



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 21, 2023 – 11:26 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2Q0N  
Title : Structure of human p21 activating kinase 4 (PAK4) in complex with a consensus peptide  
Authors : Filippakopoulos, P.; Eswaran, J.; Turnbull, A.; Papargirgiou, E.; Pike, A.W.; von Delft, F.; Sundstrom, M.; Edwards, A.; Arrowsmith, C.H.; Weigelt, J.; Knapp, S.; Structural Genomics Consortium (SGC)  
Deposited on : 2007-05-22  
Resolution : 1.75 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.35  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

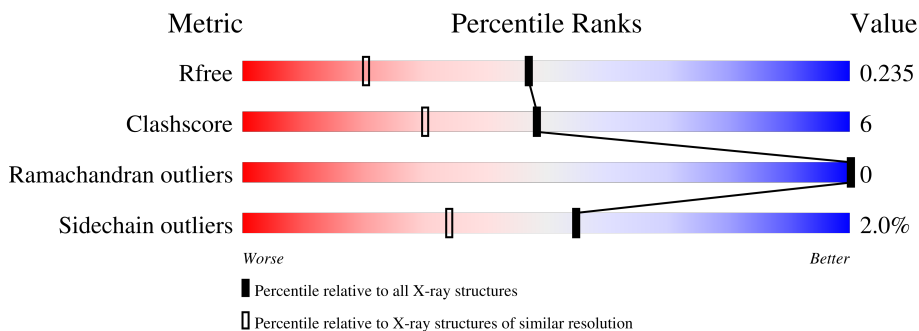
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	2340 (1.76-1.76)
Clashscore	141614	2466 (1.76-1.76)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2437 (1.76-1.76)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2437 (1.76-1.76)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	301	89% (green), 8% (yellow), 8% (orange), 3% (red), 2% (grey)
2	B	11	55% (green), 27% (yellow), 18% (orange)

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	EDO	A	594	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2729 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Serine/threonine-protein kinase PAK 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	N	O	P				S
1	A	294	2325	1489	401	417	1	17	2	11	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	474	SEP	SER	modified residue	UNP O96013

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Synthetic peptide.

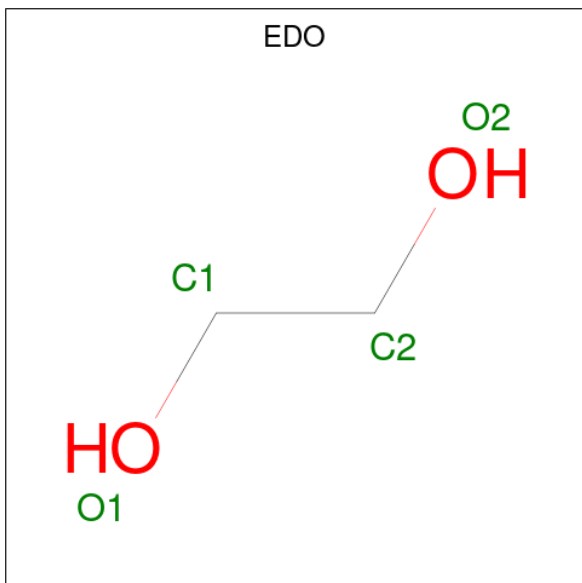
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	B	11	111	68	27	16	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 4 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
4	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	239	Total	O	0	4
			243	243		

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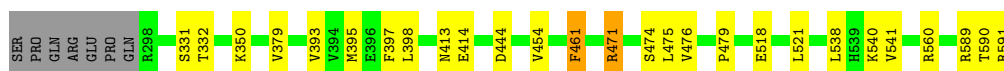
<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Residues</b>	<b>Atoms</b>		<b>ZeroOcc</b>	<b>AltConf</b>
5	B	12	Total 13	O 13	0	1

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Serine/threonine-protein kinase PAK 4

Chain A:  89% 8% ..



- Molecule 2: Synthetic peptide

Chain B:  55% 27% 18%



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	145.68Å 145.68Å 39.58Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	32.58 – 1.75 32.57 – 1.75	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	92.5 (32.58-1.75) 92.5 (32.57-1.75)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.47 (at 1.75Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.182 , 0.228 0.189 , 0.235	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2020 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	21.6	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.056	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 47.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2729	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.78% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: EDO, SEP, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.78	3/2392 (0.1%)	0.81	5/3246 (0.2%)
2	B	0.84	0/114	1.38	2/148 (1.4%)
All	All	0.78	3/2506 (0.1%)	0.84	7/3394 (0.2%)

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	589	ARG	CD-NE	-12.56	1.25	1.46
1	A	540	LYS	CA-CB	-5.95	1.40	1.53
1	A	454	VAL	CB-CG2	-5.10	1.42	1.52

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	-5	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.50	124.05	120.30
1	A	589	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.31	123.46	120.30
1	A	560	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.10	123.35	120.30
1	A	461	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	5.81	124.87	120.80
1	A	589	ARG	CG-CD-NE	5.74	123.86	111.80

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2325	0	2354	23	0
2	B	111	0	107	13	0
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	A	28	0	42	6	0
4	B	4	0	6	1	0
5	A	243	0	0	2	0
5	B	13	0	0	0	0
All	All	2729	0	2509	30	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 30 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:590:THR:O	1:A:591:ARG:HB2	1.89	0.71
1:A:393:VAL:HG12	1:A:395[A]:MET:SD	2.34	0.66
1:A:461:PHE:CE2	2:B:0:SER:HB3	2.35	0.62
1:A:590:THR:O	1:A:591:ARG:CB	2.51	0.58
1:A:379[B]:VAL:HG22	1:A:398:LEU:HD11	1.87	0.55

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	302/301 (100%)	297 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	9/11 (82%)	8 (89%)	1 (11%)	0	100	100
All	All	311/312 (100%)	305 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	251/263 (95%)	247 (98%)	4 (2%)	62	45
2	B	10/10 (100%)	9 (90%)	1 (10%)	7	1
All	All	261/273 (96%)	256 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	37

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	331	SER
1	A	444	ASP
1	A	471	ARG
1	A	479	PRO
2	B	-1	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	559	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	SEP	A	474	1	8,9,10	1.36	1 (12%)	8,12,14	1.85	2 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	SEP	A	474	1	-	0/5/8/10	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	474	SEP	P-O1P	3.03	1.60	1.50

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	474	SEP	O2P-P-OG	3.08	114.92	106.73
1	A	474	SEP	OG-P-O1P	-2.95	98.19	106.47

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

9 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	EDO	A	594	-	3,3,3	0.12	0	2,2,2	0.79	0
4	EDO	A	595	-	3,3,3	0.42	0	2,2,2	0.34	0
4	EDO	A	593	-	3,3,3	0.43	0	2,2,2	0.42	0
4	EDO	A	596	-	3,3,3	0.50	0	2,2,2	0.32	0
4	EDO	A	599	-	3,3,3	0.49	0	2,2,2	0.21	0
3	SO4	A	592	-	4,4,4	0.22	0	6,6,6	0.53	0
4	EDO	B	403	-	3,3,3	0.72	0	2,2,2	0.33	0
4	EDO	A	597	-	3,3,3	0.41	0	2,2,2	0.23	0
4	EDO	A	598	-	3,3,3	0.65	0	2,2,2	0.35	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	EDO	A	593	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	594	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	595	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	596	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	599	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	B	403	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	597	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	598	-	-	0/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	596	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	A	594	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	A	599	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	594	EDO	4	0
4	A	595	EDO	1	0
4	B	403	EDO	1	0
4	A	597	EDO	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.