.08	1.22	1.33	5	3
1	А	32	SER	CA-CB	7.72	1.64	1.52	17	3
1	А	17	GLY	CA-C	7.12	1.63	1.51	15	2
1	А	15	ARG	CZ-NH2	-6.76	1.24	1.33	15	5
1	А	18	ILE	N-CA	6.67	1.59	1.46	17	1
1	А	14	GLY	N-CA	6.66	1.56	1.46	17	2
1	А	20	GLY	CA-C	6.44	1.62	1.51	8	1
1	А	8	PRO	N-CA	6.11	1.57	1.47	15	1
1	А	9	PRO	N-CD	6.07	1.56	1.47	13	1
1	А	22	ARG	CZ-NH1	-5.89	1.25	1.33	15	3
1	А	34	PRO	N-CD	-5.77	1.39	1.47	11	1
1	А	11	GLU	CD-OE2	5.64	1.31	1.25	5	1
1	А	11	GLU	CG-CD	5.55	1.60	1.51	1	1
1	А	34	PRO	CA-C	5.50	1.63	1.52	10	1



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Mol	Chain	${ m in} \hspace{0.1 cm} { m Res} \hspace{0.1 cm} { m Type} \hspace{0.1 cm} { m Atoms} \hspace{0.1 cm} { m Z} \hspace{0.1 cm} { m Observed}({ m \AA})$		Observed (Å)	Ideal(Å)	Moo	dels		
	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
1	А	10	GLY	CA-C	5.39	1.60	1.51	12	1
1	А	9	PRO	N-CA	5.15	1.56	1.47	19	1
1	А	16	ASP	N-CA	5.03	1.56	1.46	10	1

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All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

	Mol Chain H		Trune	Atoms	Z	Observed(0)		Moo	dels
WIOI	Unain	Res	Type	Atoms		$Observed(^{o})$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$	Worst	Total
1	А	22	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	16.97	128.78	120.30	16	10
1	А	15	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	15.13	127.87	120.30	19	13
1	А	15	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	13.97	127.28	120.30	5	9
1	А	16	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	10.16	127.44	118.30	1	3
1	А	22	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	-9.84	108.58	119.40	18	1
1	А	22	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	9.61	125.10	120.30	20	12
1	А	16	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	9.27	126.64	118.30	17	5
1	А	11	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-7.84	113.90	123.30	7	2
1	А	12	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-7.82	113.91	123.30	17	3
1	А	22	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	7.75	134.44	123.60	6	4
1	А	15	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	-7.58	111.06	119.40	5	4
1	А	21	ALA	CB-CA-C	7.23	120.95	110.10	10	1
1	А	25	THR	CA-CB-CG2	-7.13	102.42	112.40	4	2
1	А	21	ALA	N-CA-CB	-6.84	100.53	110.10	1	1
1	А	24	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-6.78	115.17	123.30	10	2
1	А	9	PRO	N-CD-CG	6.30	112.64	103.20	4	1
1	А	26	GLN	N-CA-CB	-6.19	99.45	110.60	2	1
1	А	8	PRO	N-CD-CG	6.16	112.44	103.20	12	2
1	А	15	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	5.74	131.63	123.60	12	2
1	А	18	ILE	C-N-CA	5.60	134.06	122.30	11	1
1	А	7	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	5.59	129.49	118.30	5	1
1	А	27	ASN	N-CA-CB	-5.58	100.56	110.60	13	1
1	А	8	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.48	109.87	103.30	3	1
1	А	27	ASN	CB-CA-C	5.45	121.30	110.40	4	1
1	А	33	ALA	CB-CA-C	5.43	118.24	110.10	3	1
1	А	15	ARG	CB-CA-C	5.40	121.21	110.40	13	1
1	А	7	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	5.40	129.78	123.30	19	2
1	А	12	GLU	N-CA-CB	-5.36	100.95	110.60	18	1
1	А	27	ASN	O-C-N	-5.35	114.13	122.70	16	1
1	А	18	ILE	CA-CB-CG1	5.35	121.16	111.00	11	1
1	А	25	THR	CA-CB-OG1	5.31	120.16	109.00	16	1
1	А	25	THR	N-CA-CB	-5.23	100.36	110.30	16	1
1	А	33	ALA	N-CA-CB	-5.22	102.79	110.10	19	1



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Mal	Mol Chain	hain Res		Atoma	Z Observed(°	$Observed(^{o})$	Ideal(0)	Models	
	Unam	nes	туре	Atoms		Observed()		Worst	Total
1	А	24	GLU	CA-CB-CG	5.12	124.67	113.40	20	1
1	А	16	ASP	OD1-CG-OD2	-5.06	113.68	123.30	12	1

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There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	20	GLY	Mainchain	1
1	А	21	ALA	Mainchain	1
1	А	32	SER	Mainchain	1
1	А	22	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	А	30	GLN	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	179	158	158	0 ± 0
All	All	3580	3160	3160	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
		()		Worst	Total
1:A:18:ILE:HG12	1:A:29:GLY:HA2	0.45	1.88	9	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	26/35~(74%)	23 ± 1 (89 $\pm6\%$)	$3\pm1~(10\pm6\%)$	$0\pm0~(1\pm2\%)$	24	71
All	All	520/700~(74%)	462 (89%)	54 (10%)	4 (1%)	24	71

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	16	ASP	3
1	А	9	PRO	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	17/20~(85%)	$17\pm0 (100\pm1\%)$	0±0 (0±1%)	92 98		
All	All	340/400~(85%)	339 (100%)	1 (0%)	92 98		

All 1 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	34	PRO	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard



deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Γ	Mol	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tiple		Bond len	\mathbf{gths}
	WIOI	туре	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
	1	ABA	А	23	1	4,5,6	$1.03 {\pm} 0.35$	0±0 (3±8%)
	1	NLE	А	31	1	6,7,8	$1.31{\pm}0.52$	1±0 (9±8%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Trune	Chain	Dec	Link	Bond angles		
NIOI	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ABA	А	23	1	1,5,7	$1.08 {\pm} 0.69$	0 ± 0 (10±30%)
1	NLE	А	31	1	2,7,9	0.62 ± 0.26	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	ABA	А	23	1	-	$0\pm 0,3,4,6$	-
1	NLE	А	31	1	-	$0\pm 0,5,6,8$	-

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dec	Turne	Atoma	7	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
10101	Unain	nes	туре	Atoms		Observed(A)	iueal(A)	Worst	Total
1	А	31	NLE	CB-CA	5.27	1.60	1.53	19	10
1	А	23	ABA	CB-CA	2.69	1.45	1.52	8	3
1	А	31	NLE	CA-N	2.35	1.55	1.48	3	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Moo Worst	
1	А	23	ABA	CG-CB-CA	2.67	107.30	113.42	18	2

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 43% for the well-defined parts and 41% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	164
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	163
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	1
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. All 1 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Bos	Typo	Atom		Shift Dat	a
	Chain	nes	туре	Atom	Value	Shift Dat Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	А	31	NLE	HD1	0.892	0.01	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 43%, i.e. 124 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 289. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	53/131~(40%)	53/56~(95%)	0/52~(0%)	0/23~(0%)
Sidechain	71/158~(45%)	71/99~(72%)	0/50~(0%)	0/9~(0%)
Overall	124/289~(43%)	124/155~(80%)	0/102~(0%)	0/32~(0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 41%, i.e. 149 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 360. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Backbone	67/167~(40%)	67/72~(93%)	0/66~(0%)	0/29~(0%)
Sidechain	82/193~(42%)	82/121~(68%)	0/60~(0%)	0/12~(0%)
Overall	149/360~(41%)	149/193~(77%)	0/126~(0%)	0/41~(0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

