

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Aug 14, 2023 – 07:24 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1QYV

Title : Crystal structure of human estrogenic 17beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase

complex with NADP

Authors : Shi, R.; Lin, S.X.

Deposited on : 2003-09-12

Resolution : 1.81 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

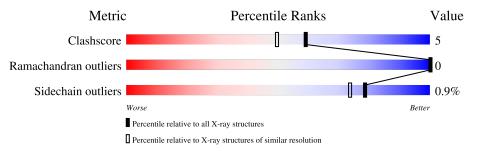
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.81 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	8401 (1.84-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	8290 (1.84-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	8290 (1.84-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	327	72%	13%	16%		

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	GOL	A	600	-	X	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

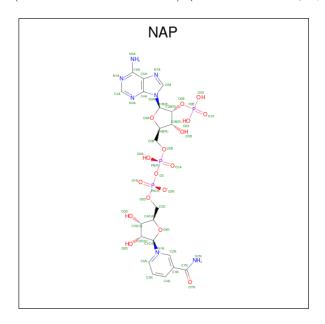
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2328 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Estradiol 17 beta-dehydrogenase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	276	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	A	210	2123	1348	376	388	11	U	1	0

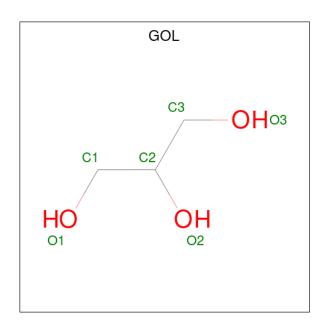
• Molecule 2 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula: C₂₁H₂₈N₇O₁₇P₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	A	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	U

• Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C₃H₈O₃).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	A	1	Total 6	C 3	O 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	151	Total O 151 151	0	0

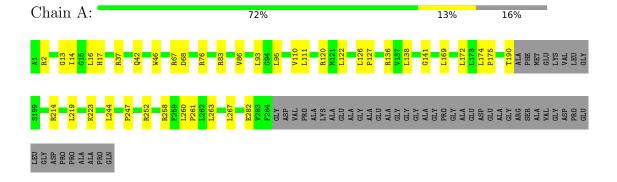


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: Estradiol 17 beta-dehydrogenase 1





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	122.40Å 43.92Å 60.45Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 99.36° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	10.00 - 1.81	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) (10.00-1.81)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	(1100 available) (10.00 1.01)	Беровног	
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.191 , 0.235	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	2328	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	35.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, NAP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.61	0/2167	1.28	18/2940 (0.6%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (18) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	252	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.40	114.60	120.30
1	A	214	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.77	115.42	120.30
1	A	2	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.02	124.31	120.30
1	A	252	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-7.68	95.68	111.80
1	A	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.33	123.96	120.30
1	A	68	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.31	124.88	118.30
1	A	83	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.89	123.75	120.30
1	A	76	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	6.82	133.15	123.60
1	A	252	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	6.62	126.68	119.40
1	A	68	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-6.53	112.43	118.30
1	A	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.53	117.04	120.30
1	A	136	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.46	123.53	120.30
1	A	258	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.94	117.33	120.30
1	A	67	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.93	117.34	120.30
1	A	136	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.48	117.56	120.30
1	A	214	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.29	122.94	120.30
1	A	83	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.15	117.73	120.30
1	A	93	LEU	CB-CA-C	-5.01	100.69	110.20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2123	0	2157	19	0
2	A	48	0	25	4	0
3	A	6	0	4	0	0
4	A	151	0	0	1	0
All	All	2328	0	2186	20	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (20) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:37:ARG:HH21	2:A:361:NAP:P2B	2.25	0.60
1:A:141:GLY:O	2:A:361:NAP:H6N	2.05	0.57
1:A:263:LEU:O	1:A:267:LEU:HG	2.05	0.56
1:A:138:LEU:HD11	1:A:244:LEU:HG	1.87	0.56
1:A:174:LEU:HB3	1:A:175:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.52
1:A:219:LEU:O	1:A:223:LYS:HD3	2.10	0.52
1:A:13:GLY:O	1:A:17:HIS:HD2	1.94	0.51
1:A:95:LEU:HB2	1:A:110:VAL:HG21	1.92	0.50
1:A:260:LEU:HB2	1:A:261:PRO:HD3	1.94	0.49
1:A:16:LEU:HD23	1:A:16:LEU:C	2.35	0.47
1:A:42:GLN:NE2	1:A:46:TRP:HE1	2.13	0.47
1:A:14:ILE:N	2:A:361:NAP:O2N	2.41	0.47
2:A:361:NAP:O1N	2:A:361:NAP:H2N	2.18	0.44
1:A:13:GLY:HA2	1:A:190:THR:HG22	2.00	0.43
1:A:86:VAL:CG1	1:A:244:LEU:HD21	2.49	0.42
1:A:244:LEU:HA	1:A:244:LEU:HD23	1.79	0.41
1:A:126:LEU:N	1:A:127:PRO:CD	2.84	0.41
1:A:172:LEU:O	1:A:175:PRO:HD2	2.21	0.41
1:A:247:PRO:HD2	4:A:709:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:122:LEU:HD13	1:A:169:LEU:CD1	2.51	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	273/327 (84%)	272 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric O		Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	230/257 (90%)	228 (99%)	2 (1%)	78 74

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	111	LEU
1	A	282	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	17	HIS
1	A	42	GLN
1	A	232	ASN



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAP	A	361	-	45,52,52	1.69	12 (26%)	56,80,80	1.63	11 (19%)
3	GOL	A	600	-	5,5,5	4.60	5 (100%)	5,5,5	3.98	3 (60%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAP	A	361	-	-	9/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
3	GOL	A	600	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

All (17) bond length outliers are listed below:

N	/Iol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	Ideal(Å)
	3	A	600	GOL	C3-C2	-6.91	1.23	1.51

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	Ideal(A)
2	A	361	NAP	C2N-N1N	4.97	1.41	1.35
3	A	600	GOL	O1-C1	4.91	1.63	1.42
2	A	361	NAP	C6N-N1N	4.12	1.45	1.35
3	A	600	GOL	O3-C3	4.02	1.59	1.42
3	A	600	GOL	O2-C2	-3.31	1.33	1.43
2	A	361	NAP	C4A-N3A	2.77	1.39	1.35
3	A	600	GOL	C1-C2	-2.62	1.40	1.51
2	A	361	NAP	C3D-C4D	2.37	1.59	1.53
2	A	361	NAP	C4N-C3N	2.36	1.43	1.39
2	A	361	NAP	C2D-C1D	-2.30	1.50	1.53
2	A	361	NAP	C2A-N3A	2.22	1.35	1.32
2	A	361	NAP	C8A-N7A	2.20	1.38	1.34
2	A	361	NAP	PN-O2N	-2.09	1.45	1.55
2	A	361	NAP	C5N-C4N	2.06	1.43	1.38
2	A	361	NAP	O4B-C4B	-2.06	1.40	1.45
2	A	361	NAP	O5D-C5D	-2.02	1.37	1.44

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	600	GOL	O2-C2-C3	7.09	140.35	109.12
2	A	361	NAP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-4.77	121.22	128.68
3	A	600	GOL	O3-C3-C2	4.50	131.77	110.20
2	A	361	NAP	O2N-PN-O5D	-4.28	87.86	107.75
2	A	361	NAP	C3N-C7N-N7N	-3.97	112.99	117.75
2	A	361	NAP	O4B-C1B-C2B	-3.84	99.93	106.59
2	A	361	NAP	O4D-C1D-C2D	-3.22	102.22	106.93
3	A	600	GOL	O1-C1-C2	2.68	123.07	110.20
2	A	361	NAP	O2X-P2B-O1X	2.54	120.63	110.68
2	A	361	NAP	C1B-N9A-C4A	-2.53	122.19	126.64
2	A	361	NAP	O4B-C4B-C5B	-2.48	101.21	109.37
2	A	361	NAP	O7N-C7N-C3N	2.46	122.57	119.63
2	A	361	NAP	O5D-PN-O1N	-2.33	99.97	109.07
2	A	361	NAP	O2A-PA-O1A	2.03	122.30	112.24

There are no chirality outliers.

All (11) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	361	NAP	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
2	A	361	NAP	C5B-O5B-PA-O2A
2	A	361	NAP	PN-O3-PA-O5B

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	361	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O3
2	A	361	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O2N
3	A	600	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	600	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
2	A	361	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
2	A	361	NAP	C5B-O5B-PA-O3
2	A	361	NAP	PA-O3-PN-O2N
2	A	361	NAP	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

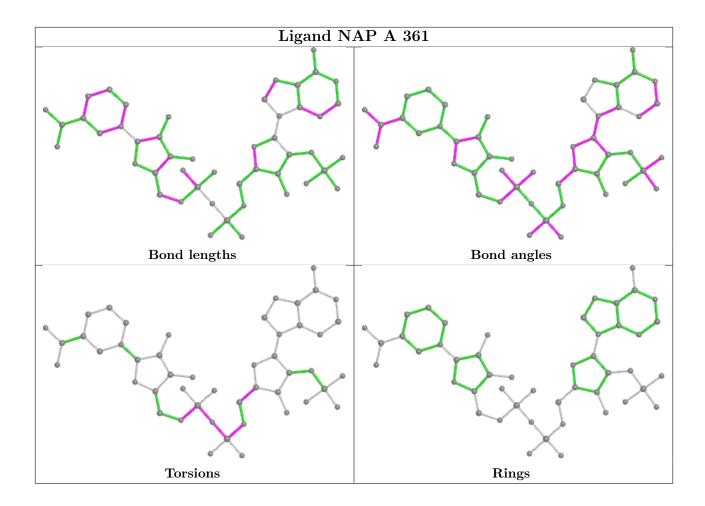
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	361	NAP	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

