

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 23, 2024 – 05:31 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	6PQ5
Title	:	AGAAAA segment 113-118 from human prion
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Deposited on	:	2019-07-08
Resolution	:	1.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

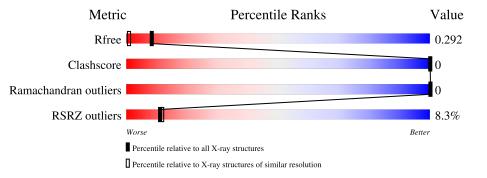
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
EDS	:	2.37.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R _{free}	130704	2936 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	141614	3144 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3066 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2884 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	6	17%				
1	В	6	100%				



2 Entry composition (i)

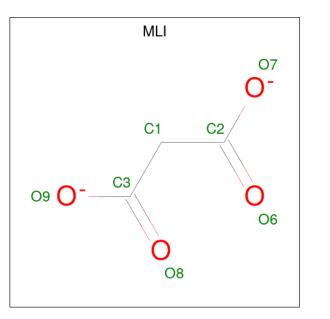
There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 74 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Major prion protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	6	Total C N O 30 17 6 7	0	0	0
1	В	6	Total C N O 30 17 6 7	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is MALONATE ION (three-letter code: MLI) (formula: $C_3H_2O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 7 & 3 & 4 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 7 & 3 & 4 \end{array}$	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Major prion protein

	17%
Chain A:	100%
A 1 A 6	
• Molecule 1	: Major prion protein
Chain B:	100%

There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	18.53Å 9.51Å 17.63Å	Denesiten
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 120.54° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.96 - 1.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	15.68 - 1.49	EDS
% Data completeness	$88.5\ (15.96\text{-}1.50)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$88.5\ (15.68-1.49)$	EDS
R _{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R _{sym}	0.18	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$0.75 (at 1.49 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.4.0061	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.234 , 0.271	Depositor
II, IIfree	0.235 , 0.292	DCC
R_{free} test set	96 reflections (11.52%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	11.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.024	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.20 , 4.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.59, < L^2 > = 0.43$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.010 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	74	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 62.76 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.0723e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MLI

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.45	0/29	0.51	0/37	
1	В	0.43	0/29	0.33	0/37	
All	All	0.44	0/58	0.43	0/74	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	30	0	30	0	0
1	В	30	0	30	0	0
2	А	14	0	4	0	0
All	All	74	0	64	0	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

There are no clashes within the asymmetric unit.

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	А	4/6~(67%)	4 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	В	4/6~(67%)	4 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	8/12~(67%)	8 (100%)	0	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type Chai	Chain	Chain Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	Moi Type Cham I	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
2	MLI	А	102	-	$6,\!6,\!6$	1.10	0	$7,\!7,\!7$	1.13	0
2	MLI	А	101	-	6,6,6	1.19	0	$7,\!7,\!7$	1.12	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	MLI	А	102	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
2	MLI	А	101	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	А	102	MLI	C3-C1-C2-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	А	6/6~(100%)	1.03	1 (16%) 1 1	13, 13, 15, 17	0
1	В	6/6~(100%)	0.83	0 100 100	13, 14, 15, 17	0
All	All	12/12~(100%)	0.93	1 (8%) 11 12	13, 14, 17, 17	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	6	ALA	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	MLI	А	101	7/7	0.85	0.17	27,28,28,29	0
2	MLI	А	102	7/7	0.85	0.14	28,28,30,30	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

