

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 1, 2023 – 03:10 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3PGB

> Title : Crystal structure of Aspergillus nidulans amine oxidase

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2010-11-01 Deposited on

2.45 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

> The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13

EDS 2.36

20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) Percentile statistics

> Refmac 5.8.0158

CCP4 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

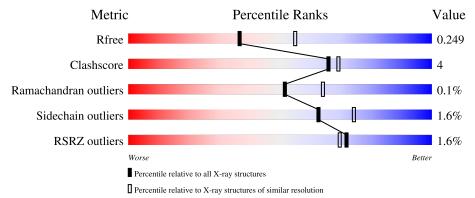
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \ resolution \ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$		
$R_{free}$	130704	1544 (2.48-2.44)		
Clashscore	141614	1613 (2.48-2.44)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1598 (2.48-2.44)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	1598 (2.48-2.44)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	1523 (2.48-2.44)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	797	2%	83%		9%	7%	
2	В	4	25%		75%			
3	С	2	50	)%	504	%		



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6367 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Putative uncharacterized protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	740	Total 5908	C 3775	N 979	O 1138	S 16	0	1	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranos e-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	4	Total 50	C 28	N 2	O 20	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu).

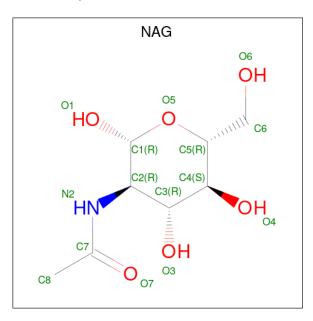
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Cu 1 1	0	0



• Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	2	Total Ca 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 6 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
6	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
6	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

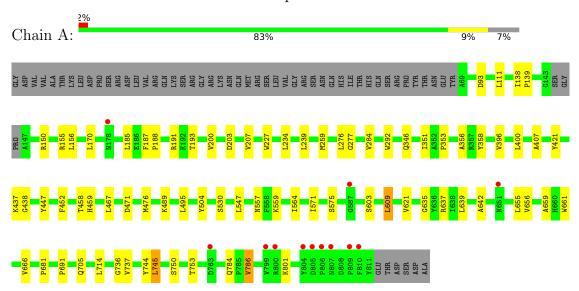
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	336	Total O 336 336	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Putative uncharacterized protein



 $\bullet \ \, Molecule \ 2: \ alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyrano$ 

Chain B: 25% 75%

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 50% 50%





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 4 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	179.86Å 179.86Å 148.18Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.44 - 2.45	Depositor
Resolution (A)	38.44 - 2.45	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (38.44-2.45)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (38.44-2.45)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.25	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.61 (at 2.45Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
D D.	0.211 , 0.254	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.209 , $0.249$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2271 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	27.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.099	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38, 33.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.46, < L^2> = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	6367	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.94% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPQ, BMA, CU, NAG, CA, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.35	0/6082	0.52	0/8320	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5908	0	5466	46	0
2	В	50	0	43	0	0
3	С	28	0	25	1	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	2	0	0	0	0
6	A	42	0	39	0	0
7	A	336	0	0	1	0
All	All	6367	0	5573	46	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (46) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



A	A	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance} \ (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:530:SER:OG	1:A:547:LEU:HD11	1.89	0.72
1:A:193:THR:HG22	1:A:193:THR:O	1.90	0.69
1:A:637:ARG:HG2	1:A:639:LEU:HD22	1.76	0.67
1:A:655:LEU:HD13	1:A:659:ALA:HB3	1.76	0.67
1:A:284:VAL:HG12	1:A:284:VAL:O	1.95	0.64
1:A:193:THR:O	1:A:193:THR:CG2	2.47	0.61
1:A:284:VAL:HG13	1:A:292:TRP:CE2	2.36	0.61
1:A:714:LEU:HD21	1:A:737:VAL:HG22	1.83	0.59
1:A:744:TYR:CD2	1:A:745:LEU:HD13	2.37	0.59
1:A:458:THR:OG1	1:A:801:LYS:HE3	2.03	0.58
1:A:203:ASP:O	1:A:207:VAL:HG23	2.04	0.57
1:A:530:SER:OG	1:A:547:LEU:CD1	2.57	0.53
1:A:351:ILE:HD12	1:A:353:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.48
1:A:564:ILE:HG21	1:A:635:GLY:HA2	1.94	0.48
1:A:407:ALA:HB3	1:A:421:TYR:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:A:467:LEU:HD21	1:A:495:LEU:HD13	1.97	0.47
1:A:259:MET:HE3	1:A:277:GLY:HA2	1.96	0.47
1:A:571:ILE:CD1	1:A:621:VAL:HG22	2.44	0.47
1:A:705:GLN:HG3	3:C:1:NAG:H61	1.97	0.47
1:A:191:ARG:HB3	1:A:691:PRO:HA	1.98	0.46
1:A:458:THR:OG1	1:A:801:LYS:CE	2.64	0.46
1:A:93:ASP:HB3	1:A:801:LYS:HZ2	1.80	0.46
1:A:438:GLY:HA3	1:A:786:VAL:HG11	1.99	0.45
1:A:227:TRP:CD2	1:A:276:LEU:HD13	2.51	0.45
1:A:150:ARG:NH2	7:A:843:HOH:O	2.40	0.45
1:A:239:LEU:HD22	1:A:276:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.45
1:A:239:LEU:HD22	1:A:276:LEU:CD1	2.47	0.45
1:A:437:LYS:HG2	1:A:447:TYR:CZ	2.52	0.44
1:A:476:MET:O	1:A:476:MET:HE2	2.17	0.44
1:A:400:LEU:HA	1:A:559:LYS:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:356:ALA:HB1	1:A:358:TYR:CE1	2.53	0.44
1:A:467:LEU:CD2	1:A:495:LEU:HD13	2.48	0.44
1:A:476:MET:HE3	1:A:476:MET:HA	2.00	0.43
1:A:609:LEU:HD12	1:A:666:VAL:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:111:LEU:HD21	1:A:156:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.43
1:A:170:LEU:HG	1:A:185:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.43
1:A:557:ASN:HB2	1:A:661:TRP:CE3	2.54	0.43
1:A:138:ILE:HB	1:A:139:PRO:HD3	2.00	0.42
1:A:155:ARG:NH2	1:A:681:PRO:HG2	2.34	0.42
1:A:187:PHE:HB3	1:A:188:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:A:458:THR:HB	1:A:801:LYS:HE2	2.02	0.41
1:A:452:PHE:CE2	1:A:459:HIS:HB2	2.56	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \\ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:750:SER:O	1:A:753:THR:HG22	2.21	0.41
1:A:642:ALA:HB3	1:A:736:GLY:N	2.37	0.40
1:A:471:ASP:OD1	1:A:489:LYS:NZ	2.51	0.40
1:A:476:MET:HA	1:A:476:MET:CE	2.52	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	736/797 (92%)	710 (96%)	25 (3%)	1 (0%)	51 64	

#### All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	656	VAL	

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

$\mathbf{N}$	<b>Iol</b>	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
	1	A	633/696 (91%)	623 (98%)	10 (2%)	62 74	

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	200	VAL
1	A	234	LEU
1	A	346	GLN
1	A	396	VAL
1	A	575	SER
1	A	603	SER
1	A	609	LEU
1	A	745	LEU
1	A	784	GLN
1	A	786	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	513	HIS
1	A	689	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Dec	Link	Bo	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	B	ond ang	les
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	TPQ	A	504	1	13,14,15	1.50	3 (23%)	15,19,21	1.37	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPQ	A	504	1	-	0/5/22/24	0/1/1/1

#### All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	504	TPQ	O4-C4	-3.21	1.25	1.34
1	A	504	TPQ	C3-C4	2.68	1.39	1.35
1	A	504	TPQ	C6-C1	2.11	1.40	1.34

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	504	TPQ	CB-CA-C	-3.35	105.19	111.47
1	A	504	TPQ	C6-C1-C2	2.37	120.46	118.64

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.91	1 (5%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.75	0
2	BMA	В	3	2	11,11,12	0.62	0	15,15,17	0.99	2 (13%)
2	MAN	В	4	2	11,11,12	0.57	0	15,15,17	1.03	1 (6%)
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	1.30	1 (5%)
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	1.16	1 (5%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	С	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.80	117.34	112.19
2	В	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.68	115.83	112.19
3	С	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.55	115.65	112.19
2	В	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.46	115.53	112.19
2	В	3	BMA	O3-C3-C2	-2.28	105.64	109.99
2	В	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6	2.07	110.45	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6

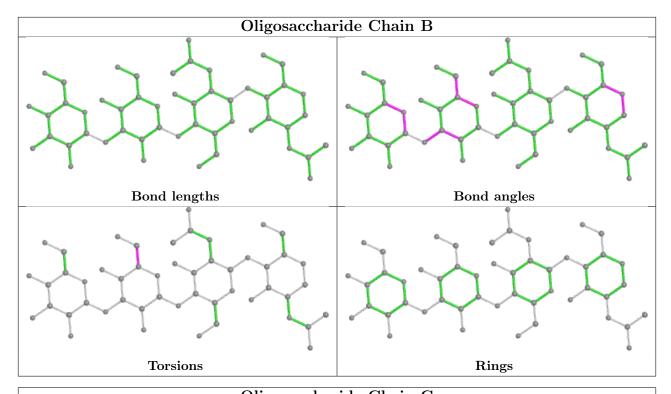
There are no ring outliers.

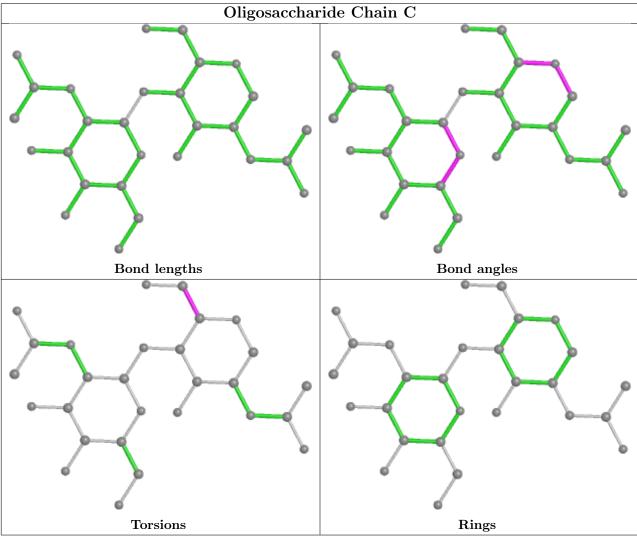
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
WIOI	Туре			LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	NAG	A	4491	1	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	0.91	1 (5%)
6	NAG	A	2361	1	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.91	0
6	NAG	A	6511	1	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	0.66	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	A	4491	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	A	2361	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	A	6511	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
6	A	4491	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.39	107.51	111.29

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	6511	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	A	6511	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9	
1	A	739/797 (92%)	-0.11	12 (1%)	72	69	11, 20, 31, 51	0

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	810	PHE	3.9
1	A	807	ASN	3.6
1	A	799	VAL	3.4
1	A	805	ASP	3.2
1	A	178	ASN	3.1
1	A	806	PRO	3.0
1	A	763	ASP	2.9
1	A	804	TYR	2.8
1	A	809	PRO	2.2
1	A	800	ARG	2.2
1	A	651	ASN	2.1
1	A	587	GLY	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	TPQ	A	504	14/15	0.91	0.17	18,23,25,26	0

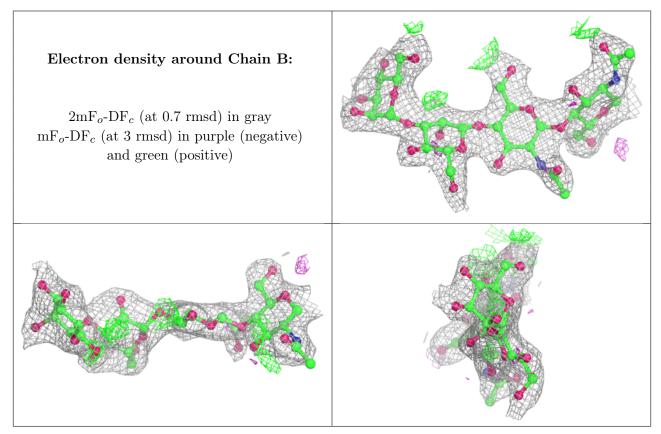


### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

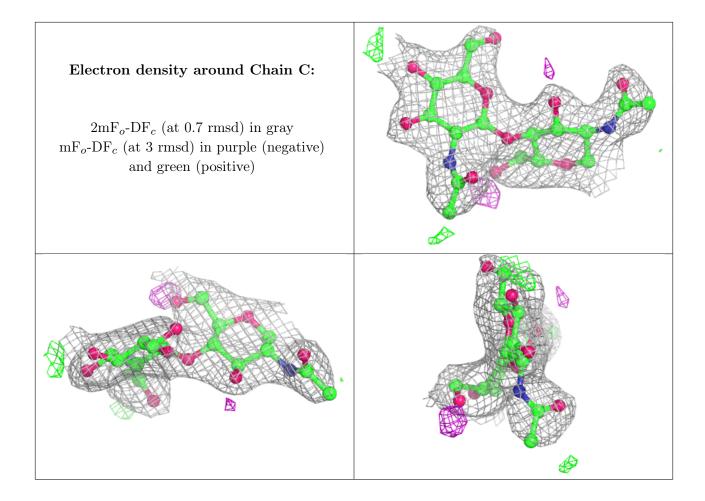
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	BMA	В	3	11/12	0.89	0.17	36,36,38,39	0
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.89	0.23	33,35,35,36	0
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.91	0.21	33,34,36,36	0
2	MAN	В	4	11/12	0.92	0.13	34,34,35,35	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.93	0.24	27,29,32,32	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.93	0.16	30,32,35,36	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$ m B ext{-}factors(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
6	NAG	A	2361	14/15	0.81	0.38	42,44,45,46	0
6	NAG	A	6511	14/15	0.91	0.37	36,38,40,40	0
6	NAG	A	4491	14/15	0.94	0.16	30,32,33,33	0
5	CA	A	903	1/1	0.98	0.06	15,15,15,15	0
5	CA	A	902	1/1	0.98	0.04	16,16,16,16	0
4	CU	A	901	1/1	1.00	0.05	23,23,23,23	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

