

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 30, 2023 – 01:21 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3PUY

Title: Crystal Structure of an outward-facing MBP-Maltose transporter complex

bound to AMP-PNP after crystal soaking of the pretranslocation state

Authors : Oldham, M.L.; Chen, J.

Deposited on : 2010-12-06

Resolution : 3.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

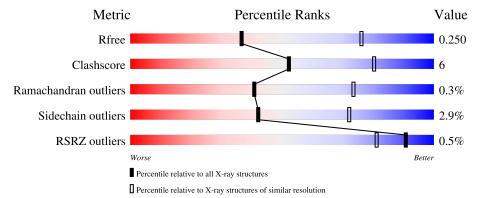
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1094 (3.10-3.10)
Clashscore	141614	1184 (3.10-3.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1141 (3.10-3.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1141 (3.10-3.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1067 (3.10-3.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	E	378	87%	12% •
2	F	514	79%	15% • 5%
3	G	296	84%	14%
4	A	381	82%	14% ••
4	В	381	76%	18% • 6%



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N	Mol	Chain	Length	Quality	of chain
	5	С	2	50%	50%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14789 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Maltose transporter subunit; periplasmic-binding component of ABC superfamily.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{At}$	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Е	374	Total 2897	C 1865	N 473	O 553	S 6	0	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	371	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC33
E	372	SER	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC33
Е	373	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC33
E	374	SER	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC33
E	375	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC33
E	376	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC33
E	377	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC33
Е	378	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC33

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Maltose transporter subunit; membrane component of ABC superfamily.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	F	490	Total 3821	C 2511	N 608	O 685	S 17	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Maltose transporter subunit; membrane component of ABC superfamily.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	G	293	Total 2257	C 1510	N 361	O 377	S 9	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Fused maltose transport subunit, ATP-binding component of ABC superfamily; regulatory protein.



$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	A	371	Total 2876	C 1819	1	O 529	S 13	0	0	0
4	В	358	Total 2789	C 1767	N 498	O 511	S 13	0	0	0

There are 20 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	372	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
A	373	SER	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
A	374	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
A	375	SER	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
A	376	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
A	377	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
A	378	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
A	379	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
A	380	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
A	381	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	372	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	373	SER	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	374	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	375	SER	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	376	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	377	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	378	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	379	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	380	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP B1XC34
В	381	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP B1XC34

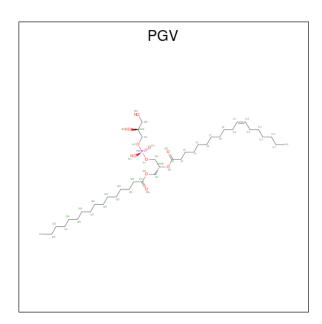
• Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	At	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	С	2	Total 23	C 12	O 11	0	0	0

• Molecule 6 is (1R)-2-{[{[(2S)-2,3-DIHYDROXYPROPYL]OXY}(HYDROXY)PHOSPHORYL]OXY}-1-[(PALMITOYLOXY)METHYL]ETHYL (11E)-OCTADEC-11-ENOATE (three-letter code: PGV) (formula:  $C_{40}H_{77}O_{10}P$ ).





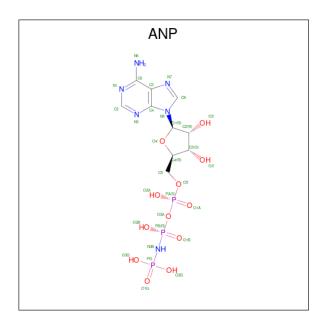
Mol	Chain	Residues	A	<b>A</b> ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	F	1	Total	С	О	Р	0	0
0	ľ	1	51	40	10	1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
7	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is PHOSPHOAMINOPHOSPHONIC ACID-ADENYLATE ESTER (three-letter code: ANP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{17}N_6O_{12}P_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf			
Q	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
0	8 A	1	31	10	6	12	3	U		
0	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
	Б	1	31	10	6	12	3	U		

### • Molecule 9 is water.

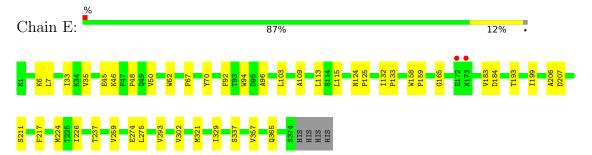
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	F	2	Total O 2 2	0	0
9	A	6	Total O 6 6	0	0
9	В	3	Total O 3 3	0	0



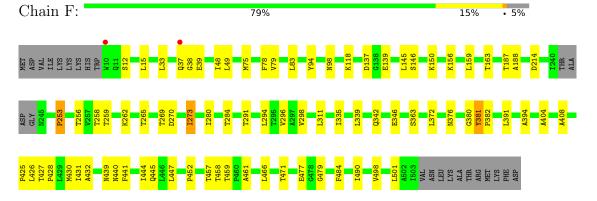
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

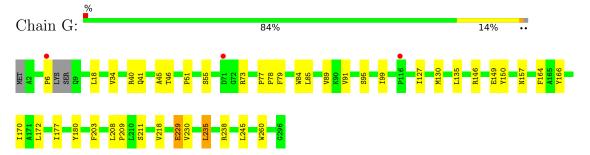
• Molecule 1: Maltose transporter subunit; periplasmic-binding component of ABC superfamily



• Molecule 2: Maltose transporter subunit; membrane component of ABC superfamily

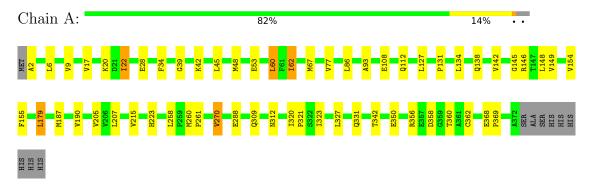


• Molecule 3: Maltose transporter subunit; membrane component of ABC superfamily

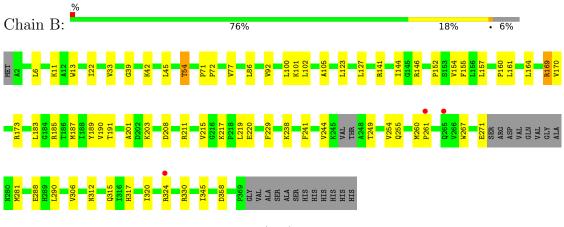


• Molecule 4: Fused maltose transport subunit, ATP-binding component of ABC superfamily; regulatory protein





 $\bullet$  Molecule 4: Fused maltose transport subunit, ATP-binding component of ABC superfamily; regulatory protein



• Molecule 5: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 50% 50%

GLC1 GLC2



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants	76.55Å 96.28Å 112.28Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	86.91° 80.87° 74.32°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 3.10	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.91 - 3.10	EDS
% Data completeness	82.7 (20.00-3.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	82.7 (19.91-3.10)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.23 (at 3.09Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0088	Depositor
D D.	0.214 , 0.254	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.212 , $0.250$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2301 reflections $(5.05\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	65.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.028	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.27 , 27.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	14789	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	81.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.71% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ANP, PGV, GLC, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
Mol	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	Е	0.33	0/2966	0.46	0/4026	
2	F	0.36	0/3916	0.51	$1/5330 \ (0.0\%)$	
3	G	0.36	0/2318	0.51	1/3167 (0.0%)	
4	A	0.34	0/2926	0.53	0/3968	
4	В	0.32	0/2837	0.50	0/3843	
All	All	0.34	0/14963	0.50	2/20334~(0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
Г	3	G	235	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.98	129.05	115.30
	2	F	253	PRO	N-CA-C	5.08	125.31	112.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Е	2897	0	2873	26	0
2	F	3821	0	3849	50	0
3	G	2257	0	2345	31	0
4	A	2876	0	2941	37	0



Continued	trom	mmoninonic	maaa
COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	2789	0	2850	39	0
5	С	23	0	21	1	0
6	F	51	0	76	0	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	В	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	31	0	13	2	0
8	В	31	0	13	2	0
9	A	6	0	0	0	0
9	В	3	0	0	1	0
9	F	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	14789	0	14981	164	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 164 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\mathring{\mathbf{A}}) \end{aligned}$
4:A:62:ILE:HG23	4:A:67:MET:HG3	1.40	1.04
2:F:471:THR:HG23	2:F:490:ILE:HD13	1.48	0.96
4:B:39:GLY:H	8:B:2502:ANP:HNB1	1.07	0.94
4:A:39:GLY:N	8:A:2501:ANP:HNB1	1.72	0.87
4:A:39:GLY:H	8:A:2501:ANP:HNB1	0.86	0.80

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	E	372/378 (98%)	355 (95%)	16 (4%)	1 (0%)	41 73
2	F	486/514 (95%)	461 (95%)	22 (4%)	3 (1%)	25 59



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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
3	G	289/296 (98%)	277 (96%)	11 (4%)	1 (0%)	41	73
4	A	369/381 (97%)	347 (94%)	22 (6%)	0	100	100
4	В	352/381 (92%)	328 (93%)	24 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	1868/1950 (96%)	1768 (95%)	95 (5%)	5 (0%)	41	73

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	F	37	GLN
1	Е	165	GLY
2	F	253	PRO
3	G	230	VAL
2	F	38	GLY

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	E	$297/303\ (98\%)$	294 (99%)	3 (1%)	76 90		
2	F	402/424~(95%)	388 (96%)	14 (4%)	36 68		
3	G	$234/237\ (99\%)$	229 (98%)	5 (2%)	53 79		
4	A	314/323~(97%)	303 (96%)	11 (4%)	36 68		
4	В	305/323~(94%)	293 (96%)	12 (4%)	32 65		
All	All	$1552/1610\ (96\%)$	1507 (97%)	45 (3%)	42 72		

5 of 45 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	A	179	LEU
4	В	100	LEU
4	A	270	VAL
4	A	350	GLU
4	В	169	ARG



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	F	437	ASN
2	F	440	ASN
3	G	41	GLN
3	G	53	GLN
3	G	282	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
						Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
	5	GLC	С	1	5	12,12,12	0.55	0	17,17,17	0.74	0
	5	GLC	С	2	5	11,11,12	0.28	0	15,15,17	0.81	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GLC	С	1	5	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
5	GLC	С	2	5	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1



There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	С	2	GLC	C1-O5-C5	2.07	115.00	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	С	1	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	С	1	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	С	2	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6

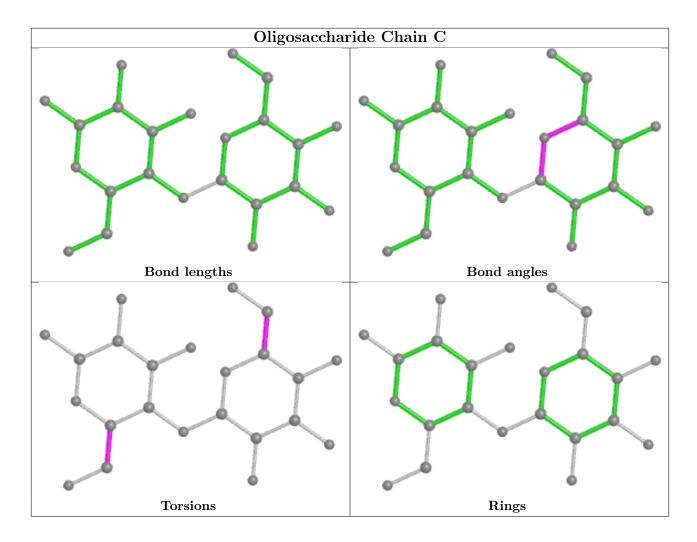
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	С	2	GLC	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	PGV	F	4001	-	50,50,50	1.10	3 (6%)	53,56,56	1.02	2 (3%)
8	ANP	A	2501	7	29,33,33	1.79	8 (27%)	31,52,52	1.79	9 (29%)
8	ANP	В	2502	7	29,33,33	1.83	7 (24%)	31,52,52	1.79	9 (29%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	PGV	F	4001	-	-	31/55/55/55	-
8	ANP	A	2501	7	-	1/14/38/38	0/3/3/3
8	ANP	В	2502	7	-	3/14/38/38	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 18 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
6	F	4001	PGV	O01-C1	4.50	1.47	1.34
8	В	2502	ANP	PB-N3B	4.43	1.74	1.63
8	В	2502	ANP	PG-N3B	4.36	1.74	1.63
8	A	2501	ANP	PB-N3B	4.35	1.74	1.63
6	F	4001	PGV	O03-C19	4.30	1.45	1.33

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
8	A	2501	ANP	O2B-PB-O1B	4.35	119.03	109.92
8	В	2502	ANP	O2B-PB-O1B	4.33	119.00	109.92
6	F	4001	PGV	O01-C1-C2	4.19	120.54	111.50
8	В	2502	ANP	N3-C2-N1	-3.55	123.12	128.68
8	В	2502	ANP	O1B-PB-N3B	-3.49	106.63	111.77

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 35 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	F	4001	PGV	C03-O11-P-O12
6	F	4001	PGV	C03-O11-P-O13
6	F	4001	PGV	C03-O11-P-O14
6	F	4001	PGV	C04-O12-P-O11
6	F	4001	PGV	O12-C04-C05-C06

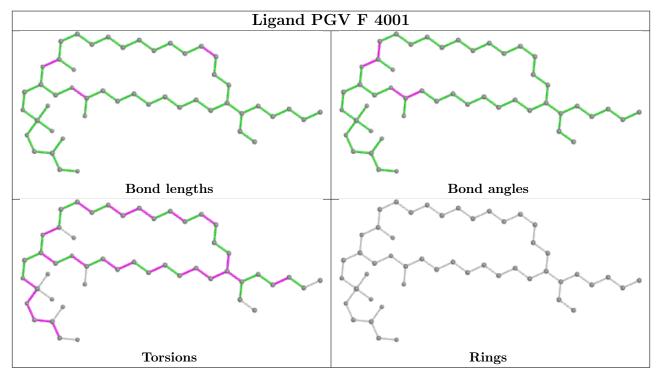
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

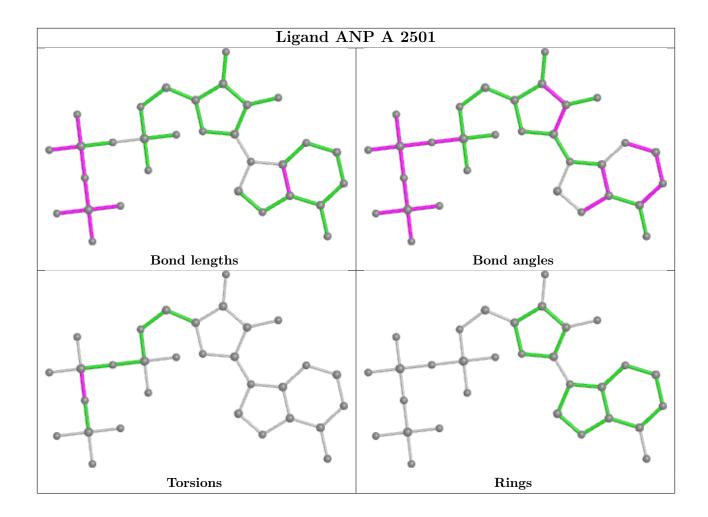
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	A	2501	ANP	2	0
8	В	2502	ANP	2	0



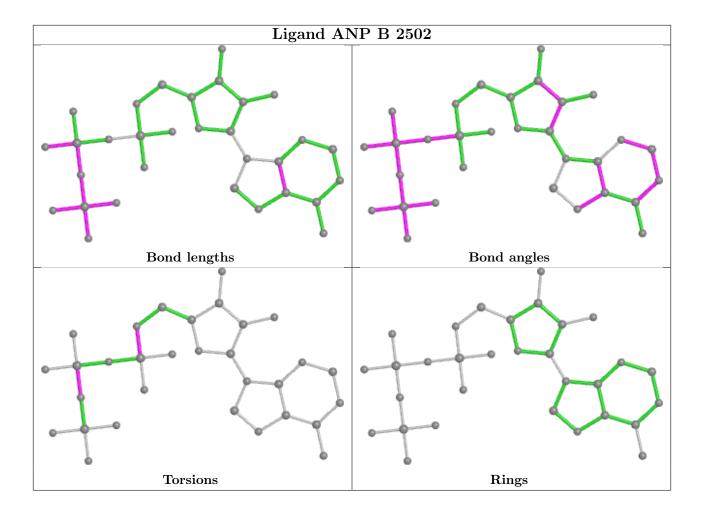
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$ \hspace{.05cm} \textbf{OWAB}(\texttt{Å}^2) \hspace{.05cm}$	Q<0.9
1	E	374/378 (98%)	-0.49	2 (0%) 91 81	41, 78, 122, 140	0
2	F	490/514 (95%)	-0.40	2 (0%) 92 84	34, 82, 136, 183	0
3	G	293/296 (98%)	-0.57	3 (1%) 82 67	32, 58, 104, 162	0
4	A	371/381 (97%)	-0.56	0 100 100	43, 74, 101, 112	0
4	В	358/381 (93%)	-0.37	3 (0%) 86 72	44, 91, 188, 261	0
All	All	1886/1950 (96%)	-0.47	10 (0%) 91 81	32, 78, 133, 261	0

The worst 5 of 10 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	G	6	PRO	5.8
2	F	37	GLN	3.4
1	Ε	172	GLU	3.4
1	Ε	173	ASN	3.3
3	G	71	ASP	2.7

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

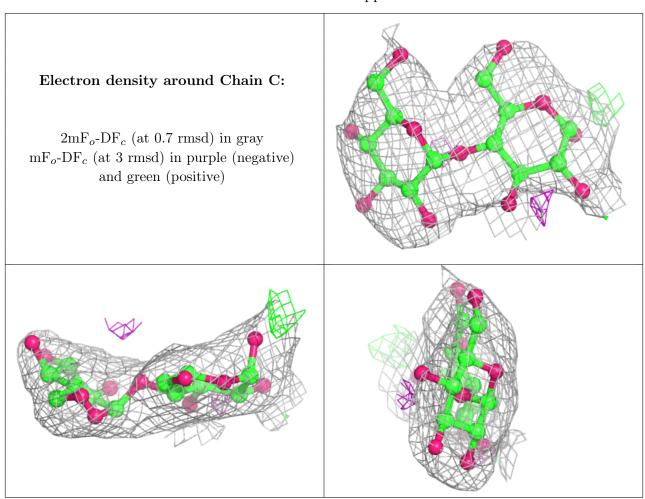
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	GLC	С	1	12/12	0.93	0.15	80,81,82,83	0



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Mo	l Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	GLC	С	2	11/12	0.96	0.14	80,81,82,82	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

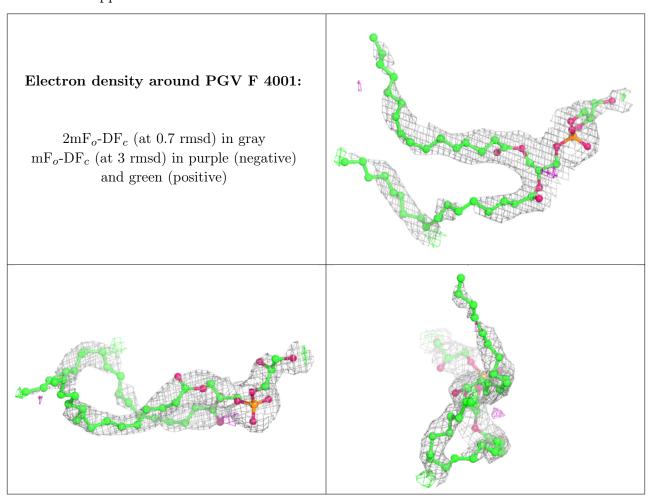
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	PGV	F	4001	51/51	0.81	0.32	106,110,114,115	0
8	ANP	В	2502	31/31	0.96	0.15	59,74,82,84	0
8	ANP	A	2501	31/31	0.97	0.15	52,64,73,75	0
7	MG	A	1501	1/1	0.98	0.11	53,53,53,53	0



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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
7	MG	В	1502	1/1	0.99	0.13	54,54,54,54	0

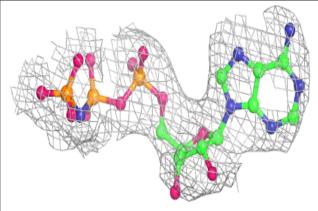
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

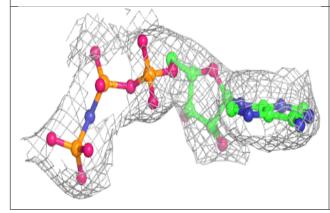


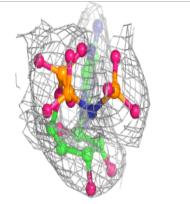


### Electron density around ANP B 2502:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

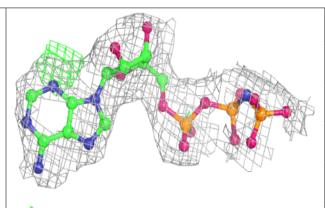


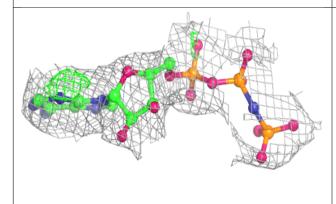


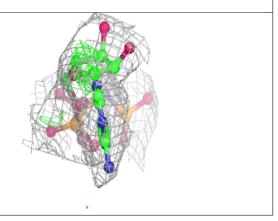


#### Electron density around ANP A 2501:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

