

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 22, 2020 – 03:20 am BST

PDB ID : 1QD0

Title : CAMELID HEAVY CHAIN VARIABLE DOMAINS PROVIDE EFFICIENT

COMBINING SITES TO HAPTENS

Authors: Spinelli, S.; Frenken, L.G.J.; Hermans, P.; Verrips, T.; Brown, K.; Tegoni, M.;

Cambillau, C.

Deposited on : 1999-07-08

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

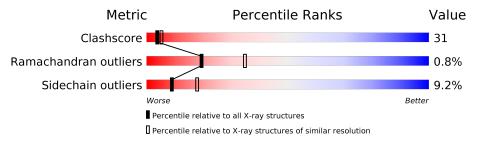
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of cha	in		
1	A	128	60%	26%	11%	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1105 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called VHH-R2 ANTI-RR6 ANTIBODY.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	128	Total	С	N	О	S	9	0	0
1	A	120	977	612	178	183	4		U	U

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

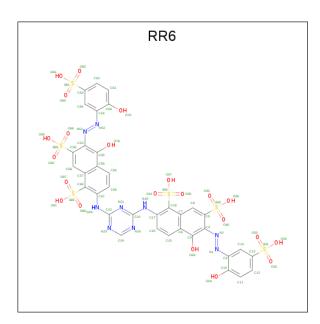
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	29	ALA	THR	CONFLICT	GB 4165532
A	91	GLY	PRO	CONFLICT	GB 4165532
A	107	ALA	ASP	CONFLICT	GB 4165532

• Molecule 2 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	2	Total Cu 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 3-HYDROXY-7-(4-{1-[2-HYDROXY-3-(2-HYDROXY-5-SULFO-PHENYLA ZO)-BENZYL]-2-SULFO-ETHYLAMINO}-[1,2,5]TRIAZIN-2-YLAMINO)-2-(2-HYDROX Y-5-SULFO-PHENYLAZO)-NAPTHALENE-1,8-DISULFONIC ACID (three-letter code: RR6) (formula: C₃₅H₂₅N₉O₂₂S₆).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
9	Α	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
) o	A	1	72	35	9	22	6	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

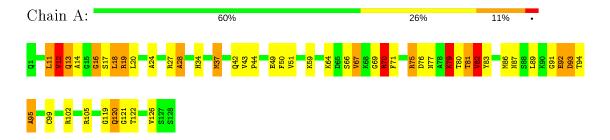
Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	54	Total O 54 54	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: VHH-R2 ANTI-RR6 ANTIBODY





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	46.70Å 46.70Å 121.10Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	12.00 - 2.50	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	18.49 - 2.20	EDS	
% Data completeness	80.0 (12.00-2.50)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	98.8 (18.49-2.20)	EDS	
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.86 (at 2.21Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.843	Depositor	
υ .	0.210 , 0.280	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.257 , (Not available)	DCC	
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	35.1	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.475	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34 , 46.3	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.042 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS	
Total number of atoms	1105	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	24.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.09% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: RR6, CU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	В	ond angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.44	14/999 (1.4%)	1.70	22/1348~(1.6%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	6

The worst 5 of 14 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
1	A	16	GLY	CA-C	14.24	1.74	1.51
1	A	79	LYS	C-N	-13.53	1.02	1.34
1	A	93	ASP	C-N	-13.12	1.03	1.34
1	A	12	VAL	C-N	-9.33	1.12	1.34
1	A	82	VAL	C-N	-8.79	1.13	1.34

The worst 5 of 22 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	79	LYS	O-C-N	-24.38	83.69	122.70
1	A	28	ALA	N-CA-CB	15.43	131.71	110.10
1	A	79	LYS	C-N-CA	14.72	158.49	121.70
1	A	82	VAL	O-C-N	-14.19	100.00	122.70
1	A	79	LYS	CA-C-N	13.65	147.23	117.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	102	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	105	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	70	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	79	LYS	Mainchain,Peptide
1	A	82	VAL	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	977	0	940	59	0
2	A	2	0	0	0	0
3	A	72	0	15	7	0
4	A	54	0	0	5	0
All	All	1105	0	955	62	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 31.

The worst 5 of 62 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:16:GLY:C	1:A:16:GLY:CA	1.74	1.55
1:A:76:ASP:O	1:A:79:LYS:HG2	1.39	1.18
1:A:92:GLU:HG3	4:A:1013:HOH:O	1.52	1.09
1:A:93:ASP:OD2	4:A:1053:HOH:O	1.76	1.01
1:A:75:ARG:CD	1:A:79:LYS:HD3	1.90	1.01

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured .		Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	126/128 (98%)	119 (94%)	6 (5%)	1 (1%)	19	35

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	95	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	98/99 (99%)	89 (91%)	9 (9%)	9 18

5 of 9 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
1	A	19	ARG
1	A	120	GLN
1	A	50	PHE
1	A	13	GLN
1	A	37	MET

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	77	ASN
1	A	87	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	gths	Во	nd angle	es
WIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	RR6	A	1003	2	76,78,78	2.28	20 (26%)	110,124,124	1.81	14 (12%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
3	RR6	A	1003	2	-	9/54/54/54	0/7/7/7

The worst 5 of 20 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	A	1003	RR6	C22-N23	6.95	1.44	1.34
3	A	1003	RR6	C20-N25	6.64	1.43	1.34
3	A	1003	RR6	C13-S31	6.62	1.91	1.77
3	A	1003	RR6	C63-S81	6.57	1.90	1.77
3	A	1003	RR6	C24-N23	6.25	1.45	1.33

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	1003	RR6	N23-C22-N21	-7.32	119.62	126.55
3	A	1003	RR6	N25-C20-N21	-6.55	120.34	126.55
3	A	1003	RR6	N25-C24-N23	-6.18	118.93	128.60
3	A	1003	RR6	C68-C67-N26	-5.08	116.71	121.47
3	A	1003	RR6	C4-N1-N2	4.97	126.04	114.56

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1003	RR6	C8-C9-S35-O42
3	A	1003	RR6	N21-C20-N19-C17
3	A	1003	RR6	C10-C4-N1-N2
3	A	1003	RR6	C67-C68-S86-O91
3	A	1003	RR6	C17-C18-S36-O37

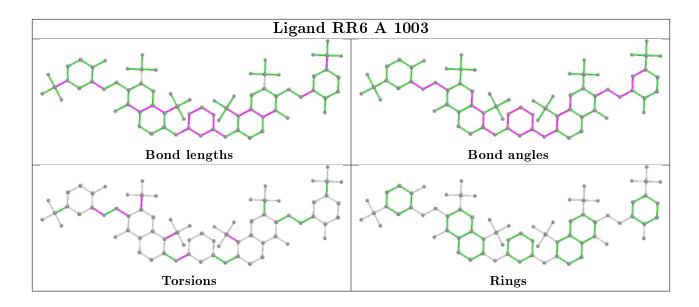
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	1003	RR6	7	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	5

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	$oxed{f Distance (\AA)}$
1	A	92:GLU	С	93:ASP	N	1.16
1	A	82:VAL	С	83:TYR	N	1.13
1	A	12:VAL	С	13:GLN	N	1.12
1	A	93:ASP	С	94:THR	N	1.03
1	A	79:LYS	С	80:THR	N	1.02



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

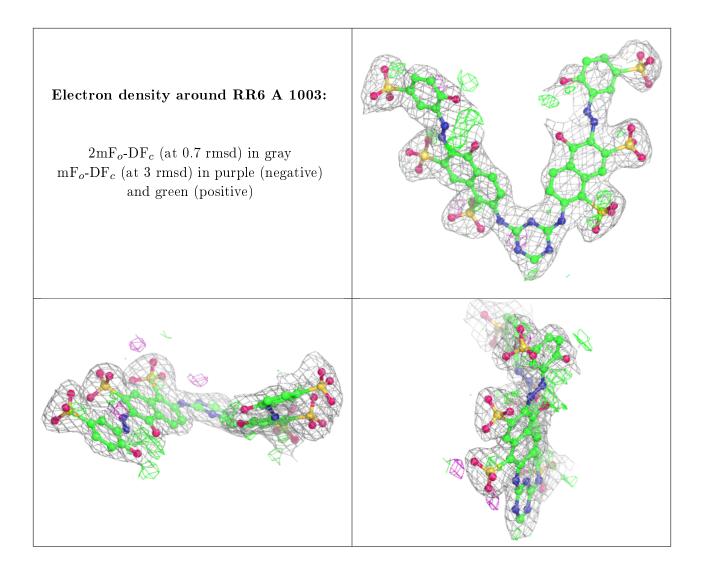
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

