

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Sep 2, 2023 – 03:16 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3Q36

Title : Crystal structure of the 4Fe-4S cluster domain of human DNA primase large

subunit

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Deposited on : 2010-12-21

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$ 

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.35

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

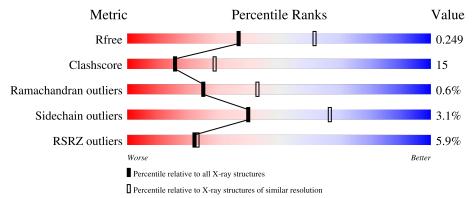
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	192	63%	29%	• 7%		
1	D	192	6%				
1	D	192	61%	31%	• 7%		



# 2 Entry composition (i)

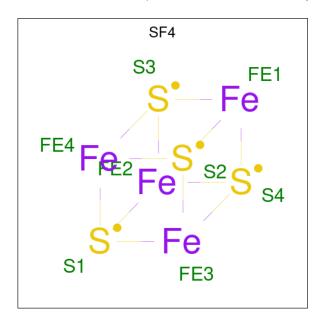
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2944 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA primase large subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace								
1	1 A 178	178	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1		170	1451	931	254	256	10		0							
1	R	178	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0						
1	Ъ	110	1455	933	254	258	10	0	U	U						

• Molecule 2 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula: Fe<sub>4</sub>S<sub>4</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Fe S 8 4 4	0	0
2	В	1	Total Fe S 8 4 4	0	0

• Molecule 3 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

## $\bullet$ Molecule 4 is water.

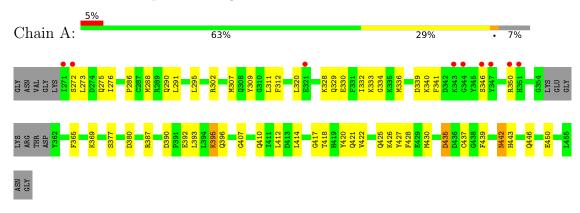
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	14	Total O 14 14	0	0
4	В	7	Total O 7 7	0	0



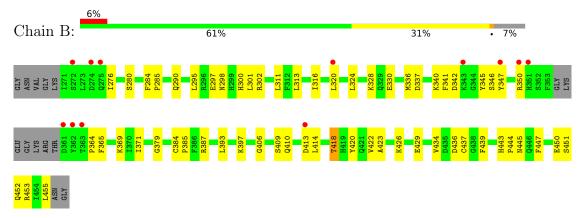
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA primase large subunit



• Molecule 1: DNA primase large subunit





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	126.48Å 83.72Å 47.56Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $97.65^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	31.16 - 2.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	35.47 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	97.1 (31.16-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.1 (35.47-2.50)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	109.95 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
P. P.	0.228 , 0.250	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.225 , $0.249$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	824 reflections (4.89%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	37.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.104	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 54.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.47, < L^2>=0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	2944	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SF4, FE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain		lengths	Bond	angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.47	0/1491	0.67	0/2004
1	В	0.44	0/1495	0.63	0/2010
All	All	0.46	0/2986	0.65	0/4014

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1451	0	1421	40	0
1	В	1455	0	1422	46	0
2	A	8	0	0	0	0
2	В	8	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	14	0	0	0	0
4	В	7	0	0	0	0
All	All	2944	0	2843	85	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.



The worst 5 of 85 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:B:439:PHE:CD2	1:B:450:GLU:HG2	2.05	0.91
1:A:329:GLN:HE21	1:A:333:LYS:HE3	1.44	0.82
1:B:452:GLN:O	1:B:455:LEU:HG	1.80	0.81
1:B:437:CYS:HB2	1:B:439:PHE:CE2	2.19	0.76
1:B:439:PHE:CE2	1:B:450:GLU:HG2	2.23	0.73

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	174/192 (91%)	164 (94%)	9 (5%)	1 (1%)	25	43
1	В	174/192 (91%)	159 (91%)	14 (8%)	1 (1%)	25	43
All	All	348/384 (91%)	323 (93%)	23 (7%)	2 (1%)	25	43

#### All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	276	ILE
1	A	346	SER

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	n Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	161/171 (94%)	153 (95%)	8 (5%)	24	46
1	В	162/171 (95%)	160 (99%)	2 (1%)	71	88
All	All	323/342 (94%)	313 (97%)	10 (3%)	40	67

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	442	ASN
1	В	418	THR
1	В	451	SER
1	A	339	ASP
1	A	387	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
1	В	275	GLN
1	В	298	ASN
1	В	421	GLN
1	В	329	GLN
1	A	329	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Typ	Trino	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Dag	Timle		ond leng		В	ond angles
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	$\mid \text{RMSZ} \mid \# Z  > 2$																						
2	SF4	В	458	1	0,12,12	-	=	-																							
2	SF4	A	458	1	0,12,12	-	-	-																							

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SF4	В	458	1	-	-	0/6/5/5
2	SF4	A	458	1	-	-	0/6/5/5

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	178/192 (92%)	0.39	9 (5%) 28 29	17, 40, 67, 76	0
1	В	178/192 (92%)	0.42	12 (6%) 17 18	23, 44, 74, 83	0
All	All	356/384 (92%)	0.41	21 (5%) 22 23	17, 43, 71, 83	0

The worst 5 of 21 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	344	GLY	4.2
1	A	347	TYR	4.0
1	В	343	LYS	3.9
1	В	361	ASP	3.8
1	A	271	ILE	3.7

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	SF4	A	458	8/8	0.97	0.13	18,22,25,26	0
2	SF4	В	458	8/8	0.97	0.13	28,29,31,32	0
3	FE	В	1	1/1	0.97	0.23	51,51,51,51	0

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

