

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 11, 2024 – 11:22 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2QD3

Title : Wild type human ferrochelatase crystallized with ammonium sulfate Authors : Medlock, A.E.; Dailey, T.A.; Ross, T.A.; Dailey, H.A.; Lanzilotta, W.N.

Deposited on : 2007-06-20

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1

EDS : 2.36.2

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the

tatistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

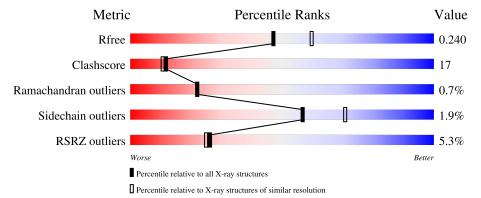
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \ resolution \ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	359	69%	29%	•
1	В	359	5%	33%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	HEM	В	925	-	-	-	X
5	GOL	В	506	-	-	X	=



2 Entry composition (i)

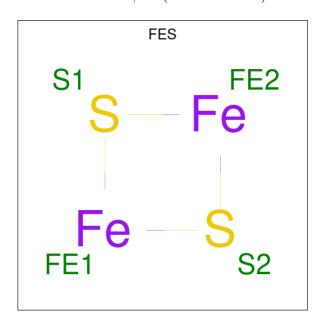
There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6524 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Ferrochelatase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	359	Total 2949	C 1873	N 517	O 539	S 20	0	7	0
1	В	359	Total 2946	C 1872	N 514	O 540	S 20	0	7	0

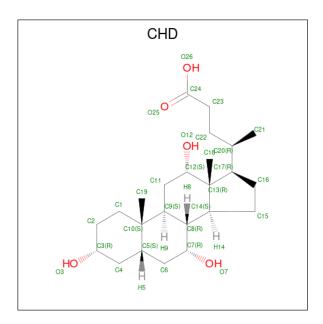
• Molecule 2 is FE2/S2 (INORGANIC) CLUSTER (three-letter code: FES) (formula: Fe₂S₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Fe S 4 2 2	0	0
2	В	1	Total Fe S 4 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CHOLIC ACID (three-letter code: CHD) (formula: $C_{24}H_{40}O_5$).

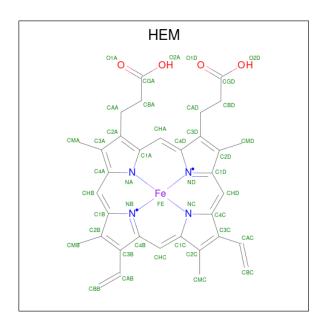




Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 29 24 5	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 29 24 5	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 29 24 5	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 29 24 5	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 29 24 5	0	0

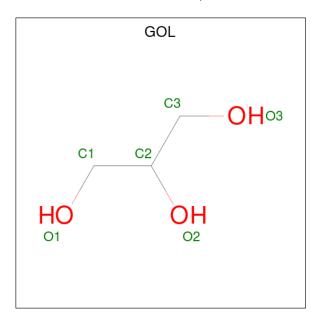
 \bullet Molecule 4 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $\rm C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
4	В	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.



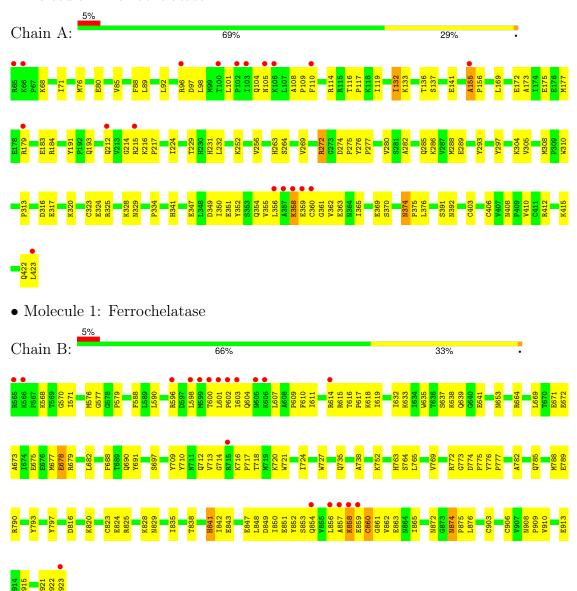
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	224	Total O 224 224	0	0
6	В	203	Total O 203 203	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Ferrochelatase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	88.07Å 93.09Å 111.41Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.80 - 2.20	Depositor
resolution (A)	47.80 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (47.80-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$100.0 \ (47.80 - 2.00)$	EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.54 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.209 , 0.242	Depositor
it, it free	0.205 , 0.240	DCC
R_{free} test set	6073 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	25.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.416	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 46.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	6524	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 53.38 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 4.2515e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM, FES, GOL, CHD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.33	0/3019	0.59	1/4086 (0.0%)	
1	В	0.33	0/3016	0.58	1/4084 (0.0%)	
All	All	0.33	0/6035	0.59	2/8170 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	724	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.35	96.56	111.00
1	A	224	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.10	97.23	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2949	0	2952	109	0
1	В	2946	0	2945	105	0
2	A	4	0	0	0	0
2	В	4	0	0	0	0
3	A	87	0	117	6	0
3	В	58	0	78	3	0
4	В	43	0	30	9	0



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	Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
	5	В	6	0	8	4	0
Ī	6	A	224	0	0	11	0
	6	В	203	0	0	8	0
	All	All	6524	0	6130	213	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 213 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:B:716:LYS:HD2	1:B:717:PRO:HD2	1.51	0.92
1:A:155:ALA:HB1	1:A:156:PRO:CD	2.01	0.89
1:B:823[A]:CYS:SG	1:B:862:VAL:HG12	2.12	0.89
1:B:615:ARG:HD2	3:B:504:CHD:H232	1.55	0.89
1:A:305:VAL:HG21	3:A:501:CHD:H161	1.55	0.88

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	364/359 (101%)	344 (94%)	18 (5%)	2 (0%)	29	31
1	В	364/359 (101%)	339 (93%)	21 (6%)	4 (1%)	14	12
All	All	728/718 (101%)	683 (94%)	39 (5%)	6 (1%)	22	19

5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	155	ALA



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	361	GLY
1	В	861	GLY
1	В	596	ARG
1	В	860[A]	CYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	331/324 (102%)	325 (98%)	6 (2%)	59	72
1	В	331/324 (102%)	324 (98%)	7 (2%)	53	67
All	All	662/648 (102%)	649 (98%)	13 (2%)	57	69

5 of 13 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	688	PHE
1	В	720	LYS
1	В	874	ASN
1	В	841	HIS
1	В	858	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 17 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	864	ASN
1	В	921	GLN
1	A	421	GLN
1	В	622	GLN
1	В	712	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

9 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trno	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	CHD	A	502	-	32,32,32	2.13	14 (43%)	51,51,51	1.82	15 (29%)
3	CHD	В	505	-	32,32,32	2.21	14 (43%)	51,51,51	1.85	16 (31%)
5	GOL	В	506	-	5,5,5	0.08	0	5,5,5	0.19	0
2	FES	В	924	-	0,4,4	-	-	-		
2	FES	A	601	-	0,4,4	-	-	-		
3	CHD	В	504	-	32,32,32	2.19	14 (43%)	51,51,51	1.90	18 (35%)
3	CHD	A	503	-	32,32,32	2.20	13 (40%)	51,51,51	1.87	17 (33%)
4	HEM	В	925	-	42,50,50	1.97	14 (33%)	46,82,82	1.43	6 (13%)
3	CHD	A	501	-	32,32,32	2.16	13 (40%)	51,51,51	1.83	15 (29%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	CHD	A	502	-	-	2/9/74/74	0/4/4/4
3	CHD	В	505	-	-	4/9/74/74	0/4/4/4
5	GOL	В	506	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
2	FES	В	924	-	-	-	0/1/1/1



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COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FES	A	601	-	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	CHD	В	504	-	-	4/9/74/74	0/4/4/4
3	CHD	A	503	-	-	5/9/74/74	0/4/4/4
4	HEM	В	925	-	-	5/12/54/54	-
3	CHD	A	501	-	-	5/9/74/74	0/4/4/4

The worst 5 of 82 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
3	В	505	CHD	O25-C24	4.76	1.37	1.22
3	В	504	CHD	O25-C24	4.71	1.37	1.22
3	A	501	CHD	O25-C24	4.67	1.37	1.22
3	A	502	CHD	O25-C24	4.63	1.37	1.22
3	A	503	CHD	O25-C24	4.61	1.37	1.22

The worst 5 of 87 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	A	502	CHD	O26-C24-C23	4.31	127.63	114.00
3	В	504	CHD	O26-C24-C23	4.27	127.48	114.00
3	A	503	CHD	O26-C24-C23	4.22	127.33	114.00
3	В	505	CHD	O26-C24-C23	4.20	127.27	114.00
3	A	501	CHD	O26-C24-C23	4.15	127.12	114.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 26 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	503	CHD	C17-C20-C22-C23
3	В	505	CHD	C17-C20-C22-C23
3	A	503	CHD	C21-C20-C22-C23
3	В	505	CHD	C21-C20-C22-C23
3	В	504	CHD	C21-C20-C22-C23

There are no ring outliers.

6 monomers are involved in 21 short contacts:

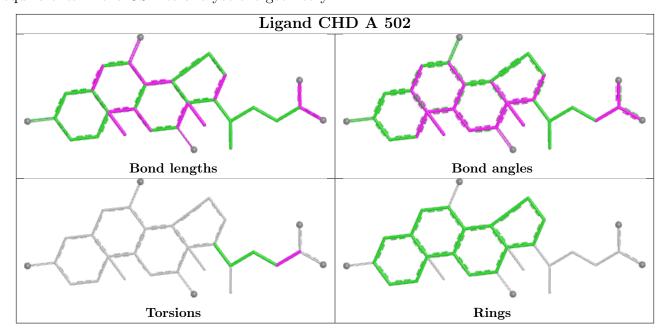
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	502	CHD	1	0
3	В	505	CHD	1	0



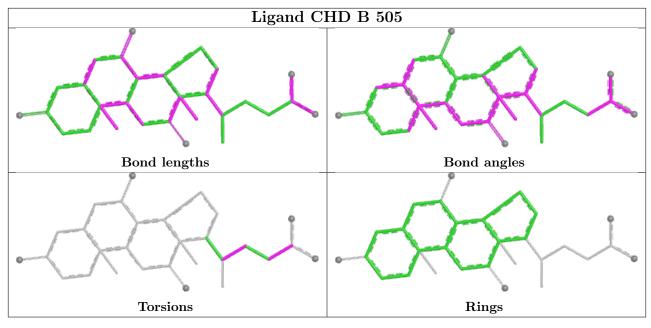
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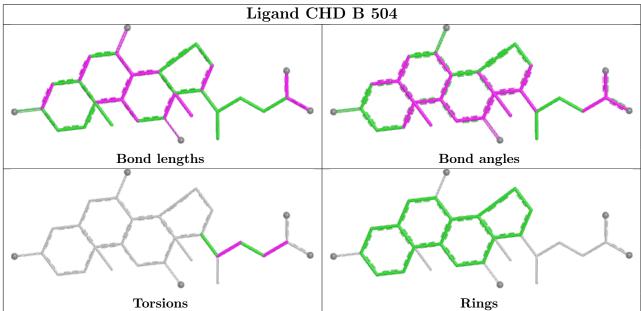
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	506	GOL	4	0
3	В	504	CHD	2	0
4	В	925	HEM	9	0
3	A	501	CHD	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

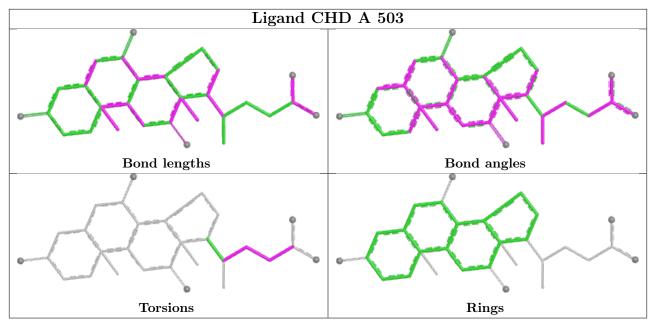


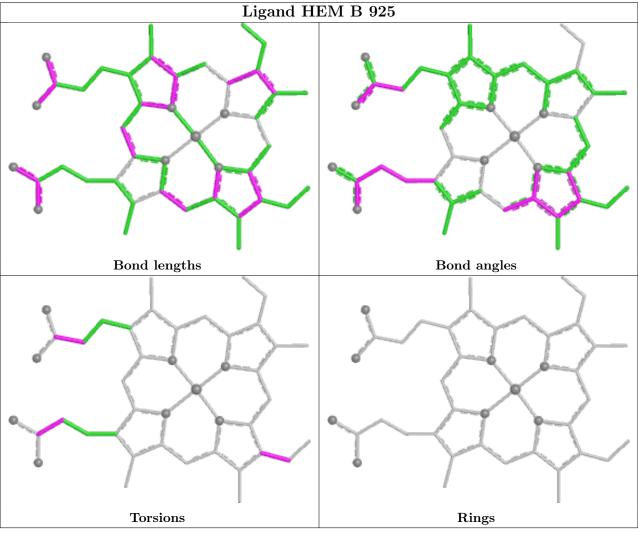




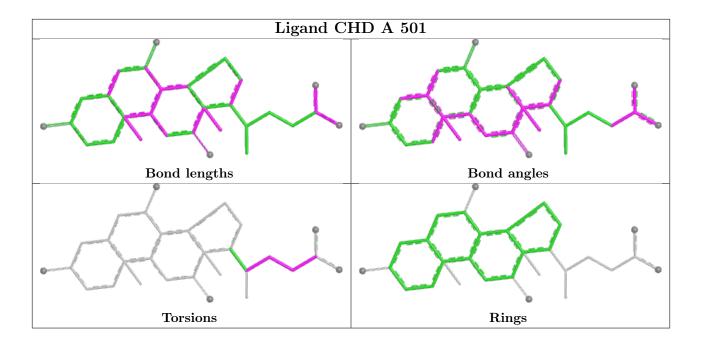












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	359/359 (100%)	0.14	19 (5%) 26 25	13, 27, 44, 52	0
1	В	359/359~(100%)	0.16	19 (5%) 26 25	13, 28, 50, 57	0
All	All	718/718 (100%)	0.15	38 (5%) 26 25	13, 27, 46, 57	0

The worst 5 of 38 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	923	LEU	6.3
1	A	423	LEU	4.6
1	В	857	ALA	4.6
1	В	603	ILE	3.6
1	A	357	ALA	3.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

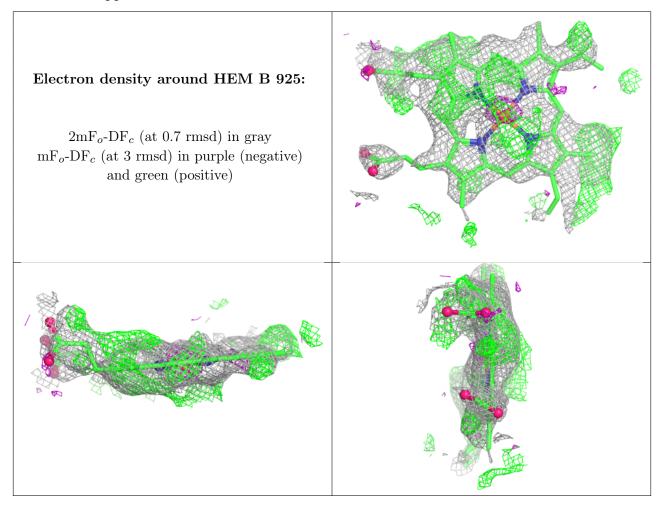
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	HEM	В	925	43/43	0.61	0.48	30,30,31,31	43
3	CHD	В	504	29/29	0.68	0.28	63,63,64,64	0
3	CHD	A	501	29/29	0.73	0.28	55,55,56,56	0
3	CHD	В	505	29/29	0.74	0.33	65,65,66,66	0
3	CHD	A	503	29/29	0.78	0.33	73,73,74,74	0
3	CHD	A	502	29/29	0.80	0.27	63,63,63,63	0
5	GOL	В	506	6/6	0.87	0.28	37,37,37,37	0
2	FES	A	601	4/4	0.98	0.07	22,23,23,23	0
2	FES	В	924	4/4	0.99	0.07	24,24,24,24	0

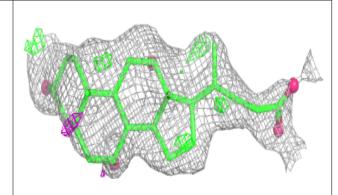
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

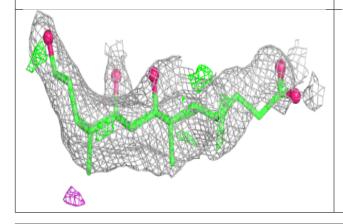


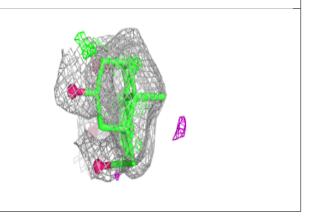


Electron density around CHD B 504:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

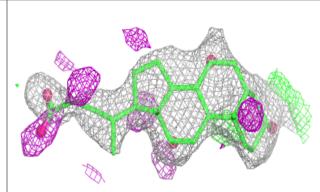


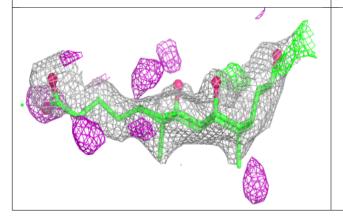


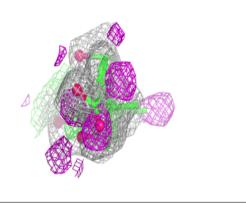


Electron density around CHD A 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



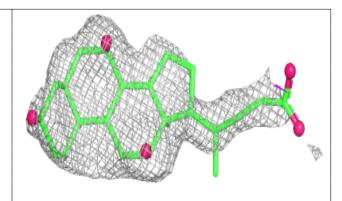


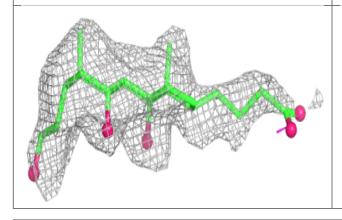


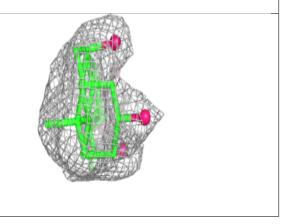


Electron density around CHD B 505:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

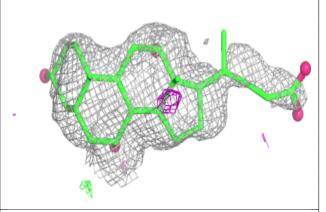


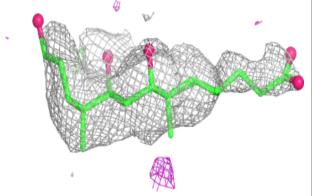


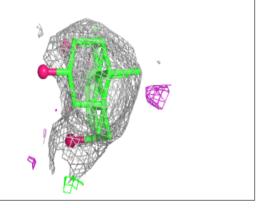


Electron density around CHD A 503:

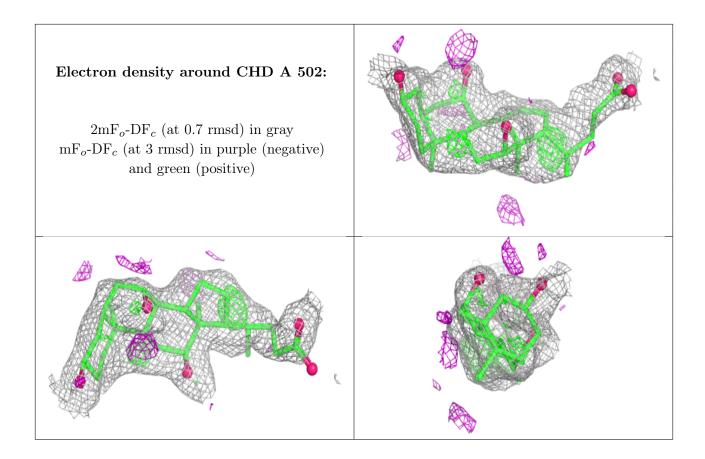
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

