wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 1, 2022 – 01:11 pm BST

PDB ID	:	7QSV
Title	:	L8-complex forming RubisCO derived from ancestral sequence reconstruction of the last common ancestor of Form I" and Form I RubisCOs
Authors	:	Zarzycki, J.; Schulz, L.; Erb, T.J.; Hochberg, G.K.A.
Deposited on	:	2022-01-14
Resolution	:	2.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

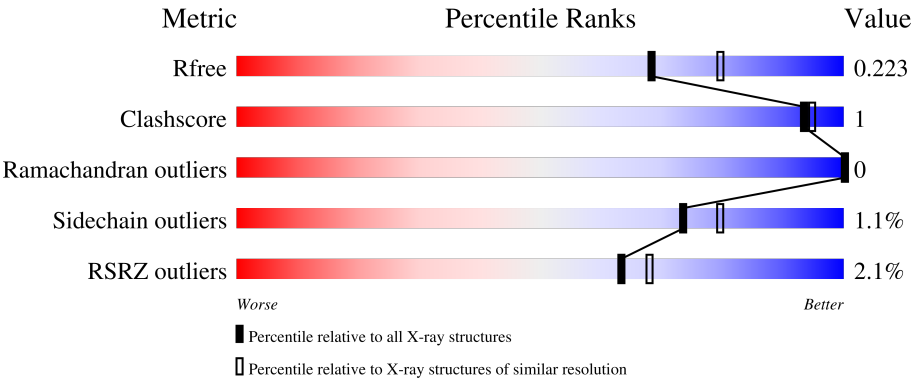
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.31.2
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0267
CCP4	:	7.1.010 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5197 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	457	2% 94%
1	B	457	2% 95%
1	C	457	2% 95%
1	D	457	% 95%
1	E	457	3% 93% 5%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	F	457	2% 95%
1	G	457	2% 94% 5%
1	H	457	3% 94%

2 Entry composition (i)

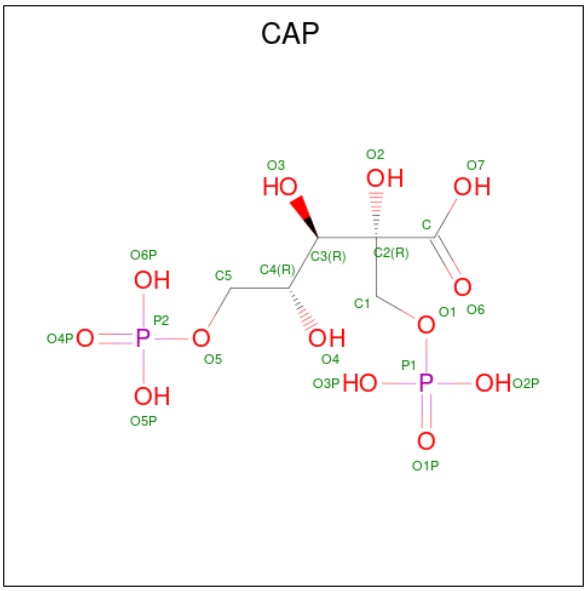
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 30854 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called RubisCO large subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	450	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3540	2242	629	654	15			
1	B	451	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3547	2247	630	655	15			
1	C	450	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3540	2242	629	654	15			
1	D	450	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3540	2242	629	654	15			
1	E	449	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3531	2237	627	652	15			
1	F	450	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3540	2242	629	654	15			
1	G	450	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3540	2242	629	654	15			
1	H	449	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3531	2237	627	652	15			

- Molecule 2 is 2-CARBOXYARABINITOL-1,5-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: CAP) (formula: $C_6H_{14}O_{13}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O P 21 6 13 2	0	0
2	B	1	Total C O P 21 6 13 2	0	0
2	C	1	Total C O P 21 6 13 2	0	0
2	D	1	Total C O P 21 6 13 2	0	0
2	E	1	Total C O P 21 6 13 2	0	0
2	F	1	Total C O P 21 6 13 2	0	0
2	G	1	Total C O P 21 6 13 2	0	0
2	H	1	Total C O P 21 6 13 2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	B	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	C	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	D	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	E	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	F	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	G	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	H	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

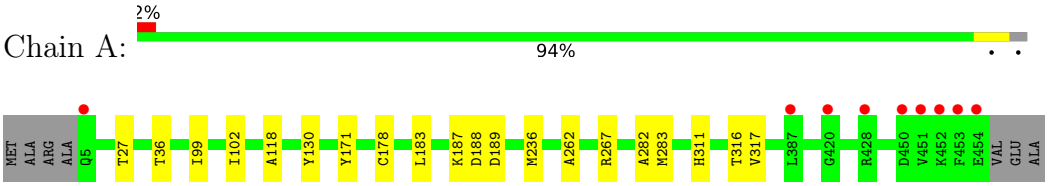
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	300	Total O 300 300	0	0
4	B	338	Total O 338 338	0	0
4	C	356	Total O 356 356	0	0
4	D	283	Total O 283 283	0	0
4	E	246	Total O 246 246	0	0
4	F	279	Total O 279 279	0	0
4	G	319	Total O 319 319	0	0
4	H	248	Total O 248 248	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

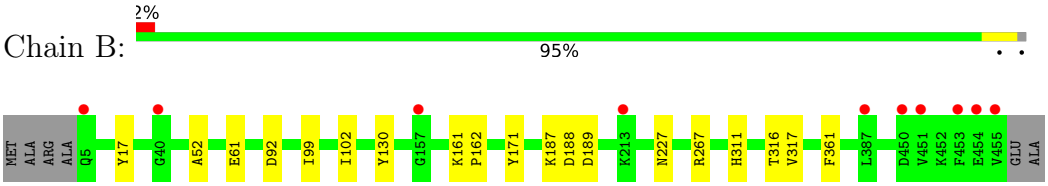
• Molecule 1: RubisCO large subunit

Chain A:



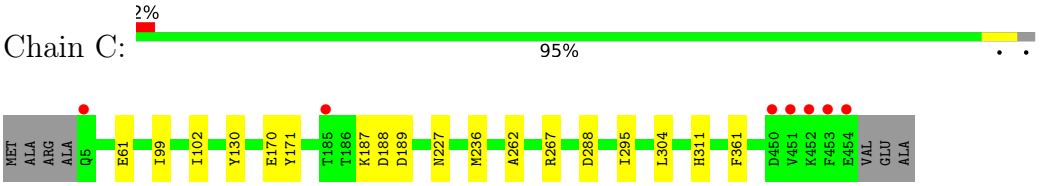
• Molecule 1: RubisCO large subunit

Chain B:



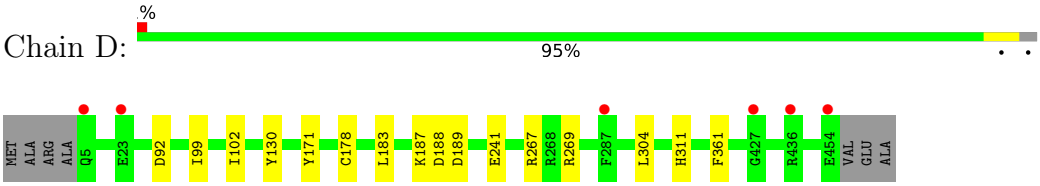
• Molecule 1: RubisCO large subunit

Chain C:



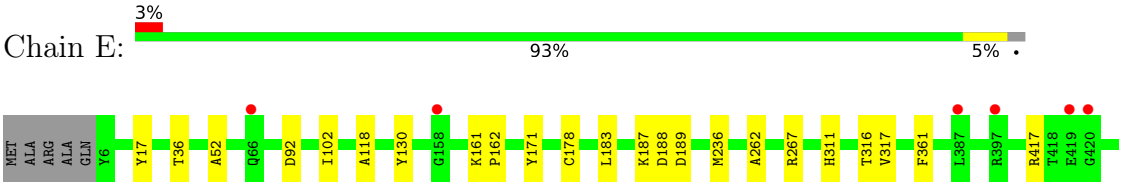
• Molecule 1: RubisCO large subunit

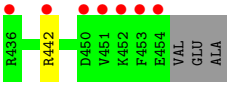
Chain D:



• Molecule 1: RubisCO large subunit

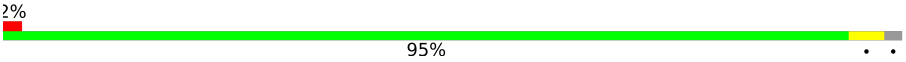
Chain E:

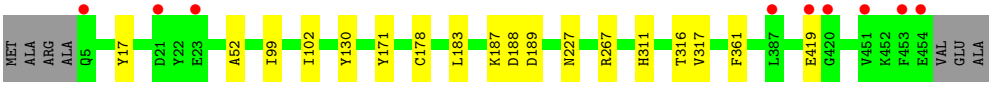




• Molecule 1: RubisCO large subunit

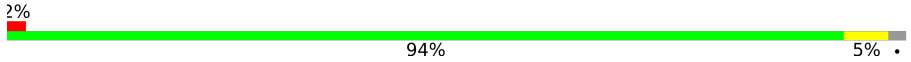
Chain F:

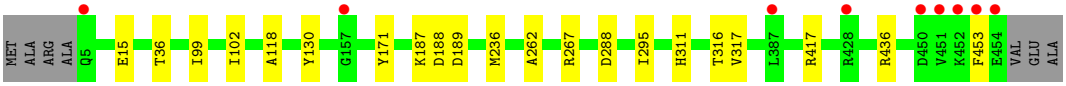




• Molecule 1: RubisCO large subunit

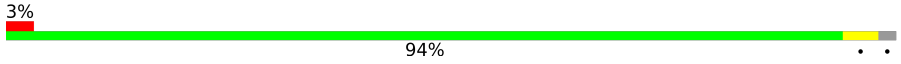
Chain G:

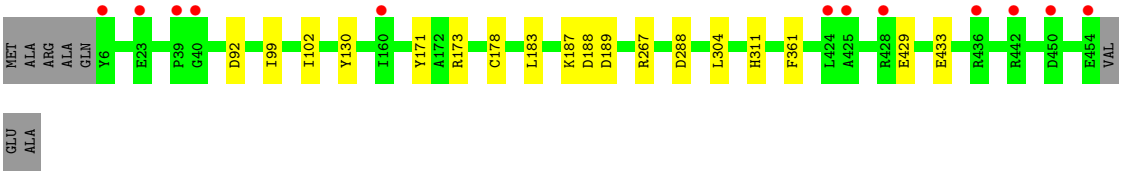




• Molecule 1: RubisCO large subunit

Chain H:





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	114.01Å 203.44Å 174.97Å 90.00° 100.43° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.86 – 2.10 29.86 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.9 (29.86-2.10) 98.9 (29.86-2.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.14	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.28 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.18.2_3874	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.189 , 0.223 0.189 , 0.223	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1993 reflections (0.89%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	27.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.537	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	(Not available) , (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.50$, $< L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	30854	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 51.09 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 5.8915e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: KCX, MG, CAP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.25	0/3613	0.45	0/4895
1	B	0.25	0/3620	0.46	0/4905
1	C	0.26	0/3613	0.46	0/4895
1	D	0.25	0/3613	0.45	0/4895
1	E	0.25	0/3604	0.44	0/4883
1	F	0.25	0/3613	0.45	0/4895
1	G	0.25	0/3613	0.46	0/4895
1	H	0.24	0/3604	0.44	0/4883
All	All	0.25	0/28893	0.45	0/39146

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3540	0	3445	10	0
1	B	3547	0	3454	9	0
1	C	3540	0	3445	10	0
1	D	3540	0	3445	7	0
1	E	3531	0	3437	11	1

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	F	3540	0	3445	9	0
1	G	3540	0	3445	12	0
1	H	3531	0	3437	10	0
2	A	21	0	7	0	0
2	B	21	0	7	0	0
2	C	21	0	9	0	0
2	D	21	0	8	0	0
2	E	21	0	7	0	0
2	F	21	0	7	0	0
2	G	21	0	9	0	0
2	H	21	0	8	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	E	1	0	0	0	0
3	F	1	0	0	0	0
3	G	1	0	0	0	0
3	H	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	300	0	0	1	0
4	B	338	0	0	2	1
4	C	356	0	0	2	1
4	D	283	0	0	1	0
4	E	246	0	0	2	1
4	F	279	0	0	1	0
4	G	319	0	0	4	0
4	H	248	0	0	2	0
All	All	30854	0	27615	78	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 78 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:102:ILE:HD11	1:D:130:TYR:HE2	1.54	0.72
1:F:419:GLU:OE2	4:F:601:HOH:O	2.09	0.70
1:H:102:ILE:HD11	1:H:130:TYR:HE2	1.56	0.70
1:H:92:ASP:OD1	4:H:601:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
1:B:92:ASP:OD1	4:B:601:HOH:O	2.10	0.68

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:92:ASP:OD1	4:E:622:HOH:O[2_655]	2.09	0.11
4:B:735:HOH:O	4:C:899:HOH:O[2_556]	2.15	0.05

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	447/457 (98%)	433 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	448/457 (98%)	432 (96%)	16 (4%)	0	100	100
1	C	447/457 (98%)	434 (97%)	13 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	447/457 (98%)	433 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100
1	E	446/457 (98%)	433 (97%)	13 (3%)	0	100	100
1	F	447/457 (98%)	435 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
1	G	447/457 (98%)	434 (97%)	13 (3%)	0	100	100
1	H	446/457 (98%)	432 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	3575/3656 (98%)	3466 (97%)	109 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	357/361 (99%)	354 (99%)	3 (1%)	81	86
1	B	358/361 (99%)	354 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	79
1	C	357/361 (99%)	353 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	79
1	D	357/361 (99%)	353 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	79
1	E	356/361 (99%)	352 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	79
1	F	357/361 (99%)	353 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	79
1	G	357/361 (99%)	353 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	79
1	H	356/361 (99%)	352 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	79
All	All	2855/2888 (99%)	2824 (99%)	31 (1%)	73	79

5 of 31 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	361	PHE
1	H	189	ASP
1	E	311	HIS
1	H	311	HIS
1	G	267	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

8 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$
1	KCX	E	187	1,3	9,11,12	1.99	3 (33%)	5,12,14	3.83	1 (20%)
1	KCX	D	187	1,3	9,11,12	1.53	2 (22%)	5,12,14	1.14	1 (20%)
1	KCX	F	187	1,3	9,11,12	1.99	3 (33%)	5,12,14	3.88	1 (20%)
1	KCX	G	187	1,3	9,11,12	1.98	3 (33%)	5,12,14	3.82	1 (20%)
1	KCX	A	187	1,3	9,11,12	2.04	3 (33%)	5,12,14	3.83	1 (20%)
1	KCX	B	187	1,3	9,11,12	2.10	3 (33%)	5,12,14	3.86	1 (20%)
1	KCX	H	187	1,3	9,11,12	1.99	3 (33%)	5,12,14	3.92	1 (20%)
1	KCX	C	187	1,3	9,11,12	1.99	3 (33%)	5,12,14	3.85	1 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	KCX	E	187	1,3	-	0/9/10/12	-
1	KCX	D	187	1,3	-	0/9/10/12	-
1	KCX	F	187	1,3	-	0/9/10/12	-
1	KCX	G	187	1,3	-	0/9/10/12	-
1	KCX	A	187	1,3	-	0/9/10/12	-
1	KCX	B	187	1,3	-	0/9/10/12	-
1	KCX	H	187	1,3	-	0/9/10/12	-
1	KCX	C	187	1,3	-	0/9/10/12	-

The worst 5 of 23 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	187	KCX	OQ1-CX	4.21	1.29	1.21
1	E	187	KCX	OQ1-CX	4.18	1.29	1.21
1	G	187	KCX	OQ1-CX	4.18	1.29	1.21
1	B	187	KCX	OQ1-CX	4.16	1.29	1.21
1	C	187	KCX	OQ1-CX	4.16	1.29	1.21

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	H	187	KCX	OQ1-CX-NZ	-8.70	111.48	124.96
1	F	187	KCX	OQ1-CX-NZ	-8.59	111.64	124.96
1	B	187	KCX	OQ1-CX-NZ	-8.55	111.70	124.96
1	C	187	KCX	OQ1-CX-NZ	-8.55	111.71	124.96

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	E	187	KCX	OQ1-CX-NZ	-8.50	111.79	124.96

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	CAP	E	501	3	17,20,20	2.11	3 (17%)	22,31,31	1.56	6 (27%)
2	CAP	D	501	3	17,20,20	2.09	2 (11%)	22,31,31	1.56	6 (27%)
2	CAP	G	501	3	17,20,20	2.13	4 (23%)	22,31,31	1.50	5 (22%)
2	CAP	A	501	3	17,20,20	2.11	2 (11%)	22,31,31	1.53	5 (22%)
2	CAP	C	501	3	17,20,20	2.15	3 (17%)	22,31,31	1.49	5 (22%)
2	CAP	F	501	3	17,20,20	2.17	4 (23%)	22,31,31	1.52	5 (22%)
2	CAP	H	501	3	17,20,20	2.17	3 (17%)	22,31,31	1.59	7 (31%)
2	CAP	B	501	3	17,20,20	2.20	4 (23%)	22,31,31	1.50	5 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CAP	E	501	3	-	7/29/29/29	-
2	CAP	D	501	3	-	9/29/29/29	-
2	CAP	G	501	3	-	8/29/29/29	-
2	CAP	A	501	3	-	6/29/29/29	-
2	CAP	C	501	3	-	9/29/29/29	-
2	CAP	F	501	3	-	8/29/29/29	-
2	CAP	H	501	3	-	11/29/29/29	-
2	CAP	B	501	3	-	9/29/29/29	-

The worst 5 of 25 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	H	501	CAP	P2-O5	5.72	1.78	1.60
2	B	501	CAP	P2-O5	5.66	1.78	1.60
2	F	501	CAP	P2-O5	5.43	1.77	1.60
2	A	501	CAP	P2-O5	5.42	1.77	1.60
2	C	501	CAP	P2-O5	5.41	1.77	1.60

The worst 5 of 44 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	D	501	CAP	O6P-P2-O5	-3.09	98.51	106.73
2	F	501	CAP	O6P-P2-O5	-3.03	98.67	106.73
2	H	501	CAP	O3P-P1-O1	-3.01	98.72	106.73
2	E	501	CAP	O3P-P1-O1	-3.00	98.76	106.73
2	H	501	CAP	O6P-P2-O5	-2.97	98.83	106.73

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 67 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	501	CAP	O6-C-C2-C1
2	A	501	CAP	O7-C-C2-C1
2	A	501	CAP	O6-C-C2-O2
2	A	501	CAP	O7-C-C2-O2
2	A	501	CAP	O3-C3-C4-O4

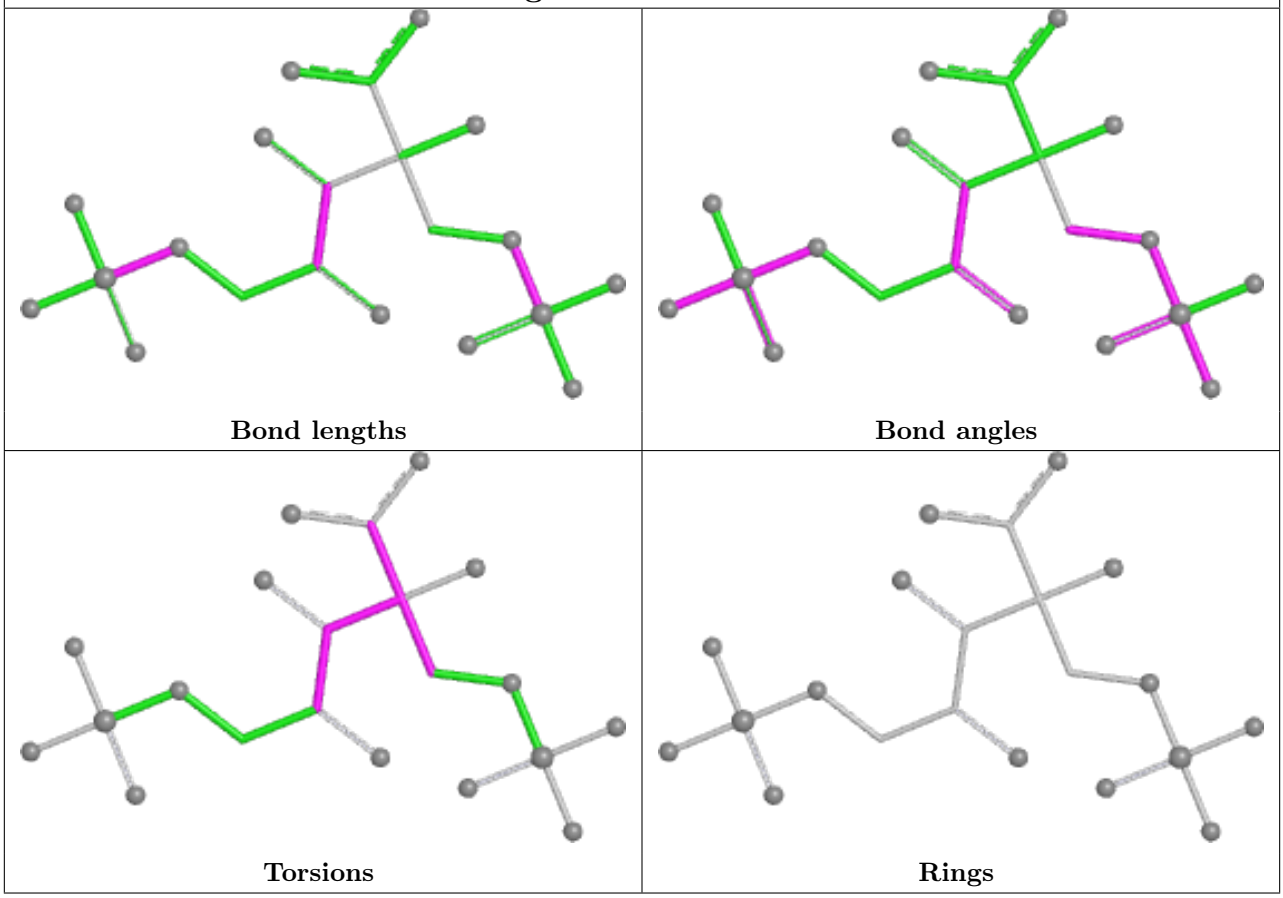
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

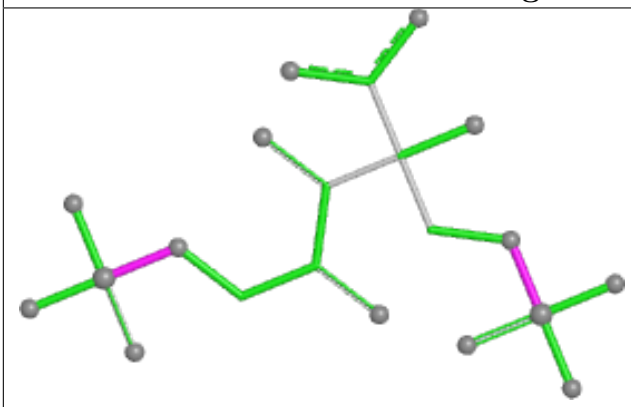
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

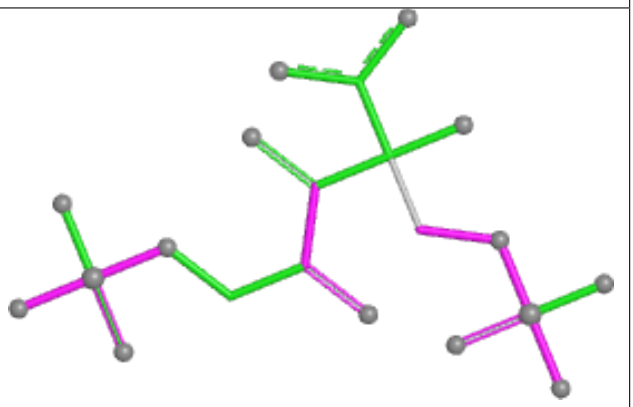
Ligand CAP E 501



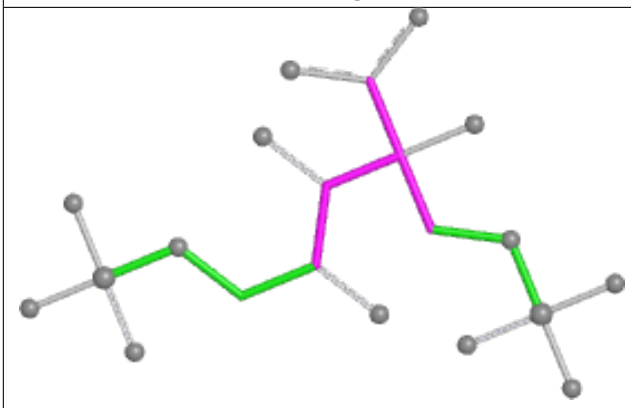
Ligand CAP D 501



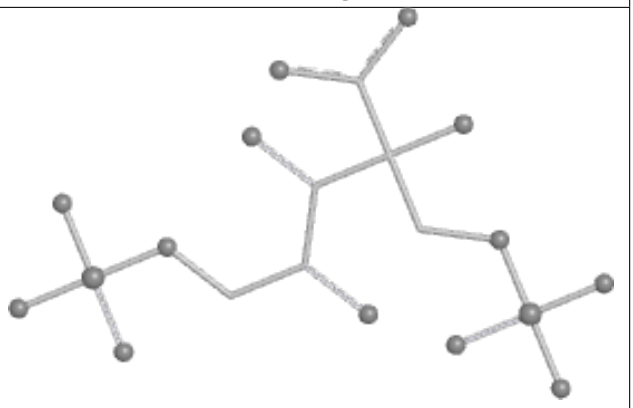
Bond lengths



Bond angles

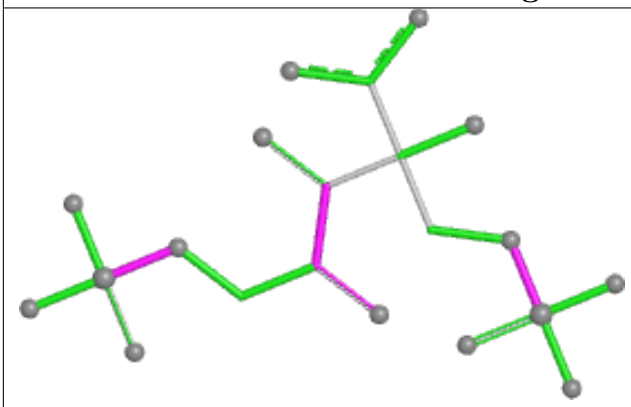


Torsions

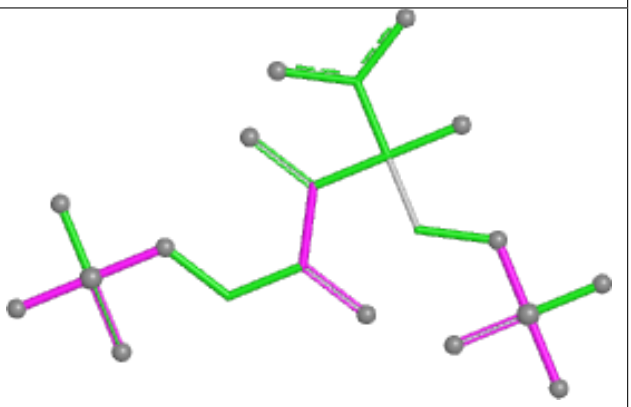


Rings

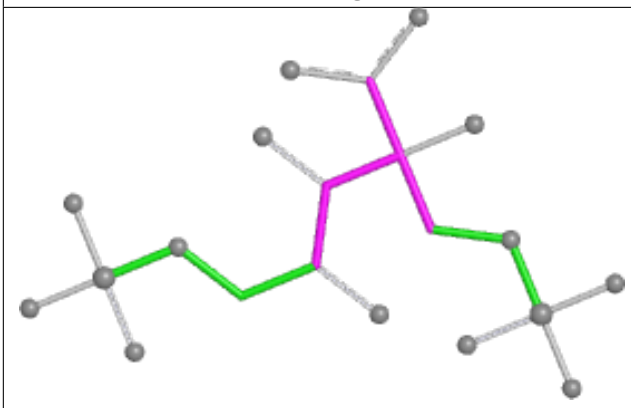
Ligand CAP G 501



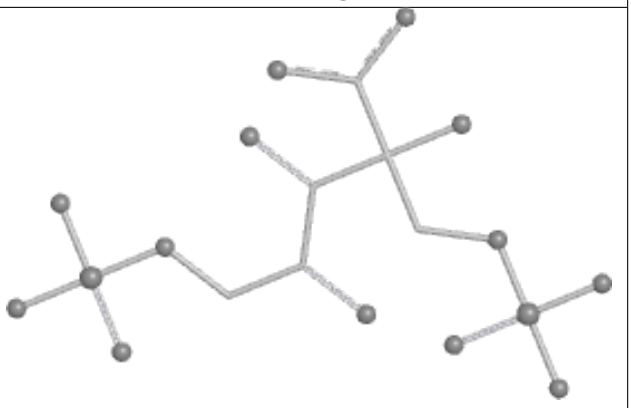
Bond lengths



Bond angles

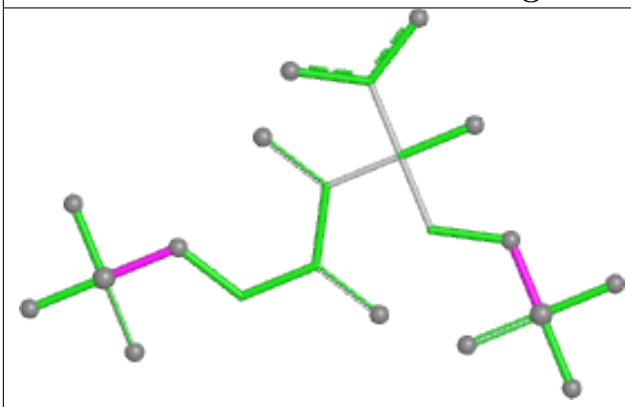


Torsions

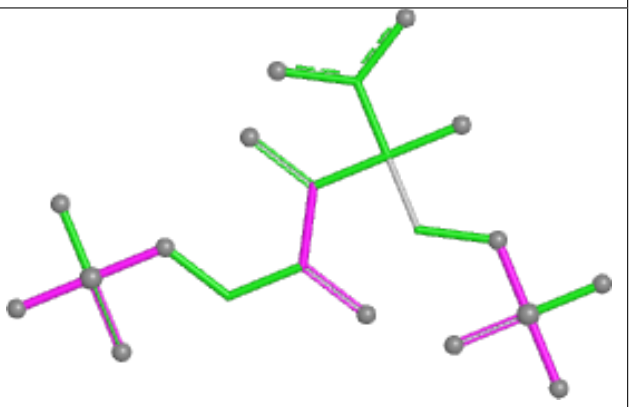


Rings

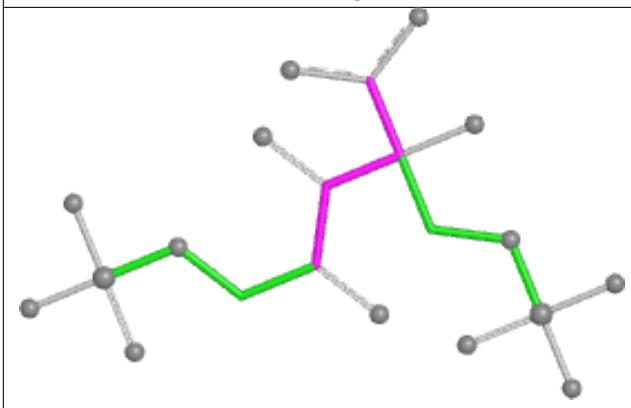
Ligand CAP A 501



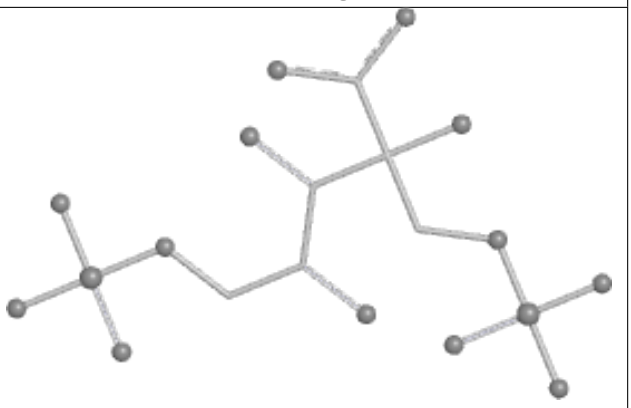
Bond lengths



Bond angles

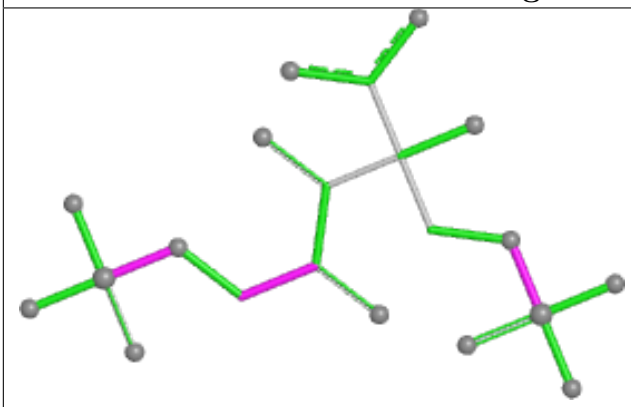


Torsions

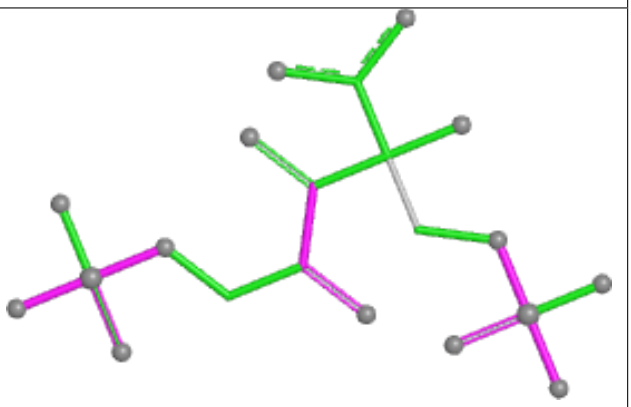


Rings

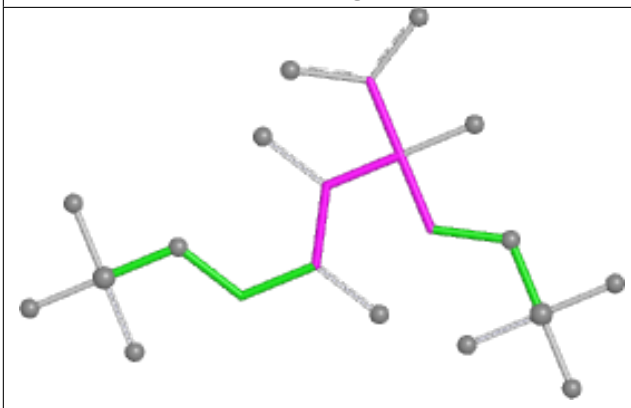
Ligand CAP C 501



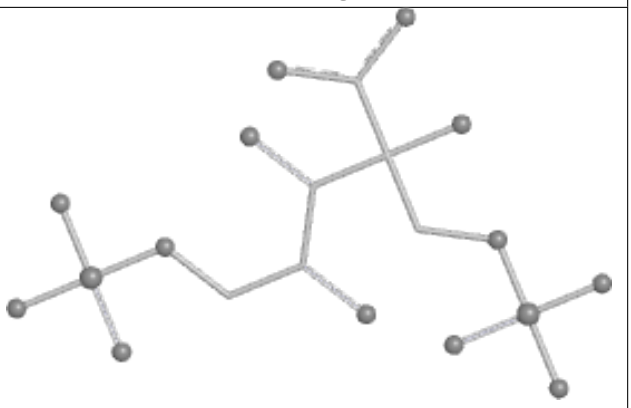
Bond lengths



Bond angles

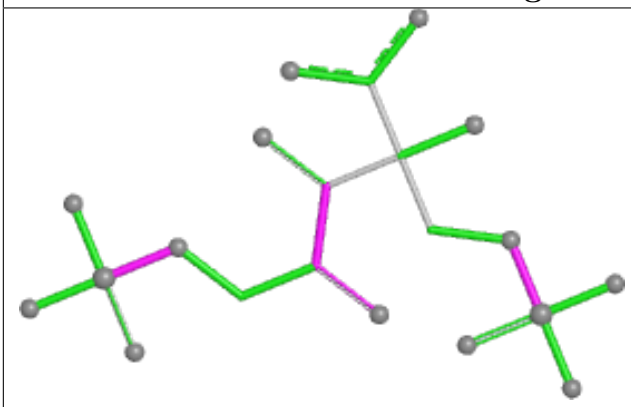


Torsions

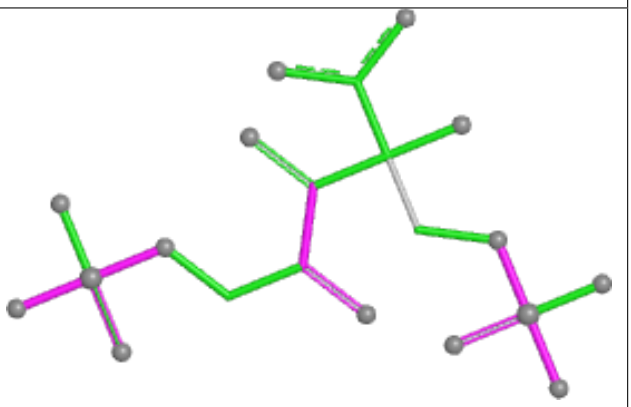


Rings

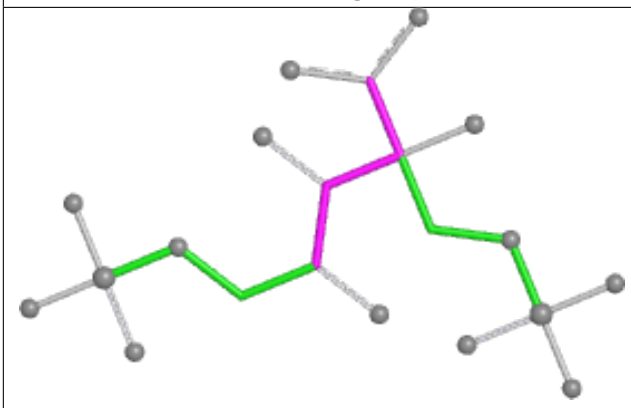
Ligand CAP F 501



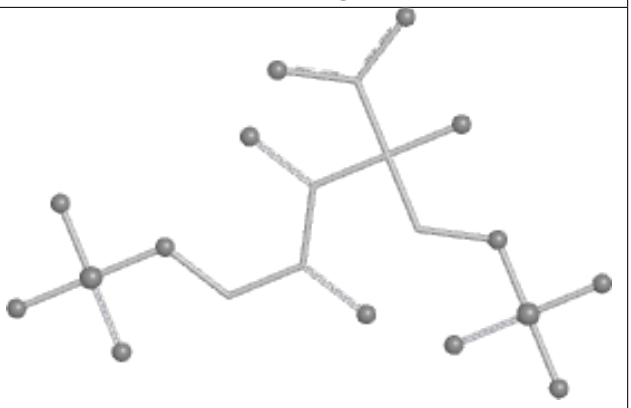
Bond lengths



Bond angles

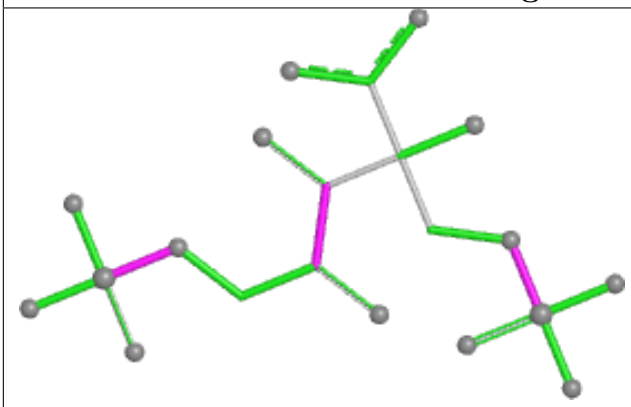


Torsions

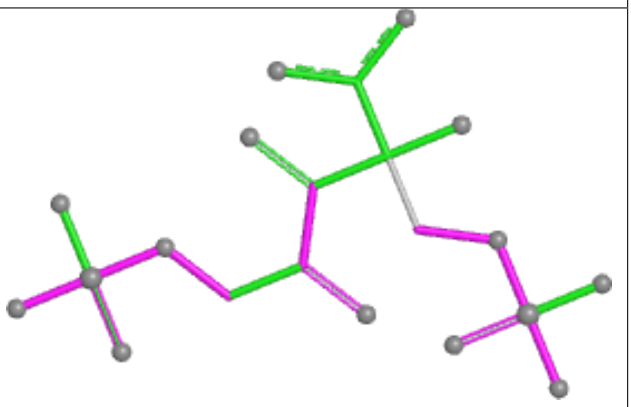


Rings

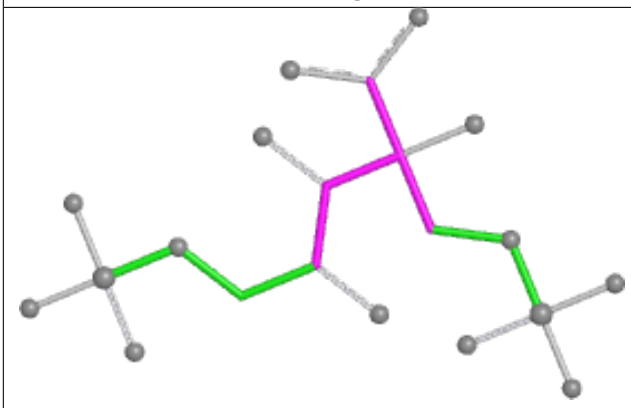
Ligand CAP H 501



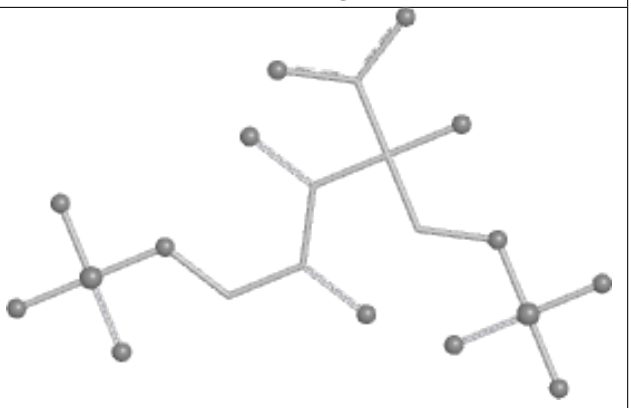
Bond lengths



Bond angles

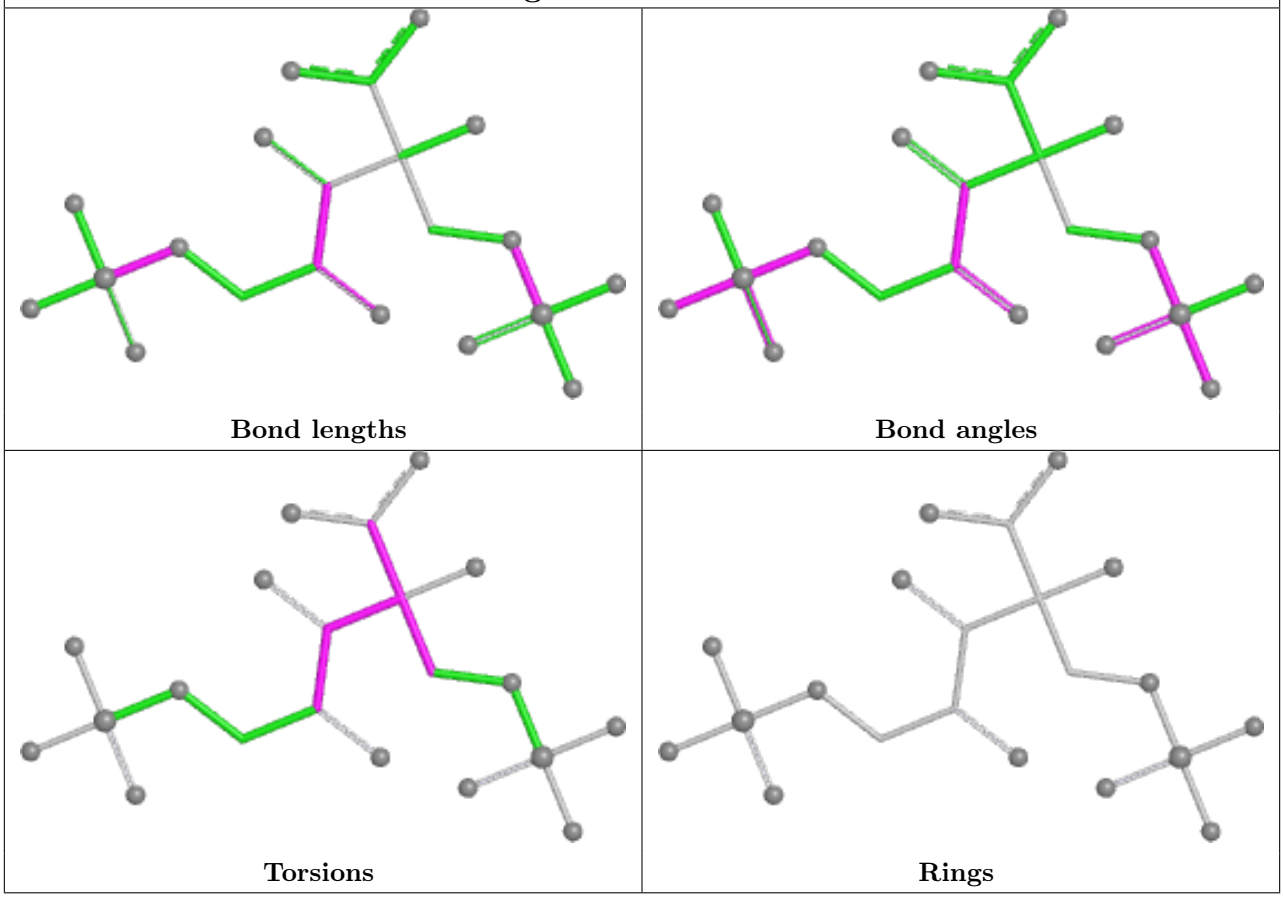


Torsions



Rings

Ligand CAP B 501



5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	449/457 (98%)	-0.14	9 (2%)	65	69	23, 30, 49, 100	0
1	B	450/457 (98%)	-0.15	10 (2%)	62	66	20, 27, 43, 99	0
1	C	449/457 (98%)	-0.21	7 (1%)	72	75	20, 26, 43, 99	0
1	D	449/457 (98%)	-0.12	6 (1%)	77	80	23, 30, 48, 111	0
1	E	448/457 (98%)	-0.01	13 (2%)	51	57	26, 34, 56, 92	0
1	F	449/457 (98%)	-0.06	9 (2%)	65	69	24, 30, 45, 97	0
1	G	449/457 (98%)	-0.11	9 (2%)	65	69	25, 29, 43, 106	0
1	H	448/457 (98%)	0.03	12 (2%)	54	60	27, 35, 53, 78	0
All	All	3591/3656 (98%)	-0.10	75 (2%)	63	68	20, 30, 49, 111	0

The worst 5 of 75 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	G	451	VAL	7.0
1	B	455	VAL	6.6
1	D	5	GLN	5.9
1	A	5	GLN	4.8
1	G	452	LYS	4.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	KCX	E	187	12/13	0.92	0.17	28,30,32,32	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	KCX	D	187	12/13	0.93	0.19	23,25,27,28	0
1	KCX	A	187	12/13	0.94	0.19	23,25,28,28	0
1	KCX	F	187	12/13	0.95	0.15	23,24,27,28	0
1	KCX	H	187	12/13	0.95	0.19	28,29,30,30	0
1	KCX	G	187	12/13	0.96	0.24	26,26,27,27	0
1	KCX	B	187	12/13	0.97	0.19	20,21,23,23	0
1	KCX	C	187	12/13	0.98	0.16	20,22,23,24	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

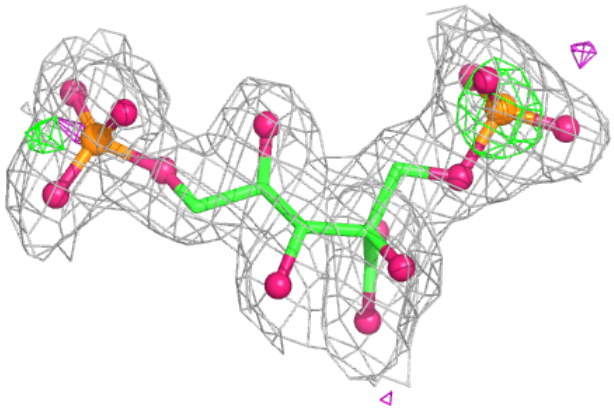
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

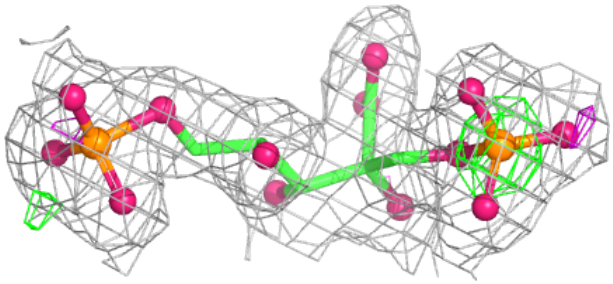
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	CAP	B	501	21/21	0.94	0.16	21,23,29,50	0
2	CAP	H	501	21/21	0.96	0.14	28,30,32,33	0
3	MG	B	502	1/1	0.96	0.07	22,22,22,22	0
3	MG	G	502	1/1	0.96	0.07	27,27,27,27	0
2	CAP	F	501	21/21	0.97	0.13	24,25,28,30	0
2	CAP	G	501	21/21	0.97	0.17	27,27,27,28	0
2	CAP	A	501	21/21	0.97	0.14	25,27,29,30	0
2	CAP	D	501	21/21	0.97	0.12	24,25,28,28	0
3	MG	C	502	1/1	0.97	0.10	23,23,23,23	0
2	CAP	E	501	21/21	0.97	0.14	29,31,33,33	0
3	MG	H	502	1/1	0.97	0.05	30,30,30,30	0
3	MG	D	502	1/1	0.98	0.04	25,25,25,25	0
3	MG	E	502	1/1	0.98	0.12	30,30,30,30	0
3	MG	F	502	1/1	0.98	0.09	26,26,26,26	0
2	CAP	C	501	21/21	0.98	0.12	19,21,23,24	0
3	MG	A	502	1/1	0.98	0.07	27,27,27,27	0

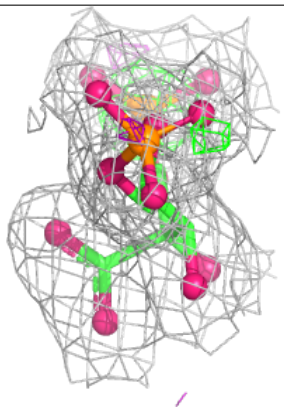
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around CAP B 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

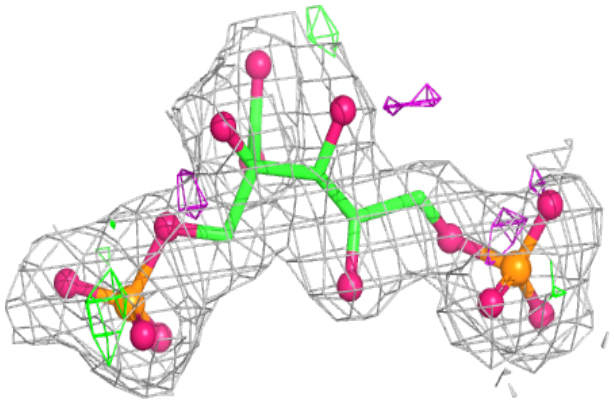


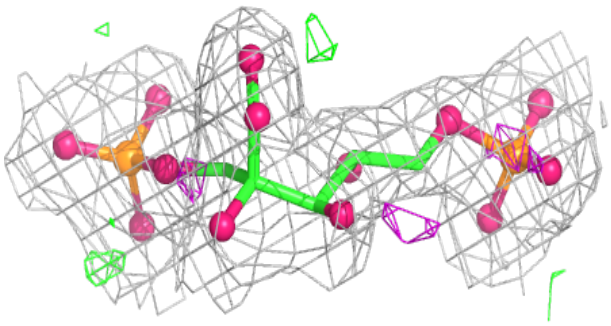


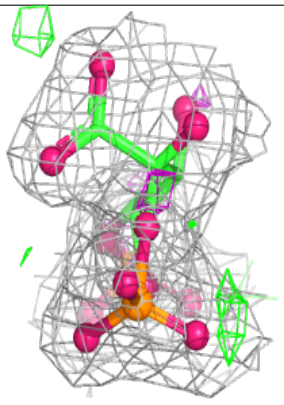


Electron density around CAP H 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

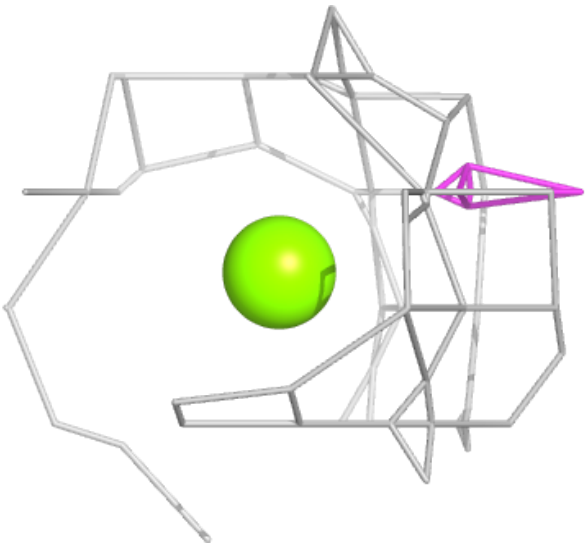


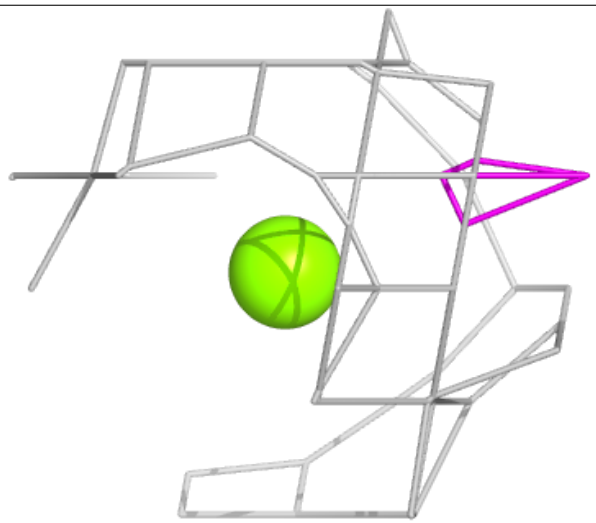


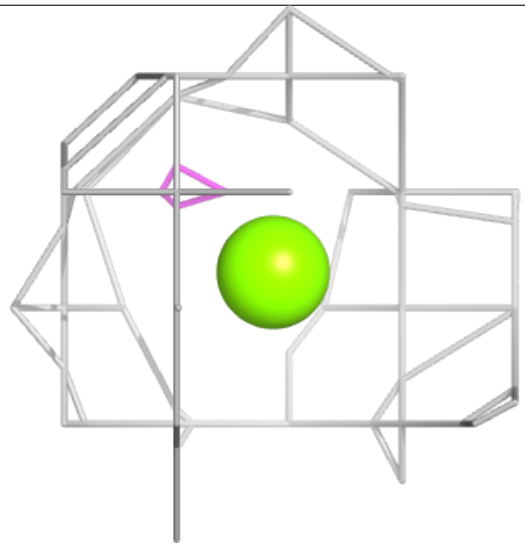


Electron density around MG B 502:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

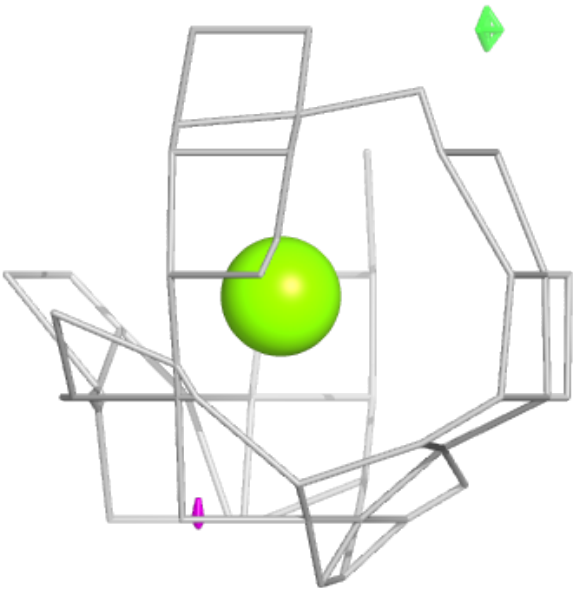


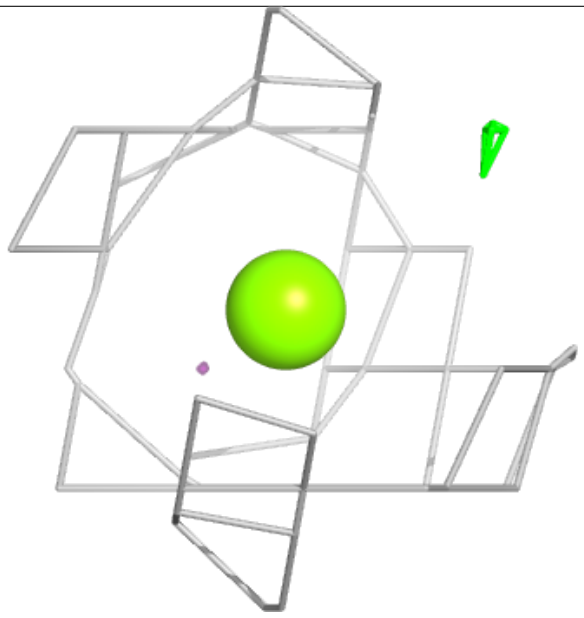


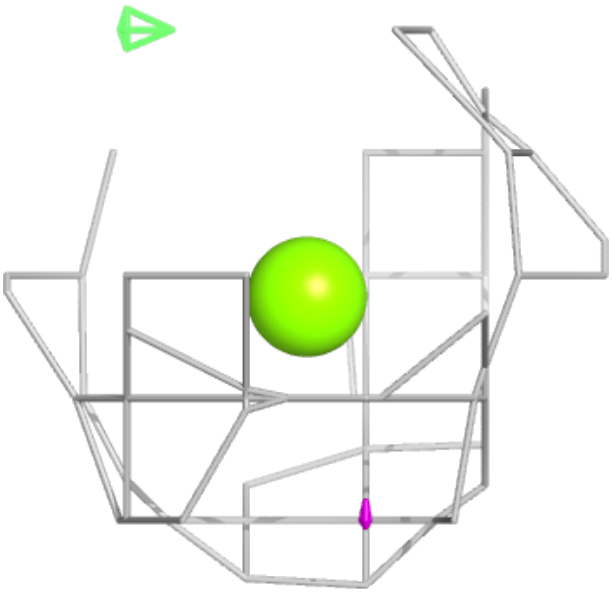


Electron density around MG G 502:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

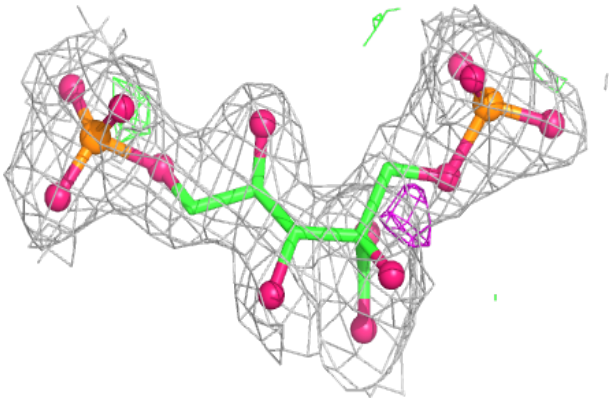


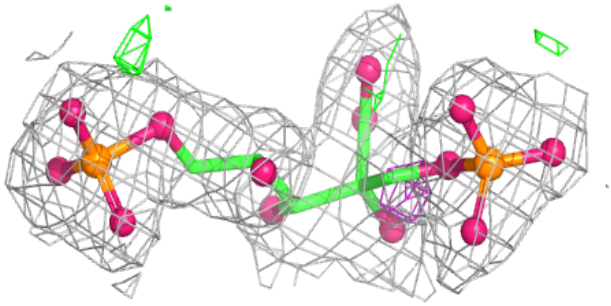


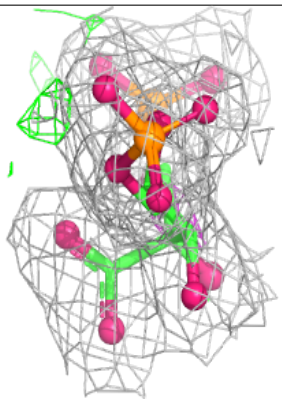


Electron density around CAP F 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

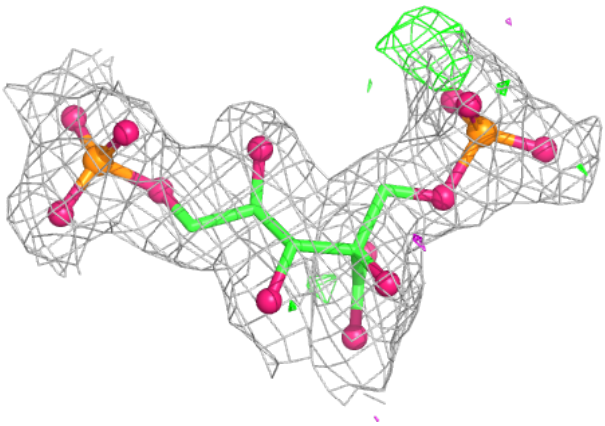


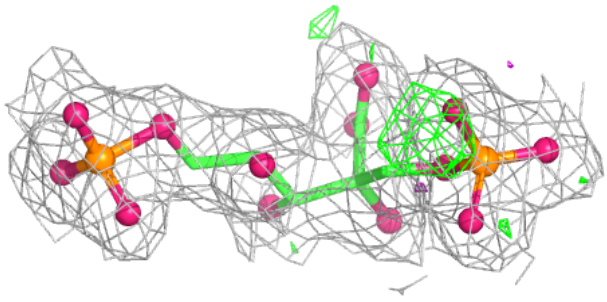


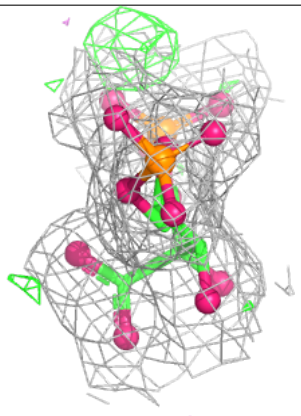


Electron density around CAP G 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

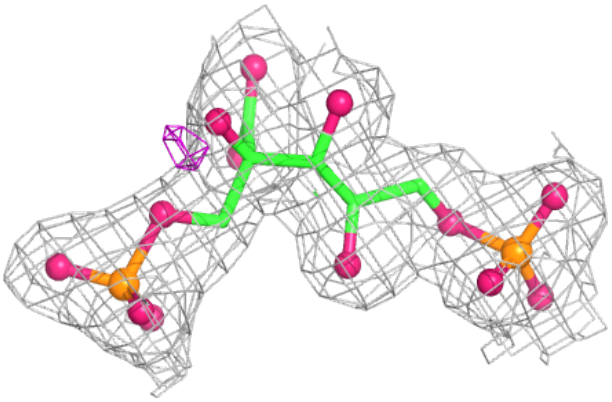


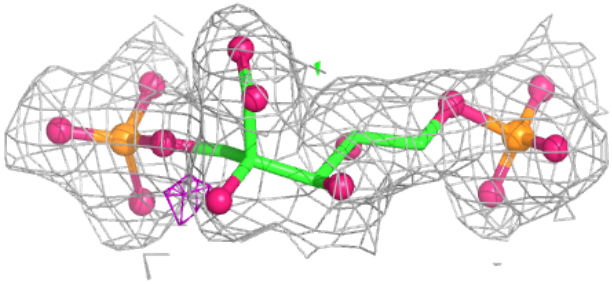


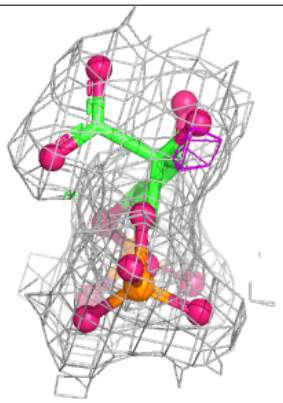


Electron density around CAP A 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

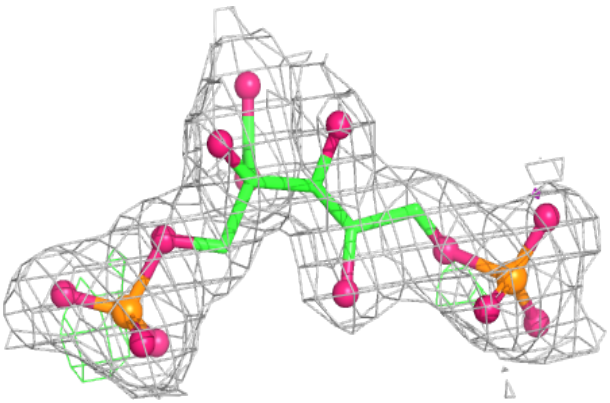


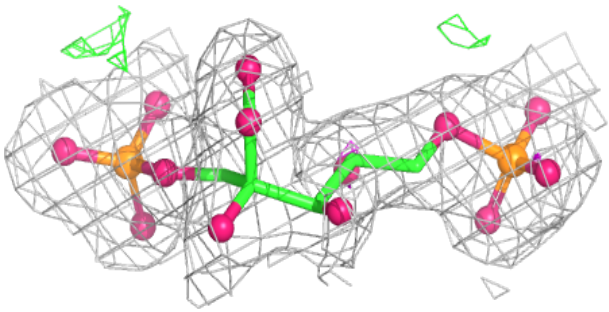


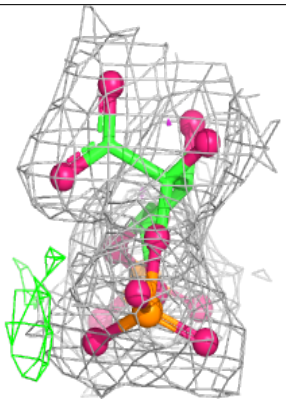


Electron density around CAP D 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

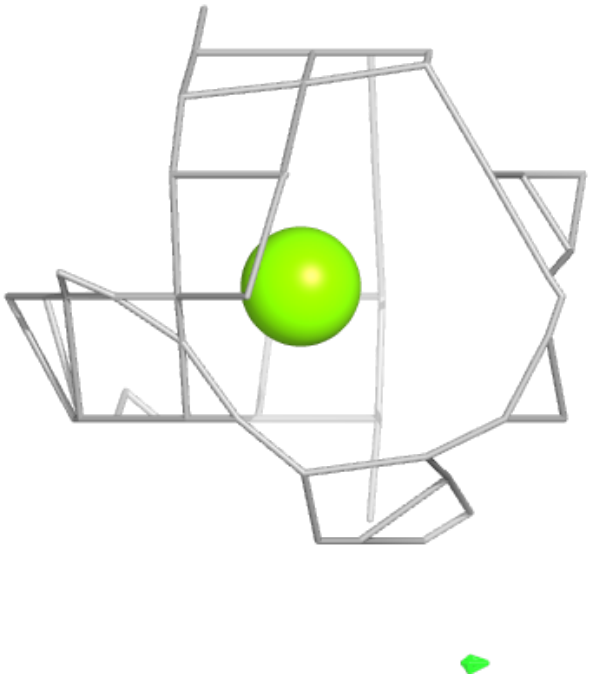


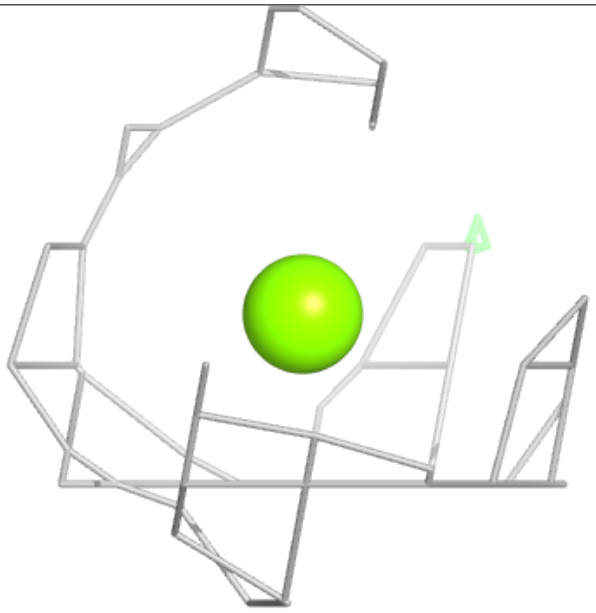


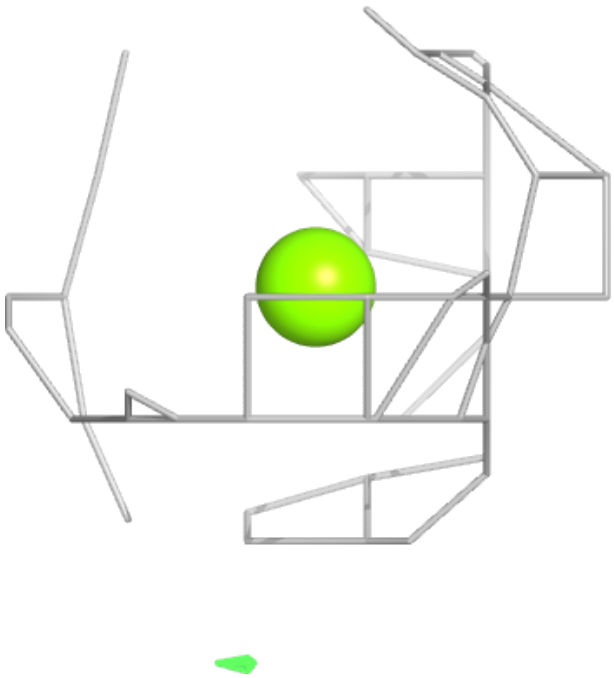


Electron density around MG C 502:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

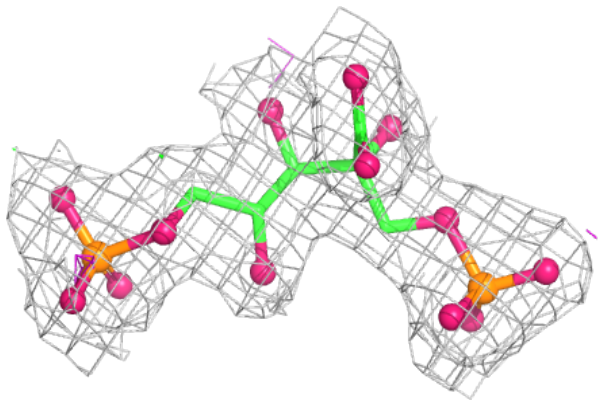


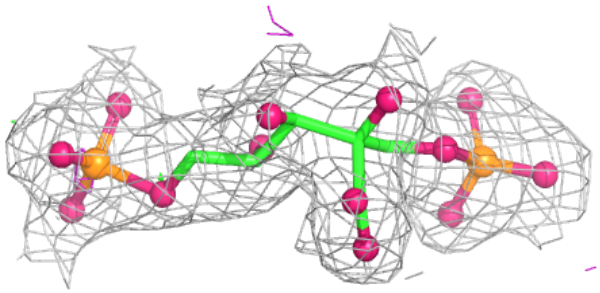


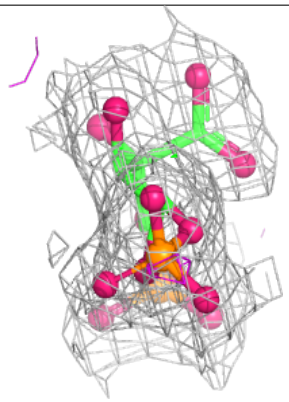


Electron density around CAP E 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

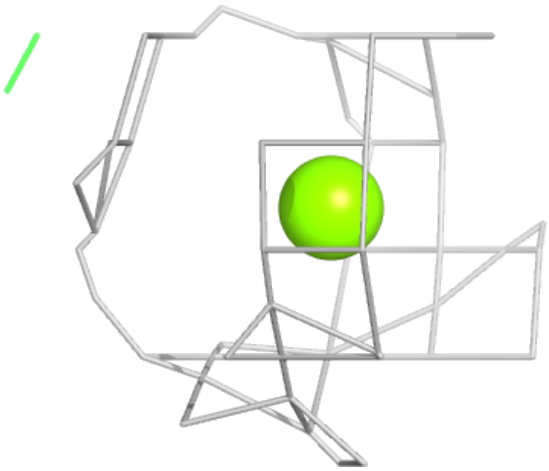


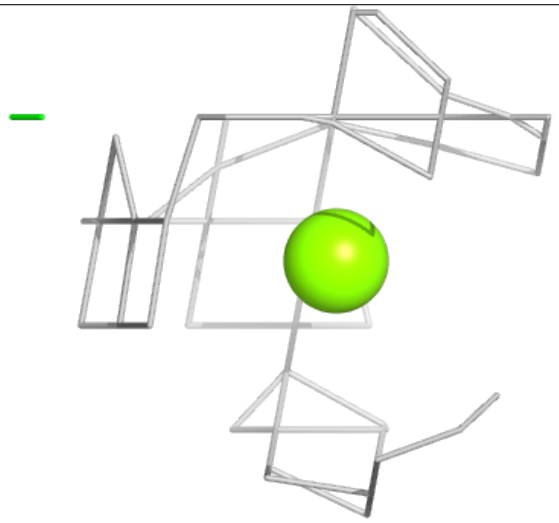


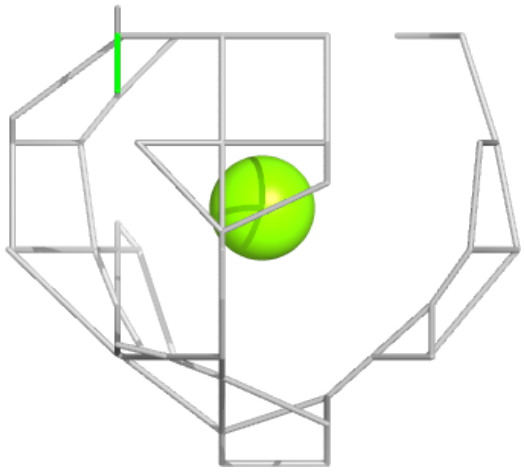


Electron density around MG H 502:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

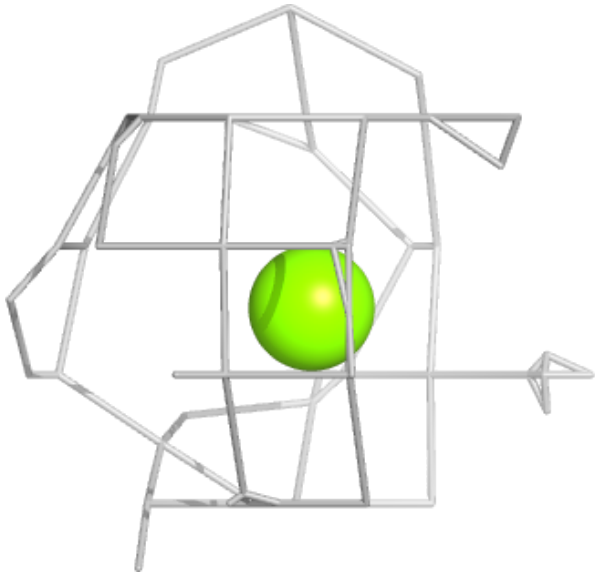


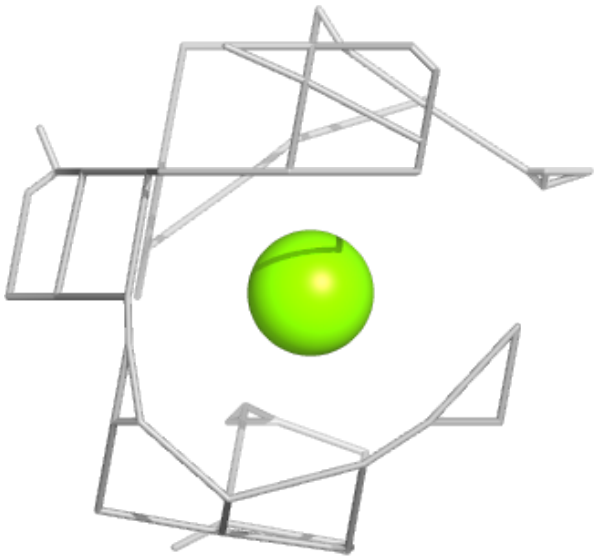


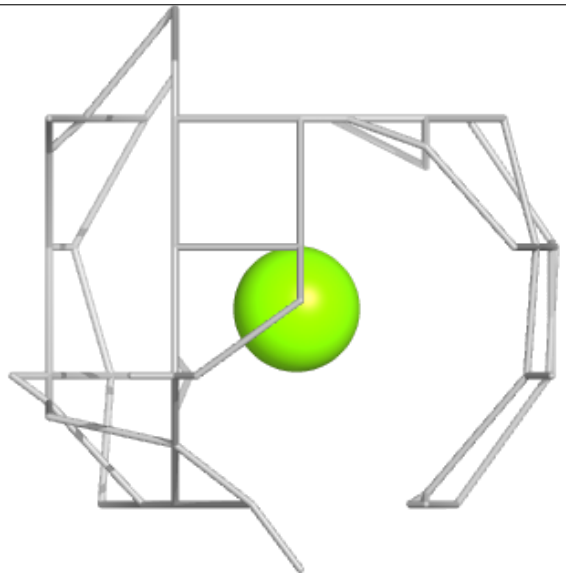


Electron density around MG D 502:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

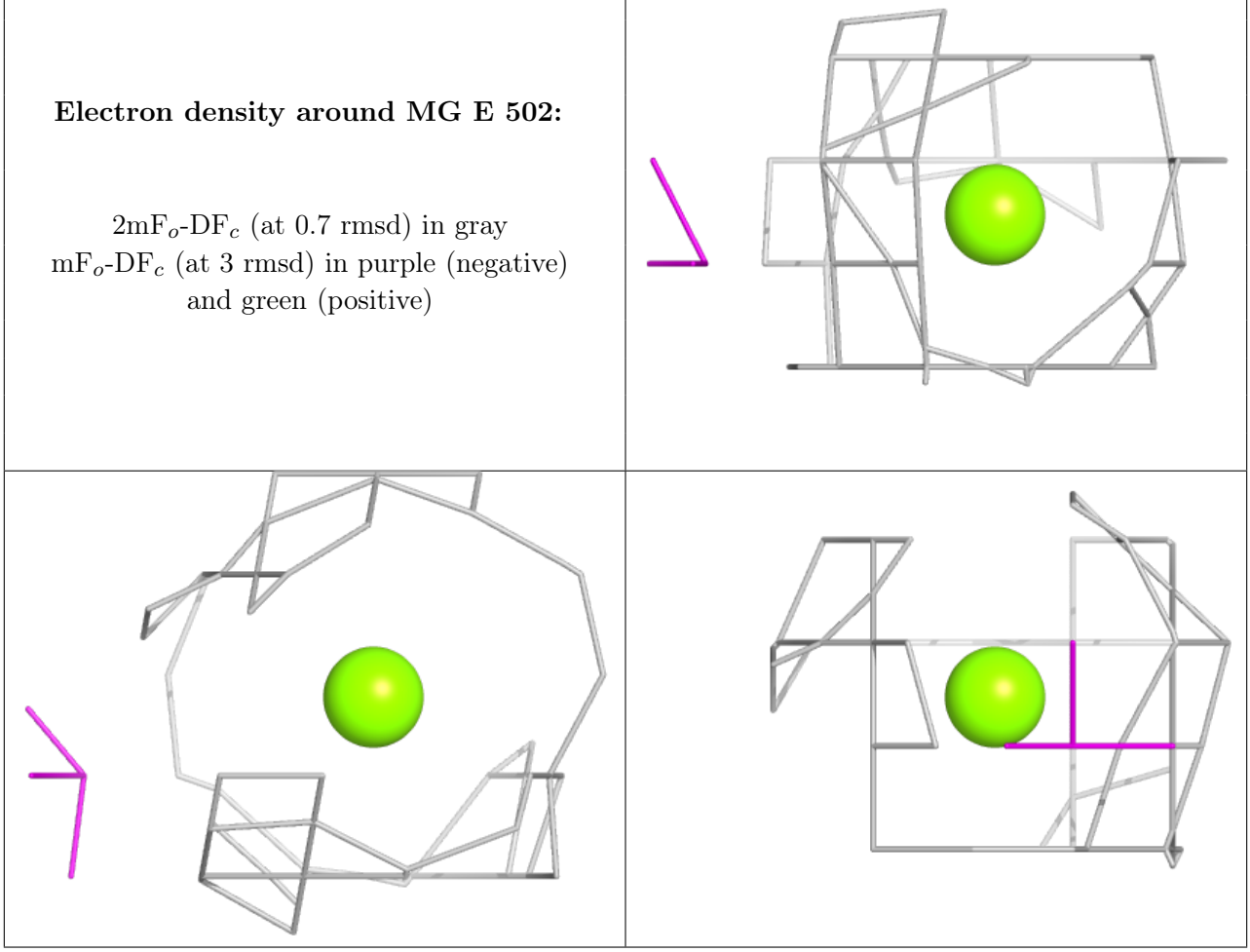






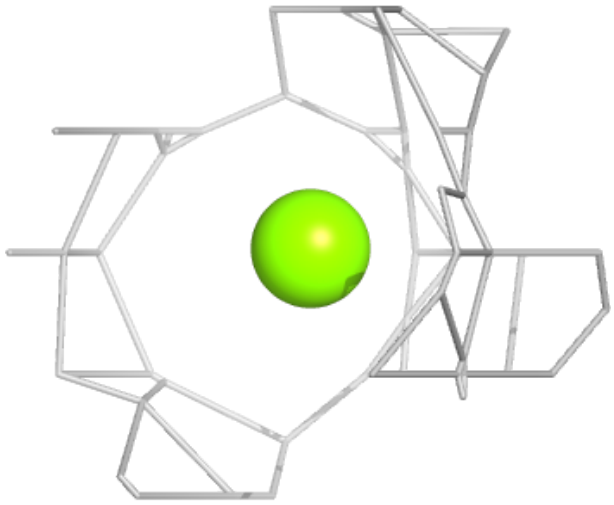
Electron density around MG E 502:

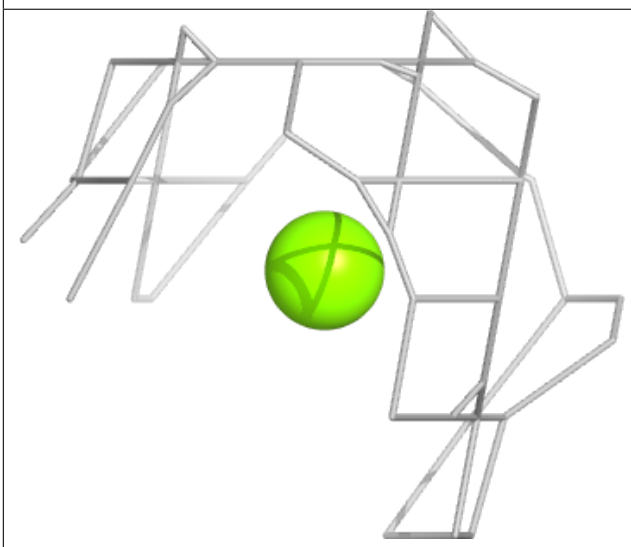
$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

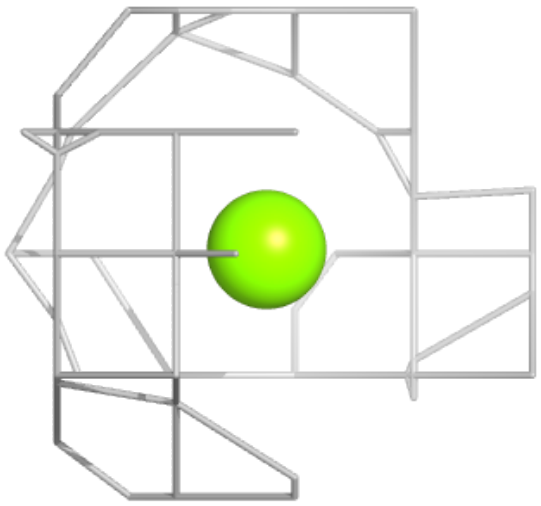


Electron density around MG F 502:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

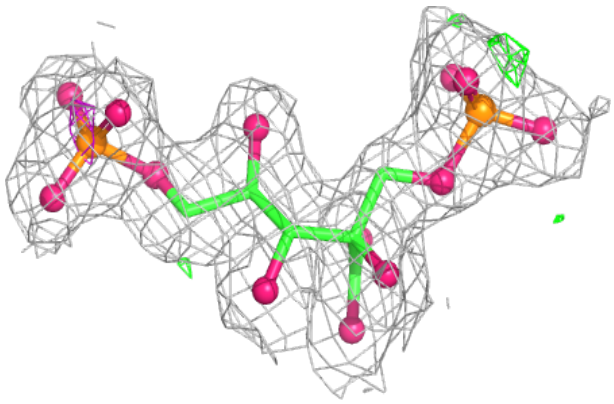


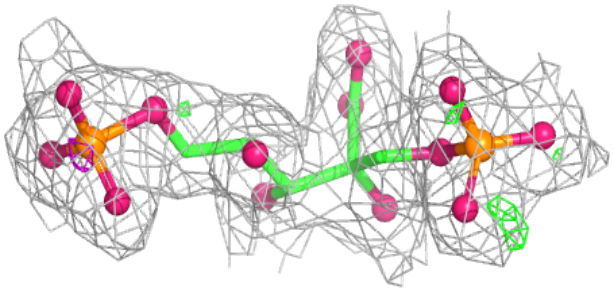


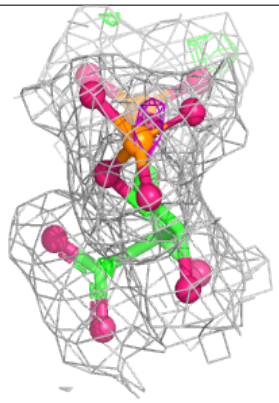


Electron density around CAP C 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

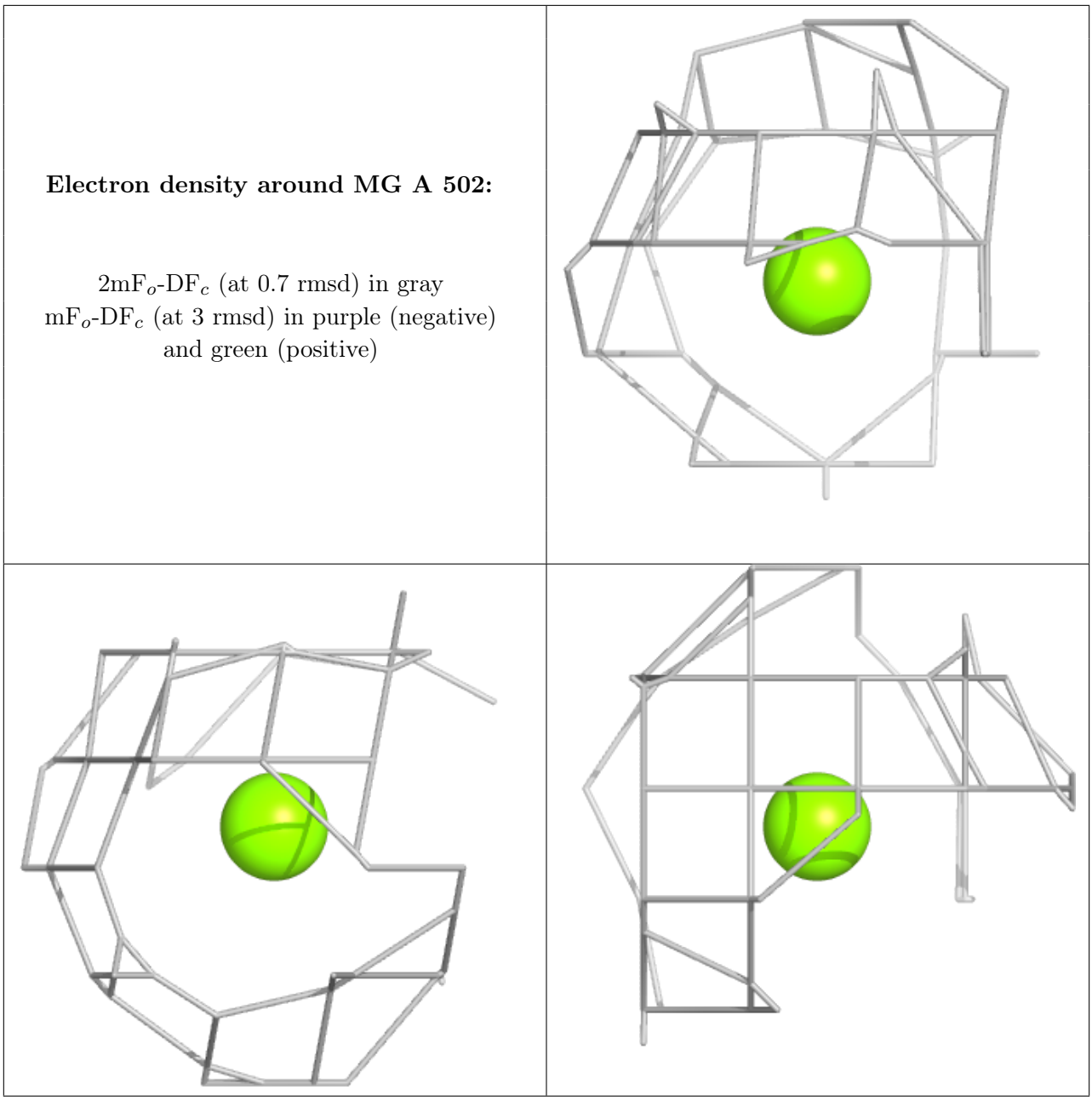






Electron density around MG A 502:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.