

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Oct 31, 2023 – 02:35 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3PY4

Title : Crystal structure of bovine lactoperoxidase in complex with paracetamol at

2.4A resolution

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T.P.

Deposited on : 2010-12-11

Resolution : 2.42 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

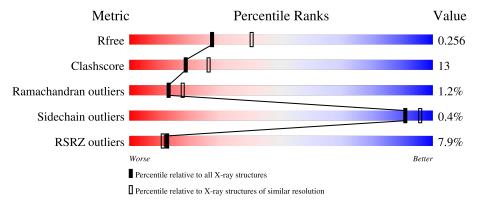
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.42 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	4647 (2.44-2.40)
Clashscore	141614	5161 (2.44-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5073 (2.44-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5074 (2.44-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4543 (2.44-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	595	79% 20	)%	•
2	В	2	100%		-
3	С	3	100%		_

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
11	EDO	A	702	-	-	X	-
6	NAG	A	596	-	-	-	X
7	IOD	A	616	-	-	X	-
8	TYL	A	598	-	-	X	-
9	MPD	A	613	-	-	X	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5150 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lactoperoxidase.

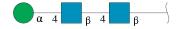
Mol	Chain	Residues		A	Atom	$\mathbf{s}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	595	Total 4774	C 3037	N 847	O 863	P 1	S 26	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	l A	\ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



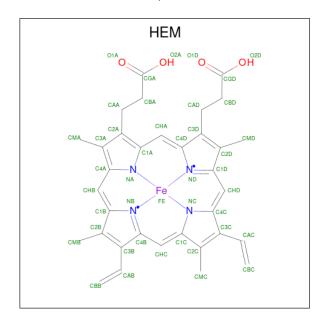
Mol	Chain	Residues	F	<b>A</b> ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	3	Total 39	C 22	N 2	O 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

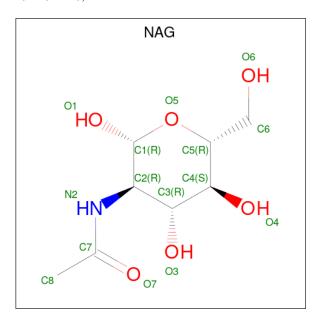


• Molecule 5 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula:  $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	С	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		

 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	tor	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0



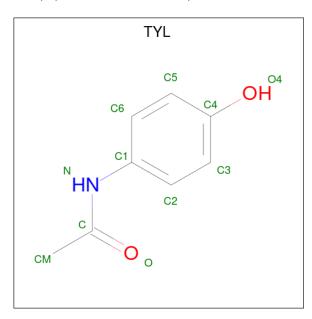
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Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 7 is IODIDE ION (three-letter code: IOD) (formula: I).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	15	Total I 15 15	0	0

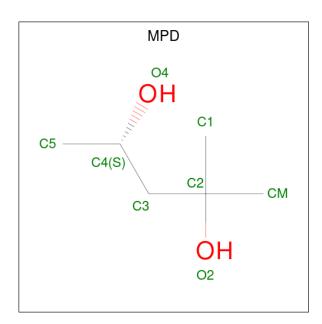
• Molecule 8 is N-(4-HYDROXYPHENYL)ACETAMIDE (TYLENOL) (three-letter code: TYL) (formula:  $C_8H_9NO_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total 11	C 8	N 1	O 2	0	0

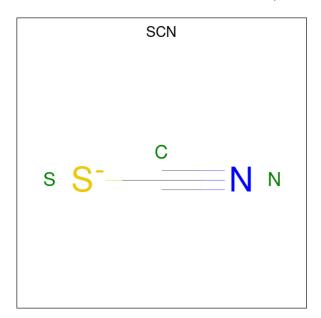
• Molecule 9 is (4S)-2-METHYL-2,4-PENTANEDIOL (three-letter code: MPD) (formula:  $C_6H_{14}O_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	1	Total 8	C 6	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 10 is THIOCYANATE ION (three-letter code: SCN) (formula: CNS).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	1	Total 3	C 1	N 1	S 1	0	0

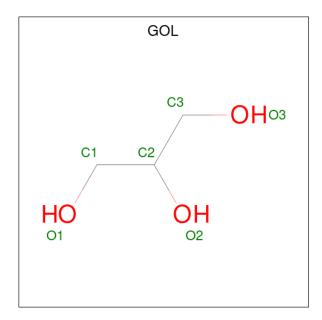
 $\bullet$  Molecule 11 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_6O_2}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
11	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 12 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 13 is water.



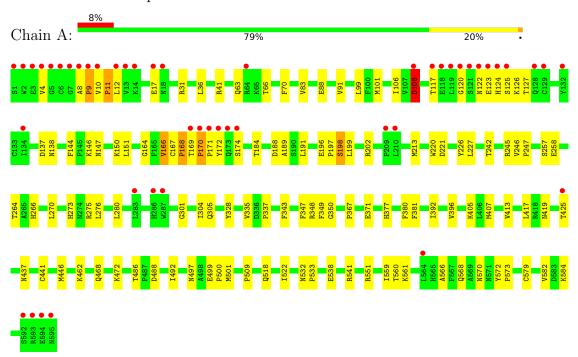
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
13	A	186	Total O 186 186	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Lactoperoxidase



• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

$\alpha$ 1 · D	
Chain Br	100%
Chan D.	10070

NAG1 NAG2

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

$\alpha_1 \cdot \alpha$	
Chain C:	100%





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	53.81Å 80.67Å 74.44Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $103.07^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.90 - 2.42	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	43.95 - 2.42	EDS
% Data completeness	94.0 (43.90-2.42)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	93.9 (43.95-2.42)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.07	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.48 (at 2.42Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.225 , $0.258$	Depositor
It, It free	0.219 , $0.256$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1148 reflections $(5.12\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(\mathring{A}^2)$	45.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.774	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29, 37.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	5150	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	54.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.77% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SCN, CA, TYL, IOD, MAN, EDO, MPD, NAG, SEP, HEM, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.48	0/4891	0.73	4/6634 (0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	108	ASP	CA-CB-CG	12.29	140.45	113.40
1	A	108	ASP	N-CA-CB	9.12	127.01	110.60
1	A	108	ASP	CB-CA-C	-7.17	96.06	110.40
1	A	486	THR	N-CA-CB	5.35	120.47	110.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4774	0	4687	126	0
2	В	28	0	25	1	0
3	С	39	0	34	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	43	0	30	11	0
6	A	28	0	26	1	0
7	A	15	0	0	4	0



Continued	trom	mmoninonic	maaa
COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	A	11	0	8	8	0
9	A	8	0	14	8	0
10	A	3	0	0	0	0
11	A	8	0	12	6	0
12	A	6	0	8	1	0
13	A	186	0	0	7	0
All	All	5150	0	4844	129	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

The worst 5 of 129 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:258:GLU:OE2	5:A:605:HEM:CMB	1.73	1.35
1:A:108:ASP:OD2	5:A:605:HEM:CMD	1.76	1.34
1:A:258:GLU:OE2	5:A:605:HEM:HMB1	1.06	1.21
1:A:168:PRO:HG3	1:A:172:TYR:HB2	1.24	1.14
1:A:108:ASP:OD2	5:A:605:HEM:HMD1	0.98	1.13

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

## 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowe		Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	592/595 (100%)	543 (92%)	42 (7%)	7 (1%)	13 17

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	166	VAL



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	169	THR
1	A	170	PRO
1	A	11	PRO
1	A	9	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric (		Percentiles
1	A	517/517 (100%)	515 (100%)	2 (0%)	91 96

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	108	ASP
1	A	347	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	468	GLN
1	A	497	ASN
1	A	570	ASN
1	A	147	ASN
1	A	122	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	SEP	A	198	1	8,9,10	1.56	1 (12%)	8,12,14	1.66	2 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	SEP	A	198	1	-	4/5/8/10	-

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	198	SEP	P-O1P	3.39	1.61	1.50

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	198	SEP	OG-CB-CA	3.03	111.09	108.14
1	A	198	SEP	P-OG-CB	-3.00	110.02	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	198	SEP	CA-CB-OG-P
1	A	198	SEP	CB-OG-P-O1P
1	A	198	SEP	CB-OG-P-O2P
1	A	198	SEP	CB-OG-P-O3P

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	198	SEP	3	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

5 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trunc	ype Chain Res		Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	1.05	1 (5%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.67	0	17,19,21	1.38	3 (17%)
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	14,14,15	1.00	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.11	2 (11%)
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.63	0	17,19,21	1.65	2 (11%)
3	MAN	С	3	3	11,11,12	0.66	0	15,15,17	1.24	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{N}$	Iol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
	3	С	1	NAG	O5-C1	-2.38	1.39	1.43

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	С	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.60	118.42	112.19
3	С	3	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.99	113.34	109.67
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.94	115.33	111.02
3	С	3	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.89	116.10	112.19
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.77	111.55	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	3	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	3	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

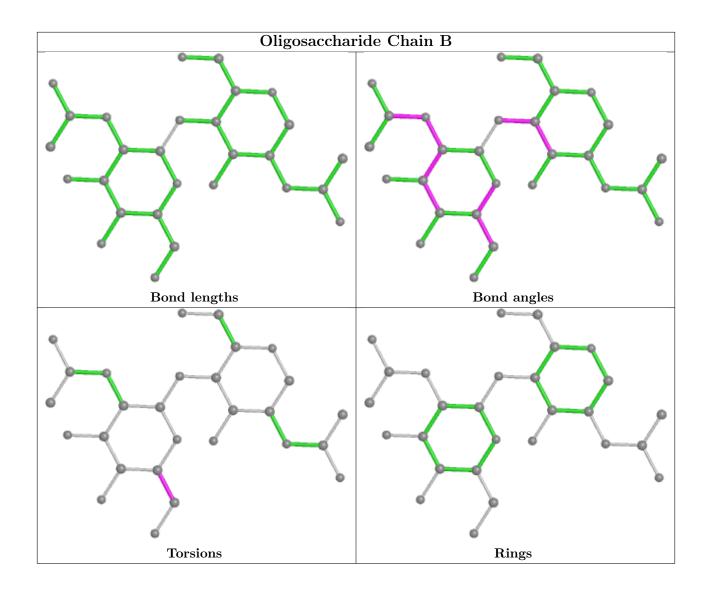
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

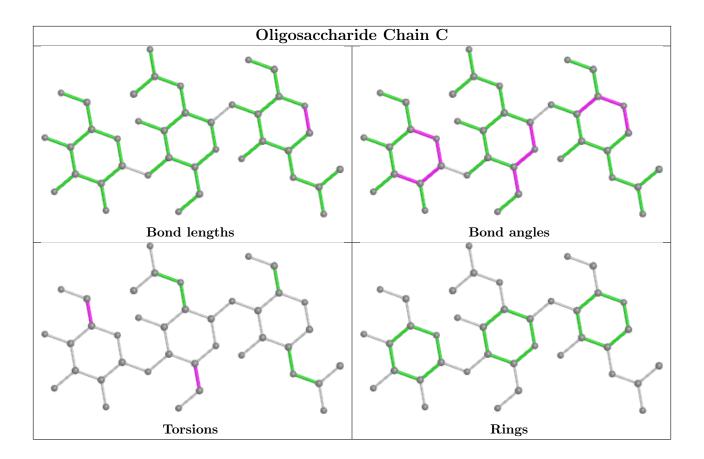
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	2	NAG	1	0
2	В	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 25 ligands modelled in this entry, 16 are monoatomic - leaving 9 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Dag	Link	В	ond leng	${ m gths}$	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
11	EDO	A	702	-	3,3,3	1.07	0	2,2,2	0.68	0
9	MPD	A	613	-	7,7,7	0.26	0	9,10,10	0.22	0
12	GOL	A	617	-	5,5,5	0.49	0	5,5,5	0.14	0
5	HEM	A	605	1	41,50,50	2.22	14 (34%)	45,82,82	2.12	10 (22%)
8	TYL	A	598	-	11,11,11	1.04	1 (9%)	14,14,14	1.21	1 (7%)
11	EDO	A	701	-	3,3,3	0.70	0	2,2,2	0.31	0
10	SCN	A	700	-	1,2,2	1.77	0	0,1,1	-	_
6	NAG	A	596	1	14,14,15	0.86	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.64	3 (17%)
6	NAG	A	604	1	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	1.38	1 (5%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
11	EDO	A	702	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
9	MPD	A	613	-	-	2/5/5/5	-
12	GOL	A	617	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	HEM	A	605	1	-	4/12/54/54	-
8	TYL	A	598	-	-	4/4/4/4	0/1/1/1
11	EDO	A	701	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
6	NAG	A	596	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	A	604	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 16 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
5	A	605	HEM	C3C-CAC	5.12	1.58	1.47
5	A	605	HEM	C3D-C2D	4.81	1.47	1.36
5	A	605	HEM	C4D-ND	-4.41	1.32	1.40
5	A	605	HEM	CAA-C2A	3.88	1.57	1.52
5	A	605	HEM	CAD-C3D	3.45	1.60	1.51

The worst 5 of 15 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	A	605	HEM	C4B-CHC-C1C	6.31	130.89	122.56
5	A	605	HEM	CAD-C3D-C4D	6.27	135.62	124.66
5	A	605	HEM	CMD-C2D-C1D	5.75	133.79	125.04
6	A	604	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.64	118.48	112.19
8	A	598	TYL	C1-N-C	-4.39	120.00	127.99

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	A	598	TYL	CM-C-N-C1
8	A	598	TYL	O-C-N-C1
12	A	617	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
8	A	598	TYL	C2-C1-N-C
8	A	598	TYL	C6-C1-N-C



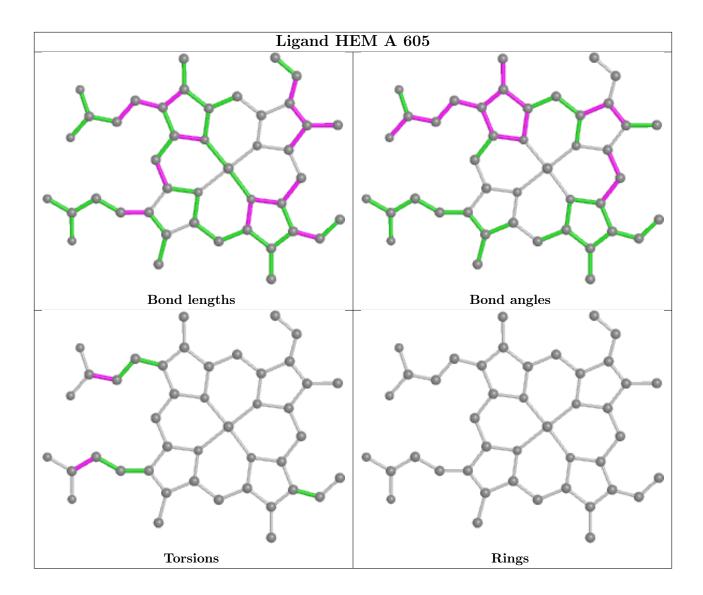
There are no ring outliers.

6 monomers are involved in 35 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
11	A	702	EDO	6	0
9	A	613	MPD	8	0
12	A	617	GOL	1	0
5	A	605	HEM	11	0
8	A	598	TYL	8	0
6	A	604	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	#RSF	RZ>2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	594/595 (99%)	0.34	47 (7%)	12 11	31, 51, 93, 120	0

The worst 5 of 47 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	2	TRP	15.0
1	A	173	GLN	12.6
1	A	121	SER	11.5
1	A	1	SER	9.7
1	A	4	VAL	8.2

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	SEP	A	198	10/11	0.79	0.21	49,51,55,57	0

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

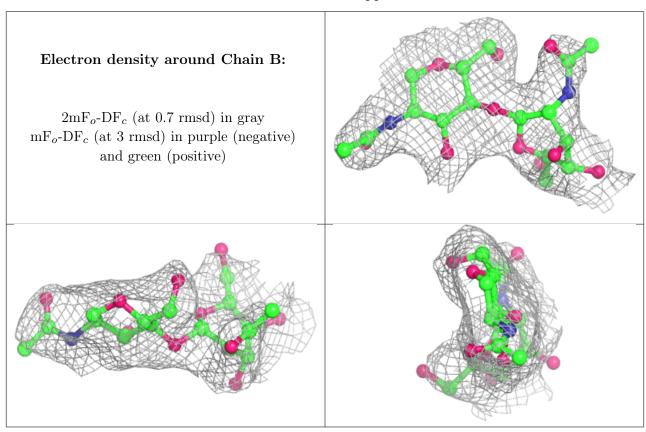
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.83	0.23	89,92,96,99	0



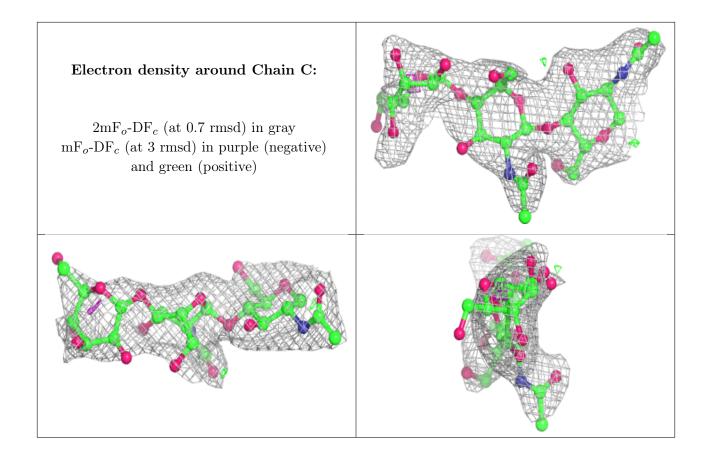
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Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MAN	С	3	11/12	0.83	0.33	88,90,91,92	0
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.91	0.21	75,78,82,85	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.91	0.14	61,64,68,72	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.93	0.11	66,68,72,80	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

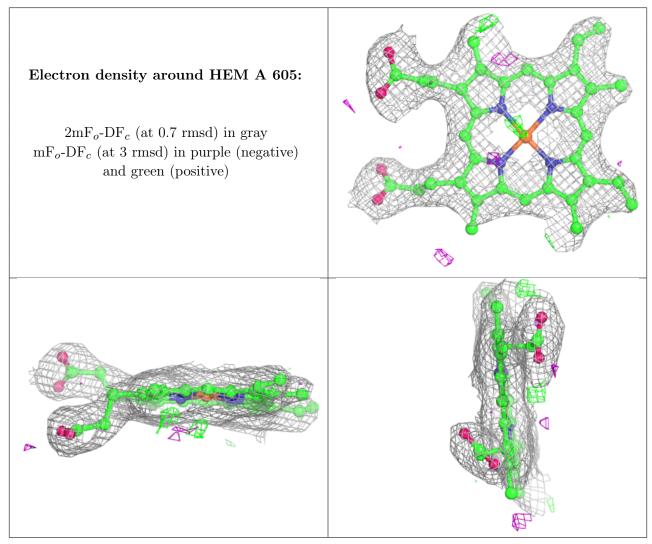
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
7	IOD	A	616	1/1	0.58	0.26	100,100,100,100	1
6	NAG	A	596	14/15	0.76	0.41	68,74,75,77	0
11	EDO	A	701	4/4	0.79	0.29	68,68,69,70	0
9	MPD	A	613	8/8	0.81	0.72	64,69,71,71	8
8	TYL	A	598	11/11	0.83	0.30	22,35,37,40	0
7	IOD	A	609	1/1	0.84	0.11	86,86,86,86	1
7	IOD	A	625	1/1	0.90	0.11	91,91,91,91	1
6	NAG	A	604	14/15	0.90	0.18	71,74,76,76	0
12	GOL	A	617	6/6	0.92	0.13	66,66,67,67	0
11	EDO	A	702	4/4	0.93	0.26	27,30,31,31	0
7	IOD	A	623	1/1	0.93	0.10	66,66,66,66	1
10	SCN	A	700	3/3	0.94	0.20	53,53,54,56	0
7	IOD	A	614	1/1	0.95	0.07	69,69,69,69	1
7	IOD	A	624	1/1	0.96	0.05	100,100,100,100	0



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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\AA^2)$	Q<0.9
7	IOD	A	621	1/1	0.96	0.07	73,73,73,73	1
5	HEM	A	605	43/43	0.97	0.19	28,34,39,44	0
7	IOD	A	597	1/1	0.98	0.07	79,79,79,79	1
7	IOD	A	620	1/1	0.98	0.05	80,80,80,80	1
4	CA	A	606	1/1	0.98	0.14	42,42,42,42	0
7	IOD	A	610	1/1	0.98	0.05	71,71,71,71	0
7	IOD	A	622	1/1	0.99	0.03	74,74,74,74	0
7	IOD	A	608	1/1	0.99	0.04	69,69,69,69	0
7	IOD	A	611	1/1	0.99	0.07	57,57,57,57	0
7	IOD	A	612	1/1	0.99	0.07	60,60,60,60	0
7	IOD	A	607	1/1	0.99	0.08	54,54,54,54	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

