

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Nov 5, 2023 – 04:28 PM EST

PDB ID : 2PXS

Title : Crystal Structure of N66D Mutant of Green Fluorescent Protein from Zoanthus

sp. at 2.2 A Resolution (Mature State)

Authors: Pletnev, S.V.; Pletneva, N.V.; Tikhonova, T.V.; Pletnev, V.Z.

Deposited on : 2007-05-14

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$ 

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

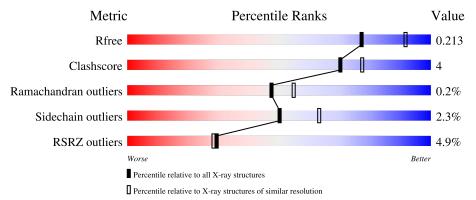
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \ resolution \ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	227	91%	7%	<del>-</del>		
1	В	227	94%	•	-		



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3908 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called GFP-like fluorescent chromoprotein FP506.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	226	Total 1835	C 1172	N 308	O 338	S 17	0	2	0
1	В	226	Total 1835	C 1172	N 308	O 338	S 17	0	2	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	66	XYG	ASN	chromophore	UNP Q9U6Y5
A	66	XYG	TYR	chromophore	UNP Q9U6Y5
A	66	XYG	$\operatorname{GLY}$	chromophore	UNP Q9U6Y5
В	66	XYG	ASN	chromophore	UNP Q9U6Y5
В	66	XYG	TYR	chromophore	UNP Q9U6Y5
В	66	XYG	GLY	chromophore	UNP Q9U6Y5

• Molecule 2 is water.

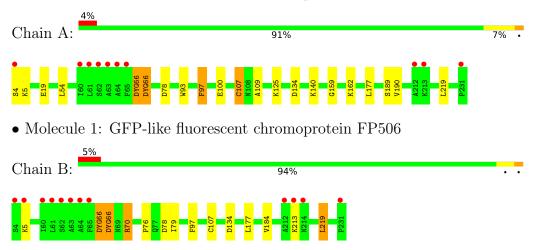
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	120	Total O 120 120	0	0
2	В	118	Total O 118 118	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: GFP-like fluorescent chromoprotein FP506





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 62 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	101.51Å 101.51Å 271.22Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.30 - 2.20	Depositor
resolution (A)	25.27 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	97.6 (29.30-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.6 (25.27-2.20)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.13 (at 2.19Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
P. P.	0.176 , 0.212	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.179 , $0.213$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2160 reflections $(5.16\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	49.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.049	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39, 55.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.50, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	3908	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.50% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DYG, XYG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	RMSZ $ $ $\# Z  > 5$		# Z >5
1	A	0.88	0.88 0/1839		1/2480 (0.0%)
1	В	0.86	1/1839 (0.1%)	0.84	4/2480 (0.2%)
All	All	0.87	1/3678 (0.0%)	0.82	5/4960 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	В	184	VAL	CB-CG2	-5.11	1.42	1.52

#### All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	177	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.63	132.85	115.30
1	В	219	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.79	128.61	115.30
1	В	70	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.40	117.60	120.30
1	A	78	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.17	122.95	118.30
1	В	78	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.15	122.94	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	4	SER	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1835	0	1759	13	0
1	В	1835	0	1760	8	0
2	A	120	0	0	0	1
2	В	118	0	0	1	0
All	All	3908	0	3519	21	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 21 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:B:97:PHE:CE1	1:B:107[A]:CYS:SG	2.23	1.29
1:B:97:PHE:CZ	1:B:107[A]:CYS:SG	2.39	1.15
1:B:97:PHE:HE1	1:B:107[A]:CYS:SG	1.67	1.08
1:A:97:PHE:CE2	1:A:107[A]:CYS:SG	2.48	1.07
1:A:97:PHE:HE2	1:A:107[A]:CYS:SG	1.81	0.99

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:A:234:HOH:O	2:A:341:HOH:O[8_555]	2.14	0.06



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	voured Allowed		Percentiles	
1	A	$222/227 \ (98\%)$	217 (98%)	4 (2%)	1 (0%)	29 31	
1	В	222/227~(98%)	219 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100 100	
All	All	444/454 (98%)	436 (98%)	7 (2%)	1 (0%)	47 55	

#### All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	5	LYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	195/194 (100%)	188 (96%)	7 (4%)	35	45
1	В	195/194~(100%)	192 (98%)	3 (2%)	65	78
All	All	390/388 (100%)	380 (97%)	10 (3%)	50	58

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	134	ASP
1	В	213	LYS
1	В	219	LEU
1	A	134	ASP
1	A	162	LYS



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	108	ASN
1	A	118	ASN
1	В	118	ASN
1	В	130	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	es Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	XYG	A	66[A]	-	20,21,22	1.28	3 (15%)	22,29,31	1.16	1 (4%)
1	DYG	В	66[B]	-	23,24,25	1.41	2 (8%)	30,33,35	1.07	3 (10%)
1	DYG	A	66[B]	-	23,24,25	1.43	2 (8%)	30,33,35	1.41	3 (10%)
1	XYG	В	66[A]	-	20,21,22	1.19	2 (10%)	22,29,31	1.29	2 (9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	XYG	A	66[A]	-	-	0/7/27/28	0/2/2/2
1	DYG	В	66[B]	-	-	2/12/31/32	0/2/2/2
1	DYG	A	66[B]	-	-	1/12/31/32	0/2/2/2
1	XYG	В	66[A]	-	=	0/7/27/28	0/2/2/2



The worst	5	of	9	bond	length	outliers	are	listed	below:
THE WOLDS	$\circ$	$O_{\mathbf{I}}$	J	DOM	10115 011	Outilities	COL C	mouca	DCIOW.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	A	66[B]	DYG	CA1-C1	-5.23	1.40	1.51
1	В	66[B]	DYG	CA1-C1	-4.98	1.41	1.51
1	A	66[A]	XYG	CA1-N1	3.71	1.34	1.28
1	В	66[A]	XYG	CA1-N1	3.39	1.34	1.28
1	A	66[B]	DYG	CA1-N1	-2.57	1.35	1.48

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	66[B]	DYG	CA1-C1-N3	-5.25	118.01	124.85
1	A	66[B]	DYG	N3-C1-N2	3.67	113.99	111.45
1	В	66[A]	XYG	O2-C2-CA2	-3.45	129.02	130.96
1	В	66[B]	DYG	N3-C1-N2	2.90	113.46	111.45
1	A	66[A]	XYG	O3-C3-CA3	-2.64	118.42	126.39

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	66[B]	DYG	C3-CA3-N3-C2
1	В	66[B]	DYG	CA1-CB1-CG1-OD2
1	В	66[B]	DYG	CA1-CB1-CG1-OD1

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	66[A]	XYG	1	0
1	В	66[A]	XYG	1	0

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	$225/227 \ (99\%)$	-0.18	10 (4%) 34	32	35, 45, 60, 77	0
1	В	$225/227 \ (99\%)$	-0.10	12 (5%) 26	25	35, 47, 62, 78	0
All	All	450/454 (99%)	-0.14	22 (4%) 29	28	35, 46, 61, 78	0

The worst 5 of 22 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	213	LYS	4.6
1	В	4	SER	4.3
1	В	212	ALA	3.8
1	A	4	SER	3.3
1	В	63	ALA	3.3

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	XYG	В	66[A]	20/21	0.96	0.23	34,38,41,44	20
1	DYG	В	66[B]	23/24	0.96	0.24	40,41,44,46	23
1	XYG	A	66[A]	20/21	0.97	0.25	32,36,41,43	20
1	DYG	A	66[B]	23/24	0.97	0.25	38,39,41,43	23

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



## 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

