

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 3, 2024 – 11:25 pm GMT

PDB ID : 8PJ4

EMDB ID : EMD-17699

Title: Structure of human 48S translation initiation complex after eIF5 release (48S-

4)

Authors: Petrychenko, V.; Yi, S.-H.; Liedtke, D.; Peng, B.Z.; Rodnina, M.V.; Fischer,

Ν.

Deposited on : 2023-06-22

Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

MapQ : 1.9.13

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

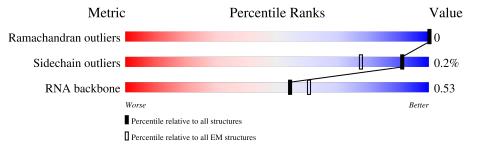
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415
RNA backbone	6643	2191

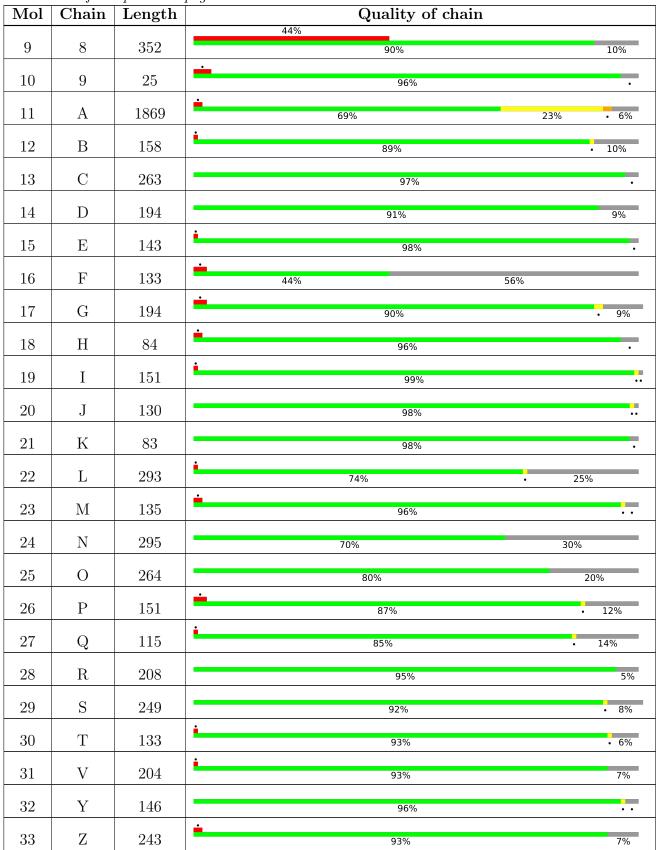
The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	0	1220	51%	49%
2	1	814	60% 72%	28%
3	2	325	94%	6%
4	3	218	70%	
5	4	357	32% 72%	28%
6	5	564	61%	• 8%
7	6	374	48% 96%	
8	7	255	7% 7% 14% · 78%	

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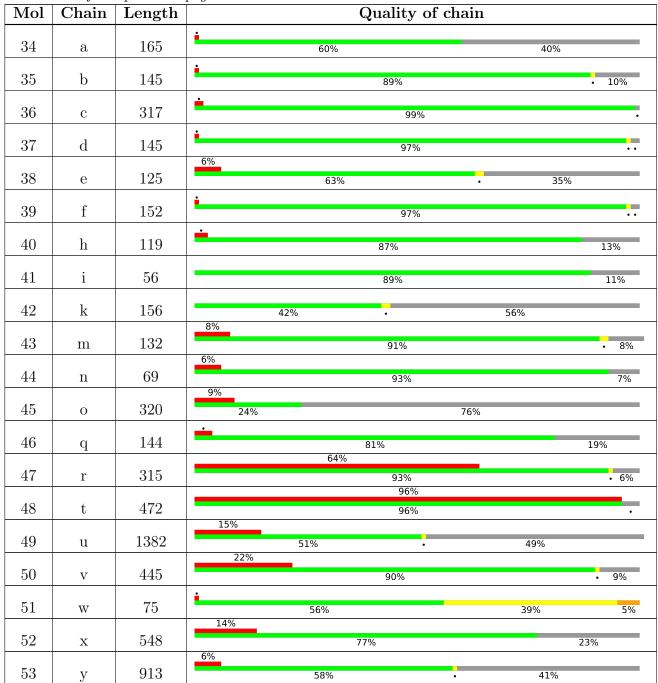
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## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 57 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 121694 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5B.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
1	0	621	Total 4920	C 3135	N 850	O 913	S 22	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit B.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
2	1	588	Total 3258	C 1986	N 633	O 634	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit I.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms	AltConf	Trace	
3	2	304	Total	С	N	O	0	0
	_	001	1493	885	304	304		Ü

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit K.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms	AltConf	Trace	
4	3	213	Total 1057	C 631	N 213	O 213	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit F.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms	AltConf	Trace	
5	4	257	Total 1272			O 258	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit L.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
6	5	520	Total 4347	C 2814	N 721	O 793	S 19	0	0



• Molecule 7 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit M.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{At}$		AltConf	Trace		
7	6	362	Total 2196	C 1348	N 414	O 427	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a RNA chain called mRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	toms	AltConf	Trace		
8	7	57	Total 1218	C 547	N 231	O 383	P 57	0	0

• Molecule 9 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit H.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms	AltConf	Trace	
9	8	317	Total 1574	C 937	N 318	O 319	0	0

• Molecule 10 is a protein called 60S ribosomal protein L41.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms			AltConf	Trace
10	9	24	Total 230	C 139	N 62	O 26	S 3	0	0

• Molecule 11 is a RNA chain called 18S rRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		I	Atoms			AltConf	Trace
11	A	1754	Total 37429	C 16718	N 6714	O 12244	P 1753	0	0

• Molecule 12 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S11.

Mo	ol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
12		В	142	Total 1166	C 743	N 218	O 199	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 13 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S4, X isoform.

M	ol	Chain	Residues		Ato	AltConf	Trace			
1	3	С	256	Total 2035	C 1302	N 378	O 347	S 8	0	0

• Molecule 14 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S9.



Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
14	D	177	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
**			1477	941	295	239	2		

• Molecule 15 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S23.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
15	E	140	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
1.0	12	140	1087	687	215	182	3		

• Molecule 16 is a protein called Small ribosomal subunit protein eS30.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms			AltConf	Trace
16	F	58	Total 452	C 279	N 98	O 74	S 1	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
F	125	PRO	LYS	conflict	UNP P62861

• Molecule 17 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S7.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
17	G	177	Total 1430	C 917	N 260	O 252	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 18 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S27.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
18	Н	81	Total 631	C 397	N 116	O 111	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 19 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S13.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
19	I	150	Total 1208	C 773	N 229	O 205	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 20 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S15a.



Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
20	Ţ	129	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
20	J	129	1034	659	193	176	6	U	U

• Molecule 21 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S21.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
91	I/	01	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
21	K	01	617	380	114	118	5	0	U

• Molecule 22 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
22	L	220	Total 1707	C 1104	N 292	O 301	S 10	0	0

• Molecule 23 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S17.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
99	M	131	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
23	IVI	191	1064	668	198	194	4	U	U

• Molecule 24 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein SA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	AltConf	Trace			
24	N	207	Total 1633	C 1040	N 288	O 297	S 8	0	0

• Molecule 25 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S3a.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
25	О	211	Total 1715	C 1088	N 307	O 306	S 14	0	0

• Molecule 26 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S14.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
26	Р	133	Total 997	C 610	N 196	O 185	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 27 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S26.



Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
27	Q	99	Total 792	C 492	N 165	O 130	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 28 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S8.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
28	R	198	Total 1627	C 1021	N 322	O 279	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 29 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S6.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf	Trace
29	S	230	Total 1862	C 1164	N 371	O 320	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 30 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S24.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
20	Т	125	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
30	1	120	1015	642	199	169	5	U	U

• Molecule 31 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S5.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
31	V	189	Total 1495	C 934	N 284	O 270	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 32 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S16.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	Atoms					
20	V	1 // 1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0		
32	1	141	1124	715	212	194	3	U	U		

• Molecule 33 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S3.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	AltConf	Trace			
33	Z	227	Total 1765	C 1125	N 317	O 315	S 8	0	0

• Molecule 34 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S10.



Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
3/1	0	99	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
04	а	99	834	544	149	135	6	0	

• Molecule 35 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S15.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
25	h	131	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
35	D	191	1072	682	201	182	7	U	U

• Molecule 36 is a protein called Receptor of activated protein C kinase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
36	С	313	Total 2436	C 1535	N 424	O 465	S 12	0	0

• Molecule 37 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S19.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
37	d	142	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
31	u	142	1105	692	213	197	3	0	

• Molecule 38 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S25.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
38	e	81	Total 649	C 420	N 119	O 109	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 39 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S18.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
39	f	149	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
39	1	149	1227	770	249	207	1	0	U

• Molecule 40 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S20.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
40	h	103	Total 817	C 511	N 155	O 147	S 4	0	0

• Molecule 41 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S29.



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	$\mathbf{m}\mathbf{s}$			AltConf	Trace
41	i	50	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
41	1	50	419	262	85	67	5	0	0

• Molecule 42 is a protein called Ubiquitin.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf	Trace
49	lz	68	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
42	N.	00	554	349	103	95	7	U	0

• Molecule 43 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S12.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
43	***	122	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
45	m	122	950	596	168	177	9	0	U

• Molecule 44 is a protein called 40S ribosomal protein S28.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf	Trace
4.4	10	64	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
44	П	04	506	308	102	94	2	U	U

• Molecule 45 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit G.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
45	О	77	Total 616	C 389	N 111	O 116	0	0

• Molecule 46 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 1A, X-chromosomal.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
46	q	117	Total 951	C 590	N 183	O 174	S 4	1	0

• Molecule 47 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
47	r	296	Total 2138	C 1342	N 384	O 404	S 8	0	0

• Molecule 48 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 subunit 3.



$\mathbf{M}$	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
48	3	t	455	Total 3439	C 2179	N 599	O 643	S 18	0	0

• Molecule 49 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
49	u	706	Total 5383	C 3379	N 982	O 999	S 23	1	0

• Molecule 50 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit E.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
50	V	405	Total 2740	C 1720	N 498	O 510	S 12	0	0

• Molecule 51 is a RNA chain called Initiator Met-tRNA-i.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
51	W	75	Total 1604	C 717	N 298	O 515	P 74	0	0

• Molecule 52 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit D.

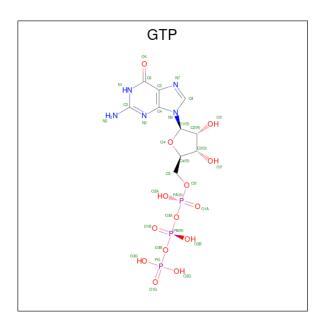
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
52	X	423	Total 2842	C 1752	N 523	O 557	S 10	0	0

• Molecule 53 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
53	У	543	Total 4361	C 2743	N 776	O 809	S 33	0	0

• Molecule 54 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GTP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				AltConf
54	0	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
54	U	1	32	10	5	14	3	0

• Molecule 55 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
55	0	1	Total Na 1 1	0

• Molecule 56 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
56	0	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
56	A	87	Total Mg 87 87	0
56	f	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

• Molecule 57 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

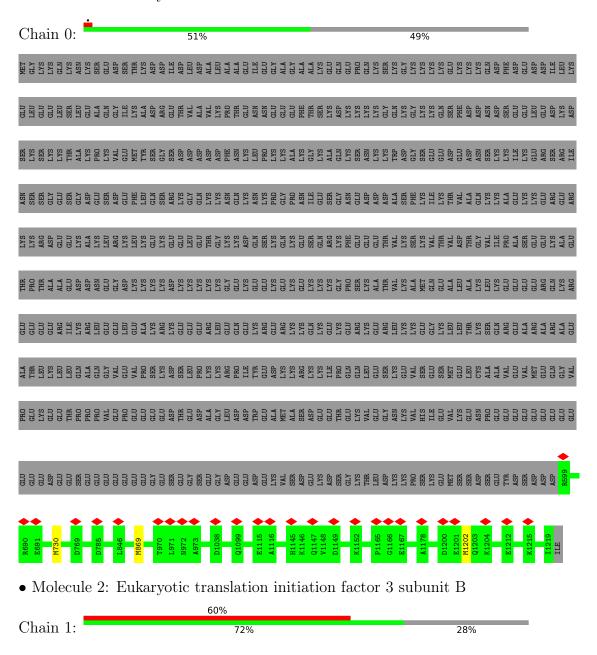
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
57	Q	1	Total Zn 1 1	0
57	k	1	Total Zn 1 1	0



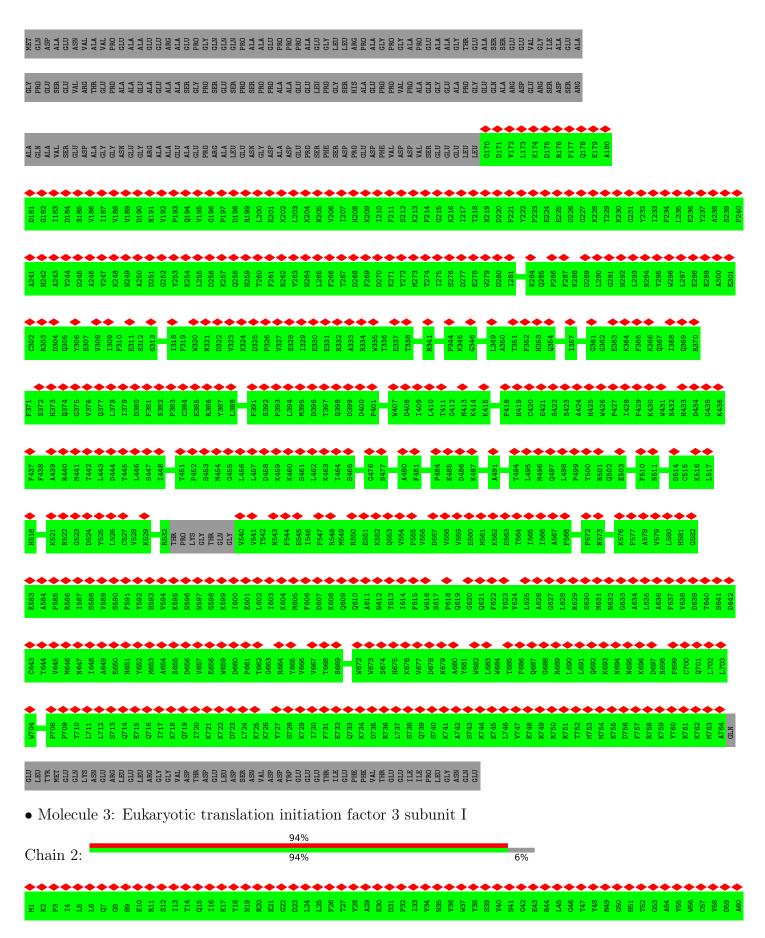
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5B



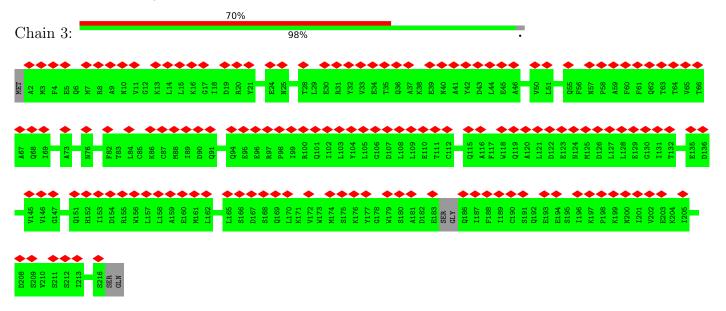




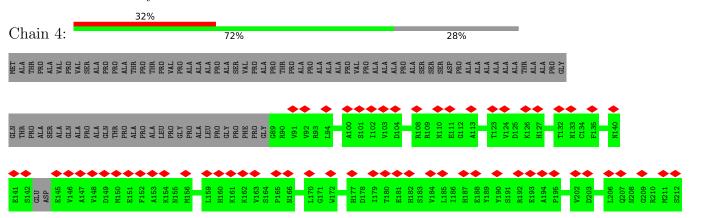




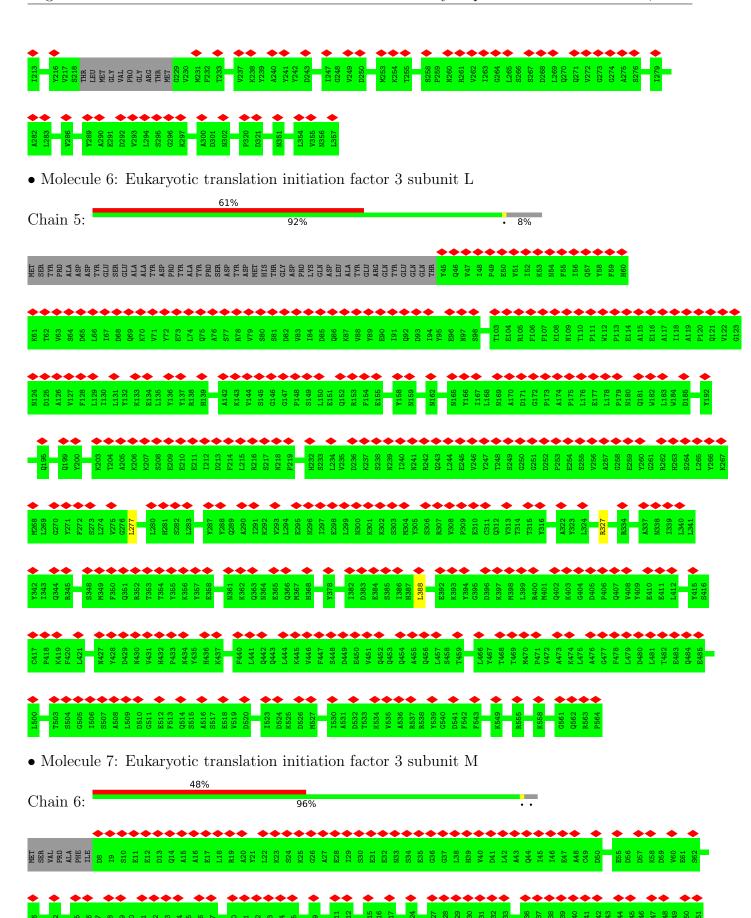
• Molecule 4: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit K



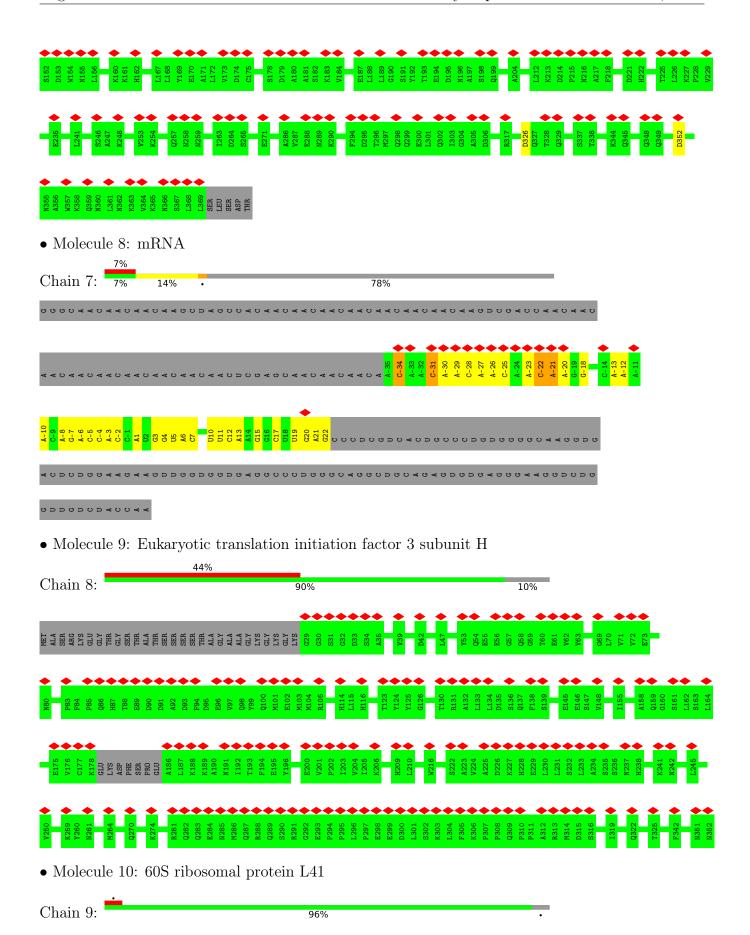
• Molecule 5: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit F







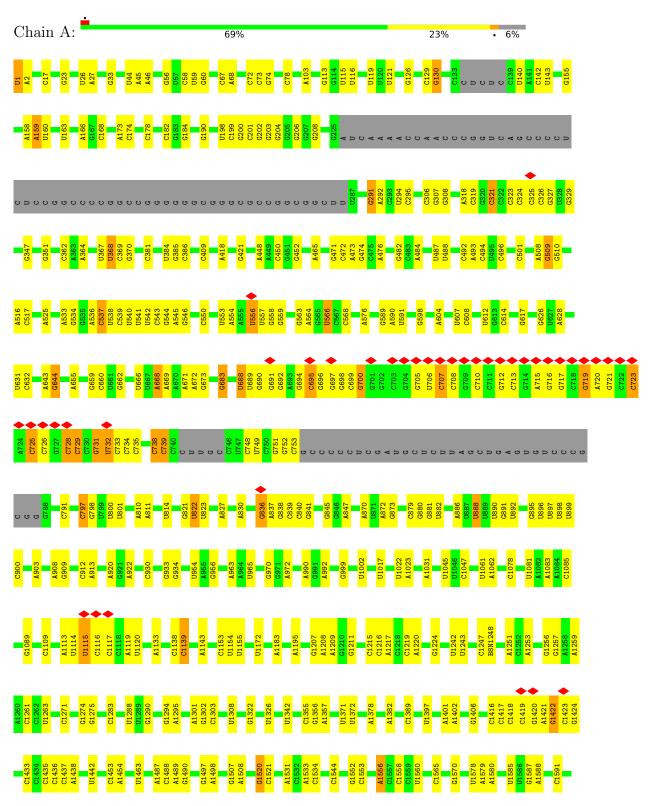




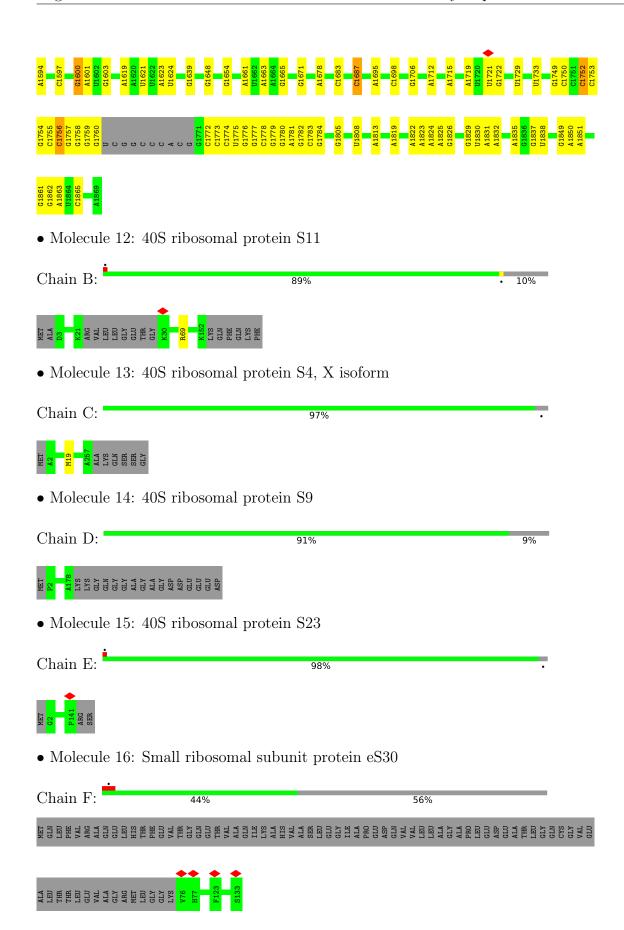




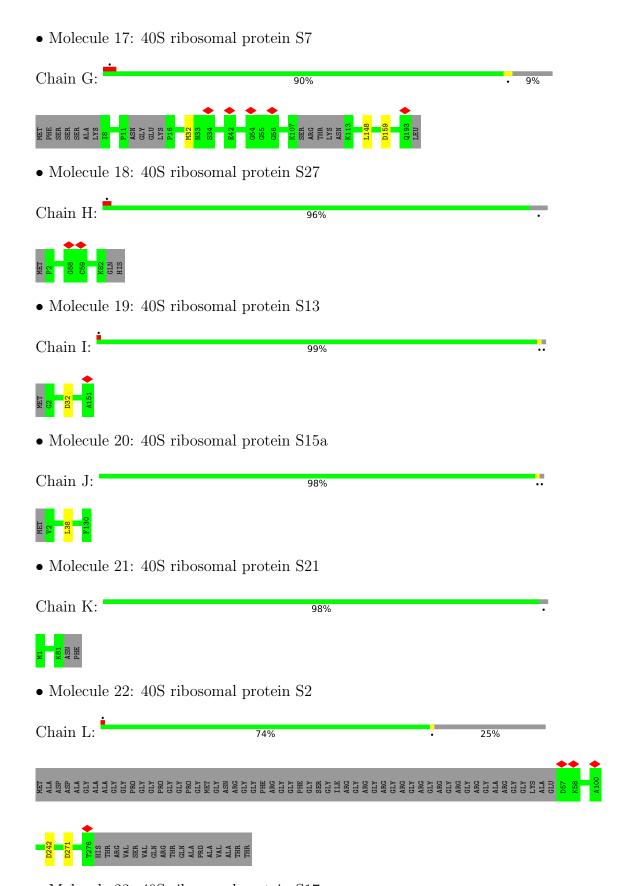
• Molecule 11: 18S rRNA





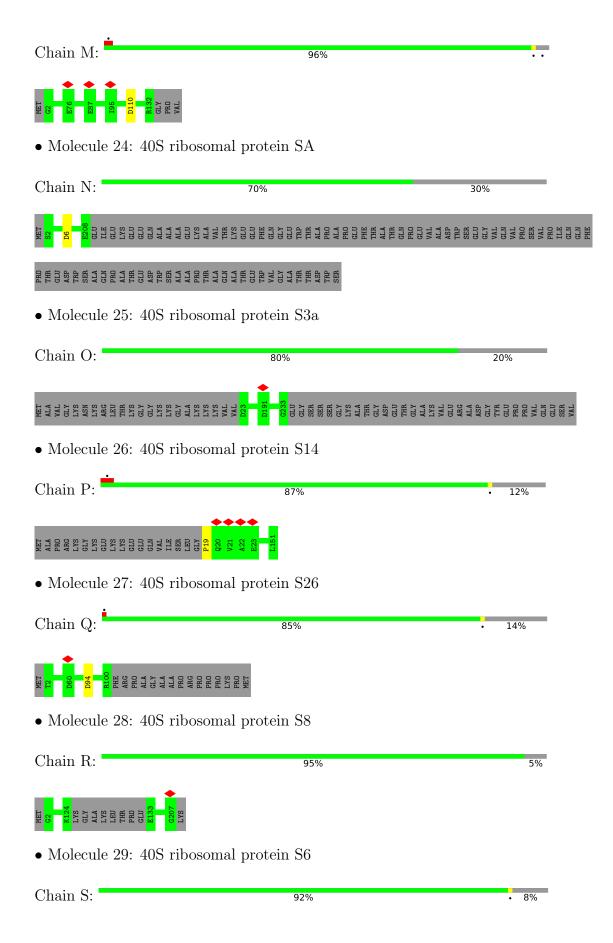




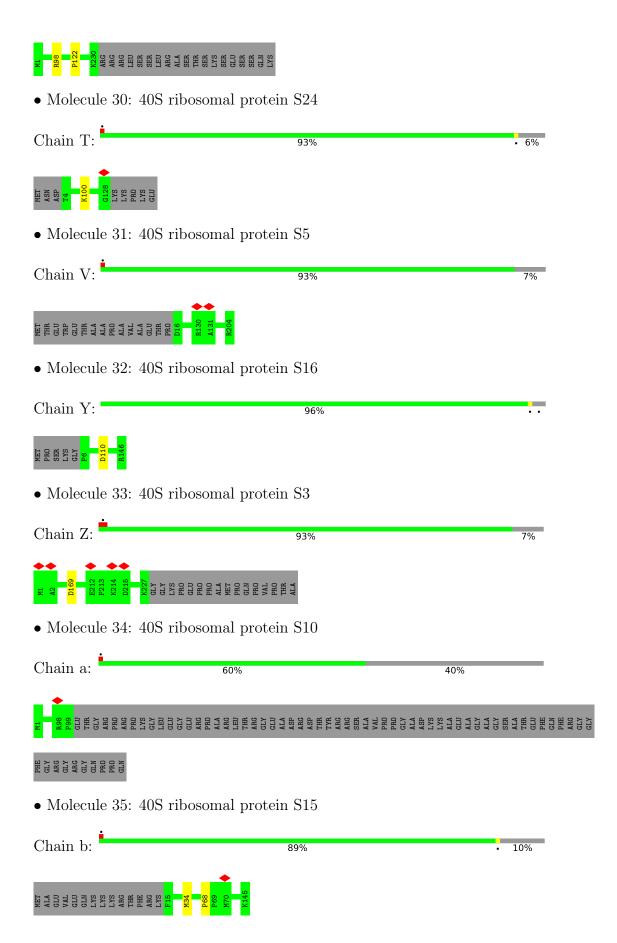


• Molecule 23: 40S ribosomal protein S17

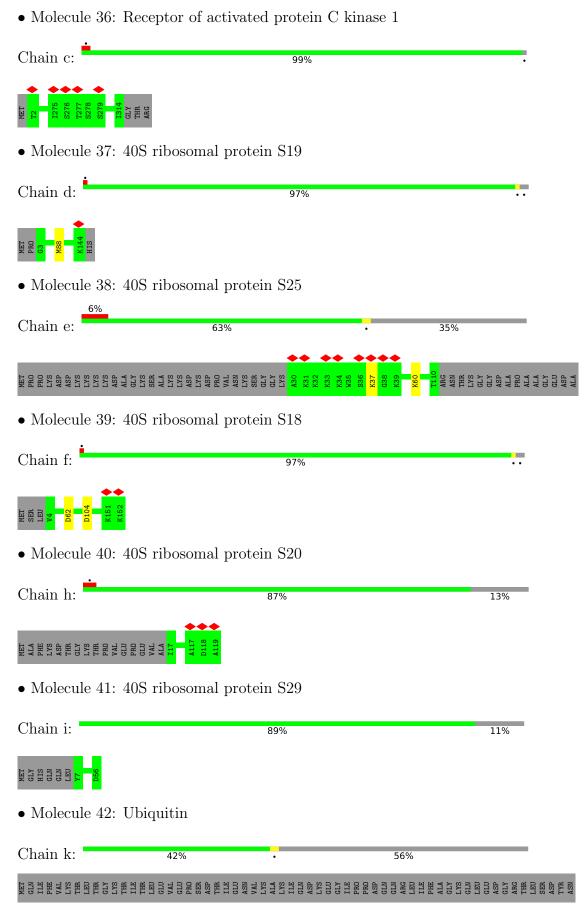




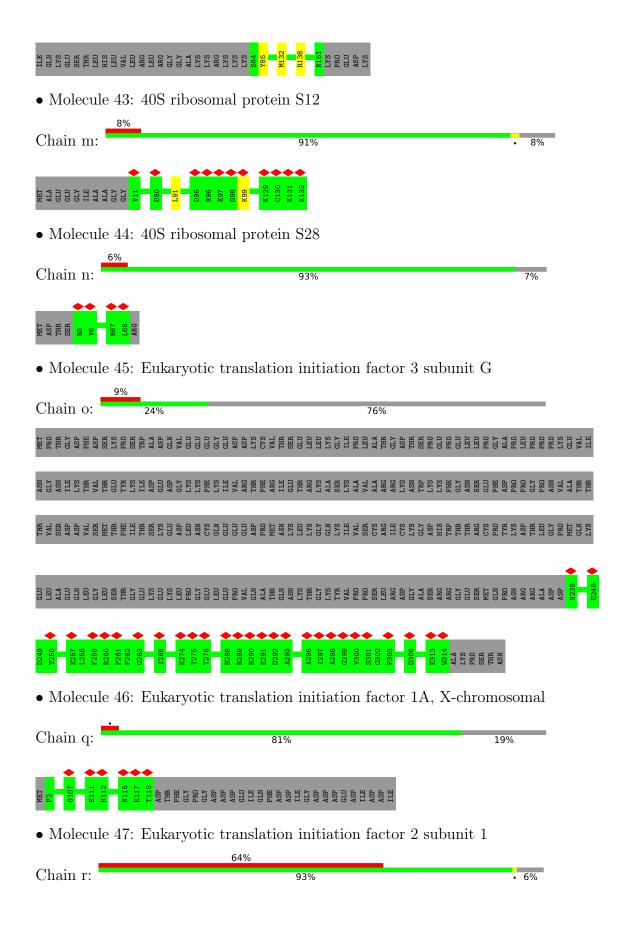




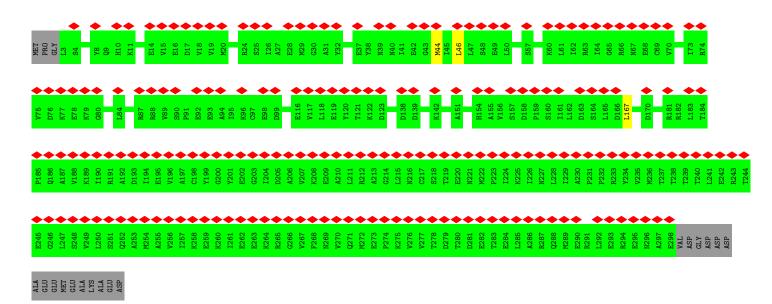








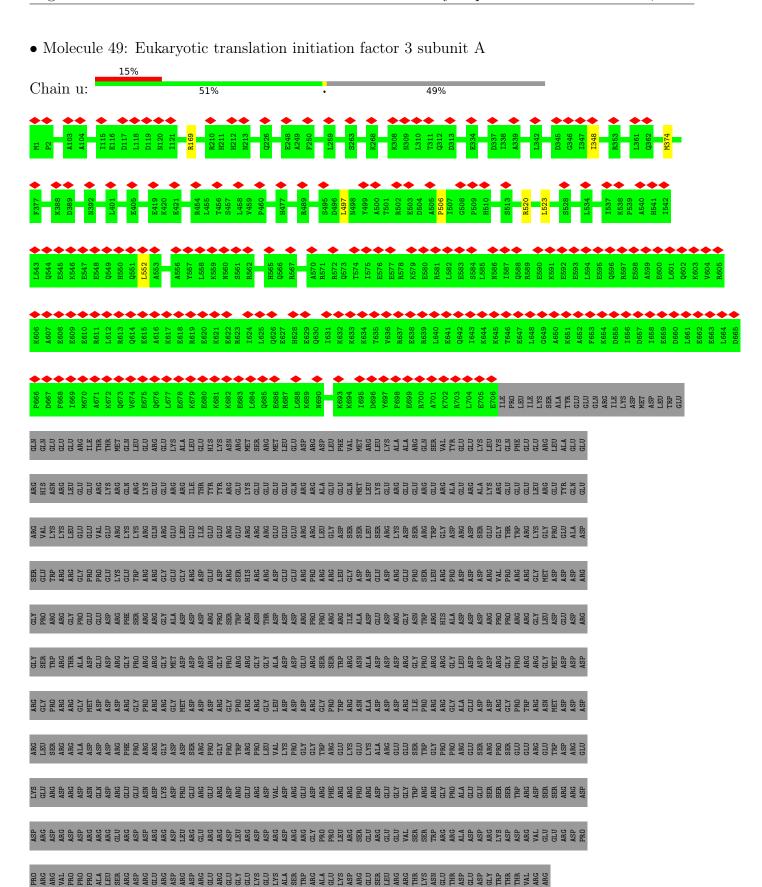




• Molecule 48: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 subunit 3

96% Chain t:



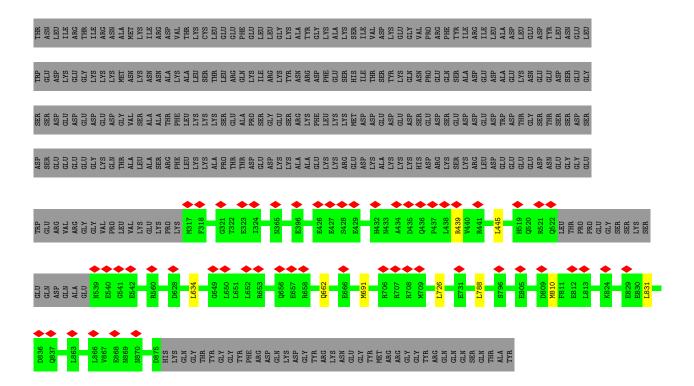


• Molecule 50: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit E











# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	46318	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	45	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	59000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	22.337	Depositor
Minimum map value	-6.543	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.000	Depositor
Recommended contour level	3	Depositor
Map size (Å)	417.74402, 417.74402, 417.74402	wwPDB
Map dimensions	432, 432, 432	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.96700007, 0.96700007, 0.96700007	Depositor



## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MA6, OMG, 6MZ, OMC, UR3, A2M, ZN, NA, PSU, 5MC, MG, GTP, OMU, 5MU, JMH, B8N

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Bond le		ond lengths	E	Bond angles	
Mol	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	0	0.31	0/5002	0.62	2/6743 (0.0%)	
2	1	0.28	0/3279	0.59	0/4534	
3	2	0.26	0/1491	0.49	0/2068	
4	3	0.24	0/1055	0.37	0/1469	
5	4	0.25	0/1269	0.41	0/1762	
6	5	0.28	0/4458	0.59	3/6027 (0.0%)	
7	6	0.29	0/2212	0.58	2/3034 (0.1%)	
8	7	0.44	4/1365~(0.3%)	0.91	3/2124 (0.1%)	
9	8	0.25	0/1572	0.43	0/2187	
10	9	0.32	0/231	0.82	0/294	
11	A	0.40	0/41130	1.00	$147/64100 \; (0.2\%)$	
12	В	0.30	0/1186	0.57	0/1585	
13	С	0.30	0/2077	0.64	1/2796~(0.0%)	
14	D	0.30	0/1502	0.65	0/2008	
15	Ε	0.31	0/1105	0.62	0/1476	
16	F	0.30	0/459	0.65	0/607	
17	G	0.31	0/1451	0.71	3/1942~(0.2%)	
18	Н	0.31	0/644	0.61	0/864	
19	I	0.29	0/1232	0.61	1/1656~(0.1%)	
20	J	0.31	0/1051	0.65	1/1406 (0.1%)	
21	K	0.31	0/623	0.66	0/833	
22	L	0.33	0/1743	0.65	2/2354~(0.1%)	
23	M	0.35	0/1078	0.72	1/1447~(0.1%)	
24	N	0.32	0/1670	0.66	1/2271~(0.0%)	
25	О	0.30	0/1742	0.62	0/2330	
26	Р	0.36	0/1010	0.76	1/1353~(0.1%)	
27	Q	0.31	0/805	0.68	1/1079 (0.1%)	
28	R	0.28	0/1654	0.58	0/2203	
29	S	0.28	0/1885	0.62	1/2510~(0.0%)	
30	Т	0.36	0/1032	0.67	0/1371	
31	V	0.30	0/1516	0.63	0/2037	
32	Y	0.31	0/1142	0.67	1/1528~(0.1%)	



Mal	Clasia.	Во	Bond lengths		Bond angles
Mol	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
33	Z	0.31	0/1793	0.61	1/2414 (0.0%)
34	a	0.31	0/859	0.61	0/1159
35	b	0.33	0/1094	0.71	2/1464 (0.1%)
36	c	0.29	0/2493	0.60	0/3394
37	d	0.29	0/1123	0.62	1/1504 (0.1%)
38	е	0.41	0/657	0.62	0/878
39	f	0.30	0/1245	0.70	2/1665~(0.1%)
40	h	0.32	0/827	0.72	0/1110
41	i	0.33	0/429	0.63	0/568
42	k	0.43	0/566	0.81	$1/753 \ (0.1\%)$
43	m	0.33	0/960	0.70	1/1286 (0.1%)
44	n	0.30	0/508	0.73	0/680
45	О	0.29	0/628	0.66	0/846
46	q	0.30	0/965	0.64	0/1282
47	r	0.31	0/2167	0.63	3/2943 (0.1%)
48	t	0.29	0/3494	0.64	$1/4726 \; (0.0\%)$
49	u	0.31	0/5475	0.68	$6/7432 \ (0.1\%)$
50	V	0.31	0/2778	0.67	3/3797 (0.1%)
51	W	0.42	0/1795	1.18	11/2798 (0.4%)
52	X	0.27	0/2885	0.58	0/3940
53	У	0.32	0/4436	0.70	7/5989 (0.1%)
All	All	0.34	4/126848 (0.0%)	0.80	210/180626 (0.1%)

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
8	7	-34	С	C1'-N1	5.96	1.57	1.48
8	7	-25	С	C1'-N1	5.67	1.57	1.48
8	7	-31	С	C1'-N1	5.44	1.56	1.48
8	7	-22	С	C1'-N1	5.34	1.56	1.48

The worst 5 of 210 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
11	A	501	С	C2-N1-C1'	12.16	132.17	118.80
11	A	501	С	N1-C2-O2	11.96	126.07	118.90
11	A	882	U	N1-C2-O2	10.08	129.85	122.80
11	A	537	С	N3-C2-O2	-9.94	114.94	121.90
11	A	1453	С	N1-C2-O2	9.93	124.86	118.90

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

Due to software issues we are unable to calculate clashes - this section is therefore empty.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	${ m ntiles}$
1	0	$619/1220\ (51\%)$	587 (95%)	32 (5%)	0	100	100
2	1	$584/814 \ (72\%)$	539 (92%)	45 (8%)	0	100	100
3	2	300/325~(92%)	291 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
4	3	209/218 (96%)	202 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
5	4	$251/357\ (70\%)$	238 (95%)	13 (5%)	0	100	100
6	5	518/564 (92%)	501 (97%)	17 (3%)	0	100	100
7	6	360/374 (96%)	338 (94%)	22 (6%)	0	100	100
9	8	313/352 (89%)	290 (93%)	23 (7%)	0	100	100
10	9	22/25 (88%)	22 (100%)	0	0	100	100
12	В	138/158 (87%)	135 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
13	С	254/263 (97%)	248 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
14	D	175/194 (90%)	168 (96%)	7 (4%)	0	100	100
15	Е	138/143 (96%)	135 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
16	F	56/133 (42%)	47 (84%)	9 (16%)	0	100	100
17	G	171/194 (88%)	164 (96%)	7 (4%)	0	100	100
18	Н	79/84 (94%)	75 (95%)	4 (5%)	0	100	100
19	I	148/151 (98%)	144 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
20	J	127/130 (98%)	124 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
21	K	79/83~(95%)	75 (95%)	4 (5%)	0	100	100
22	L	$218/293 \ (74\%)$	210 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
23	M	129/135 (96%)	123 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
24	N	205/295~(70%)	197 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
25	О	209/264 (79%)	203 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
26	Р	131/151 (87%)	123 (94%)	8 (6%)	0	100	100
27	Q	97/115 (84%)	96 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
28	R	194/208 (93%)	190 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
29	S	228/249 (92%)	221 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
30	Т	123/133 (92%)	123 (100%)	0	0	100	100
31	V	187/204 (92%)	178 (95%)	9 (5%)	0	100	100
32	Y	139/146 (95%)	132 (95%)	7 (5%)	0	100	100
33	Z	225/243 (93%)	222 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
34	a	97/165 (59%)	94 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
35	b	129/145 (89%)	122 (95%)	7 (5%)	0	100	100
36	С	311/317 (98%)	295 (95%)	16 (5%)	0	100	100
37	d	140/145 (97%)	134 (96%)	6 (4%)	0	100	100
38	е	79/125 (63%)	73 (92%)	6 (8%)	0	100	100
39	f	147/152 (97%)	138 (94%)	9 (6%)	0	100	100
40	h	101/119 (85%)	92 (91%)	9 (9%)	0	100	100
41	i	48/56 (86%)	47 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
42	k	66/156 (42%)	61 (92%)	5 (8%)	0	100	100
43	m	120/132 (91%)	114 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100	100
44	n	62/69 (90%)	57 (92%)	5 (8%)	0	100	100
45	О	75/320 (23%)	72 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
46	q	116/144 (81%)	111 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
47	r	294/315 (93%)	275 (94%)	19 (6%)	0	100	100
48	t	451/472 (96%)	439 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
49	u	705/1382 (51%)	656 (93%)	49 (7%)	0	100	100
50	V	403/445 (91%)	369 (92%)	34 (8%)	0	100	100
52	X	417/548 (76%)	394 (94%)	23 (6%)	0	100	100
53	У	539/913 (59%)	514 (95%)	25 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	10926/14338 (76%)	10398 (95%)	528 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.  $\,$ 



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	$_{ m ntiles}$
1	0	546/1081~(50%)	545 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	97
2	1	97/702 (14%)	97 (100%)	0	100	100
6	5	477/515 (93%)	477 (100%)	0	100	100
7	6	112/335~(33%)	112 (100%)	0	100	100
9	8	1/310 (0%)	1 (100%)	0	100	100
10	9	23/24~(96%)	23 (100%)	0	100	100
12	В	129/142 (91%)	128 (99%)	1 (1%)	79	90
13	С	$220/225\ (98\%)$	220 (100%)	0	100	100
14	D	158/168 (94%)	158 (100%)	0	100	100
15	Е	112/115 (97%)	112 (100%)	0	100	100
16	F	46/104 (44%)	46 (100%)	0	100	100
17	G	159/174 (91%)	159 (100%)	0	100	100
18	Н	73/76 (96%)	73 (100%)	0	100	100
19	I	$130/131\ (99\%)$	130 (100%)	0	100	100
20	J	$112/113\ (99\%)$	112 (100%)	0	100	100
21	K	65/67~(97%)	65 (100%)	0	100	100
22	L	186/225~(83%)	186 (100%)	0	100	100
23	M	$119/122\ (98\%)$	119 (100%)	0	100	100
24	N	173/243 (71%)	173 (100%)	0	100	100
25	О	192/231 (83%)	192 (100%)	0	100	100
26	Р	104/119 (87%)	104 (100%)	0	100	100
27	Q	86/98 (88%)	86 (100%)	0	100	100
28	R	172/180 (96%)	172 (100%)	0	100	100
29	S	200/218 (92%)	199 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	93
30	Т	107/115 (93%)	106 (99%)	1 (1%)	75	89
31	V	159/170 (94%)	159 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
32	Y	117/121 (97%)	117 (100%)	0	100	100
33	Z	190/202 (94%)	190 (100%)	0	100	100
34	a	90/136 (66%)	90 (100%)	0	100	100
35	b	117/130 (90%)	117 (100%)	0	100	100
36	С	272/275 (99%)	272 (100%)	0	100	100
37	d	112/115 (97%)	112 (100%)	0	100	100
38	e	71/103 (69%)	69 (97%)	2 (3%)	38	68
39	f	129/132 (98%)	129 (100%)	0	100	100
40	h	94/107 (88%)	94 (100%)	0	100	100
41	i	44/49 (90%)	44 (100%)	0	100	100
42	k	61/140 (44%)	59 (97%)	2 (3%)	33	64
43	m	104/108 (96%)	103 (99%)	1 (1%)	73	87
44	n	57/62 (92%)	57 (100%)	0	100	100
45	О	64/277 (23%)	64 (100%)	0	100	100
46	q	100/123 (81%)	100 (100%)	0	100	100
47	r	190/280 (68%)	190 (100%)	0	100	100
48	t	380/397 (96%)	379 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	96
49	u	528/1259 (42%)	526 (100%)	2 (0%)	89	94
50	V	206/406 (51%)	204 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	87
52	X	207/494 (42%)	207 (100%)	0	100	100
53	у	472/811 (58%)	470 (100%)	2 (0%)	89	94
All	All	7563/11730 (64%)	7547 (100%)	16 (0%)	91	97

5 of 16 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
53	у	439	ARG
50	V	407	LYS
43	m	99	LYS
50	V	310	LYS
42	k	138	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
46	q	37	GLN	
48	t	39	GLN	
53	У	701	HIS	
49	u	110	GLN	
17	G	163	GLN	

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
11	A	1741/1869 (93%)	407 (23%)	13 (0%)
51	W	74/75 (98%)	31 (41%)	0
8	7	56/255 (21%)	37 (66%)	3 (5%)
All	All	1871/2199 (85%)	475 (25%)	16 (0%)

5 of 475 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
8	7	-34	С
8	7	-31	С
8	7	-30	A
8	7	-29	A
8	7	-28	С

5 of 16 RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
11	A	912	С
11	A	797	С
11	A	644	OMG
11	A	731	G
11	A	541	U

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

29 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection.



RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
11	A2M	A	668	56,11	18,25,26	4.20	8 (44%)	18,36,39	3.79	6 (33%)
11	PSU	A	823	11	18,21,22	1.08	1 (5%)	22,30,33	1.75	4 (18%)
11	PSU	A	1081	11	18,21,22	1.03	1 (5%)	22,30,33	1.75	4 (18%)
11	PSU	A	1243	11	18,21,22	1.05	1 (5%)	22,30,33	1.79	4 (18%)
11	OMG	A	644	11	18,26,27	2.44	7 (38%)	19,38,41	2.66	10 (52%)
11	5MU	A	814	11	19,22,23	0.47	0	28,32,35	1.15	2 (7%)
11	A2M	A	484	11	18,25,26	4.21	9 (50%)	18,36,39	3.87	5 (27%)
11	UR3	A	1830	11	19,22,23	2.79	8 (42%)	26,32,35	1.51	4 (15%)
11	A2M	A	27	56,11	18,25,26	4.28	9 (50%)	18,36,39	3.78	5 (27%)
11	MA6	A	1850	11	18,26,27	1.31	2 (11%)	19,38,41	3.13	2 (10%)
11	OMG	A	683	11	18,26,27	1.09	1 (5%)	19,38,41	1.09	2 (10%)
11	OMC	A	174	56,11	19,22,23	0.56	0	26,31,34	0.78	1 (3%)
11	A2M	A	1031	11	18,25,26	4.33	8 (44%)	18,36,39	3.75	4 (22%)
11	A2M	A	1678	11	18,25,26	4.34	8 (44%)	18,36,39	3.86	5 (27%)
11	OMG	A	509	56,11	18,26,27	2.65	9 (50%)	19,38,41	2.55	9 (47%)
11	OMU	A	121	11	19,22,23	3.00	6 (31%)	26,31,34	1.71	5 (19%)
11	6MZ	A	1832	56,11	18,25,26	1.77	2 (11%)	16,36,39	2.49	5 (31%)
11	OMC	A	1703	11	19,22,23	0.57	0	26,31,34	0.66	0
11	MA6	A	1851	11	18,26,27	1.35	3 (16%)	19,38,41	3.22	2 (10%)
11	A2M	A	166	11	18,25,26	4.28	8 (44%)	18,36,39	3.74	4 (22%)
11	PSU	A	822	11	18,21,22	1.07	1 (5%)	22,30,33	1.78	5 (22%)
11	OMU	A	116	11	19,22,23	3.02	6 (31%)	26,31,34	1.64	5 (19%)
11	PSU	A	119	11	18,21,22	1.00	1 (5%)	22,30,33	1.61	4 (18%)
11	JMH	A	1219	56,11	18,22,23	2.93	5 (27%)	21,32,35	1.73	5 (23%)
11	5MC	A	1374	11	18,22,23	0.56	0	26,32,35	0.53	0
11	B8N	A	1248	11	24,29,30	3.05	6 (25%)	29,42,45	1.83	6 (20%)
11	OMC	A	517	11	19,22,23	0.55	0	26,31,34	0.65	0
11	A2M	A	159	11	18,25,26	4.34	8 (44%)	18,36,39	3.85	5 (27%)
11	PSU	A	612	11	18,21,22	0.98	1 (5%)	22,30,33	1.78	5 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
11	A2M	A	668	56,11	-	2/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	PSU	A	823	11	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
11	PSU	A	1081	11	-	1/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
11	PSU	A	1243	11	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
11	OMG	A	644	11	-	4/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	5MU	A	814	11	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
11	A2M	A	484	11	-	1/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	UR3	A	1830	11	-	2/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
11	A2M	A	27	56,11	-	1/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	MA6	A	1850	11	-	3/7/29/30	0/3/3/3
11	OMG	A	683	11	-	3/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	OMC	A	174	56,11	-	0/9/27/28	0/2/2/2
11	A2M	A	1031	11	-	1/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	A2M	A	1678	11	-	1/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	OMG	A	509	56,11	-	3/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	OMU	A	121	11	-	0/9/27/28	0/2/2/2
11	6MZ	A	1832	56,11	-	2/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	OMC	A	1703	11	-	0/9/27/28	0/2/2/2
11	MA6	A	1851	11	-	4/7/29/30	0/3/3/3
11	A2M	A	166	11	-	1/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	PSU	A	822	11	-	2/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
11	OMU	A	116	11	-	1/9/27/28	0/2/2/2
11	PSU	A	119	11	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
11	JMH	A	1219	56,11	-	1/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
11	5MC	A	1374	11	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
11	B8N	A	1248	11	-	5/16/34/35	0/2/2/2
11	OMC	A	517	11	-	2/9/27/28	0/2/2/2
11	A2M	A	159	11	-	3/5/27/28	0/3/3/3
11	PSU	A	612	11	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 119 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
11	A	1031	A2M	C3'-C2'	-12.89	1.24	1.52
11	A	1678	A2M	C3'-C2'	-12.79	1.24	1.52
11	A	27	A2M	C3'-C2'	-12.77	1.24	1.52
11	A	159	A2M	C3'-C2'	-12.73	1.24	1.52
11	A	166	A2M	C3'-C2'	-12.70	1.24	1.52

The worst 5 of 118 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
11	A	1851	MA6	N1-C6-N6	-12.58	103.82	117.06
11	A	1850	MA6	N1-C6-N6	-12.38	104.02	117.06
11	A	159	A2M	C1'-N9-C4	10.52	145.12	126.64
11	A	484	A2M	C1'-N9-C4	10.42	144.95	126.64
11	A	1678	A2M	C1'-N9-C4	10.40	144.92	126.64

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 43 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	A	27	A2M	C1'-C2'-O2'-CM'
11	A	116	OMU	C1'-C2'-O2'-CM2
11	A	159	A2M	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
11	A	159	A2M	C1'-C2'-O2'-CM'
11	A	166	A2M	C1'-C2'-O2'-CM'

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 93 ligands modelled in this entry, 92 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	MIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
	54	GTP	0	2001	56,55	26,34,34	1.12	2 (7%)	32,54,54	1.75	6 (18%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the



Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
54	GTP	0	2001	56,55	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
54	0	2001	GTP	C5-C6	-3.91	1.39	1.47
54	0	2001	GTP	C2-N3	2.10	1.38	1.33

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
54	0	2001	GTP	PA-O3A-PB	-5.30	114.63	132.83
54	0	2001	GTP	C5-C6-N1	3.29	119.75	113.95
54	0	2001	GTP	C8-N7-C5	3.19	109.06	102.99
54	0	2001	GTP	C2-N1-C6	-2.93	119.71	125.10
54	0	2001	GTP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.82	105.23	100.98

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

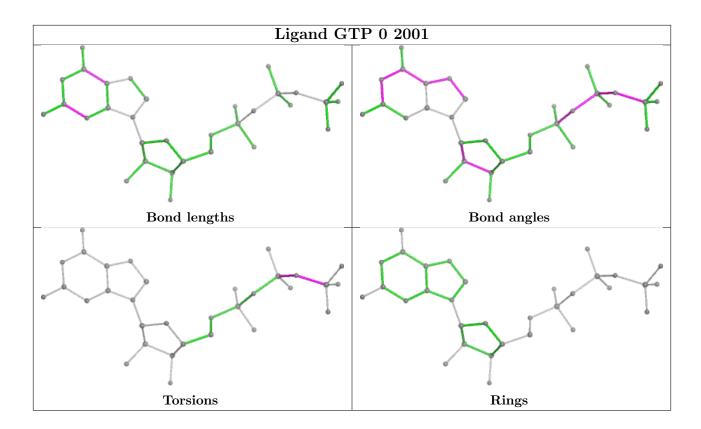
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
54	0	2001	GTP	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
54	0	2001	GTP	PG-O3B-PB-O2B

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



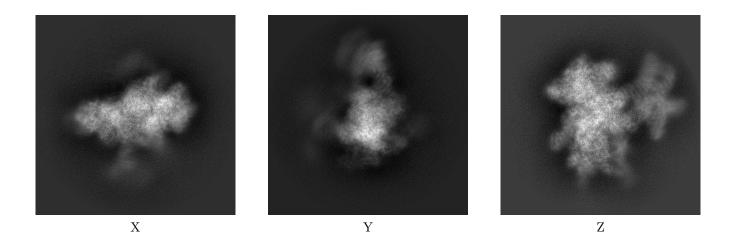
# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-17699. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

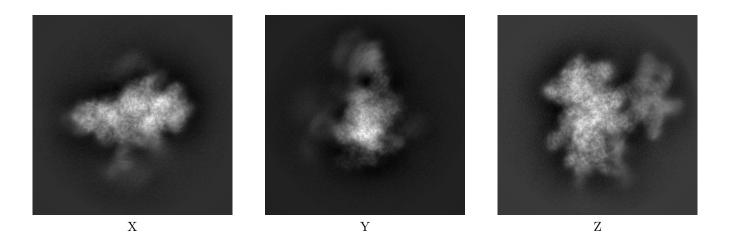
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



#### 6.1.2 Raw map

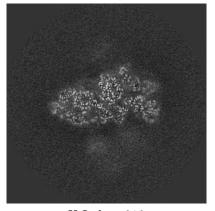


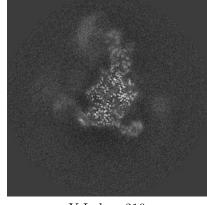
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

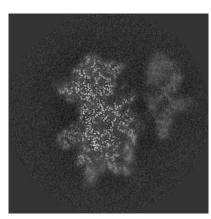


# 6.2 Central slices (i)

### 6.2.1 Primary map





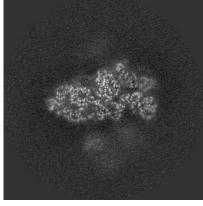


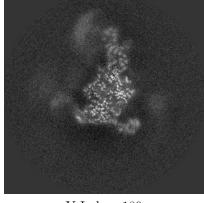
X Index: 216

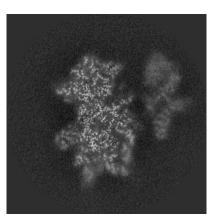
Y Index: 216

Z Index: 216

### 6.2.2 Raw map







X Index: 180

Y Index: 180

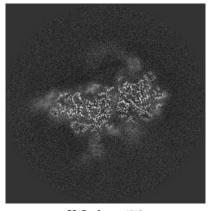
Z Index: 180

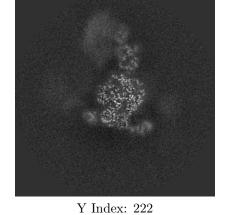
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

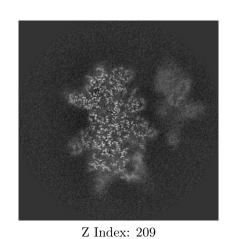


# 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

### 6.3.1 Primary map

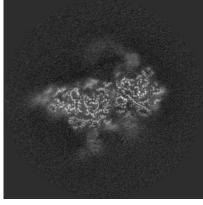




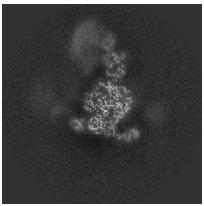


X Index: 176

6.3.2 Raw map







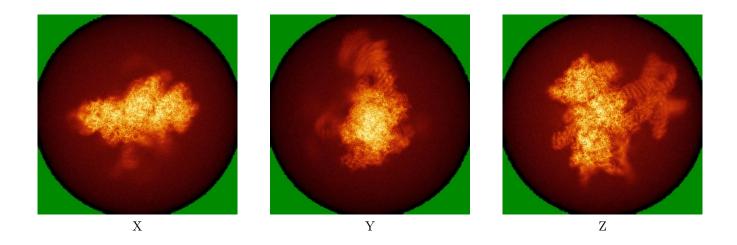
Z Index: 174

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

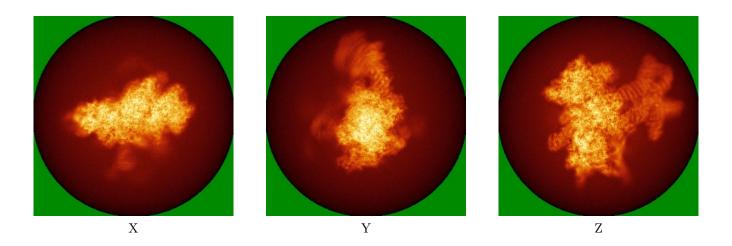


## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



### 6.4.2 Raw map

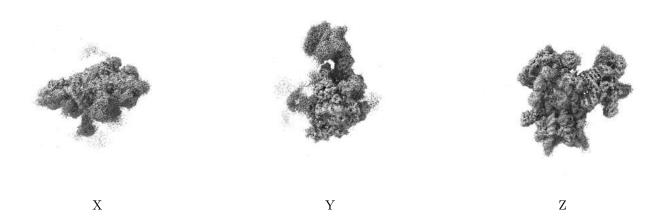


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



### 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

#### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 3.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



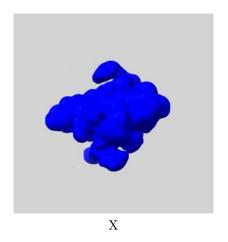
## 6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

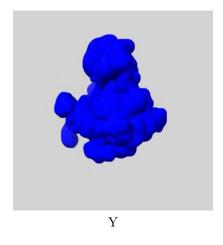
This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

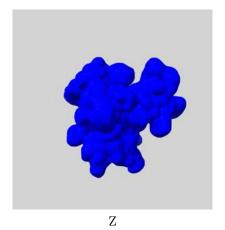
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

## 6.6.1 emd\_17699\_msk\_1.map (i)



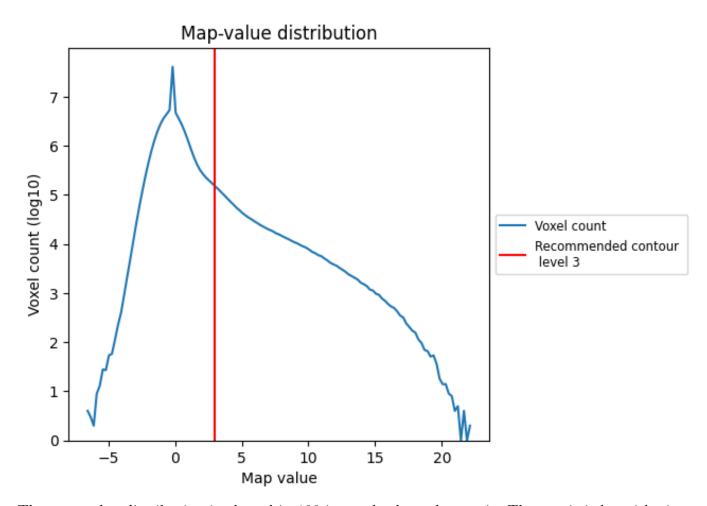




# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

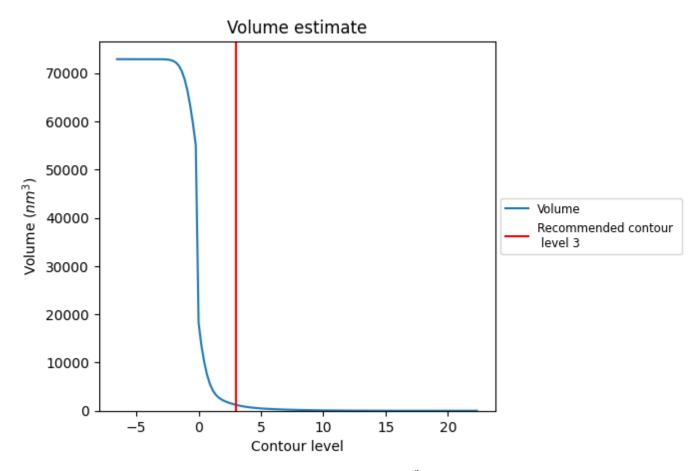
## 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



### 7.2 Volume estimate (i)

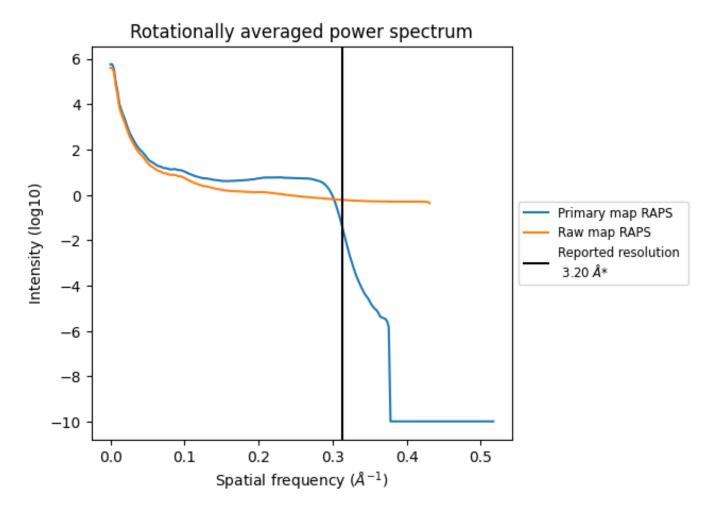


The volume at the recommended contour level is  $1228~\mathrm{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of  $1109~\mathrm{kDa}$ .

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



# 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



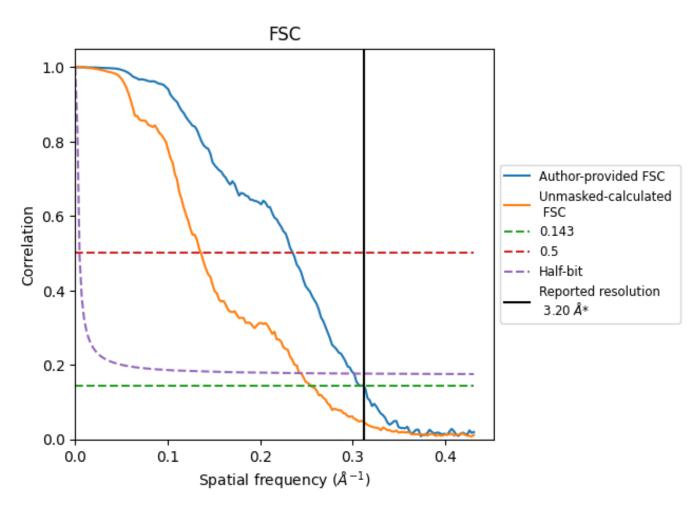
\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312  $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$ 



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312  $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$ 



# 8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
rtesolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.20	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.21	4.25	3.32
Unmasked-calculated*	3.92	7.35	4.09

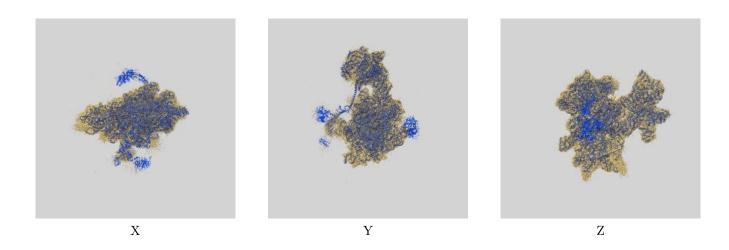
<sup>\*</sup>Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.92 differs from the reported value 3.2 by more than 10 %



# 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-17699 and PDB model 8PJ4. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 14.

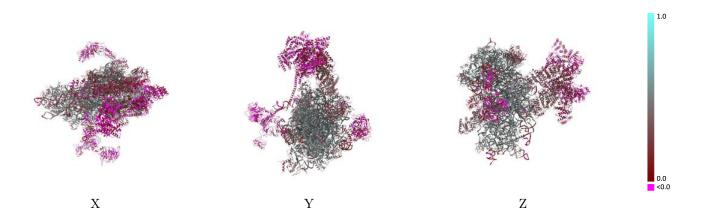
# 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 3.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

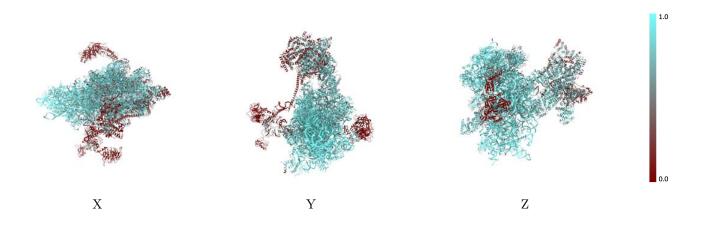


## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

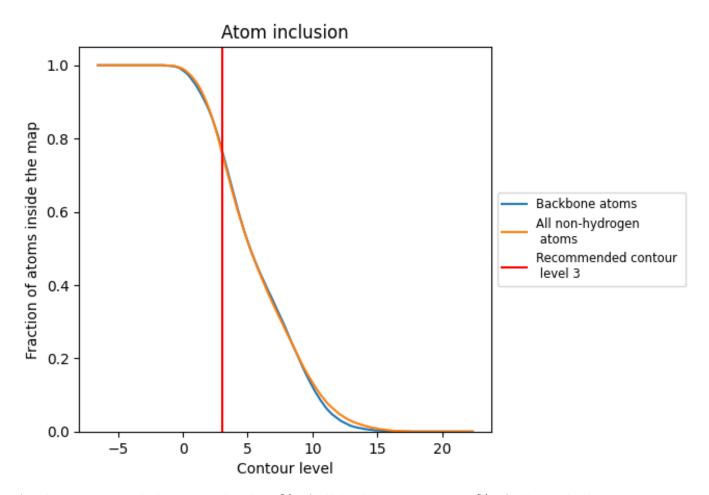
## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (3).



# 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 77% of all backbone atoms, 76% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



# 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (3) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7640	0.3610
0	0.7650	0.3440
1	0.2110	0.0910
2	0.0010	0.0010
3	0.3310	0.0280
4	0.5490	0.0800
5	0.3200	0.0380
6	0.4880	0.0730
7	0.6010	0.2300
8	0.5060	0.1010
9	0.8760	0.4570
A	0.9590	0.4670
В	0.9120	0.5040
С	0.9280	0.5060
D	0.8950	0.4980
E	0.9010	0.5150
F	0.8240	0.4430
G	0.8150	0.4210
Н	0.8600	0.4650
I	0.8920	0.4920
J	0.9090	0.5130
K	0.8510	0.4850
L	0.8710	0.4990
M	0.8260	0.4620
N	0.8870	0.4920
О	0.8780	0.4770
Р	0.8780	0.4810
Q	0.9260	0.5000
R	0.9320	0.4780
S	0.9140	0.4380
Т	0.9100	0.4710
V	0.8800	0.4870
Y	0.9430	0.5120
Z	0.8300	0.4710
a	0.9010	0.4730



Continued on next page...



## $Continued\ from\ previous\ page...$

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
b	0.9010	0.4820
С	0.8820	0.4550
d	0.9380	0.5060
е	0.8020	0.4720
f	0.8900	0.4670
h	0.8670	0.4520
i	0.9530	0.5260
k	0.8430	0.3240
m	0.7320	0.2900
n	0.7880	0.4440
О	0.5260	0.2060
q	0.7930	0.4620
r	0.3250	0.1750
t	0.0050	0.0630
u	0.6040	0.2230
V	0.6110	0.1290
W	0.9170	0.2640
X	0.6870	0.2840
У	0.7280	0.2830

