



## Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 6, 2023 – 06:18 pm GMT

PDB ID : 8QFS  
EMDB ID : EMD-18383  
Title : Cryo-EM structure of SidH from Legionella pneumophila  
Authors : Sharma, R.; Weis, F.; Bhogaraju, S.  
Deposited on : 2023-09-04  
Resolution : 2.70 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

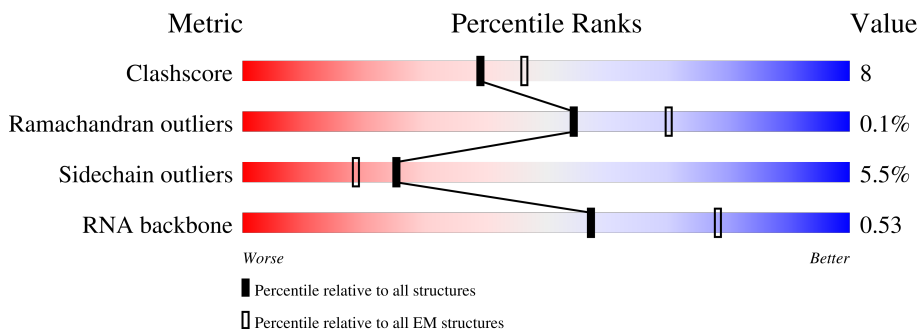
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.9  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	394	
2	B	76	
3	A	2248	

## 2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13294 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Elongation factor Tu.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	C	393	2937	1864	513	547	13	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called tRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
2	B	61	1309	584	231	432	61	1	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Protein SidH.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	A	1183	9015	5746	1516	1730	23	0	0

There are 23 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-22	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-21	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-20	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-19	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-18	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-17	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-16	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-15	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-14	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-13	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-12	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-10	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-9	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-8	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4

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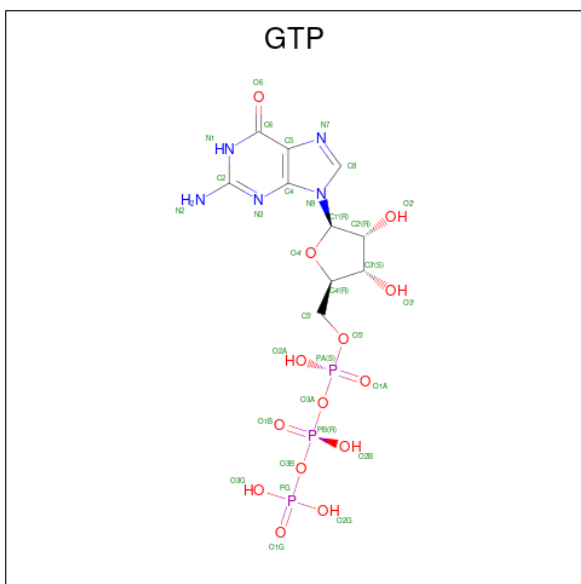
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-7	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-6	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-5	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-4	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-3	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-2	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4
A	0	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q6RCQ4

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	C	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

- Molecule 5 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GTP) (formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>14</sub>P<sub>3</sub>).

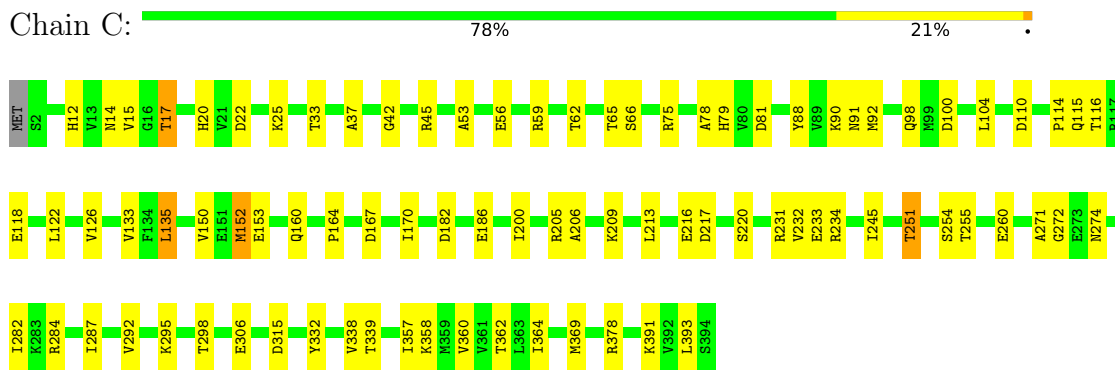


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
5	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	

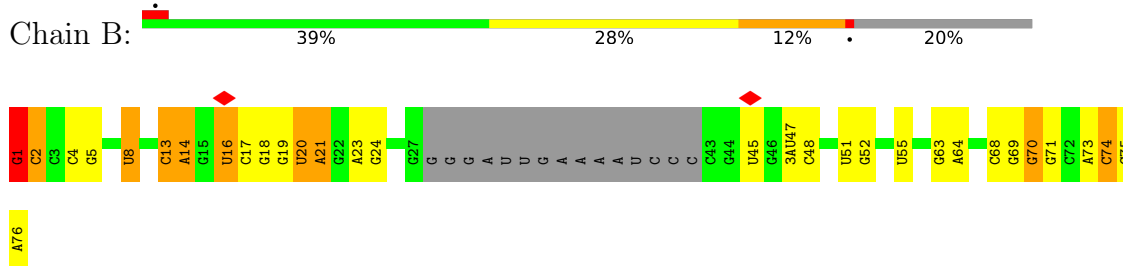
### 3 Residue-property plots i

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

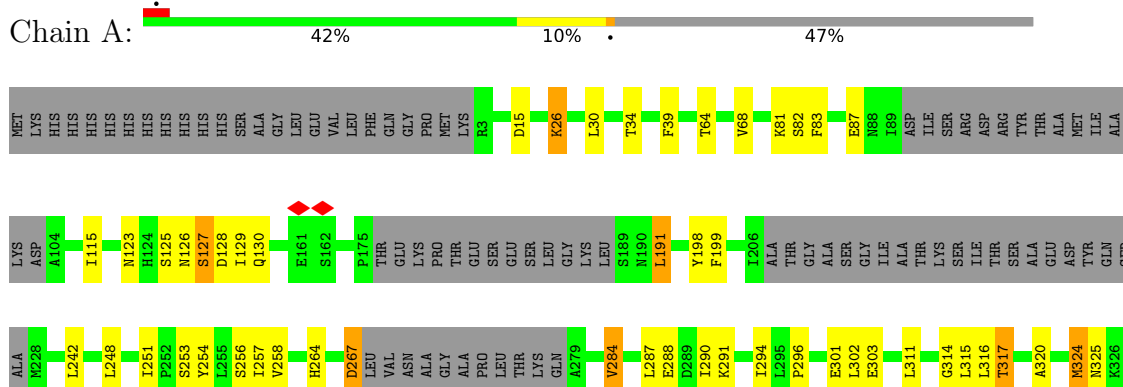
- Molecule 1: Elongation factor Tu



- Molecule 2: tRNA



- Molecule 3: Protein SidH







## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	367741	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	41.93	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.609	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.197	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.006	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0459	Depositor
Map size (Å)	390.09598, 390.09598, 390.09598	wwPDB
Map dimensions	480, 480, 480	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.8127, 0.8127, 0.8127	Depositor



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, 3AU, GTP, H2U, PSU, 5MU, 4SU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	C	0.25	0/2993	0.50	0/4067
2	B	0.39	1/1318 (0.1%)	0.90	0/2048
3	A	0.26	1/9167 (0.0%)	0.46	3/12409 (0.0%)
All	All	0.28	2/13478 (0.0%)	0.53	3/18524 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	A	0	1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	1	G	OP3-P	-10.71	1.48	1.61
3	A	1295	PRO	CG-CD	-6.75	1.28	1.50

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	1295	PRO	CA-N-CD	-12.14	94.51	111.50
3	A	1295	PRO	N-CD-CG	-9.20	89.39	103.20
3	A	1294	GLY	C-N-CD	6.33	141.68	128.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	A	125	SER	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	2937	0	2899	46	0
2	B	1309	0	672	18	0
3	A	9015	0	8710	140	0
4	C	1	0	0	0	0
5	C	32	0	12	2	0
All	All	13294	0	12293	199	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (199) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:51:U:H3	2:B:63:G:H1	0.85	0.81
3:A:1529:ASP:O	3:A:1535:ASN:ND2	2.19	0.74
3:A:767:PHE:HA	3:A:770:ILE:HG12	1.68	0.74
1:C:53:ALA:HB3	1:C:56:GLU:HG3	1.70	0.72
3:A:857:ASP:HA	3:A:860:LYS:HG2	1.73	0.71
3:A:972:LEU:HB2	3:A:994:ILE:HG21	1.73	0.70
3:A:403:ASN:ND2	3:A:584:ASN:OD1	2.26	0.68
1:C:91:ASN:ND2	2:B:2:C:OP1	2.21	0.66
3:A:1344:ASN:OD1	3:A:1403:ARG:NH2	2.27	0.66
3:A:1295:PRO:HD2	3:A:1296:GLY:N	2.10	0.65
1:C:98:GLN:NE2	1:C:216:GLU:OE1	2.29	0.65
1:C:213:LEU:HD12	1:C:232:VAL:HG22	1.80	0.64
3:A:253:SER:O	3:A:256:SER:OG	2.15	0.63
3:A:387:ASP:OD1	3:A:387:ASP:N	2.30	0.62
3:A:1365:GLU:HG3	3:A:1366:LYS:HE2	1.82	0.61
3:A:425:ILE:HD12	3:A:506:VAL:HG11	1.82	0.61
3:A:191:LEU:H	3:A:191:LEU:HD23	1.65	0.60
1:C:104:LEU:HD11	1:C:116:THR:HG23	1.84	0.60

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:257:ILE:HD12	3:A:257:ILE:H	1.66	0.59
3:A:910:GLN:NE2	3:A:953:SER:O	2.35	0.59
3:A:971:LYS:HD3	3:A:994:ILE:HG12	1.85	0.59
1:C:25:LYS:N	5:C:402:GTP:O1B	2.30	0.58
3:A:623:GLU:OE2	3:A:626:ARG:NH1	2.36	0.58
3:A:936:SER:OG	3:A:940:LYS:NZ	2.37	0.58
3:A:267:ASP:OD1	3:A:267:ASP:N	2.37	0.57
3:A:325:ASN:O	3:A:329:THR:OG1	2.20	0.57
1:C:115:GLN:NE2	1:C:118:GLU:OE1	2.36	0.57
3:A:15:ASP:OD2	3:A:1564:ARG:NH1	2.32	0.57
3:A:547:ASN:HB3	3:A:549:THR:HG22	1.87	0.57
1:C:100:ASP:OD2	1:C:205:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.56
3:A:287:LEU:HD21	3:A:331:LEU:HD22	1.87	0.56
1:C:306:GLU:HG2	1:C:360:VAL:HG22	1.86	0.56
3:A:127:SER:HA	3:A:130:GLN:HB2	1.88	0.56
1:C:14:ASN:ND2	1:C:272:GLY:O	2.39	0.56
1:C:118:GLU:OE2	1:C:378:ARG:NH1	2.39	0.55
3:A:1295:PRO:HD2	3:A:1296:GLY:H	1.71	0.55
3:A:1010:GLU:OE1	3:A:1020:TYR:N	2.34	0.54
1:C:90:LYS:HG3	1:C:332:TYR:HE2	1.73	0.54
1:C:295:LYS:O	1:C:298:THR:OG1	2.24	0.54
3:A:320:ALA:O	3:A:324:MET:HG2	2.08	0.53
3:A:126:ASN:O	3:A:128:ASP:N	2.41	0.53
1:C:206:ALA:HB1	1:C:209:LYS:HG3	1.91	0.53
3:A:628:ALA:O	3:A:631:THR:OG1	2.27	0.53
3:A:130:GLN:HB3	3:A:866:PRO:HG2	1.90	0.53
3:A:1595:ASP:OD1	3:A:1598:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.53
3:A:909:ASP:OD2	3:A:909:ASP:N	2.39	0.52
3:A:254:TYR:O	3:A:258:VAL:HG13	2.09	0.52
3:A:291:LYS:NZ	3:A:382:LEU:O	2.42	0.52
1:C:59:ARG:NH2	1:C:88:TYR:OH	2.35	0.52
3:A:751:SER:HA	3:A:1352:LYS:HG3	1.90	0.52
3:A:553:THR:HG22	3:A:555:ARG:H	1.75	0.52
3:A:1346:GLU:OE2	3:A:1357:SER:N	2.40	0.52
3:A:1552:LYS:HD3	3:A:1589:LEU:HD11	1.91	0.52
3:A:1355:THR:OG1	3:A:1356:TYR:N	2.41	0.52
3:A:754:VAL:HG21	3:A:1350:GLY:HA3	1.92	0.51
3:A:1425:HIS:NE2	3:A:1583:GLU:OE2	2.32	0.51
3:A:253:SER:OG	3:A:256:SER:OG	2.21	0.51
2:B:23:A:H2'	2:B:24:G:H8	1.76	0.51
3:A:302:LEU:HG	3:A:316:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:938:ARG:O	3:A:941:ILE:HG13	2.10	0.51
1:C:75:ARG:NH2	1:C:200:ILE:O	2.37	0.51
3:A:558:PRO:HB3	3:A:637:LEU:HB3	1.92	0.51
1:C:14:ASN:O	1:C:100:ASP:N	2.43	0.50
1:C:17:THR:HG23	1:C:79:HIS:CE1	2.46	0.50
3:A:327:TYR:O	3:A:330:GLN:HG3	2.11	0.50
2:B:23:A:H2'	2:B:24:G:C8	2.46	0.50
3:A:746:LEU:O	3:A:750:LEU:HB2	2.12	0.50
3:A:921:GLN:NE2	3:A:925:ASP:OD2	2.45	0.50
3:A:64:THR:O	3:A:68:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.50
3:A:478:THR:HG21	3:A:709:LEU:HB3	1.94	0.50
3:A:314:GLY:HA2	3:A:317:THR:HG22	1.92	0.49
3:A:30:LEU:O	3:A:34:THR:OG1	2.22	0.49
3:A:1609:GLY:O	3:A:1612:ILE:HG13	2.13	0.49
2:B:51:U:O4	2:B:63:G:O6	2.30	0.49
3:A:779:SER:HB3	3:A:1596:THR:HG23	1.94	0.49
2:B:63:G:H2'	2:B:64:A:C8	2.48	0.49
1:C:254:SER:HB2	1:C:282:ILE:HD11	1.94	0.48
3:A:970:THR:O	3:A:973:GLU:HG3	2.13	0.48
1:C:122:LEU:O	1:C:126:VAL:HG22	2.12	0.48
2:B:13:C:O2'	2:B:14:A:OP1	2.28	0.48
3:A:726:SER:HA	3:A:803:GLU:HG2	1.94	0.48
1:C:245:ILE:O	1:C:251:THR:HA	2.13	0.47
2:B:63:G:H2'	2:B:64:A:H8	1.78	0.47
3:A:296:PRO:HG3	3:A:390:PHE:CD1	2.49	0.47
3:A:971:LYS:NZ	3:A:993:ASP:OD2	2.47	0.47
1:C:164:PRO:HB2	1:C:167:ASP:HB2	1.95	0.47
3:A:1291:LEU:HD12	3:A:1341:ALA:HB1	1.96	0.47
3:A:39:PHE:HA	3:A:311:LEU:HA	1.97	0.47
3:A:847:GLY:HA3	3:A:1351:LEU:HD11	1.95	0.47
3:A:975:GLN:HG2	3:A:990:LYS:HE2	1.97	0.47
3:A:549:THR:OG1	3:A:623:GLU:OE2	2.33	0.47
1:C:17:THR:HG23	1:C:79:HIS:HE1	1.80	0.47
3:A:291:LYS:HD3	3:A:328:TYR:CZ	2.50	0.47
3:A:1245:TYR:HE1	3:A:1298:VAL:HG13	1.78	0.47
1:C:33:THR:HG21	1:C:45:ARG:H	1.80	0.46
2:B:8:4SU:O2'	2:B:21:A:N1	2.42	0.46
3:A:1602:LYS:O	3:A:1605:GLU:HG2	2.14	0.46
3:A:724:GLN:HA	3:A:727:LYS:HE3	1.97	0.46
3:A:303:GLU:OE2	3:A:394:ARG:NH2	2.44	0.46
3:A:191:LEU:HD12	3:A:316:LEU:HD22	1.97	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:950:LYS:HE3	3:A:950:LYS:HB3	1.80	0.46
3:A:251:ILE:HG22	3:A:301:GLU:HB3	1.96	0.46
3:A:629:TYR:HA	3:A:632:PHE:CE2	2.51	0.46
3:A:919:LYS:O	3:A:922:GLU:HG3	2.16	0.46
1:C:15:VAL:O	1:C:79:HIS:HA	2.16	0.46
3:A:972:LEU:HA	3:A:994:ILE:HD13	1.98	0.46
3:A:843:GLY:HA3	3:A:852:VAL:HG11	1.98	0.45
3:A:1535:ASN:OD1	3:A:1535:ASN:N	2.27	0.45
3:A:311:LEU:HD13	3:A:315:LEU:HD23	1.98	0.45
3:A:1018:GLY:O	3:A:1022:ASN:ND2	2.49	0.45
3:A:1366:LYS:HD3	3:A:1366:LYS:HA	1.71	0.45
3:A:1354:GLY:O	3:A:1358:ARG:HB3	2.16	0.45
3:A:257:ILE:HG23	3:A:294:ILE:HG22	1.99	0.45
1:C:20:HIS:ND1	1:C:115:GLN:HB2	2.32	0.45
3:A:191:LEU:HA	3:A:248:LEU:HD12	1.99	0.45
1:C:152:MET:HG3	1:C:153:GLU:N	2.31	0.45
3:A:468:ASP:OD1	3:A:468:ASP:N	2.46	0.45
1:C:284:ARG:HH12	2:B:74:C:H42	1.64	0.45
3:A:26:LYS:HE3	3:A:26:LYS:HB3	1.67	0.44
3:A:1295:PRO:CD	3:A:1296:GLY:N	2.79	0.44
3:A:1543:TYR:OH	3:A:1558:ASP:O	2.28	0.44
3:A:600:PHE:HE1	3:A:668:VAL:HA	1.83	0.44
3:A:1253:LEU:HD22	3:A:1253:LEU:HA	1.84	0.44
2:B:68:C:H2'	2:B:69:G:C8	2.52	0.44
3:A:892:GLN:O	3:A:895:VAL:HG12	2.18	0.44
1:C:216:GLU:HG3	1:C:217:ASP:N	2.32	0.44
3:A:328:TYR:HE2	3:A:383:GLY:HA2	1.82	0.44
3:A:689:LYS:HE2	3:A:693:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.44
2:B:69:G:C2'	2:B:70:G:H5'	2.47	0.44
3:A:860:LYS:HA	3:A:860:LYS:HD3	1.72	0.44
3:A:1255:GLN:HA	3:A:1258:VAL:HG12	2.00	0.44
3:A:663:ARG:HG3	3:A:665:THR:H	1.83	0.43
3:A:564:PHE:CE2	3:A:578:ARG:HG2	2.53	0.43
3:A:706:LYS:HD3	3:A:706:LYS:HA	1.67	0.43
2:B:1:G:HO2'	2:B:2:C:P	2.42	0.43
2:B:1:G:O2'	2:B:2:C:OP1	2.33	0.43
2:B:4:C:H2'	2:B:5:G:H8	1.83	0.43
3:A:585:GLN:HG2	3:A:685:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.43
3:A:1016:LYS:HB3	3:A:1016:LYS:HE3	1.82	0.43
3:A:1422:GLY:H	3:A:1516:SER:HB3	1.82	0.43
3:A:566:LEU:HD12	3:A:575:TYR:HE1	1.84	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:680:GLU:HG3	3:A:681:LYS:N	2.34	0.43
3:A:985:GLU:O	3:A:988:LEU:HG	2.18	0.43
3:A:1295:PRO:CD	3:A:1296:GLY:H	2.32	0.43
3:A:1396:ARG:O	3:A:1400:GLU:HG2	2.19	0.43
3:A:284:VAL:O	3:A:288:GLU:HG2	2.19	0.42
3:A:397:ASN:O	3:A:401:ARG:HG3	2.18	0.42
3:A:1342:ALA:HB2	3:A:1360:VAL:HG11	2.00	0.42
3:A:1423:THR:O	3:A:1423:THR:OG1	2.32	0.42
3:A:1516:SER:OG	3:A:1519:ASP:OD2	2.36	0.42
1:C:33:THR:CG2	1:C:45:ARG:H	2.32	0.42
3:A:426:GLY:HA2	3:A:507:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.42
3:A:552:LEU:HG	3:A:626:ARG:HG2	2.01	0.42
1:C:306:GLU:HG3	1:C:393:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.42
3:A:533:LYS:HD2	3:A:533:LYS:HA	1.86	0.42
1:C:65:THR:HA	1:C:81:ASP:O	2.20	0.42
3:A:81:LYS:HE3	3:A:81:LYS:HB2	1.84	0.42
3:A:198:TYR:CD1	3:A:242:LEU:HD13	2.55	0.42
3:A:424:LYS:HE3	3:A:424:LYS:HB2	1.93	0.42
3:A:1526:LEU:HD23	3:A:1526:LEU:HA	1.88	0.42
1:C:339:THR:HB	1:C:364:ILE:HD13	2.01	0.42
3:A:123:ASN:OD1	3:A:721:LEU:HB2	2.20	0.42
1:C:114:PRO:HG3	3:A:496:GLN:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:C:182:ASP:O	1:C:186:GLU:HG3	2.20	0.41
3:A:747:LYS:HD3	3:A:763:GLU:HA	2.03	0.41
3:A:727:LYS:HE2	3:A:727:LYS:HB3	1.79	0.41
3:A:1401:MET:HA	3:A:1608:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
3:A:1293:PHE:O	3:A:1297:SER:HB2	2.19	0.41
3:A:1580:ILE:HD13	3:A:1580:ILE:HA	1.89	0.41
1:C:37:ALA:HA	1:C:42:GLY:HA3	2.01	0.41
3:A:686:ASN:O	3:A:690:THR:HG23	2.19	0.41
1:C:133:VAL:HB	1:C:170:ILE:HG12	2.03	0.41
1:C:205:ARG:HG2	1:C:271:ALA:O	2.21	0.41
3:A:792:MET:HE3	3:A:792:MET:HB3	1.89	0.41
1:C:62:THR:HB	5:C:402:GTP:O1G	2.21	0.41
1:C:135:LEU:HD21	1:C:150:VAL:HG11	2.03	0.41
3:A:1432:TYR:HE1	3:A:1526:LEU:HG	1.85	0.41
1:C:332:TYR:CE1	1:C:378:ARG:HB2	2.56	0.41
3:A:83:PHE:O	3:A:87:GLU:HG2	2.20	0.41
3:A:199:PHE:CE2	3:A:324:MET:HB3	2.56	0.41
3:A:737:PHE:CD2	3:A:792:MET:HE1	2.56	0.41
3:A:1414:ILE:HD12	3:A:1414:ILE:HA	1.94	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:22:ASP:OD1	3:A:437:LYS:NZ	2.40	0.41
1:C:90:LYS:HE2	1:C:90:LYS:HB3	1.75	0.41
3:A:948:PHE:O	3:A:952:ILE:HG12	2.21	0.41
1:C:357:ILE:HG13	1:C:358:LYS:N	2.36	0.40
2:B:69:G:H2'	2:B:70:G:H5'	2.03	0.40
3:A:927:PHE:CE2	3:A:979:LEU:HB2	2.56	0.40
1:C:260:GLU:HB2	2:B:76:A:N3	2.36	0.40
3:A:264:HIS:HB3	3:A:290:ILE:HD11	2.04	0.40
3:A:796:LYS:HE2	3:A:796:LYS:HB3	1.89	0.40
3:A:1508:ARG:NH2	3:A:1523:ASP:OD1	2.55	0.40
3:A:1249:ILE:HG23	3:A:1334:PHE:CE1	2.56	0.40
1:C:12:HIS:HE1	1:C:78:ALA:HB2	1.87	0.40
2:B:68:C:H2'	2:B:69:G:H8	1.86	0.40
3:A:115:ILE:HD13	3:A:115:ILE:HA	1.93	0.40
3:A:629:TYR:OH	3:A:645:ASN:OD1	2.26	0.40
3:A:663:ARG:HA	3:A:663:ARG:HD2	1.91	0.40
3:A:750:LEU:HD11	3:A:785:TYR:CZ	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	391/394 (99%)	382 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
3	A	1153/2248 (51%)	1113 (96%)	39 (3%)	1 (0%)	51	78
All	All	1544/2642 (58%)	1495 (97%)	48 (3%)	1 (0%)	54	78

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	127	SER

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	301/327 (92%)	280 (93%)	21 (7%)	15	35
3	A	932/2019 (46%)	885 (95%)	47 (5%)	24	51
All	All	1233/2346 (53%)	1165 (94%)	68 (6%)	25	46

All (68) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	17	THR
1	C	66	SER
1	C	92	MET
1	C	110	ASP
1	C	135	LEU
1	C	152	MET
1	C	160	GLN
1	C	220	SER
1	C	231	ARG
1	C	233	GLU
1	C	234	ARG
1	C	251	THR
1	C	255	THR
1	C	274	ASN
1	C	287	ILE
1	C	292	VAL
1	C	315	ASP
1	C	338	VAL
1	C	362	THR
1	C	369	MET
1	C	391	LYS
3	A	26	LYS
3	A	82	SER
3	A	129	ILE
3	A	191	LEU
3	A	267	ASP
3	A	284	VAL

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<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Res</b>	<b>Type</b>
3	A	317	THR
3	A	324	MET
3	A	329	THR
3	A	384	VAL
3	A	387	ASP
3	A	425	ILE
3	A	481	THR
3	A	486	VAL
3	A	492	SER
3	A	512	SER
3	A	515	SER
3	A	548	LYS
3	A	562	LEU
3	A	591	ARG
3	A	603	ILE
3	A	636	LEU
3	A	688	ASP
3	A	706	LYS
3	A	779	SER
3	A	804	SER
3	A	851	ILE
3	A	909	ASP
3	A	950	LYS
3	A	962	VAL
3	A	977	SER
3	A	1012	HIS
3	A	1253	LEU
3	A	1254	TYR
3	A	1258	VAL
3	A	1358	ARG
3	A	1406	SER
3	A	1421	PHE
3	A	1423	THR
3	A	1508	ARG
3	A	1512	ASN
3	A	1535	ASN
3	A	1573	LYS
3	A	1589	LEU
3	A	1604	CYS
3	A	1613	ASP
3	A	1616	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are

no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
2	B	59/76 (77%)	15 (25%)	4 (6%)

All (15) RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	2	C
2	B	14	A
2	B	16	H2U
2	B	18	G
2	B	19	G
2	B	20	H2U
2	B	21	A
2	B	45	U
2	B	48	C
2	B	52	G
2	B	70	G
2	B	71	G
2	B	73	A
2	B	74	C
2	B	75	C

All (4) RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	1	G
2	B	13	C
2	B	17	C
2	B	70	G

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

6 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	4SU	B	8	2	18,21,22	3.64	7 (38%)	26,30,33	2.27	4 (15%)
2	5MU	B	54	2	19,22,23	0.45	0	28,32,35	0.55	0
2	H2U	B	20	2	18,21,22	0.55	0	21,30,33	1.34	3 (14%)
2	PSU	B	55	2	18,21,22	1.05	1 (5%)	22,30,33	1.78	4 (18%)
2	3AU	B	47	2	24,28,29	2.77	9 (37%)	33,40,43	1.41	5 (15%)
2	H2U	B	16	2	18,21,22	0.50	0	21,30,33	0.98	1 (4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	4SU	B	8	2	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
2	5MU	B	54	2	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
2	H2U	B	20	2	-	7/7/38/39	0/2/2/2
2	PSU	B	55	2	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
2	3AU	B	47	2	-	5/16/34/35	0/2/2/2
2	H2U	B	16	2	-	3/7/38/39	0/2/2/2

All (17) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	8	4SU	C2-N3	7.06	1.50	1.38
2	B	8	4SU	C2-N1	7.02	1.49	1.38
2	B	8	4SU	C4-N3	6.69	1.44	1.37
2	B	47	3AU	C2-N1	6.60	1.48	1.38
2	B	47	3AU	C2-N3	6.10	1.49	1.38
2	B	47	3AU	C6-C5	6.10	1.49	1.35
2	B	8	4SU	C5-C4	5.71	1.49	1.42
2	B	8	4SU	C6-C5	5.52	1.47	1.35
2	B	8	4SU	C4-S4	-4.37	1.60	1.68
2	B	47	3AU	C6-N1	3.57	1.46	1.38
2	B	47	3AU	C4-N3	3.55	1.46	1.40
2	B	47	3AU	O2-C2	-3.54	1.16	1.22
2	B	55	PSU	C6-C5	3.39	1.39	1.35
2	B	47	3AU	C11-C10	3.00	1.58	1.52
2	B	8	4SU	C6-N1	2.77	1.44	1.38

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	47	3AU	O4-C4	-2.37	1.18	1.23
2	B	47	3AU	O30-C13	2.28	1.29	1.22

All (17) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	8	4SU	C4-N3-C2	-7.92	119.65	127.34
2	B	8	4SU	C5-C4-N3	5.76	120.03	114.69
2	B	55	PSU	C4-N3-C2	-4.70	119.56	126.34
2	B	55	PSU	N1-C2-N3	4.52	120.25	115.13
2	B	8	4SU	N3-C2-N1	3.67	119.77	114.89
2	B	20	H2U	C5-C4-N3	-3.65	112.55	116.65
2	B	8	4SU	C5-C4-S4	-3.64	119.78	124.47
2	B	47	3AU	C4-N3-C2	-3.55	120.18	124.63
2	B	47	3AU	C5-C4-N3	3.14	119.64	115.50
2	B	16	H2U	C5-C4-N3	-3.07	113.20	116.65
2	B	20	H2U	O2-C2-N1	3.04	126.93	123.11
2	B	47	3AU	C1'-N1-C2	2.77	121.67	116.99
2	B	47	3AU	O2-C2-N3	-2.75	118.16	121.99
2	B	47	3AU	C6-N1-C2	-2.71	119.36	121.79
2	B	55	PSU	O2-C2-N1	-2.50	120.04	122.79
2	B	20	H2U	O2-C2-N3	-2.17	117.47	121.50
2	B	55	PSU	C6-N1-C2	-2.05	120.59	122.68

There are no chirality outliers.

All (15) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	20	H2U	O4'-C1'-N1-C6
2	B	47	3AU	C10-C11-C12-N40
2	B	47	3AU	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	B	16	H2U	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	B	16	H2U	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	B	20	H2U	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	B	20	H2U	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	B	20	H2U	C2'-C1'-N1-C6
2	B	20	H2U	C2'-C1'-N1-C2
2	B	20	H2U	C4'-C5'-O5'-P
2	B	47	3AU	C10-C11-C12-C13
2	B	47	3AU	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	B	16	H2U	C4'-C5'-O5'-P
2	B	20	H2U	O4'-C1'-N1-C2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	47	3AU	C2'-C1'-N1-C2

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	8	4SU	1	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	GTP	C	402	4	26,34,34	1.14	2 (7%)	32,54,54	1.64	7 (21%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GTP	C	402	4	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	C	402	GTP	C5-C6	-4.03	1.39	1.47

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	C	402	GTP	C2-N3	2.07	1.38	1.33

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	C	402	GTP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.78	119.84	132.83
5	C	402	GTP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.54	120.68	132.83
5	C	402	GTP	C5-C6-N1	3.27	119.73	113.95
5	C	402	GTP	C8-N7-C5	3.02	108.74	102.99
5	C	402	GTP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.00	105.50	100.98
5	C	402	GTP	C2-N1-C6	-2.89	119.77	125.10
5	C	402	GTP	O6-C6-C5	-2.07	120.32	124.37

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

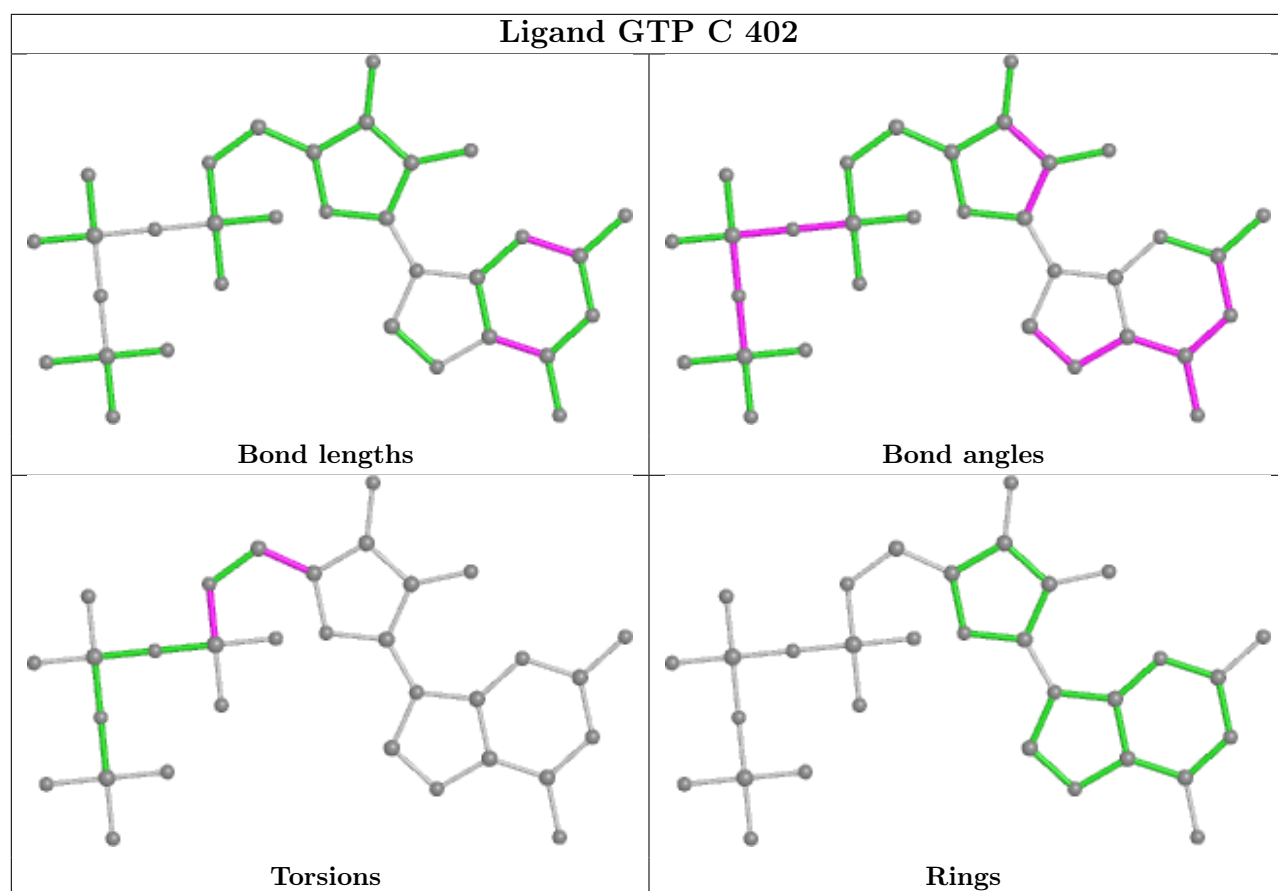
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	C	402	GTP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	C	402	GTP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	C	402	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	C	402	GTP	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-18383. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

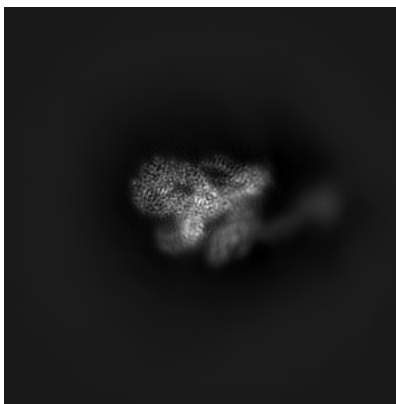
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

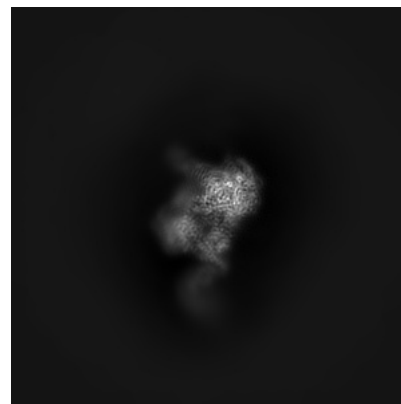
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

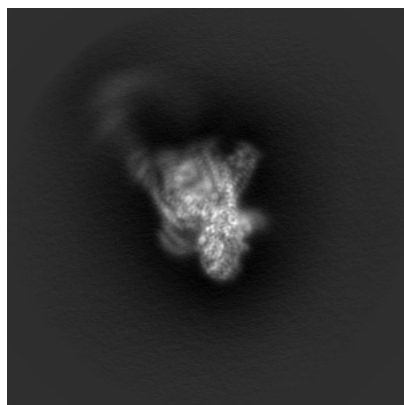


Y

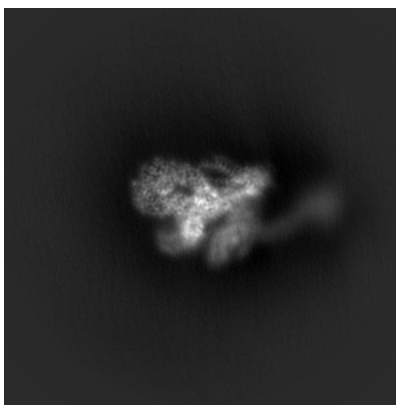


Z

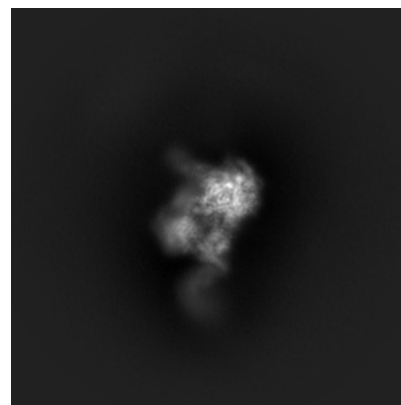
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



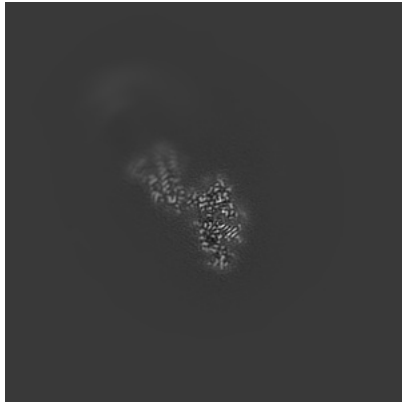
Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

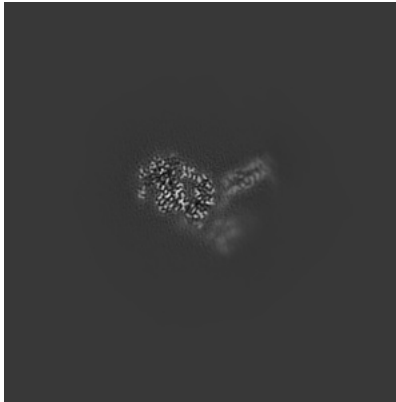


## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

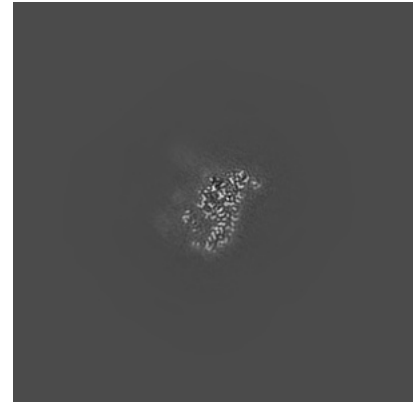
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 240

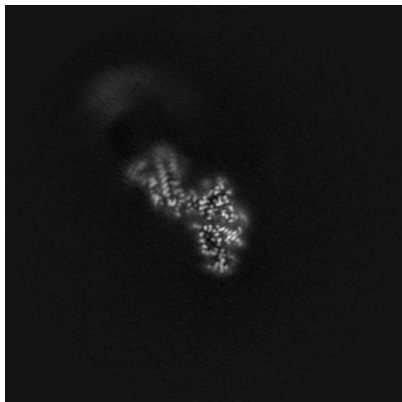


Y Index: 240

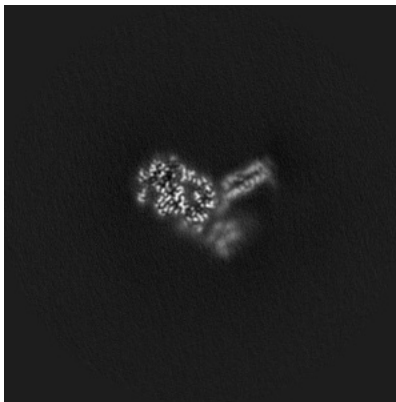


Z Index: 240

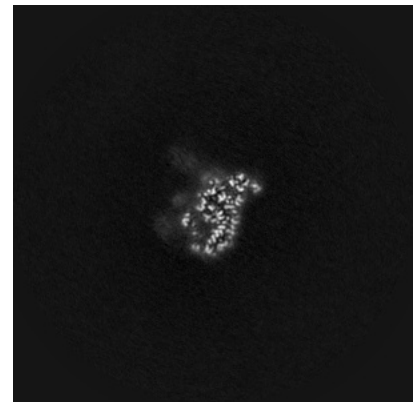
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 240



Y Index: 240

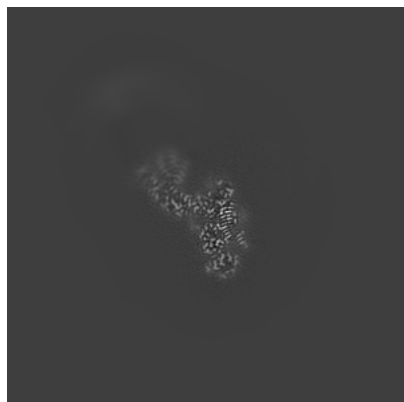


Z Index: 240

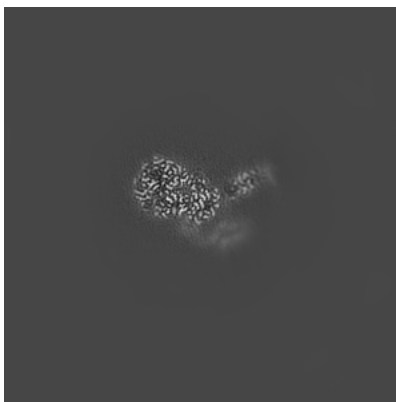
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

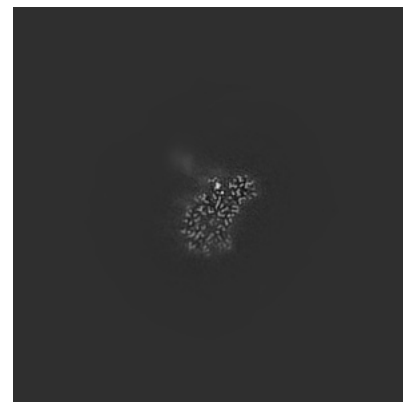
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 245

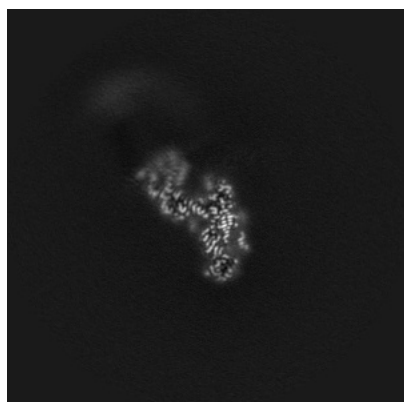


Y Index: 247

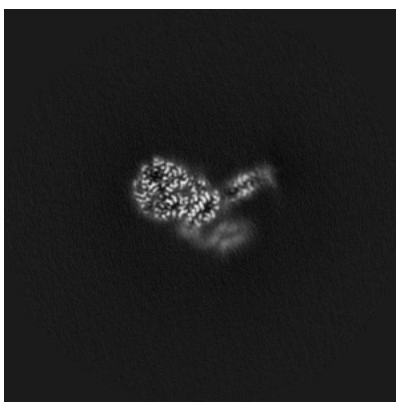


Z Index: 234

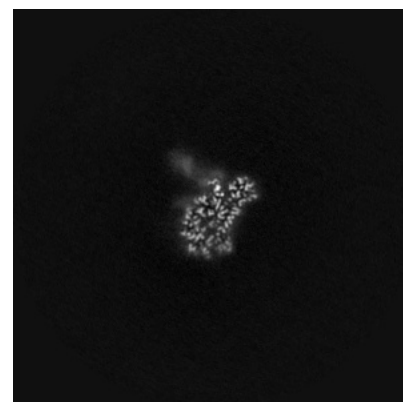
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 248



Y Index: 247

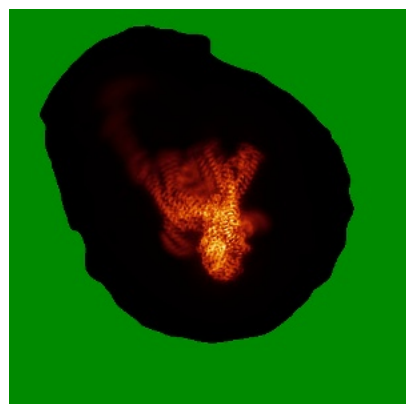


Z Index: 234

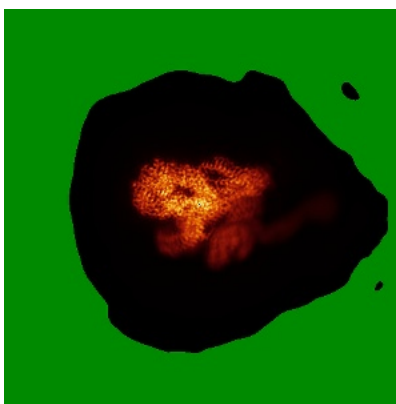
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

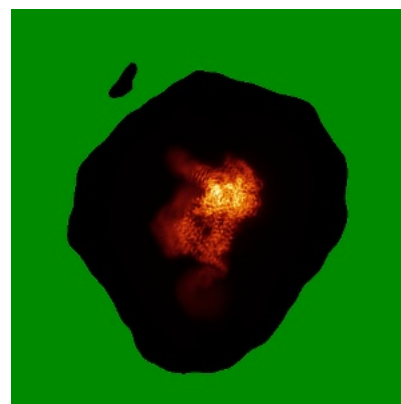
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

### 6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

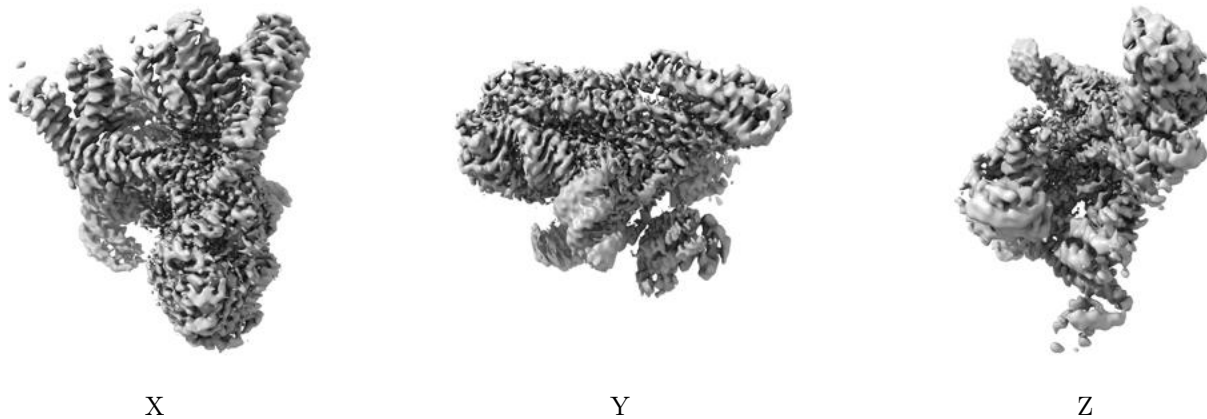


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

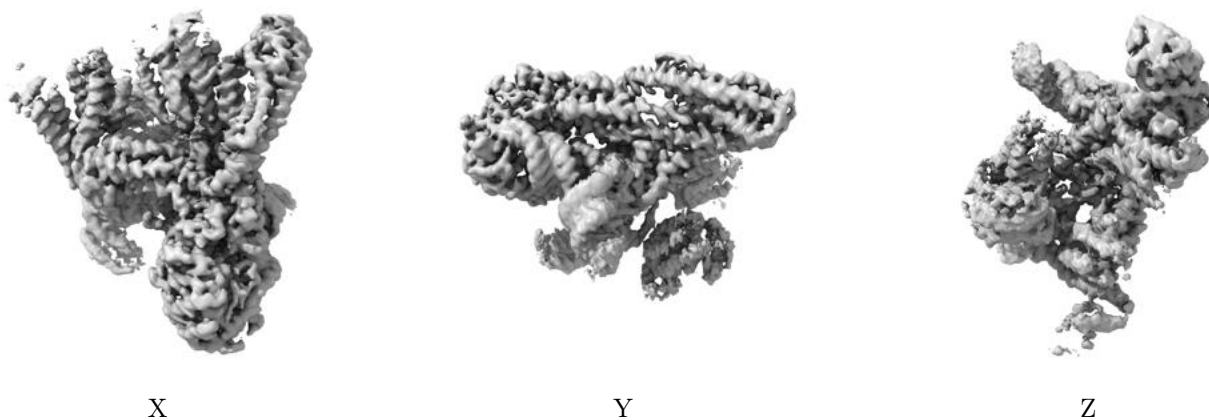
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0459. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

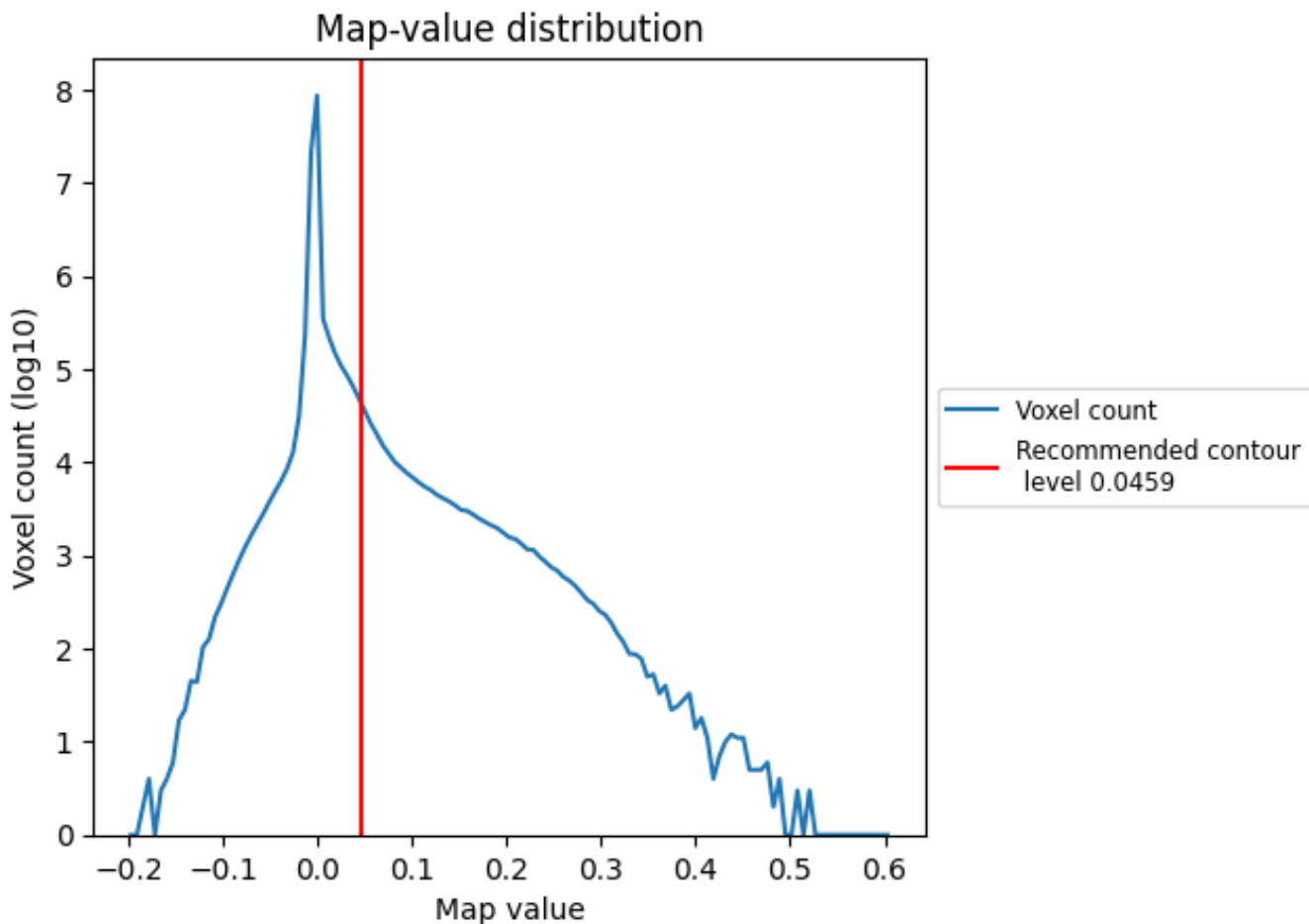
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

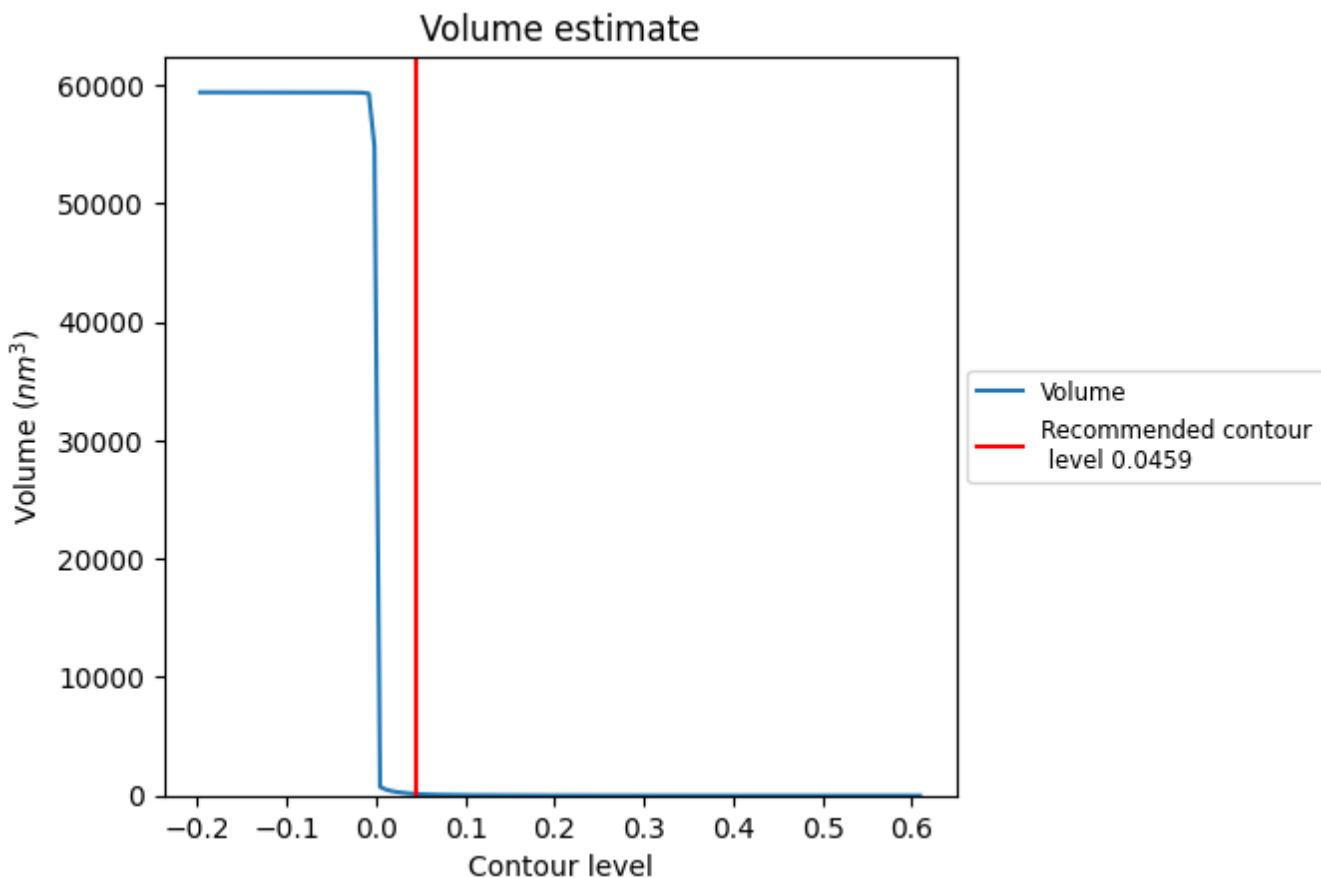
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

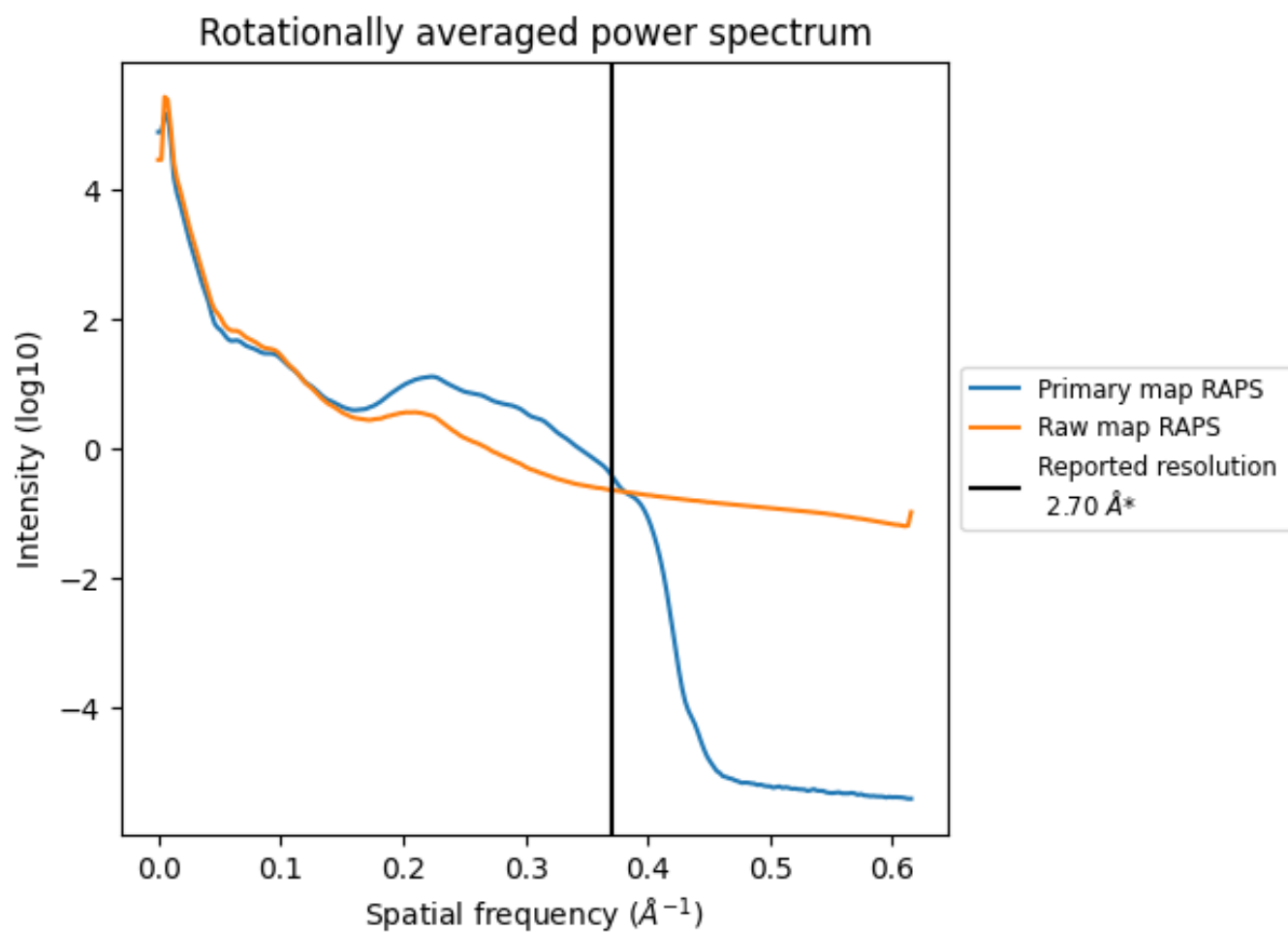
## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 131 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 118 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

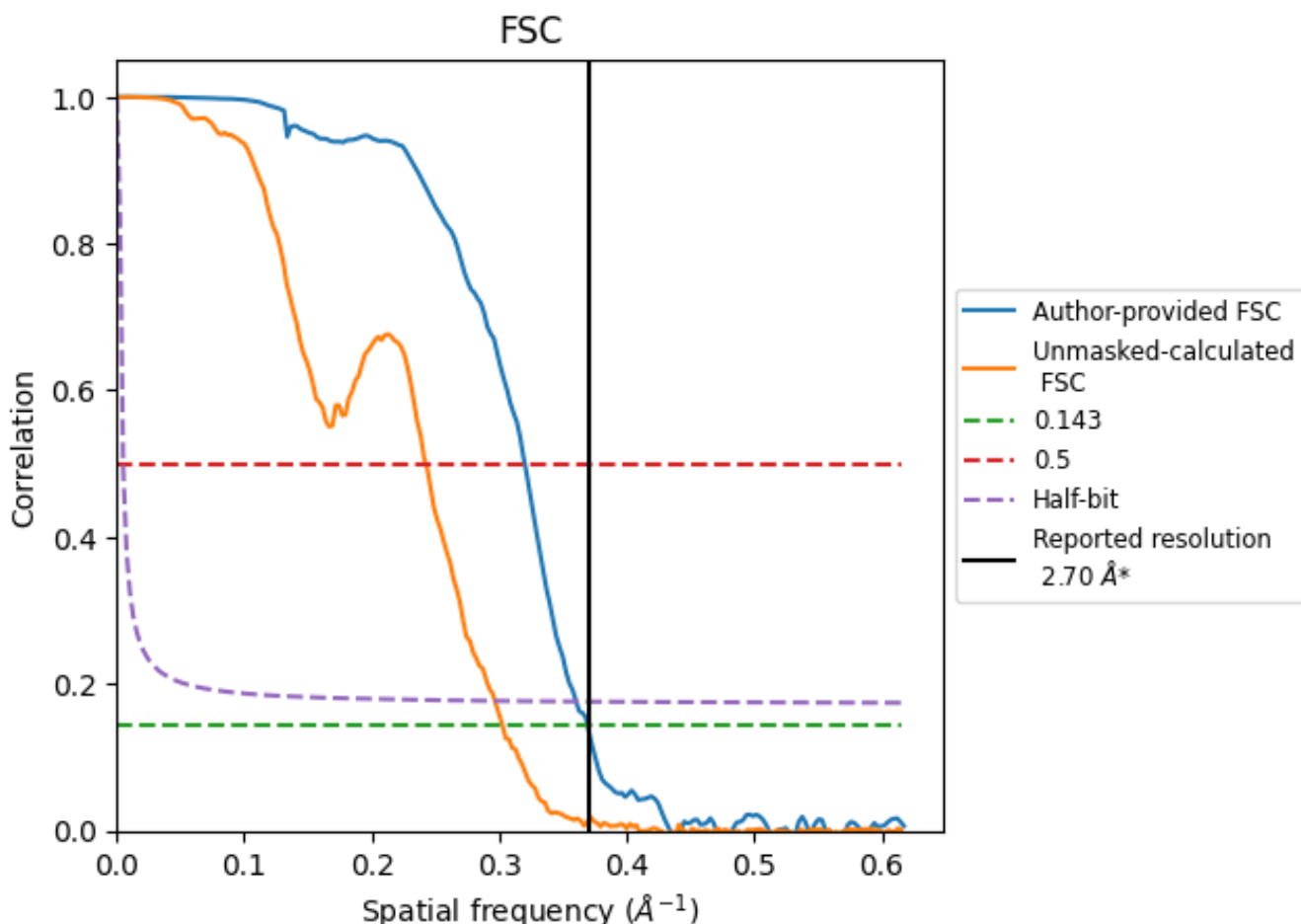


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.370 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.370 Å<sup>-1</sup>



## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.70	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.71	3.12	2.78
Unmasked-calculated*	3.31	4.13	3.37

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.31 differs from the reported value 2.7 by more than 10 %

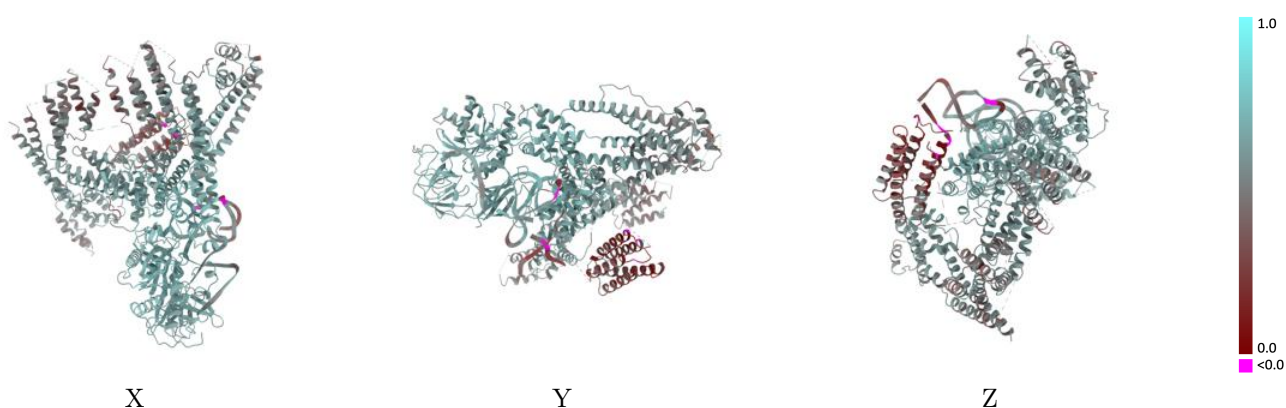
## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-18383 and PDB model 8QFS. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

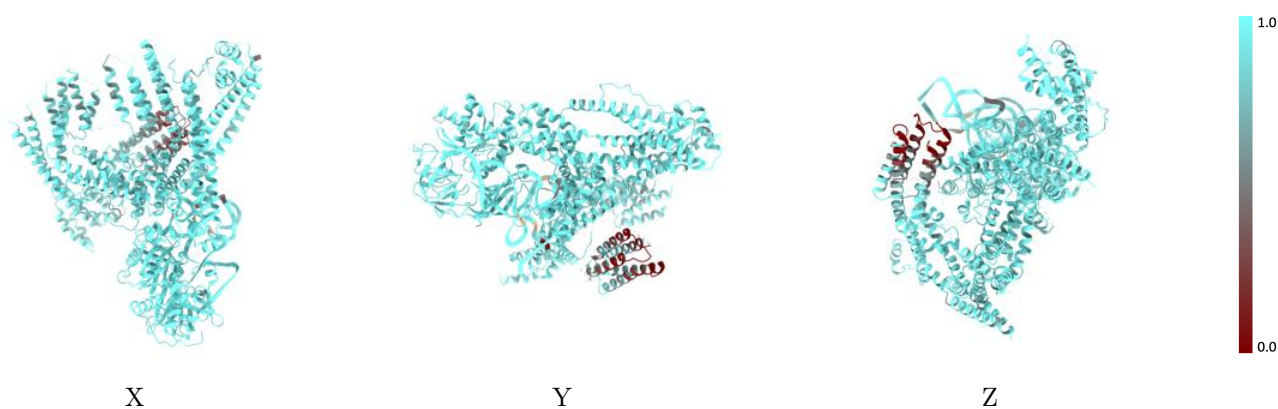
This section was not generated.

### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



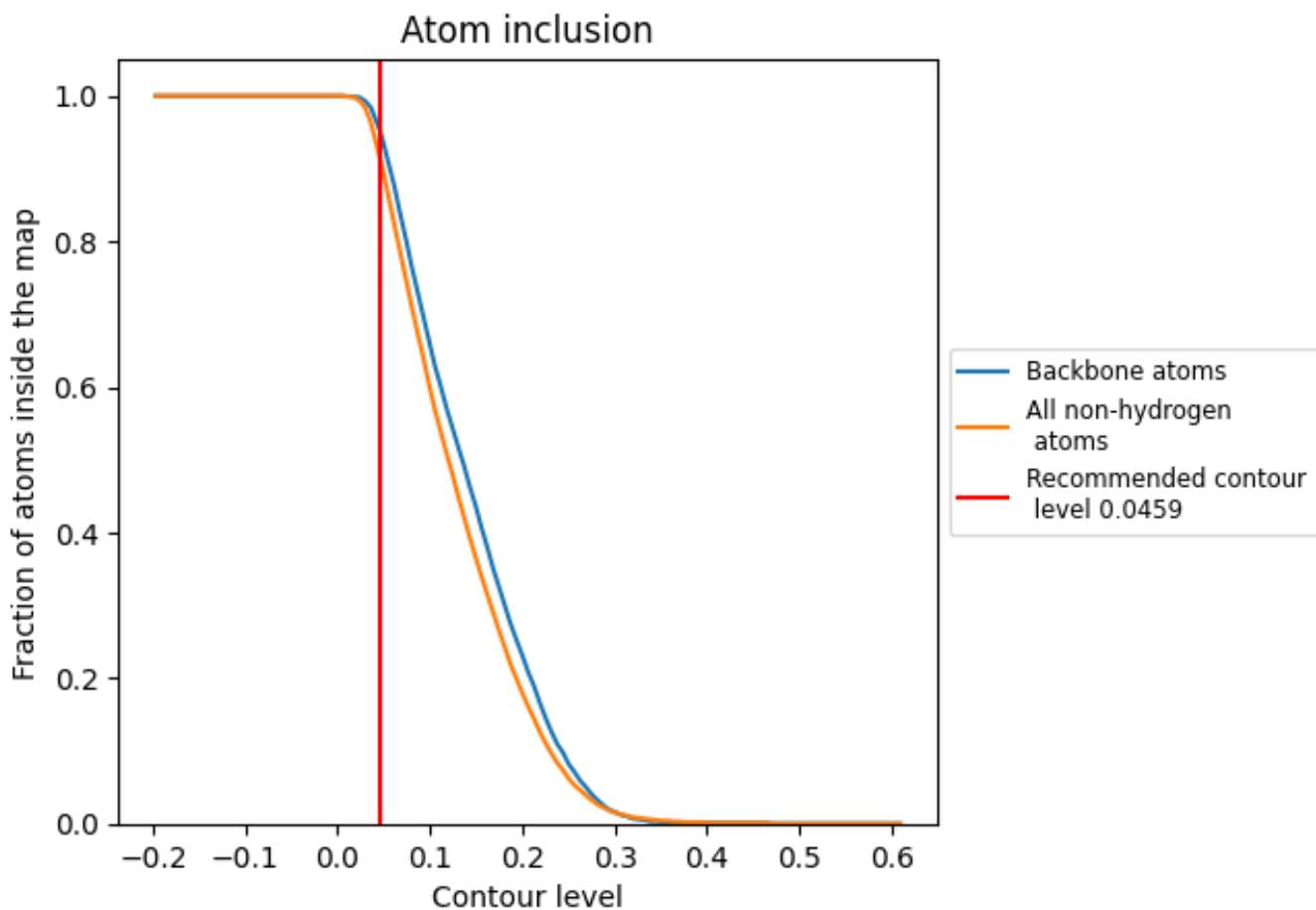
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0459).



## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 95% of all backbone atoms, 92% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0459) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.9150	 0.5620
A	 0.8940	 0.5400
B	 0.9230	 0.5180
C	 0.9780	 0.6480

