

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 6, 2020 – 11:37 AM BST

PDB ID	:	30TK
Title	:	Structure and mechanisim of core 2 beta1,6-n-acetylglucosaminyltransferase:
		a Metal-ion independent gt-a glycosyltransferase
Authors	:	Pak, J.E.; Rini, J.M.
Deposited on		
$\operatorname{Resolution}$:	2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

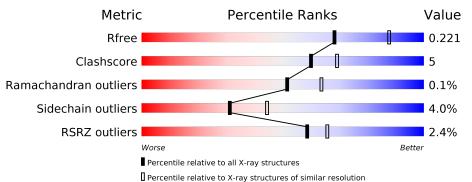
MolProbity		4 02b 467
5		
Mogul	:	$1.8.5 \ (274361), \ \text{CSD} \ \text{as541be} \ (2020)$
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.13.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
$\operatorname{CCP4}$:	$7.0.044 (\mathrm{Gargrove})$
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	5042(2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643(2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575(2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575(2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
-1		0.0.1	2%	
	A	391	81%	14% 6%
-		201	3%	
	В	391	80%	13% • 7%
	~		3%	
1	С	391	80%	11% • 8%
	-		%	
1	D	391	83%	9% • 7%
2	Е	3	67%	33%
2	F	3	33% 67%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12658 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-1,3-galactosyl-O-glycosyl-glycoprotein beta-1,6-N-acetyl glucosaminyltransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	369	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	
	A	309	3015	1936	513	545	21	0	2	0
1	В	363	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	1	0
	D	303	2956	1897	501	537	21	0		0
1	С	360	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	1	0
	U	300	2934	1881	498	535	20	0	L	
1	п	364	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	2	0
	D	304	2966	1905	502	538	21	0	Δ	U

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	217	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q09324
В	217	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q09324
С	217	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q09324
D	217	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q09324

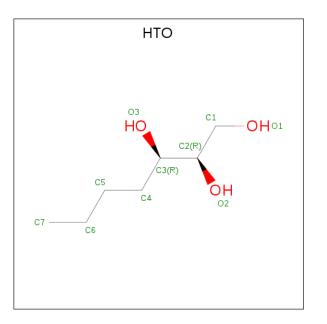
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[al pha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	Е	3	Total C N O 38 22 2 14	0	0	0
2	F	3	Total C N O 38 22 2 14	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is HEPTANE-1,2,3-TRIOL (three-letter code: HTO) (formula: $C_7H_{16}O_3$).





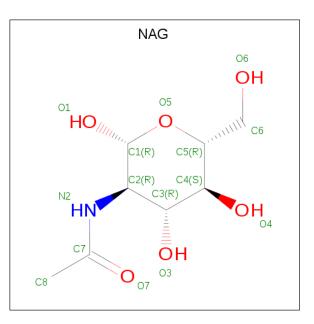
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total C O 10 7 3	0	0
3	А	1	Total C O 10 7 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0
4	С	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

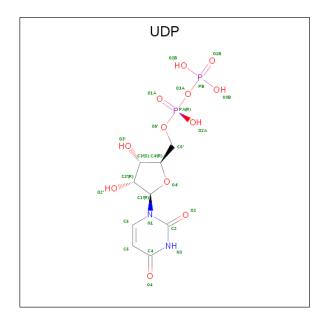
• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	С	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	D	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

 $\bullet \ \ Molecule \ 6 \ is \ URIDINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE \ (three-letter \ code: \ UDP) \ (formula: \ C_9H_{14}N_2O_{12}P_2).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	Total	С	Ν	0	Р	0	0
			25	9	2	12	2		
6	В	1	Total	\mathbf{C}	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
0	D	1	25	9	2	12	2	0	0
6	C	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
0	U	1	25	9	2	12	2	0	U
6	6 D	D 1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
0	D	1	25	9	2	12	2	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

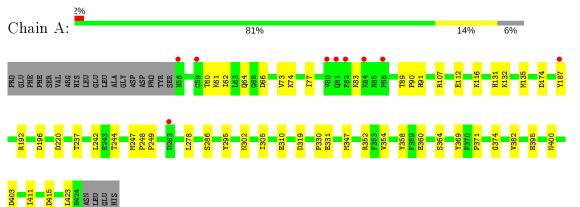
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	143	Total O 143 143	0	0
7	В	122	Total O 122 122	0	0
7	С	120	Total O 120 120	0	0
7	D	148	Total O 148 148	0	0



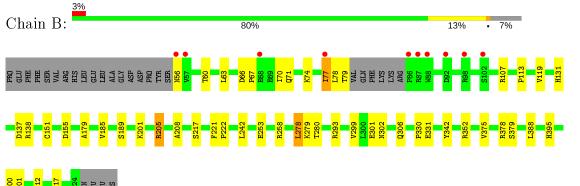
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

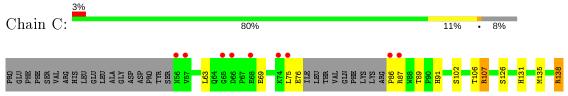
 \bullet Molecule 1: Beta-1,3-galactosyl-O-glycosyl-glycoprotein beta-1,6-N-acetyl
glucosaminyltransfera se



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 \bullet Molecule 1: Beta-1,3-galactosyl-O-glycosyl-glycoprote
in beta-1,6-N-acetylglucosaminyltransfera se

C	Ch	a	in	Ι):	%														83%	6												•	9%	·	·	7%	-			
DRO	GLU	DHE	DHE	VAT	ABC	SIH	LEU	LEU LEU	ALA	GLY ASP	ASP	PR0	TYR SER	N56	V57	N58 C59	TGO	162 162	L63	ERG BRG		T79	V80	PHE	TYS	SAT	P86	R98	R107	ONTY	H131	M135	L163	Q167	A208		M219	K232	L242	R258	
	D263	G264	K265	1070	N270	T280		067U	N302			D314	3 317		P330	E 331	R352	E360		P371	H395		N400	F401 F402		I411	C413	H417	E424 AGM	LEU	GLU	Стп									

 • Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)] 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:	67%	33%
NAG1 ING2 FUC3		

• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:	33%	67%
NAG1 NAG2 FUG3		



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	73.87Å 101.02Å 136.61Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 93.42° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 2.30	Depositor
Resolution (A)	48.64 - 2.21	EDS
% Data completeness	95.4 (50.00-2.30)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	93.5(48.64-2.21)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.13	Depositor
R _{sym}	0.12	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.08 (at 2.20 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D.	0.165 , 0.219	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.170 , 0.221	DCC
R _{free} test set	4698 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	25.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.692	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34 , 48.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.48, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	12658	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.97% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HTO, NA, UDP, NAG, FUC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
	Cham	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.46	0/3096	0.56	0/4197
1	В	0.44	0/3032	0.56	0/4110
1	С	0.44	0/3010	0.57	0/4080
1	D	0.45	0/3048	0.57	0/4132
All	All	0.45	0/12186	0.57	0/16519

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3015	0	2984	32	0
1	В	2956	0	2916	28	0
1	С	2934	0	2881	32	0
1	D	2966	0	2934	20	0
2	Ε	38	0	34	0	0
2	F	38	0	34	0	0
3	А	20	0	32	4	0
4	А	1	0	0	0	0
4	С	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	А	14	0	13	0	0
5	В	14	0	13	0	0
5	С	14	0	13	0	0
5	D	14	0	13	0	0
6	А	25	0	11	2	0
6	В	25	0	11	1	0
6	С	25	0	11	2	0
6	D	25	0	11	0	0
7	А	143	0	0	0	0
7	В	122	0	0	1	0
7	С	120	0	0	1	0
7	D	148	0	0	1	0
All	All	12658	0	11911	110	0

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 110 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:89:THR:HG22	1:A:91:HIS:H	1.22	1.04
1:A:89:THR:HG23	1:A:90:PRO:HD2	1.48	0.94
1:C:135:MET:HE2	1:C:404:MET:H	1.43	0.83
1:D:302:ASN:O	1:D:306:GLN:HG2	1.79	0.82
1:C:187:TYR:HE1	6:C:600:UDP:O3B	1.62	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	369/391~(94%)	359~(97%)	9~(2%)	1 (0%)	41	50
1	В	360/391~(92%)	354~(98%)	6~(2%)	0	100	100
1	С	357/391~(91%)	344 (96%)	13~(4%)	0	100	100
1	D	362/391~(93%)	354~(98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1448/1564~(93%)	1411 (97%)	36~(2%)	1 (0%)	51	64

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	423	LEU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	333/351~(95%)	318~(96%)	15~(4%)	27	39
1	В	326/351~(93%)	312~(96%)	14~(4%)	29	40
1	С	323/351~(92%)	310~(96%)	13~(4%)	31	44
1	D	328/351~(93%)	318~(97%)	10~(3%)	41	57
All	All	1310/1404~(93%)	1258~(96%)	52~(4%)	31	44

5 of 52 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	278	LEU
1	С	107	ARG
1	D	280	THR
1	В	299	VAL
1	В	352	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 11 such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	340	ASN
1	В	396	HIS
1	D	313	GLN
1	В	313	GLN
1	D	306	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
	Type	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	Е	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.59	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.34	1(5%)
2	NAG	Е	2	2	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	0.68	0
2	FUC	Е	3	2	10, 10, 11	0.65	0	$14,\!14,\!16$	0.75	0
2	NAG	F	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.60	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.14	1(5%)
2	NAG	F	2	2	14, 14, 15	0.53	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.75	0
2	FUC	F	3	2	10, 10, 11	0.71	0	14,14,16	1.02	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	Е	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Е	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	Е	3	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	F	3	2	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	Ε	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.55	118.36	112.19
2	F	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.81	117.35	112.19
2	F	3	FUC	O5-C1-C2	-2.48	106.95	110.77

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	F	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

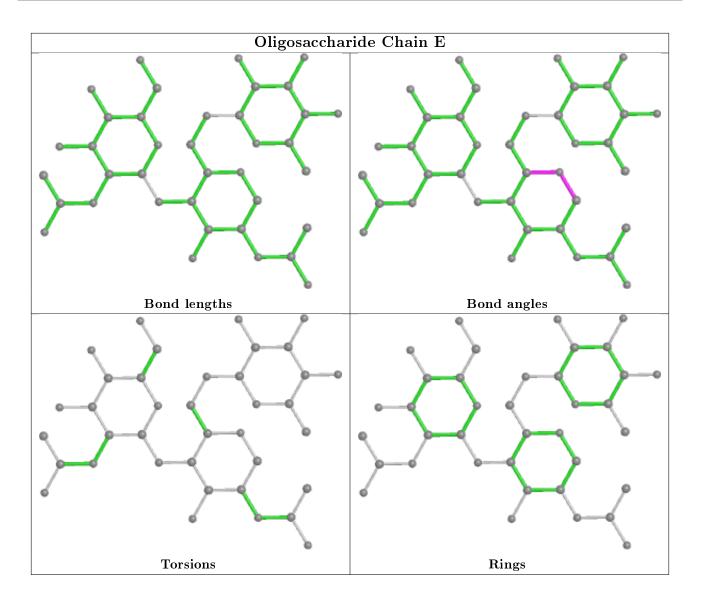
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

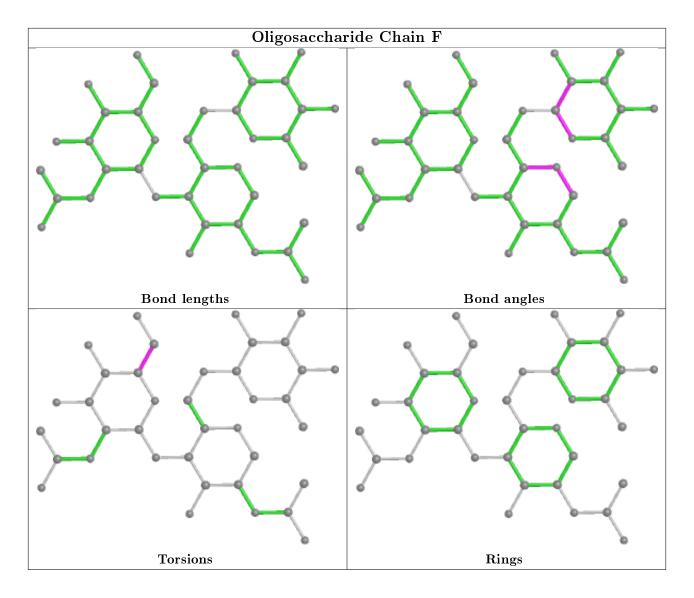












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 12 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 10 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			ond ang	les
	Type	Cham	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	HTO	А	584	-	$9,\!9,\!9$	0.45	0	$10,\!10,\!10$	0.61	0
6	UDP	В	599	-	20,26,26	1.18	2 (10%)	$25,\!40,\!40$	0.92	1 (4%)
6	UDP	D	601	-	20,26,26	1.20	1 (5%)	$25,\!40,\!40$	1.02	1 (4%)



Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	NAG	В	592	1	14, 14, 15	0.46	0	17,19,21	0.89	1(5%)
5	NAG	D	597	1	14, 14, 15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.94	0
6	UDP	С	600	-	20, 26, 26	1.14	1(5%)	$25,\!40,\!40$	0.87	1 (4%)
5	NAG	С	593	1	14, 14, 15	0.46	0	17,19,21	1.02	1(5%)
6	UDP	А	598	-	20, 26, 26	1.10	1 (5%)	25,40,40	1.23	1 (4%)
5	NAG	А	588	1	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	1.06	1(5%)
3	HTO	А	585	-	$9,\!9,\!9$	0.37	0	$10,\!10,\!10$	0.79	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	\mathbf{Link}	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HTO	А	584	-	-	7/10/10/10	-
6	UDP	В	599	-	-	6/14/32/32	0/2/2/2
6	UDP	D	601	-	-	6/14/32/32	0/2/2/2
5	NAG	В	592	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	D	597	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	UDP	С	600	-	-	2/14/32/32	0/2/2/2
5	NAG	С	593	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	UDP	А	598	-	-	2/14/32/32	0/2/2/2
5	NAG	А	588	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	HTO	А	585	_	_	1/10/10/10	_

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
6	D	601	UDP	C4-N3	3.36	1.38	1.33
6	В	599	UDP	C4-N3	3.05	1.38	1.33
6	С	600	UDP	C4-N3	2.99	1.38	1.33
6	А	598	UDP	C4-N3	2.92	1.38	1.33
6	В	599	UDP	C6-N1	2.02	1.38	1.35

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
6	А	598	UDP	PA-O3A-PB	-4.52	117.32	132.83
6	D	601	UDP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.40	121.16	132.83

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Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	А	588	NAG	O5-C5-C6	3.24	112.29	107.20
5	С	593	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.99	116.24	112.19
6	В	599	UDP	PA-O3A-PB	-2.71	123.52	132.83

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There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 29 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	584	HTO	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	А	584	HTO	C1-C2-C3-C4
3	А	584	HTO	O2-C2-C3-O3
3	А	584	HTO	O2-C2-C3-C4
6	В	599	UDP	C2'-C1'-N1-C6

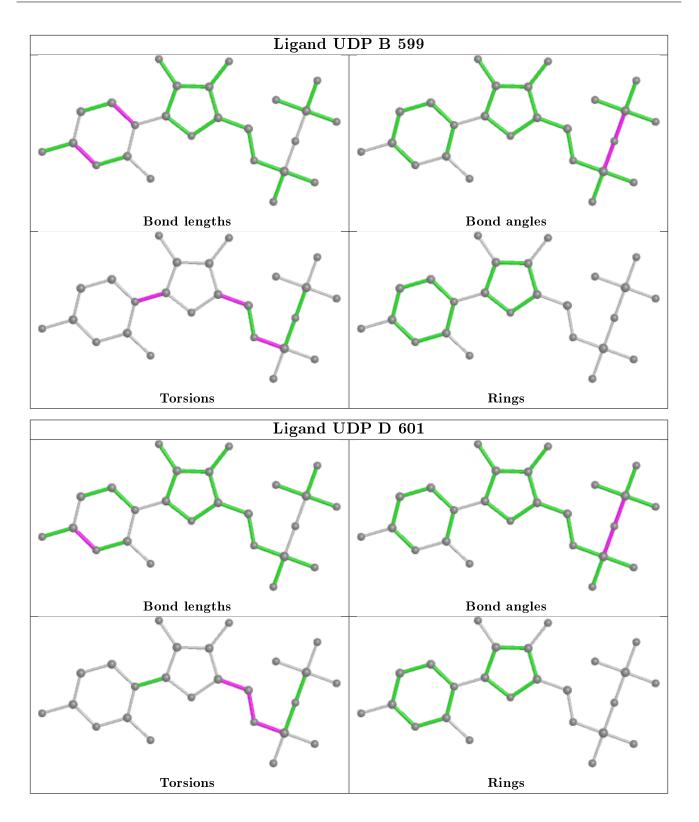
There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	А	584	HTO	1	0
6	В	599	UDP	1	0
6	С	600	UDP	2	0
6	А	598	UDP	2	0
3	А	585	HTO	3	0

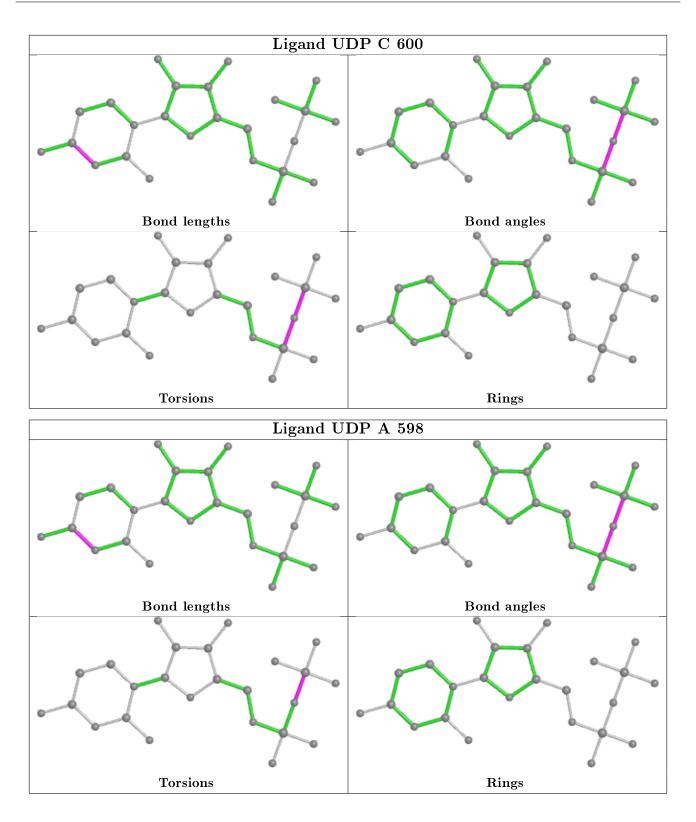
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	369/391~(94%)	-0.40	9 (2%) 59 66	23, 38, 66, 96	0
1	В	363/391~(92%)	-0.15	10 (2%) 53 60	24, 42, 76, 103	0
1	С	360/391~(92%)	-0.26	11 (3%) 49 56	22, 39, 73, 95	0
1	D	364/391~(93%)	-0.27	5 (1%) 75 80	22, 39, 63, 88	0
All	All	1456/1564~(93%)	-0.27	35 (2%) 59 66	22, 39, 71, 103	0

The worst 5 of 35 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	86	PRO	5.9
1	С	87	ARG	5.6
1	С	56	ASN	4.9
1	С	86	PRO	4.1
1	В	77	ILE	3.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.89	0.35	$51,\!91,\!120,\!122$	0
2	FUC	F	3	10/11	0.93	0.26	$60,\!66,\!79,\!86$	0

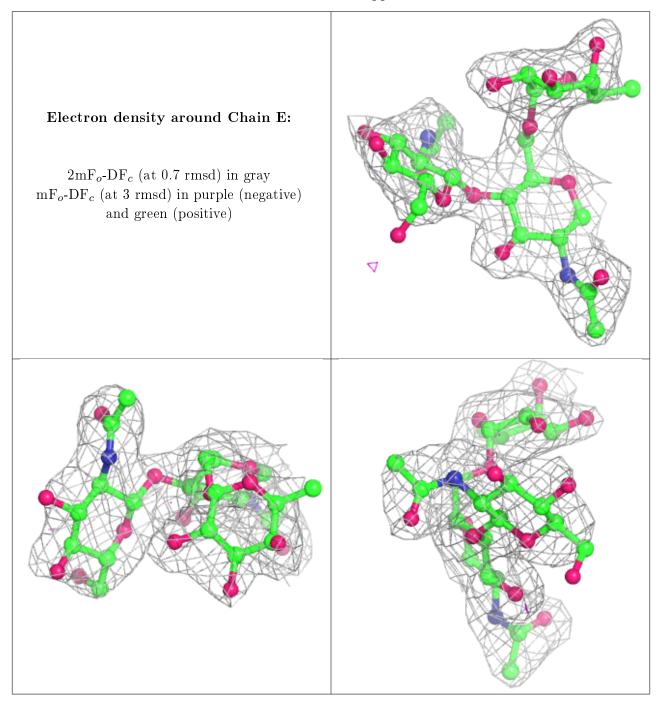
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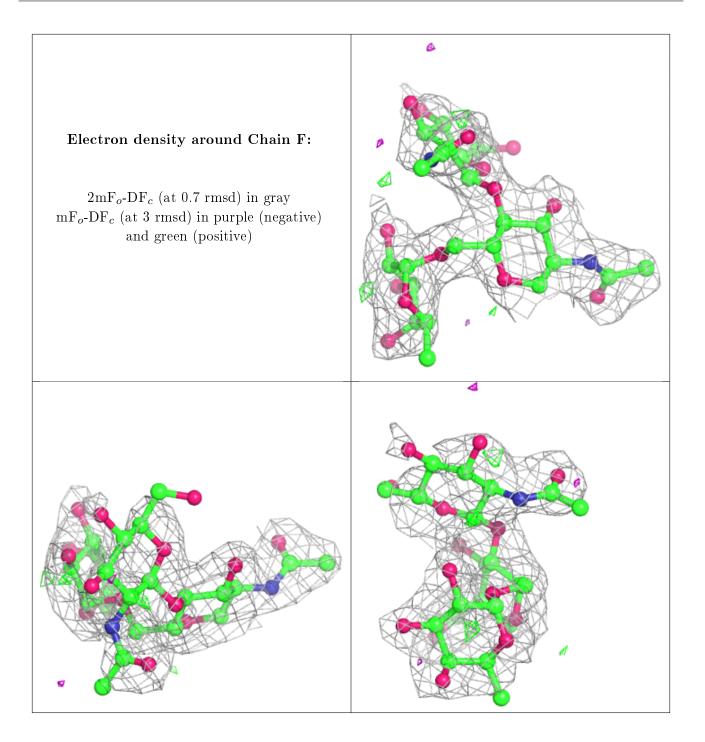
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B} ext{-factors}({f A}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
2	NAG	Е	1	14/15	0.93	0.10	$38,\!57,\!67,\!67$	0
2	FUC	Е	3	10/11	0.94	0.21	$45,\!68,\!78,\!86$	0
2	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.94	0.13	$37,\!52,\!65,\!70$	0
2	NAG	Е	2	14/15	0.96	0.18	$48,\!80,\!98,\!100$	0

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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
5	NAG	С	593	14/15	0.65	0.23	$75,\!105,\!122,\!129$	0

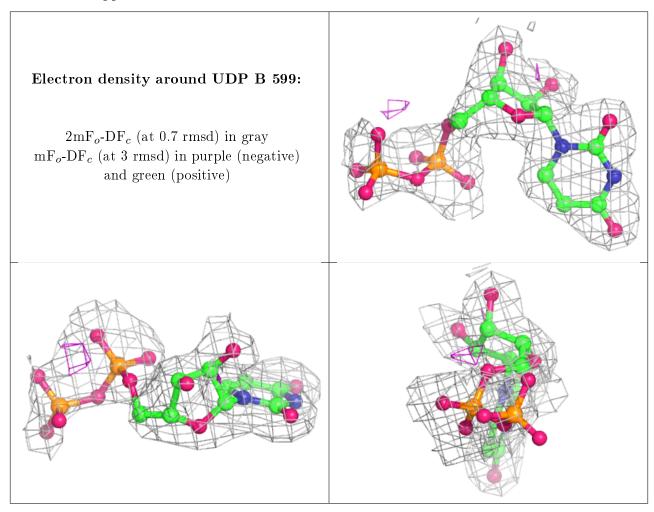
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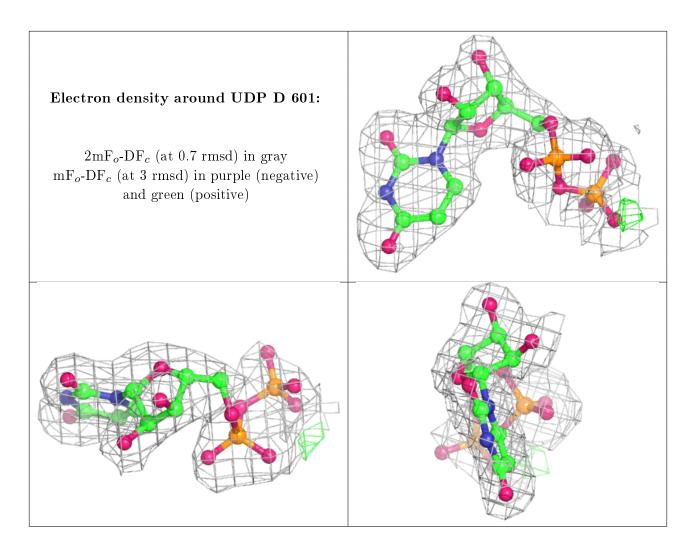
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B -factors($Å^2$)	Q<0.9
3	HTO	А	584	10/10	0.69	0.26	47,84,110,113	0
5	NAG	D	597	14/15	0.73	0.22	82,105,118,118	0
5	NAG	В	592	14/15	0.74	0.30	94,112,124,125	0
3	HTO	А	585	10/10	0.79	0.19	42,64,75,77	0
4	NA	А	586	1/1	0.82	0.07	$43,\!43,\!43,\!43$	0
5	NAG	А	588	14/15	0.89	0.20	$73,\!93,\!107,\!125$	0
6	UDP	В	599	25/25	0.91	0.13	$33,\!63,\!149,\!157$	0
6	UDP	D	601	25/25	0.92	0.12	$33,\!59,\!142,\!152$	0
6	UDP	С	600	25/25	0.96	0.10	$36,\!53,\!73,\!90$	0
4	NA	С	587	1/1	0.96	0.08	$38,\!38,\!38,\!38$	0
6	UDP	А	598	25/25	0.97	0.11	$27,\!40,\!65,\!90$	0

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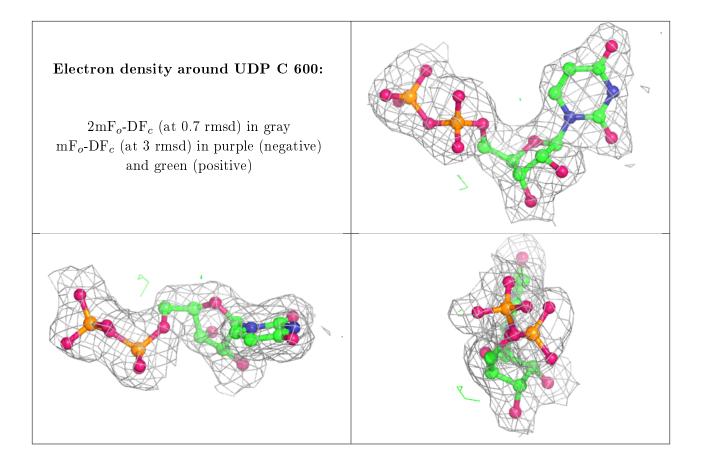
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



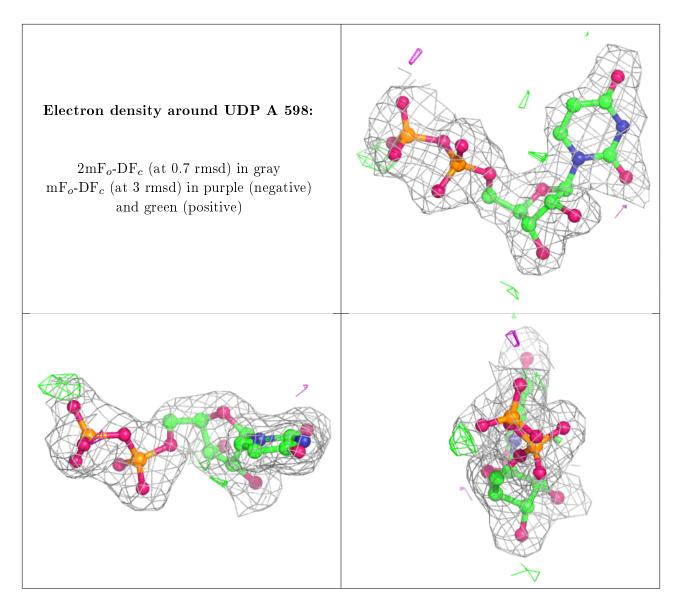












6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

