



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Apr 2, 2024 – 11:47 pm BST

PDB ID : 8PR3  
EMDB ID : EMD-17833  
Title : Cytoplasmic dynein-1 heavy chain bound to JIP3-RH1  
Authors : Singh, K.; Lau, C.K.; Manigrasso, G.; Gassmann, R.; Carter, A.P.  
Deposited on : 2023-07-12  
Resolution : 3.90 Å (reported)  
Based on initial model : 7Z8G

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

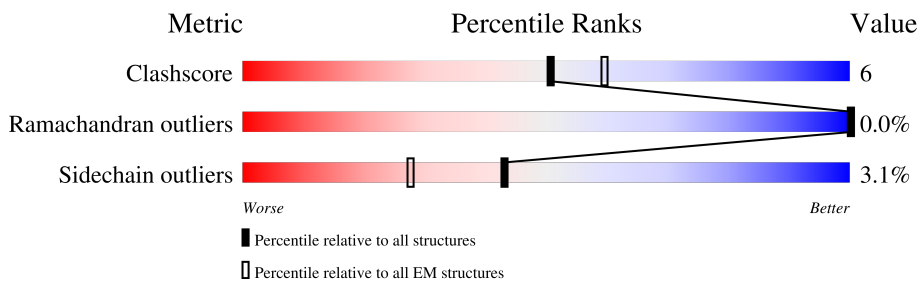
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	581	15% 82%
1	C	581	15% 82%
2	f	4646	9% 91%
2	m	4646	11% 89%
3	h	612	59% 39%
3	o	612	59% 39%
4	E	492	97%
4	F	492	97%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	j	492	 <p>A horizontal bar chart representing the quality of chain. The bar is divided into three segments: a red segment on the left labeled '7%', a green segment in the middle labeled '59%', and a grey segment on the right labeled '39%'. A small black dot is located at the end of the green segment.</p>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 17888 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called C-Jun-amino-terminal kinase-interacting protein 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	B	105	880	548	148	181	3	0	0
1	C	106	886	551	149	183	3	0	0

There are 42 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-6	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	-5	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	-4	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	-3	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	-2	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	-1	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	0	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	561	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	562	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	563	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	564	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	565	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	566	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	567	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	568	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	569	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	570	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	571	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	572	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	573	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
B	574	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	-6	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	-5	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	-4	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	-3	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	-2	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	-1	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	0	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	561	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	562	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	563	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	564	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	565	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	566	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	567	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	568	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	569	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	570	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	571	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	572	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	573	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6
C	574	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UPT6

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cytoplasmic dynein 1 heavy chain 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	f	420	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3449	2195	616	626	12		
2	m	523	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4321	2746	784	778	13		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
f	1567	GLU	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q14204
f	1610	GLU	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q14204
m	1567	GLU	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q14204
m	1610	GLU	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q14204

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Cytoplasmic dynein 1 intermediate chain 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	h	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2897	1820	508	554	15		
3	o	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2897	1820	508	554	15		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
h	484	SER	THR	conflict	UNP Q13409
h	499	GLY	ASP	conflict	UNP Q13409
o	484	SER	THR	conflict	UNP Q13409
o	499	GLY	ASP	conflict	UNP Q13409

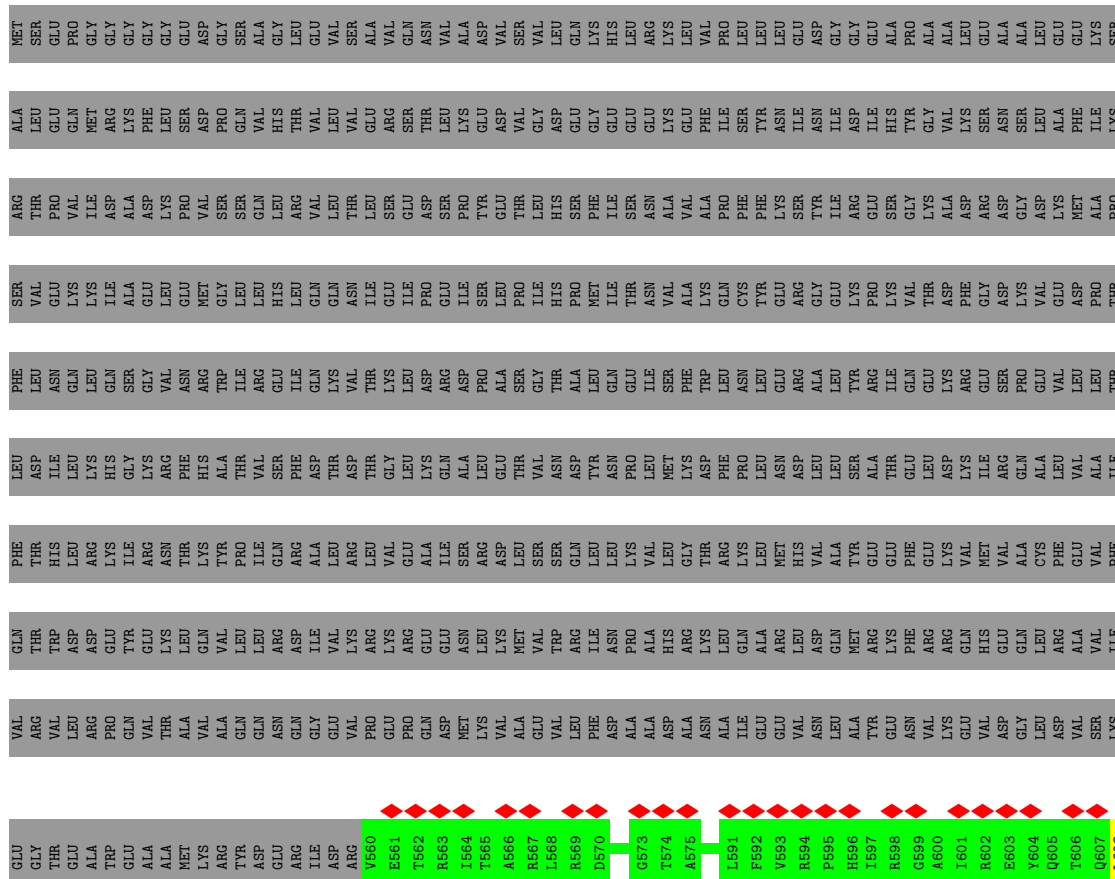
- Molecule 4 is a protein called Cytoplasmic dynein 1 light intermediate chain 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	j	299	Total 2428	C 1561	N 407	O 449	S 11	0	0
4	E	13	Total 65	C 39	N 13	O 13		0	0
4	F	13	Total 65	C 39	N 13	O 13		0	0





● Molecule 2: Cytoplasmic dynein 1 heavy chain 1





D667	G670	K671	G672	W673	E674	M675	H676	V677	E678	G679	Q680	K681	L682	K683	Q684	D685	M691	K692	L693	R726	G727	R728	T729	R751	W755	N799	D849	L859	K883	M905	T923	GLN	VAL	LEU	LEU	GLY	GLN	ALA	ALA	ASP	ASP	ASP	THR				
ASP	ALA	PRO	GLN	VAL	SER	HIS	LYS	PRO	GLN	LYS	ILE	LYS	ILE	LYS	THR	GLU	THR	ASN	GLN	VAL	ILE	TYR	LEU	ASN	PRO	ILE	GLY	GLU	ARG	GLN	F985	M986	F987	R1003	Y1004	H1009	Y1010	E1011	E1035	S1038	A1039	Y1040	ASP	THR			
MET	GLY	ILE	VAL	SER	GLU	VAL	GLU	GLN	TRP	LYS	ILE	LYS	ILE	LYS	TRP	GLU	ALA	ASN	GLN	VAL	ILE	TYR	LEU	ASN	PRO	ILE	GLY	GLU	ARG	GLN	ILE	ARG	GLY	THR	THR	PHE	ASP	ASP	ALA	ALA	GLY	LYS	LYS	LYS			
GLU	PHE	GLY	VAL	VAL	ASP	TYR	LYS	VAL	SER	LYS	VAL	ASN	LYS	TYR	ASP	GLU	GLU	VAL	VAL	GLU	SER	PHE	GLY	LEU	ASN	ASN	MET	GLU	HIS	GLN	LYS	PRO	GLN	ILE	GLN	THR	GLU	GLY	HIS	SER	VAL	THR	THR	THR			
ALA	SER	THR	ASP	ALA	VAL	THR	PHE	THR	THR	SER	LEU	ARG	ILE	ILE	PHE	GLN	LYS	VAL	VAL	GLU	VAL	ARG	GLY	GLN	GLN	LYS	ARG	GLN	PHE	PRO	PRO	PRO	SER	TRP	TRP	ILE	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	TRP	GLY	ALA	ALA		
PHE	ASN	ILE	MET	ARG	ARG	LYS	ASP	ILE	GLN	VAL	GLN	ASN	LEU	GLN	MET	LYS	ALA	ILE	ILE	VAL	VAL	GLY	SER	GLY	LEU	LEU	THR	THR	LYS	PRO	LEU	LEU	ASN	LEU	LEU	LEU	ASN	LEU	ALA	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	LEU	LEU		
THR	ILE	TYR	GLY	LYS	PHE	GLY	ARG	ASP	ARG	GLU	LYS	ALA	LYS	ALA	GLU	LEU	LEU	THR	ASP	THR	THR	GLY	LEU	SER	GLY	ARG	VAL	VAL	GLU	GLY	VAL	GLY	GLY	LYS	VAL	VAL	VAL	GLY	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	TRP	TRP		
GLU	GLN	ILE	ASP	MET	LYS	ALA	GLU	VAL	VAL	GLN	ARG	ARG	ARG	VAL	LEU	LEU	LEU	THR	ASP	ASN	GLU	THR	PHE	SER	PHE	ARG	ARG	GLN	PHE	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL		
ILE	GLU	LEU	LYS	GLY	ALA	LEU	LYS	GLN	LYS	GLN	MET	ARG	ARG	VAL	LEU	LEU	HIS	GLN	HIS	VAL	VAL	THR	THR	GLY	LEU	ILE	ILE	LEU	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	GLU	GLU		
GLU	PHE	LEU	ILE	ASN	GLU	VAL	VAL	TRP	THR	GLU	ASP	ASN	TYR	TYR	ASN	GLN	ILE	ASN	ASN	VAL	VAL	TRP	ASP	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	ALA	
LEU	SER	TRP	GLY	LYS	LEU	ASN	ARG	VAL	PHE	ASP	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	THR	GLY	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LYS	
LYS	VAL	SER	VAL	PRO	LEU	MET	VAL	GLN	ILE	GLN	ARG	SER	ASP	VAL	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	ILE
ILE	GLY	ASN	SER	ASN	VAL	VAL	ALA	LYS	PHE	GLY	VAL	GLY	GLY	GLY	ILE	LEU	ASN	ASN	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	GLU	
TRP	LEU	THR	VAL	GLY	LYS	GLU	VAL	THR	THR	ALA	LEU	SER	GLY	ILE	PHE	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	
ASN	VAL	GLU	THR	LEU	LEU	SER	MET	GLY	GLY	GLY	ASP	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	HIS	SER	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	ASP	
VAL	THR	ARG	SER	ILE	SER	LYS	ILE	ASP	ASN	ALA	LYS	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	VAL	
GLN	THR	PRO	THR	THR	VAL	CYS	TYR	TYR	THR	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	ALA
MET	GLY	ARG	ILE	VAL	GLY	CYS	VAL	VAL	THR	GLY	ASP	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	
LEU	LEU	ASN	GLN	VAL	VAL	PRO	SER	ILE	ILE	PHE	ILE	ASN	PRO	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ARG	



















SER  
MET  
VAL  
THR  
ASN  
SER  
SER  
THR  
GLU  
ASN  
GLU  
ALA

## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	37297	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	53	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	4000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.023	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.010	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.001	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.004	Depositor
Map size (Å)	296.52002, 296.52002, 296.52002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	280, 280, 280	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.059, 1.059, 1.059	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	B	0.38	0/889	0.72	0/1194
1	C	0.34	0/895	0.80	4/1202 (0.3%)
2	f	0.33	0/3512	0.67	7/4739 (0.1%)
2	m	0.34	0/4391	0.69	8/5912 (0.1%)
3	h	0.35	0/2976	0.58	2/4058 (0.0%)
3	o	0.37	0/2976	0.61	1/4058 (0.0%)
4	E	0.49	0/64	0.86	0/88
4	F	0.36	0/64	0.65	0/88
4	j	0.30	0/2483	0.60	2/3352 (0.1%)
All	All	0.34	0/18250	0.65	24/24691 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	f	0	1
2	m	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 24 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	m	357	LEU	CA-CB-CG	10.00	138.30	115.30
2	m	393	LEU	CA-CB-CG	9.88	138.02	115.30
2	f	849	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.49	125.05	118.30
1	C	32	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.17	131.79	115.30
2	m	262	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.44	130.11	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	f	1003	ARG	Sidechain
2	m	339	PHE	Mainchain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	880	0	857	13	0
1	C	886	0	862	12	0
2	f	3449	0	3509	0	0
2	m	4321	0	4434	0	0
3	h	2897	0	2749	0	0
3	o	2897	0	2749	0	0
4	E	65	0	28	2	0
4	F	65	0	28	0	0
4	j	2428	0	2430	0	0
All	All	17888	0	17646	19	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 19 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:87:ASN:OD1	1:C:87:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.62
1:B:58:LEU:HD21	1:C:36:ILE:HG12	1.82	0.59
1:B:66:LEU:HD13	1:C:66:LEU:HD22	1.89	0.53
1:B:69:VAL:HG11	1:C:70:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.48
1:C:122:LEU:HA	1:C:125:GLN:HG3	1.97	0.46

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	103/581 (18%)	101 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	104/581 (18%)	102 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
2	f	416/4646 (9%)	402 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100
2	m	515/4646 (11%)	509 (99%)	6 (1%)	0	100	100
3	h	369/612 (60%)	357 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
3	o	369/612 (60%)	355 (96%)	14 (4%)	0	100	100
4	E	11/492 (2%)	11 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	F	11/492 (2%)	9 (82%)	2 (18%)	0	100	100
4	j	295/492 (60%)	280 (95%)	14 (5%)	1 (0%)	41	75
All	All	2193/13154 (17%)	2126 (97%)	66 (3%)	1 (0%)	100	100

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	j	353	GLU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	99/514 (19%)	94 (95%)	5 (5%)	24	53
1	C	100/514 (20%)	95 (95%)	5 (5%)	24	53
2	f	377/4125 (9%)	367 (97%)	10 (3%)	44	67

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	m	467/4125 (11%)	450 (96%)	17 (4%)	35	61
3	h	316/531 (60%)	307 (97%)	9 (3%)	43	66
3	o	316/531 (60%)	309 (98%)	7 (2%)	52	71
4	j	268/422 (64%)	260 (97%)	8 (3%)	41	64
All	All	1943/10762 (18%)	1882 (97%)	61 (3%)	43	64

5 of 61 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	h	604	GLU
3	o	386	LEU
4	j	245	ASP
3	o	305	CYS
3	o	554	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	87	ASN
1	C	87	ASN
3	o	596	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



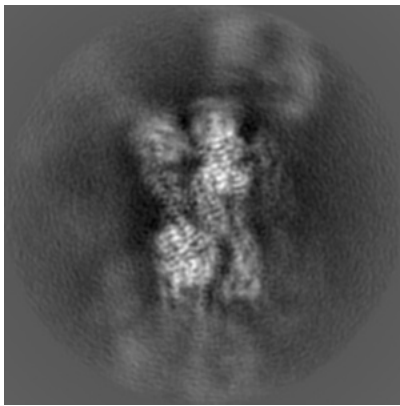
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-17833. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

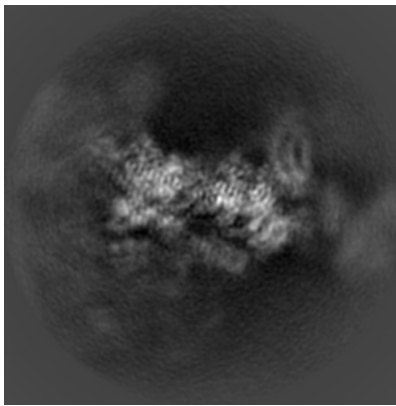
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

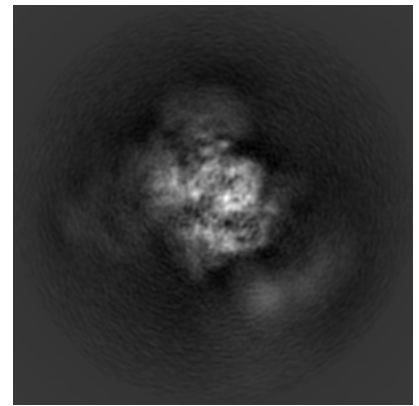
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

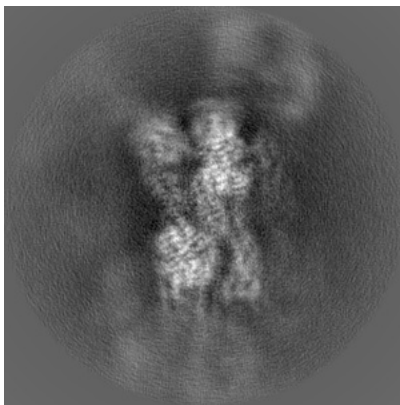


Y

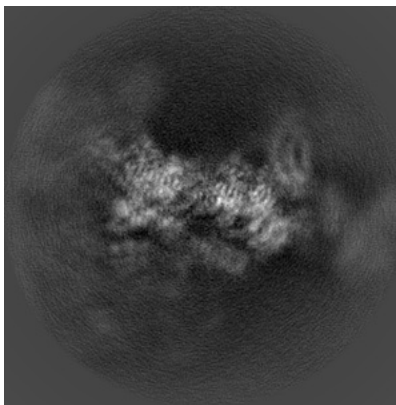


Z

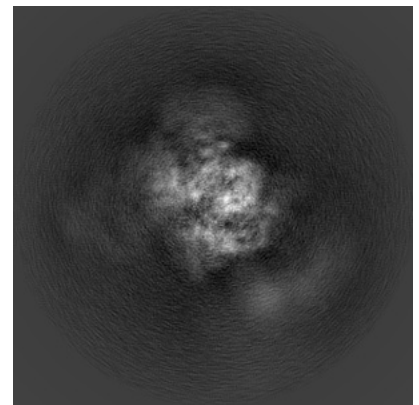
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

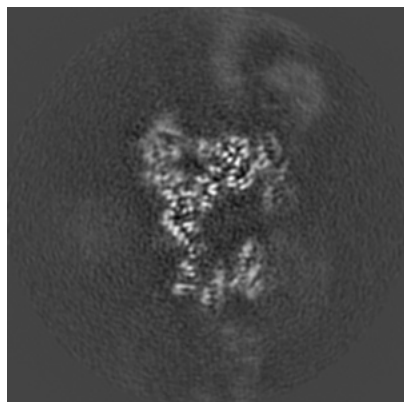


Z

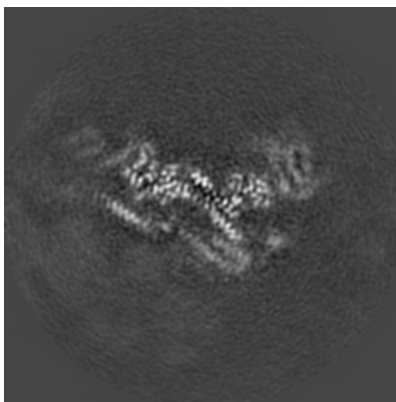
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

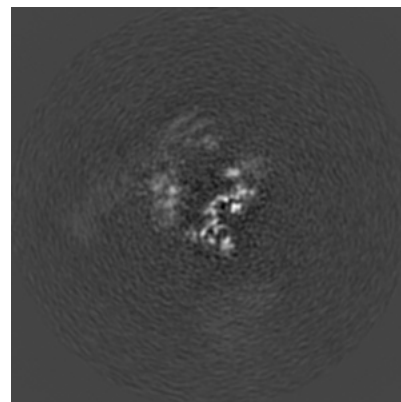
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 140

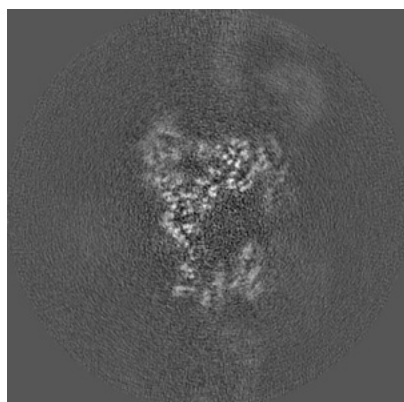


Y Index: 140

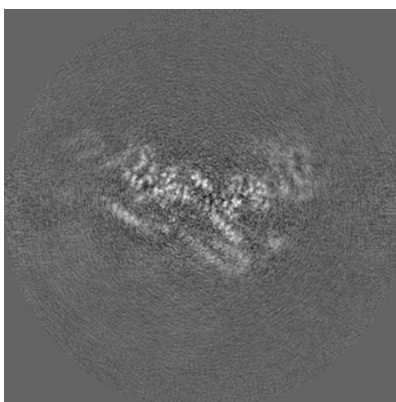


Z Index: 140

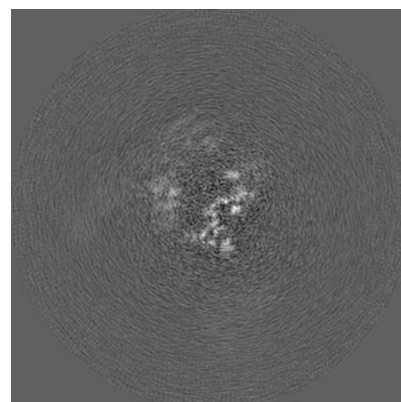
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 140



Y Index: 140

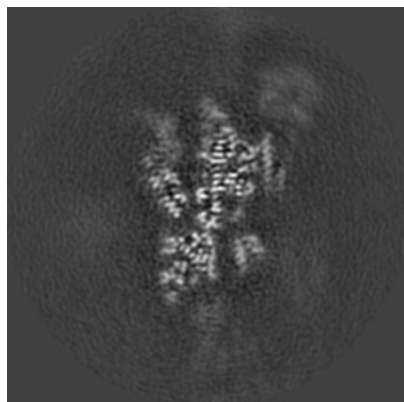


Z Index: 140

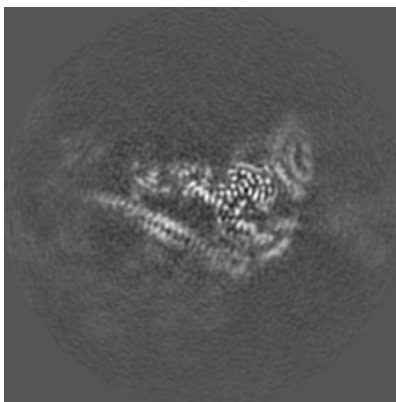
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

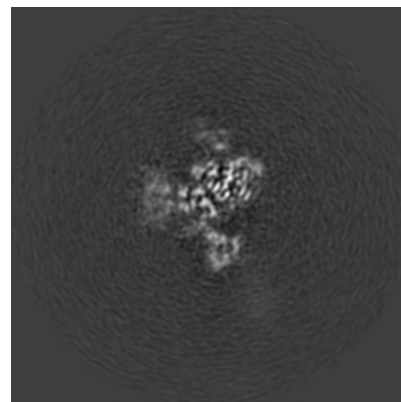
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 149

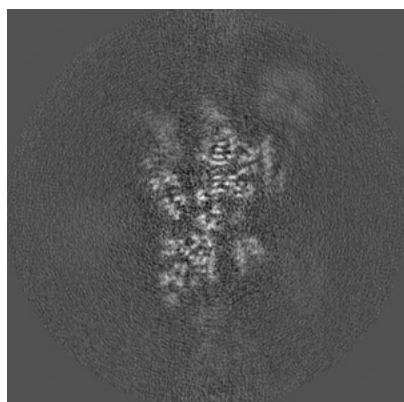


Y Index: 146

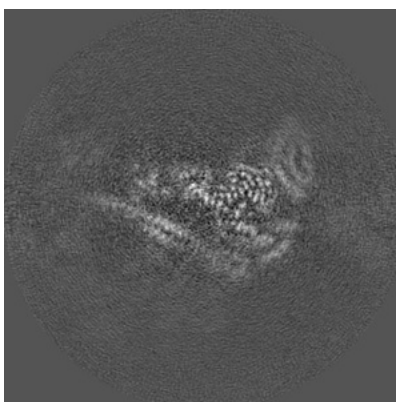


Z Index: 158

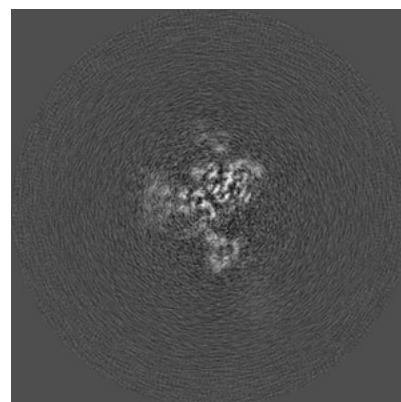
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 149



Y Index: 146

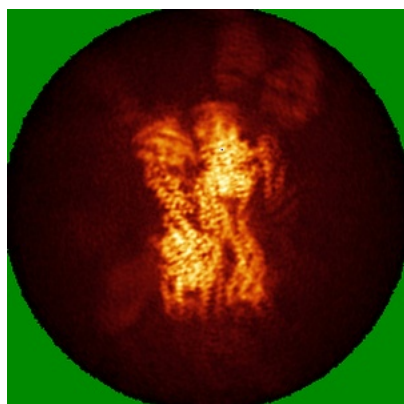


Z Index: 158

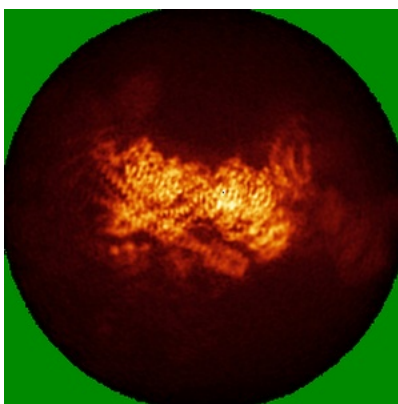
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

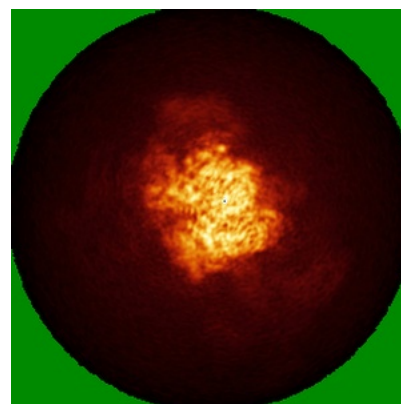
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X

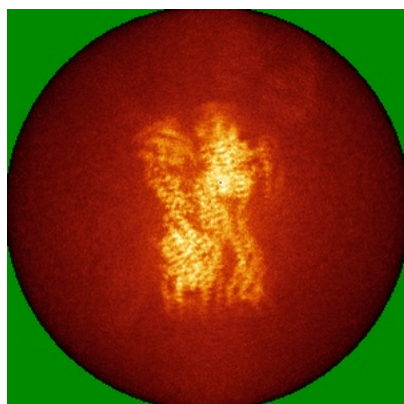


Y

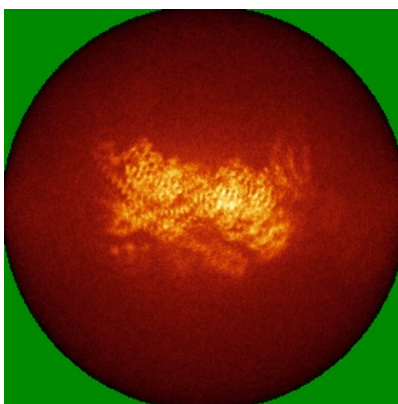


Z

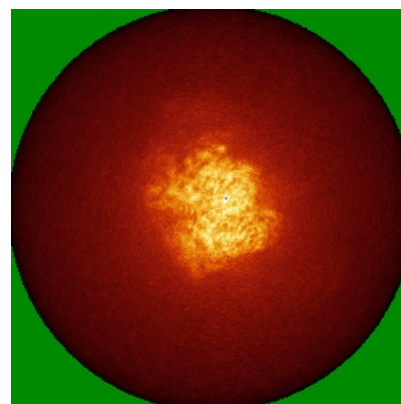
### 6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

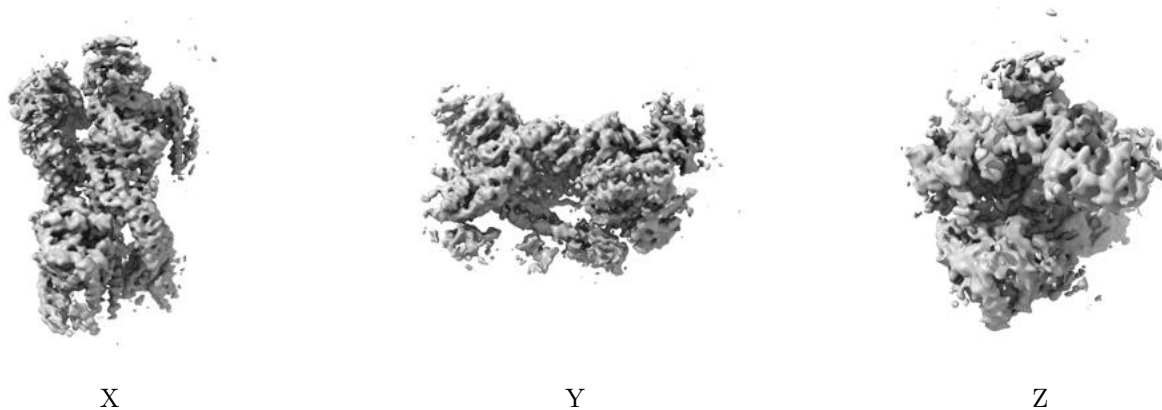


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

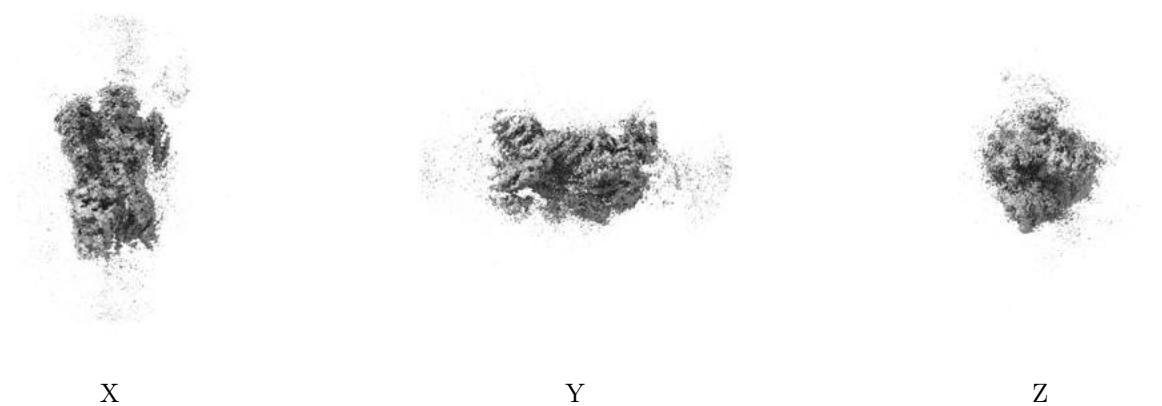
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.004. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



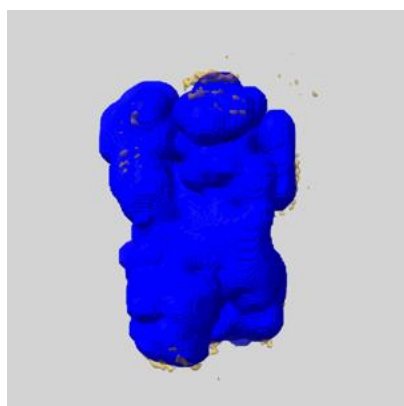
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

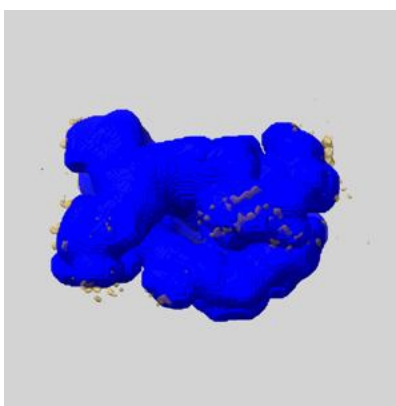
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

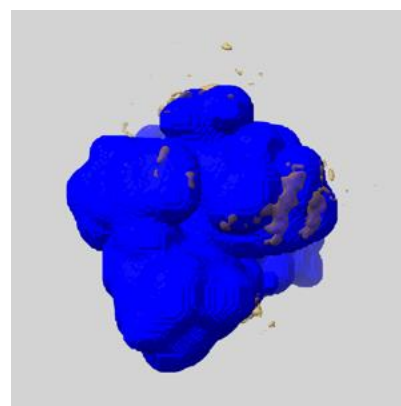
### 6.6.1 emd\_17833\_msk\_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

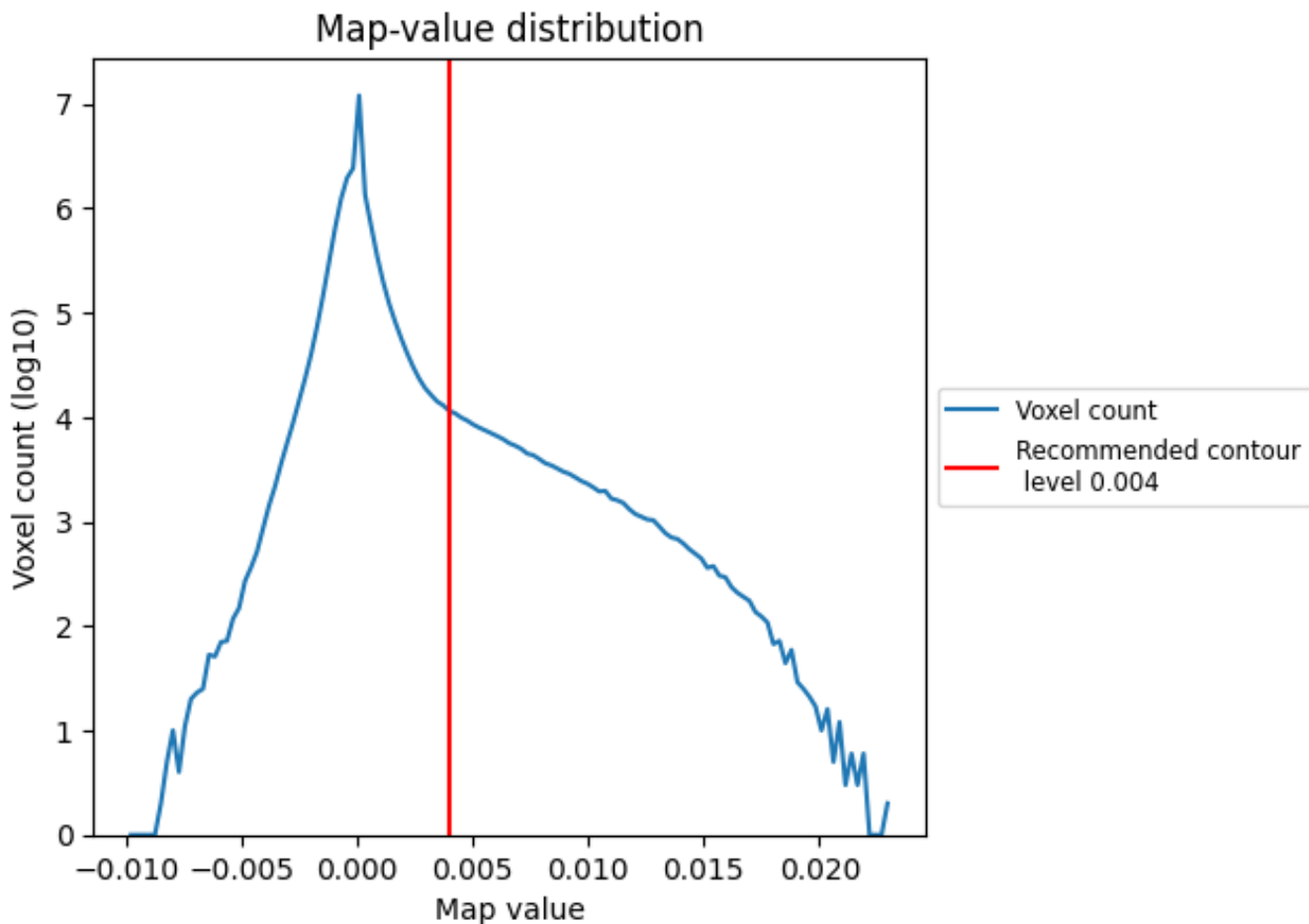


Z

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

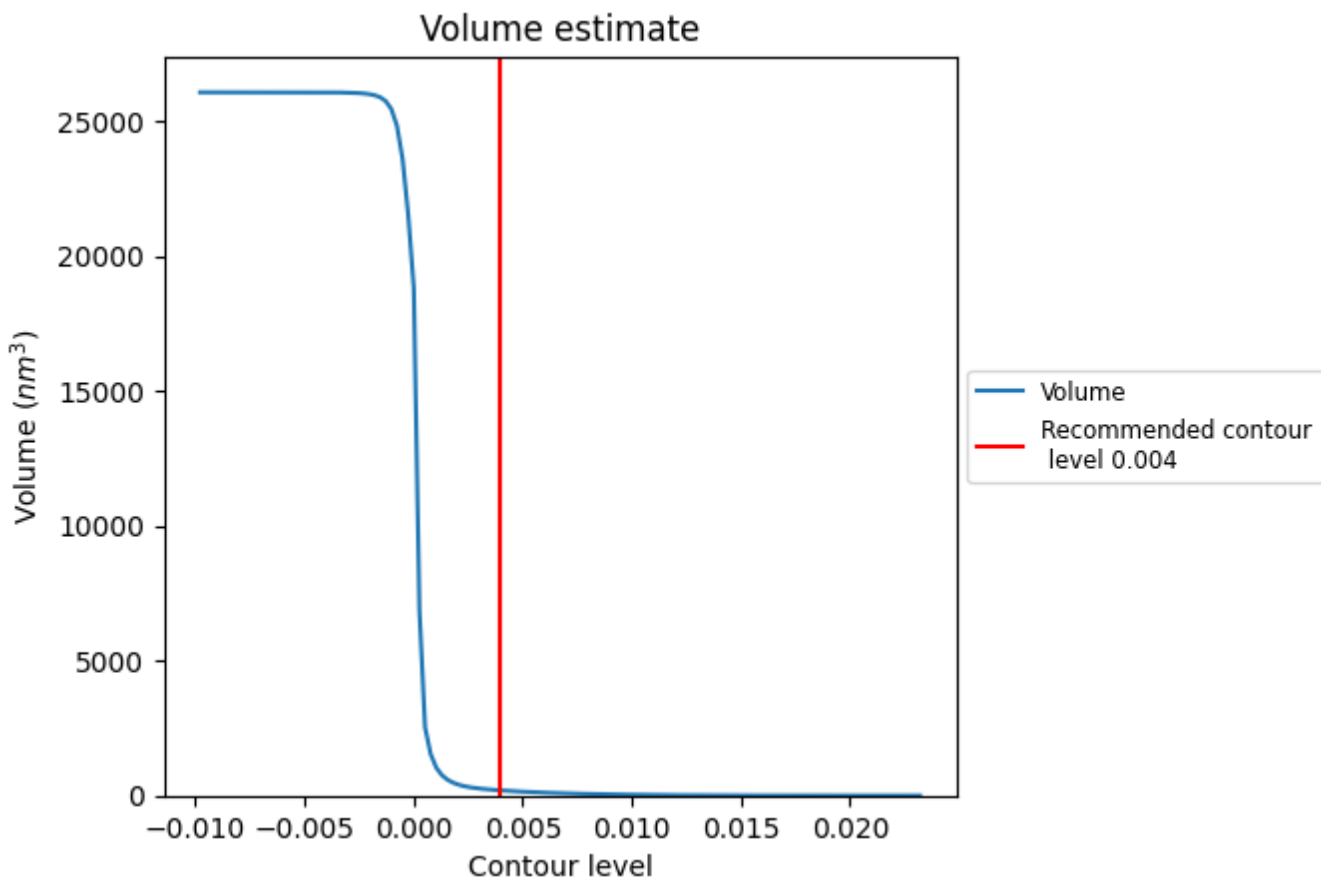
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

## 7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)

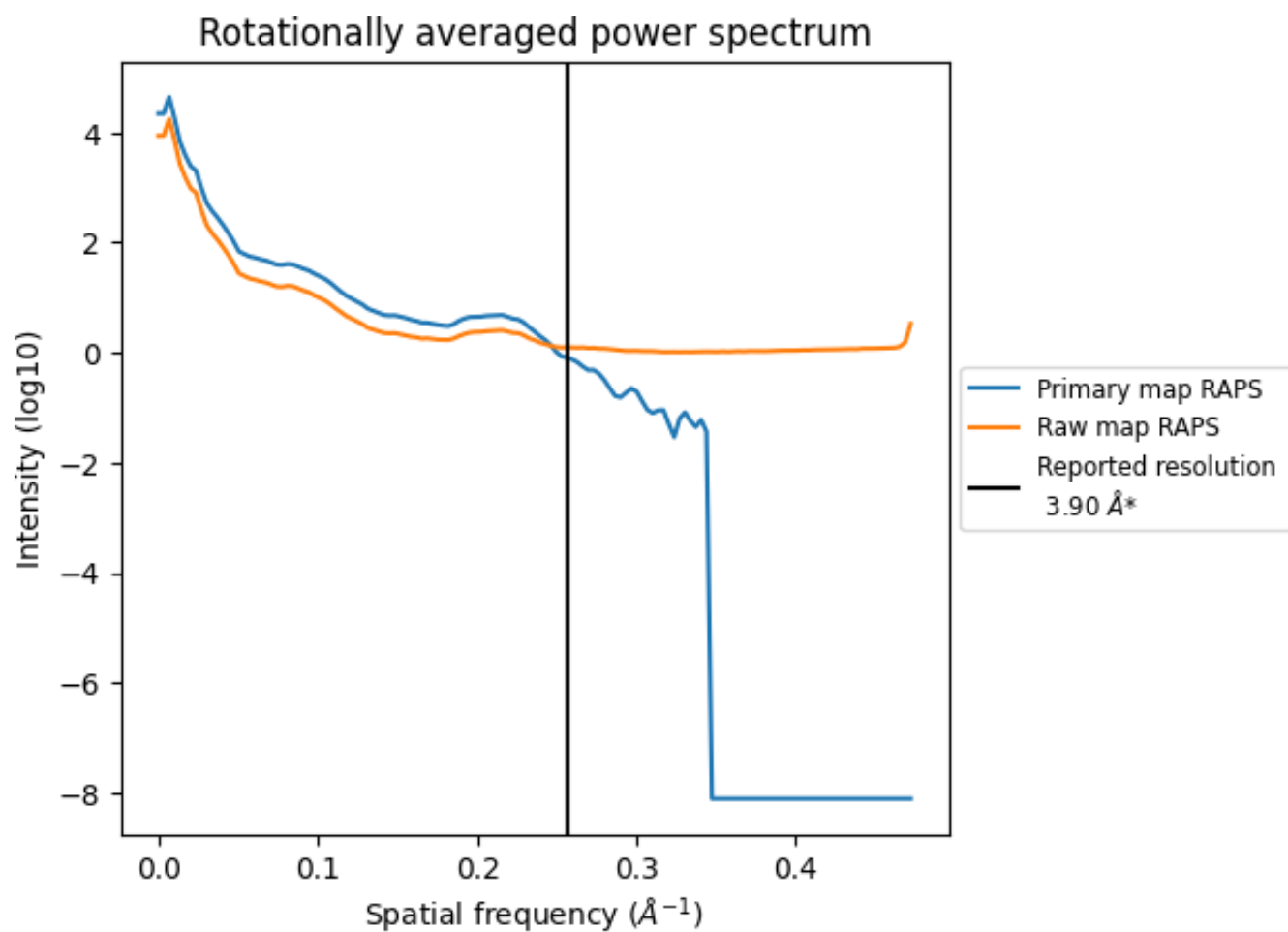


The volume at the recommended contour level is 192 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 173 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

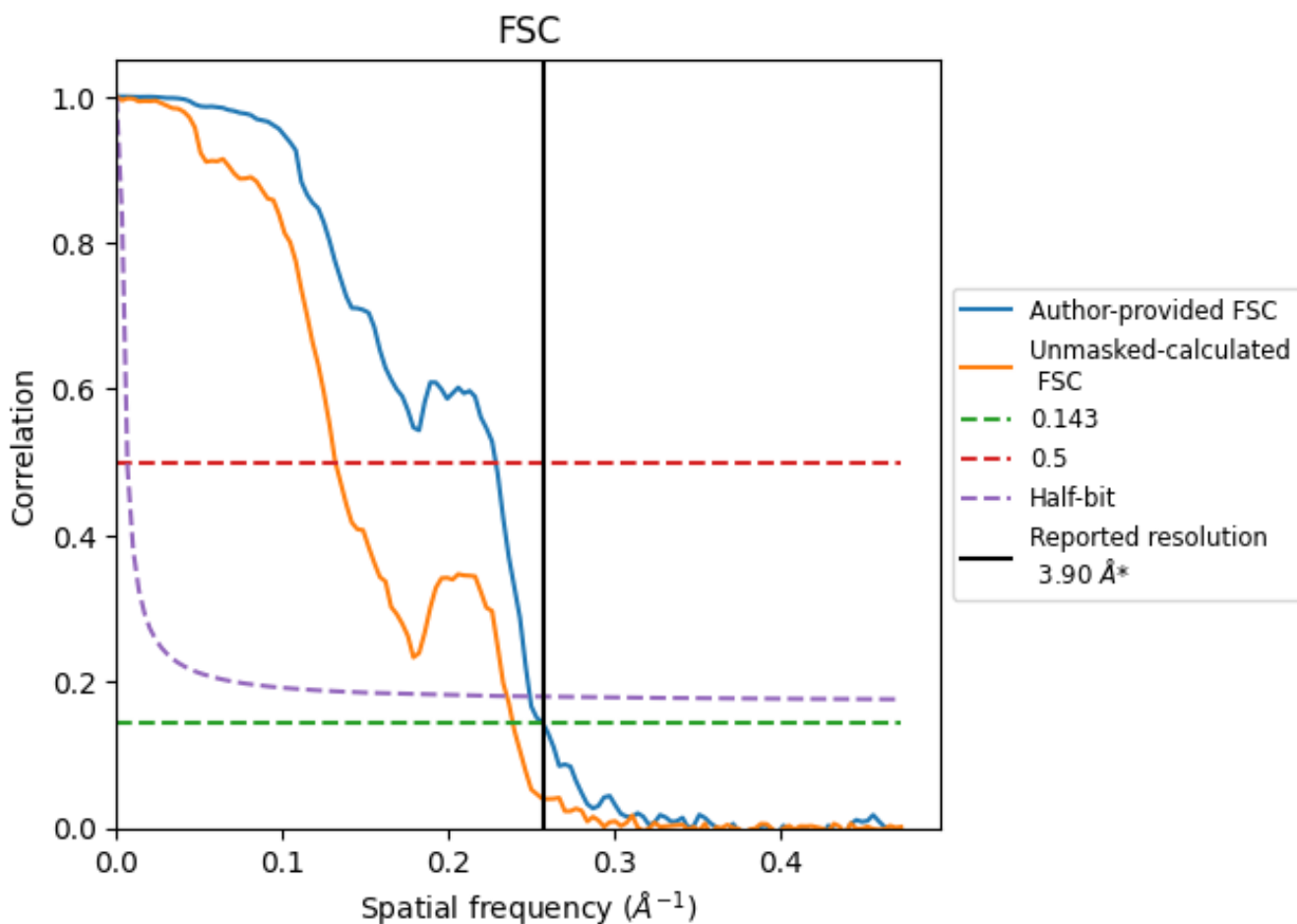


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.256 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.256 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

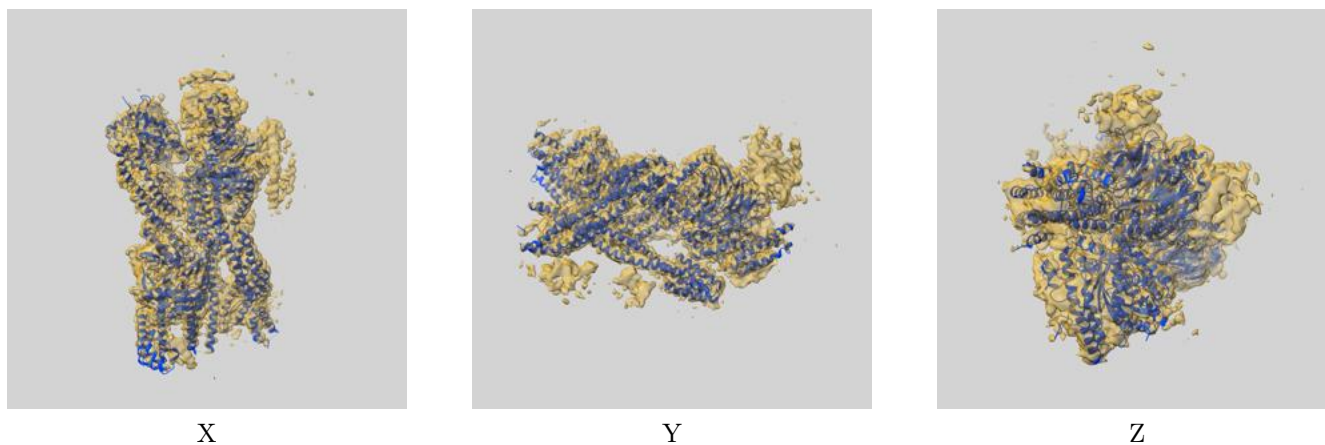
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.90	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.90	4.38	4.02
Unmasked-calculated*	4.19	7.59	4.26

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

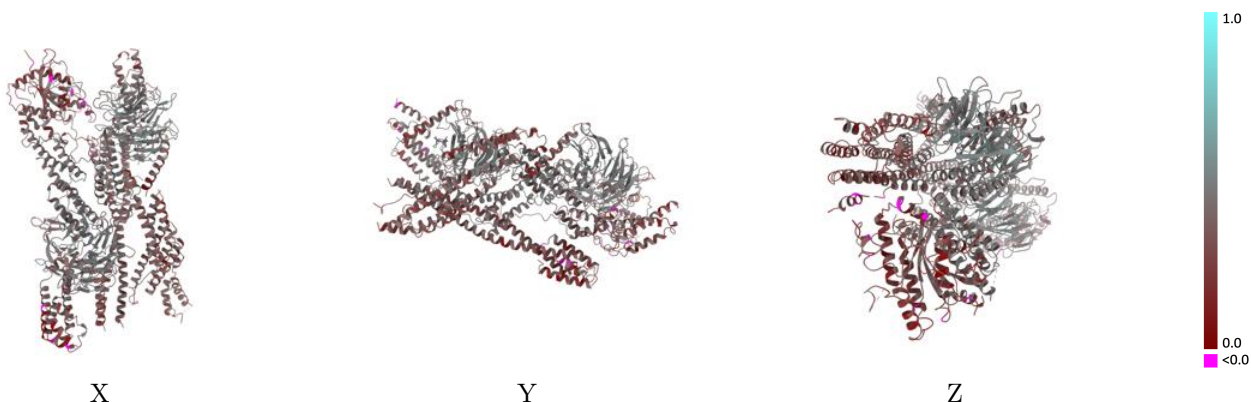
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-17833 and PDB model 8PR3. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



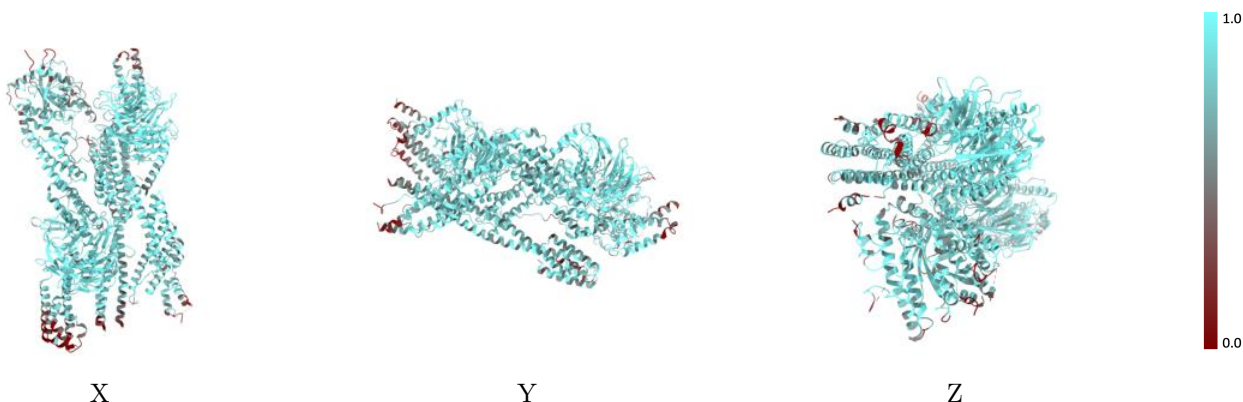
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.004 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



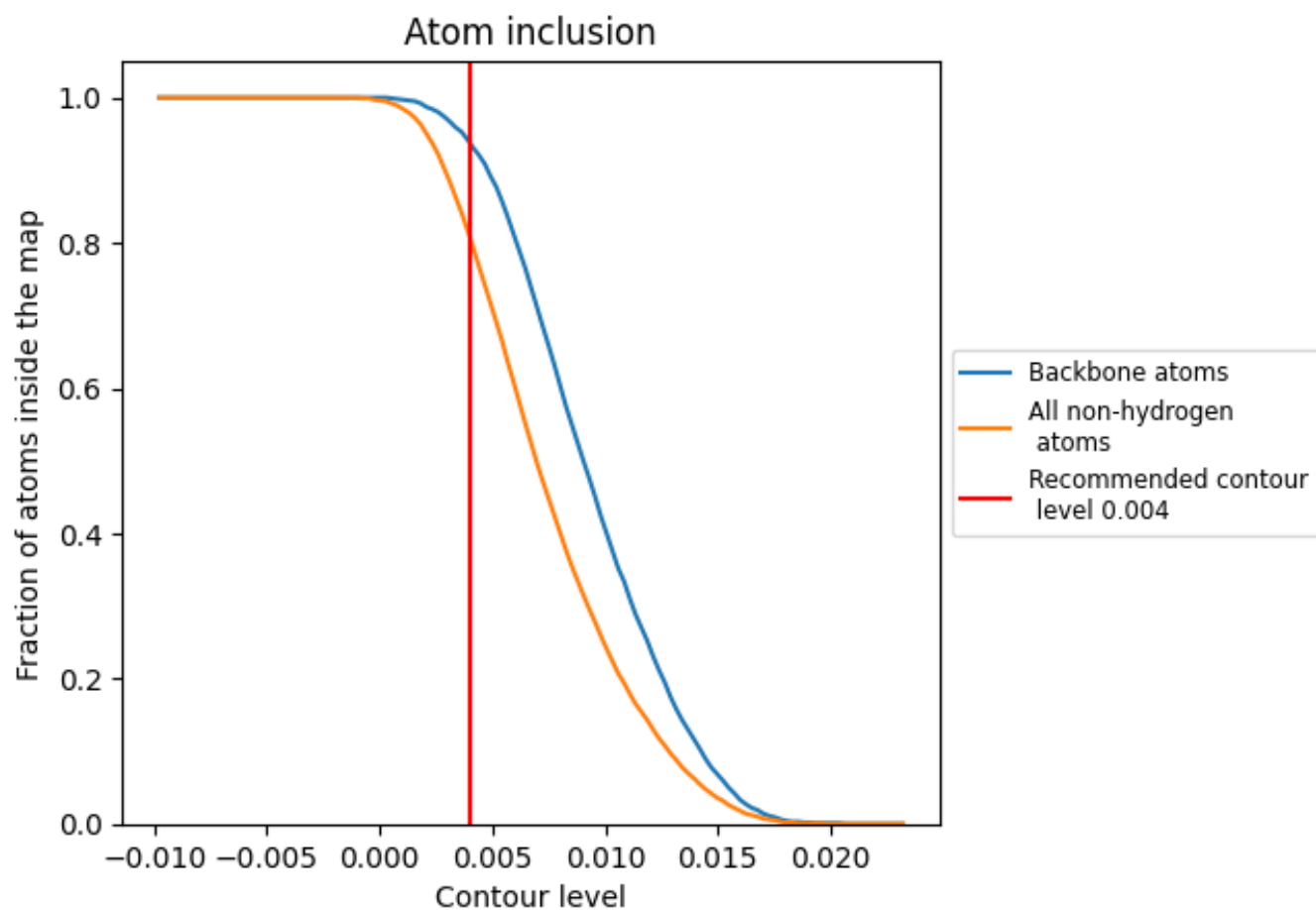
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.004).





















## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 94% of all backbone atoms, 81% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.004) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8080	 0.3810
B	 0.7310	 0.3200
C	 0.7190	 0.3170
E	 0.4920	 0.2580
F	 0.3390	 0.2010
f	 0.7450	 0.3840
h	 0.9090	 0.4490
j	 0.7290	 0.2850
m	 0.8080	 0.3670
o	 0.9150	 0.4550

