

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Sep 14, 2023 – 12:06 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1QHO

Title: FIVE-DOMAIN ALPHA-AMYLASE FROM BACILLUS STEAROTHER-

MOPHILUS, MALTOSE/ACARBOSE COMPLEX

Authors: Dauter, Z.; Dauter, M.; Brzozowski, A.M.; Christensen, S.; Borchert, T.V.;

Beier, L.; Wilson, K.S.; Davies, G.J.

Deposited on : 1999-05-25

Resolution : 1.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.35.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

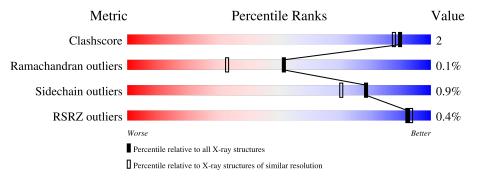
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	4695 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4610 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4610 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4222 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	686	94% 5%				
2	В	2	100%				
2	С	2	50%	50%			
3	D	6	50%	50%			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



	<i>v</i> .				Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	GLC	D	4	X	_	_	_



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6582 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ALPHA-AMYLASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	686	Total 5356	C 3392	N 899	O 1054	S 11	0	11	0

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	76	ASP	ASN	conflict	UNP P19531
A	221	GLY	-	insertion	UNP P19531
A	222	ALA	-	insertion	UNP P19531
A	223	ASP	-	insertion	UNP P19531
A	?	-	LYS	deletion	UNP P19531
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP P19531
A	346	ALA	LEU	conflict	UNP P19531
A	348	ALA	SER	conflict	UNP P19531
A	350	ILE	SER	conflict	UNP P19531
A	352	THR	-	insertion	UNP P19531
A	353	SER	-	insertion	UNP P19531
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP P19531
A	356	THR	ARG	conflict	UNP P19531
A	358	SER	PRO	conflict	UNP P19531

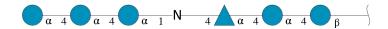
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	2	Total C O 23 12 11	0	0	0
2	С	2	Total C O 23 12 11	0	0	0



• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranose.

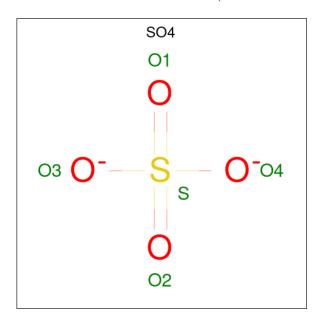


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	6	Total C N O 66 36 1 29	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	3	Total Ca 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 5 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.



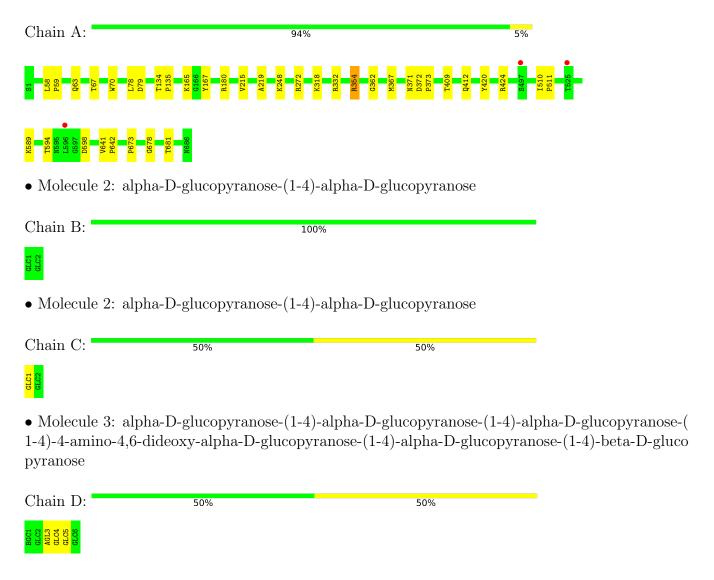
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1106	Total O 1106 1106	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ALPHA-AMYLASE





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	89.82Å 89.82Å 185.75Å	Danagitan
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 1.70	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.95 - 1.70	EDS
% Data completeness	99.1 (20.00-1.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.2 (19.95-1.70)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.92 (at 1.70Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
D.D.	0.151 , 0.175	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.145 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.185	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38 , 58.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.016 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	6582	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.69% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: AGL, GLC, CA, SO4, BGC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	ol Chain $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.40	0/5538	0.92	7/7550 (0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	79	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	9.05	126.44	118.30
1	A	180	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.43	124.02	120.30
1	A	354	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.08	123.34	120.30
1	A	420	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	6.06	124.64	121.00
1	A	420	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-6.02	117.39	121.00
1	A	272	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.75	123.17	120.30
1	A	180	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.26	117.67	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5356	0	5097	19	0
2	В	23	0	21	0	0
2	С	23	0	21	0	0
3	D	66	0	56	0	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	3	0	0	0	0
5	A	5	0	0	0	0
6	A	1106	0	0	4	1
All	All	6582	0	5195	19	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (19) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:215:VAL:HG13	1:A:248[B]:LYS:HD2	1.67	0.76
1:A:673:PRO:HG3	1:A:678:GLY:HA3	1.80	0.63
1:A:371[B]:ASN:ND2	6:A:802:HOH:O	2.40	0.55
1:A:134:THR:HB	1:A:135:PRO:HD2	1.91	0.52
1:A:641:VAL:HB	1:A:642:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.47
1:A:589:LYS:HE3	1:A:681:THR:HG21	1.97	0.47
1:A:165:LYS:HD2	1:A:167:TYR:CE2	2.51	0.46
1:A:165:LYS:HE3	6:A:1188:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:134:THR:HB	1:A:135:PRO:CD	2.46	0.45
1:A:372:ASP:HA	1:A:373:PRO:HA	1.77	0.45
1:A:63[A]:GLN:HG3	6:A:1403:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:A:409:THR:O	1:A:424:ARG:HA	2.18	0.43
1:A:589:LYS:HE3	1:A:681:THR:CG2	2.48	0.43
1:A:510:ILE:HB	1:A:511:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.42
1:A:219:ALA:HB2	1:A:248[B]:LYS:HE3	2.02	0.41
1:A:362:GLY:HA3	1:A:367:MET:SD	2.60	0.41
1:A:594:THR:HB	1:A:598:ASP:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:A:58:LEU:N	1:A:59:PRO:CD	2.84	0.40
1:A:332:ARG:HG2	6:A:908:HOH:O	2.21	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:1104:HOH:O	6:A:1744:HOH:O[6_765]	2.03	0.17



## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	695/686 (101%)	677 (97%)	17 (2%)	1 (0%)	51 33	

#### All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	78	LEU

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	580/569 (102%)	575 (99%)	5 (1%)	78 70	

#### All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	67	THR
1	A	70	TRP
1	A	318	LYS
1	A	354	ARG
1	A	412	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	115	ASN
1	A	513	ASN
1	A	686	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Type Chain Res Link		Во	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	GLC	В	1	2	12,12,12	0.45	0	17,17,17	0.74	0
2	GLC	В	2	2	11,11,12	0.73	0	15,15,17	0.83	0
2	GLC	С	1	2	12,12,12	0.52	0	17,17,17	1.04	2 (11%)
2	GLC	С	2	2	11,11,12	0.73	0	15,15,17	0.83	0
3	BGC	D	1	3	12,12,12	0.50	0	17,17,17	1.06	0
3	GLC	D	2	3	11,11,12	0.77	0	15,15,17	0.87	0
3	AGL	D	3	3	9,10,11	1.33	1 (11%)	14,14,16	1.40	3 (21%)
3	GLC	D	4	3	11,11,12	1.04	1 (9%)	15,15,17	3.03	4 (26%)
3	GLC	D	5	3	11,11,12	0.47	0	15,15,17	1.61	2 (13%)
3	GLC	D	6	3	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	0.96	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLC	В	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	В	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	С	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	С	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	D	1	3	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	D	2	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	AGL	D	3	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	D	4	3	1/1/4/5	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	D	5	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	D	6	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
3	D	3	AGL	C4-N4	-3.52	1.42	1.47
3	D	4	GLC	O5-C5	-2.26	1.38	1.43

#### All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	D	4	GLC	C1-O5-C5	7.27	122.05	112.19
3	D	4	GLC	O5-C5-C6	5.87	116.41	107.20
3	D	4	GLC	O5-C5-C4	5.72	124.75	110.83
3	D	5	GLC	O4-C4-C3	-4.70	99.49	110.35
3	D	3	AGL	C1-C2-C3	2.97	113.32	109.67
3	D	3	AGL	C3-C4-N4	2.72	116.63	111.05
3	D	5	GLC	O5-C1-C2	-2.63	106.70	110.77
3	D	4	GLC	C2-C3-C4	-2.46	106.63	110.89
2	С	1	GLC	O3-C3-C4	-2.28	105.08	110.35
2	С	1	GLC	C6-C5-C4	-2.14	107.98	113.00
3	D	3	AGL	C3-C4-C5	-2.12	106.25	110.67

### All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
3	D	4	GLC	C5

### All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

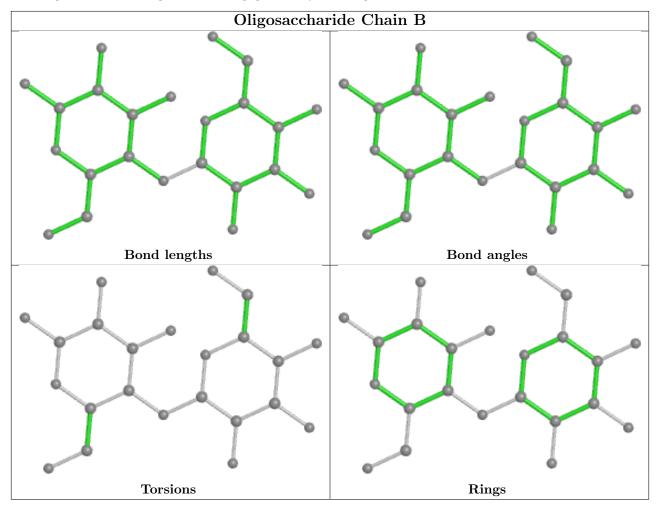
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	D	4	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6



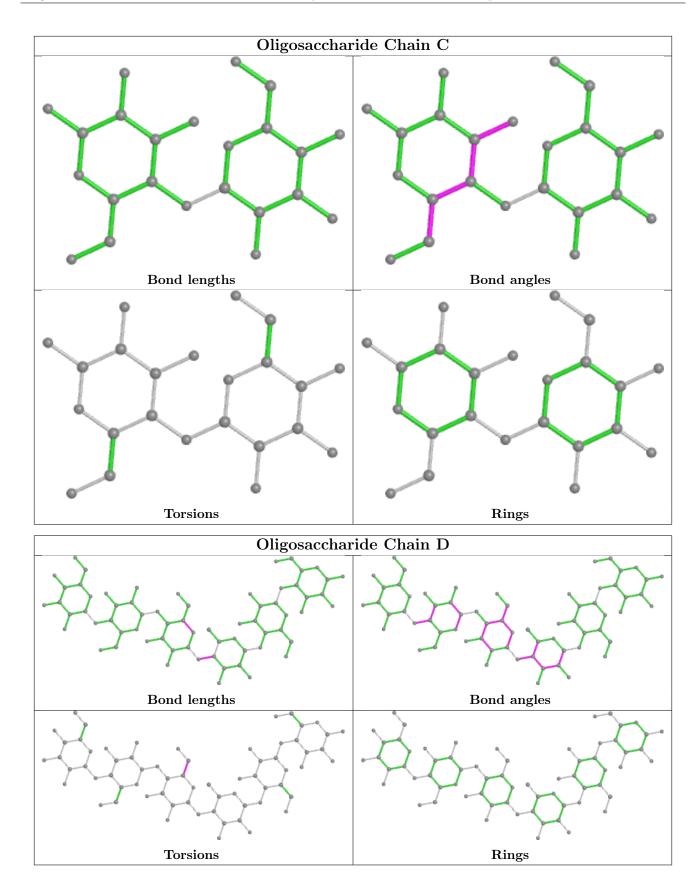
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









# 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Typ	Type	Chain	Res Link	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI	туре			LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	SO4	A	704	-	4,4,4	0.60	0	6,6,6	0.18	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	686/686 (100%)	-0.50	3 (0%) 92 93	10, 13, 22, 40	0

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	A	596	LEU	9.6
1	A	497	SER	3.0
1	A	525	THR	2.3

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

# 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({ ext{\AA}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	$\operatorname{BGC}$	D	1	12/12	0.86	0.17	18,22,26,31	0
3	GLC	D	6	11/12	0.86	0.17	22,24,28,28	0
3	AGL	D	3	10/11	0.93	0.08	11,12,13,13	0
3	GLC	D	2	11/12	0.93	0.10	13,17,19,20	0
3	GLC	D	4	11/12	0.94	0.07	9,10,11,12	0
2	GLC	С	1	12/12	0.95	0.08	15,17,18,19	0
2	GLC	В	2	11/12	0.95	0.11	17,18,21,21	0
2	GLC	В	1	12/12	0.96	0.09	18,20,24,25	0
3	GLC	D	5	11/12	0.97	0.05	11,11,18,19	0

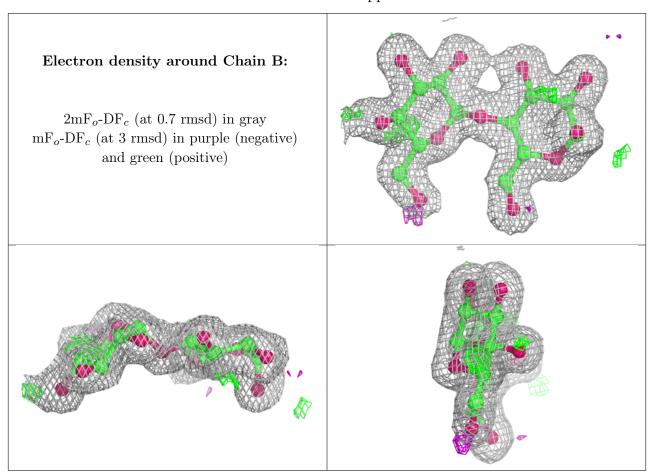
Continued on next page...



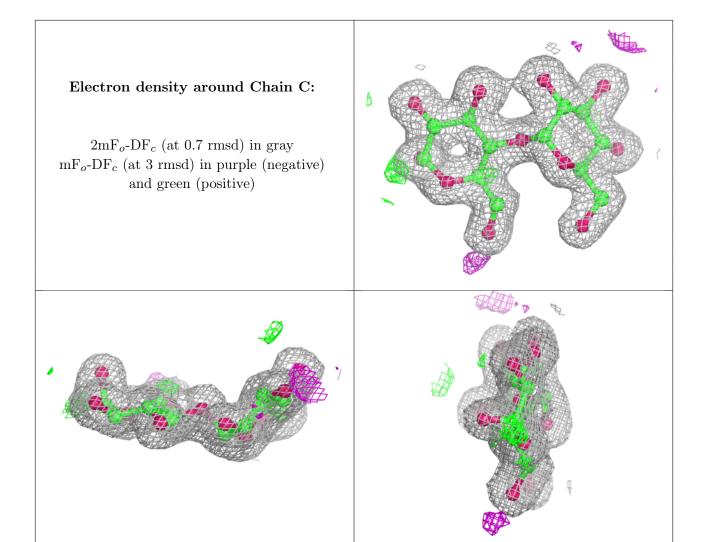
Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	GLC	С	2	11/12	0.97	0.06	15,17,18,18	0

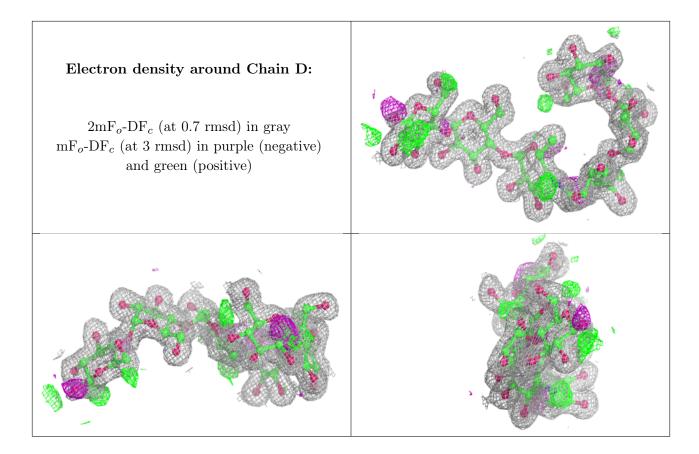
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











# 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	SO4	A	704	5/5	0.98	0.15	28,28,31,31	0
4	CA	A	702	1/1	1.00	0.03	10,10,10,10	0
4	CA	A	703	1/1	1.00	0.04	13,13,13,13	0
4	CA	A	701	1/1	1.00	0.04	11,11,11,11	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

