



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 16, 2020 – 09:22 am BST

PDB ID : 3QHP  
Title : Crystal structure of the catalytic domain of cholesterol-alpha-glucosyltransferase from *Helicobacter pylori*  
Authors : Lee, S.J.; Lee, B.I.; Suh, S.W.  
Deposited on : 2011-01-26  
Resolution : 1.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.11  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

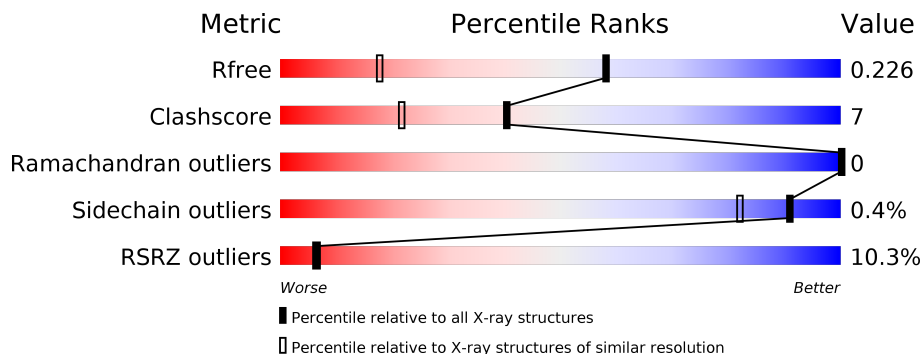
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	2936 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	141614	3144 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3066 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3064 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2884 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	166	 11% 78% 16% ..
1	B	166	 8% 84% 7% 9%

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2784 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Type 1 capsular polysaccharide biosynthesis protein J (CapJ).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	159	1296	836	216	239	5	0	7	0
1	B	151	1208	781	203	219	5	0	4	0

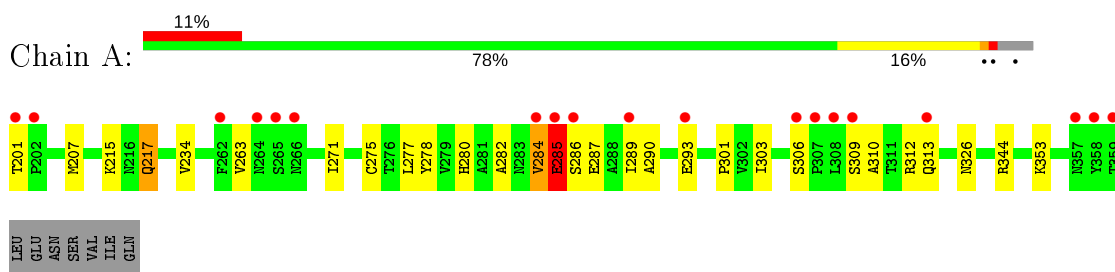
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	158	Total 158	O 158	0	0
2	B	122	Total 122	O 122	0	0

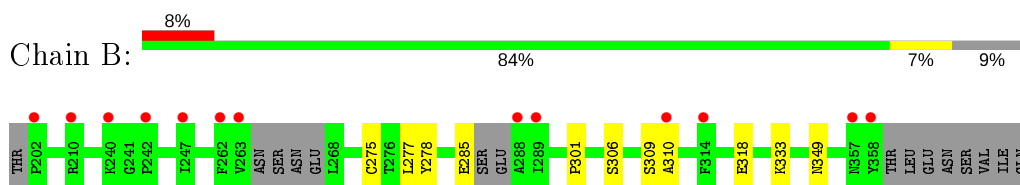
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Type 1 capsular polysaccharide biosynthesis protein J (CapJ)



- Molecule 1: Type 1 capsular polysaccharide biosynthesis protein J (CapJ)



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	35.79Å 40.71Å 53.74Å 101.44° 94.87° 90.58°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.94 – 1.50 19.94 – 1.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.0 (19.94-1.50) 95.9 (19.94-1.50)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	6.87 (at 1.50Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0102	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.196 , 0.227 0.195 , 0.226	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2306 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	13.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.018	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.39 , 49.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	2784	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 9.49% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.49	0/1325	0.68	1/1787 (0.1%)
1	B	0.48	0/1234	0.60	0/1658
All	All	0.49	0/2559	0.64	1/3445 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	285	GLU	N-CA-C	-9.20	86.17	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	284	VAL	Peptide
1	A	285	GLU	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1296	0	1356	30	0
1	B	1208	0	1275	9	0
2	A	158	0	0	9	0
2	B	122	0	0	4	0
All	All	2784	0	2631	37	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (37) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:286:SER:HB3	2:A:497:HOH:O	1.35	1.24
1:A:201:THR:HG21	1:A:234[A]:VAL:HG23	1.42	0.99
1:A:280:HIS:HE1	2:A:497:HOH:O	1.59	0.84
1:A:280:HIS:CE1	2:A:497:HOH:O	2.31	0.83
1:A:207:MET:CE	2:A:376:HOH:O	2.28	0.81
1:A:306:SER:HB3	1:A:309:SER:HB3	1.65	0.76
1:A:290:ALA:HA	1:A:293:GLU:HG2	1.68	0.74
1:A:207:MET:HE1	2:A:376:HOH:O	1.87	0.74
1:A:326:ASN:HD22	1:B:349:ASN:HD22	1.34	0.73
1:A:263:VAL:HG11	1:A:271:ILE:HD12	1.80	0.63
1:A:201:THR:CG2	1:A:234[A]:VAL:HG23	2.23	0.63
1:B:318:GLU:HG3	2:B:380:HOH:O	2.02	0.60
1:A:207:MET:HE3	2:A:376:HOH:O	1.97	0.59
1:B:275[B]:CYS:SG	1:B:277:LEU:O	2.61	0.58
1:A:287:GLU:OE2	1:A:289:ILE:HG22	2.03	0.58
1:A:303[B]:ILE:HG21	1:A:312:ARG:HA	1.87	0.56
1:A:263:VAL:HG11	1:A:271:ILE:CD1	2.35	0.56
1:B:285:GLU:HG3	2:B:442:HOH:O	2.10	0.52
1:A:280:HIS:HB3	1:A:303[B]:ILE:HD12	1.93	0.51
1:A:326:ASN:HD22	1:B:349:ASN:ND2	2.08	0.49
1:B:310:ALA:HB3	2:B:442:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:A:310:ALA:O	1:A:313:GLN:HG2	2.14	0.48
1:A:353:LYS:NZ	2:A:504:HOH:O	2.46	0.45
1:A:284:VAL:HG13	1:A:285:GLU:OE1	2.16	0.45
1:B:333[A]:LYS:NZ	2:B:381:HOH:O	2.50	0.45
1:A:275[B]:CYS:SG	1:A:277:LEU:O	2.75	0.45
1:A:207:MET:HE1	1:A:215:LYS:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:217:GLN:H	1:A:217:GLN:NE2	2.15	0.45
1:A:344:ARG:NH2	2:A:160:HOH:O	2.49	0.45
1:A:217:GLN:H	1:A:217:GLN:HE21	1.64	0.44

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:278:TYR:O	1:B:301:PRO:HA	2.18	0.44
1:A:278:TYR:O	1:A:301:PRO:HA	2.18	0.43
1:A:301:PRO:HB2	1:A:303[B]:ILE:HD11	2.00	0.43
1:A:306:SER:HB3	1:A:309:SER:CB	2.43	0.42
1:B:306:SER:HB3	1:B:309[B]:SER:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:A:282:ALA:N	2:A:376:HOH:O	2.53	0.40
1:A:284:VAL:O	1:A:286:SER:HB2	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	164/166 (99%)	159 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	149/166 (90%)	146 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	313/332 (94%)	305 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	143/143 (100%)	142 (99%)	1 (1%)	84	69

*Continued on next page...*



*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	132/143 (92%)	132 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	275/286 (96%)	274 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	82

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	217	GLN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	217	GLN
1	A	349	ASN
1	B	313	GLN
1	B	348	GLN
1	B	349	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	159/166 (95%)	0.57	19 (11%) 4 4	8, 13, 31, 38	0
1	B	151/166 (90%)	0.53	13 (8%) 10 11	8, 15, 27, 36	0
All	All	310/332 (93%)	0.55	32 (10%) 6 6	8, 14, 29, 38	0

All (32) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	358	TYR	9.2
1	A	284	VAL	7.6
1	A	308	LEU	7.6
1	A	307	PRO	6.1
1	A	289	ILE	4.4
1	A	358	TYR	4.2
1	A	266	ASN	3.9
1	B	262	PHE	3.7
1	A	357	ASN	3.5
1	A	262[A]	PHE	3.5
1	A	201	THR	3.4
1	B	310	ALA	3.4
1	B	289	ILE	3.3
1	B	242	PRO	3.3
1	B	202	PRO	3.1
1	A	265	SER	3.1
1	B	288	ALA	2.9
1	A	264	ASN	2.8
1	A	285	GLU	2.7
1	A	309	SER	2.6
1	B	357	ASN	2.6
1	B	263	VAL	2.6
1	B	210	ARG	2.6
1	B	314	PHE	2.5

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	202	PRO	2.3
1	B	247	ILE	2.2
1	B	240	LYS	2.2
1	A	306	SER	2.2
1	A	293	GLU	2.2
1	A	359	THR	2.1
1	A	313	GLN	2.1
1	A	286	SER	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.