

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Sep 13, 2023 – 03:13 PM EDT

PDB ID : 4QYL

Title : Crystal Structure of the human BRPF1 bromodomain in complex with a his-

tone H2AK5ac peptide

Authors: Lubula, M.Y.; Glass, K.C.

Deposited on : 2014-07-24

Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.35.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

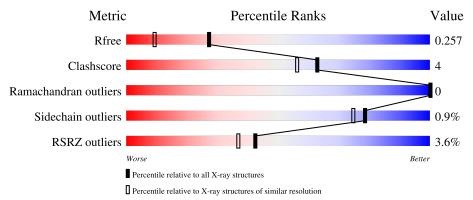
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
-1		115	2%					
1	A	117	94%		6%			
	_		3%					
1	В	117	92%		7% •			
			3%					
1	С	117	92%		8%			
			3%					
1	D	117	97%		• •			
			8%					
2	E	12	67%	17%	17%			

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
2	F	12	67%	17%	17%		
2	G	12	58%	25%	17%		
2	Н	12	25% 75%	8%	17%		



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4989 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Peregrin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	٨	117	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	5	0
1	A	111	1014	646	175	189	4	0	0	0
1	В	117	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	Ъ	111	989	633	167	185	4	0	4	U
1	С	117	Total	С	N	О	S	0	5	0
1		111	986	630	164	188	4	0	9	U
1	D	117	Total	С	N	О	S	0	5	0
1	ע	111	995	631	169	191	4		9	U

There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
A	2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
A	3	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	2	PRO	_	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	3	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
С	1	GLY	_	expression tag	UNP P55201
С	2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
С	3	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
D	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
D	2	PRO	_	expression tag	UNP P55201
D	3	LEU	_	expression tag	UNP P55201

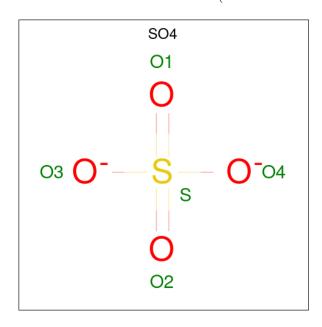
• Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H2A type 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	Е	10	Total				0	0	0
		10	62	36	13	13		Ü	
2	E	10	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0	0
	Г	10	62	36	13	13	0	U	U



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	2 G	10	Total	С	N	О	0	1	0
2		10	71	41	15	15	0		
9	П	10	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0
2	Z H	10	68	39	16	13	0	U	U

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $\mathrm{O_4S}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total O S	0	0
	11	1	5 4 1	0	
3	R	1	Total O S	0	0
	Б	1	5   4   1		U
3	C	1	Total O S	0	0
9		1	5   4   1	0	U
3	D	1	Total O S	0	0
3	ש	1	5 4 1	U	U

• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	151	Total O 151 151	0	0
4	В	190	Total O 190 190	0	0
4	С	207	Total O 207 207	0	0



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	D	137	Total O 137 137	0	0
4	Е	5	Total O 5 5	0	0
4	F	14	Total O 14 14	0	0
4	G	9	Total O 9 9	0	0
4	Н	9	Total O 9 9	0	0



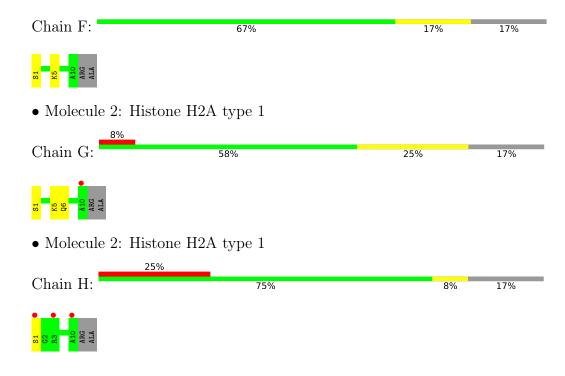
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Peregrin Chain A: 94% • Molecule 1: Peregrin Chain B: • Molecule 1: Peregrin Chain C: 8% 92% • Molecule 1: Peregrin Chain D: 97% • Molecule 2: Histone H2A type 1 Chain E: 67% 17% 17%

• Molecule 2: Histone H2A type 1







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	60.91Å 55.58Å 82.14Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 93.58° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	41.02 - 1.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	41.02 - 1.80	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (41.02-1.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (41.02-1.80)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.65 (at 1.79Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0029	Depositor
D D.	0.204 , 0.253	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.212 , $0.257$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2587 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.488	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 49.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.52, < L^2>=0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4989	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 64.13 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 8.6828e-06. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, ALY

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	nd angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.86	0/1036	0.83	0/1395
1	В	1.05	0/1017	0.93	3/1370 (0.2%)
1	С	1.09	0/1014	0.96	3/1368 (0.2%)
1	D	0.83	0/1014	0.84	0/1369
2	Е	0.91	0/48	1.03	0/59
2	F	1.18	0/48	1.06	0/59
2	G	1.15	0/57	0.91	0/71
2	Н	0.99	0/54	1.05	0/66
All	All	0.97	0/4288	0.90	$6/5757 \ (0.1\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	С	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	66	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.50	125.05	118.30
1	С	117	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-6.86	112.12	118.30
1	С	117	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.99	123.69	118.30
1	С	66	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.71	123.44	118.30
1	В	109	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.36	117.62	120.30
1	В	109	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.05	122.83	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.



All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	С	116	ILE	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1014	0	1004	16	0
1	В	989	0	992	9	0
1	С	986	0	970	6	0
1	D	995	0	961	3	1
2	Е	62	0	60	1	0
2	F	62	0	60	2	0
2	G	71	0	67	2	0
2	Н	68	0	71	1	0
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
3	В	5	0	0	0	0
3	С	5	0	0	0	0
3	D	5	0	0	0	0
4	A	151	0	0	3	1
4	В	190	0	0	7	1
4	С	207	0	0	3	1
4	D	137	0	0	3	0
4	Е	5	0	0	1	0
4	F	14	0	0	0	0
4	G	9	0	0	1	0
4	Н	9	0	0	1	0
All	All	4989	0	4185	36	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (36) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

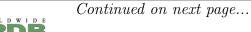
Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:109[B]:ARG:CB	1:A:109[B]:ARG:HH21	1.61	1.13



Continued from previous		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance} \; ({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:109[B]:ARG:CB	1:A:109[B]:ARG:NH2	2.30	0.94
1:A:109[B]:ARG:HH21	1:A:109[B]:ARG:HB2	1.37	0.90
1:A:109[B]:ARG:HH21	1:A:109[B]:ARG:CG	1.85	0.88
1:B:113:LYS:HG3	4:B:451:HOH:O	1.87	0.74
1:C:99[B]:GLN:OE1	4:C:501:HOH:O	2.05	0.73
1:A:109[B]:ARG:NH2	1:A:109[B]:ARG:HB3	2.02	0.73
1:B:20[B]:GLN:HG3	1:B:50:PHE:CD2	2.27	0.69
1:A:2:PRO:HB3	4:D:380:HOH:O	1.91	0.69
1:D:99[A]:GLN:OE1	4:D:398:HOH:O	2.11	0.67
1:B:26:ASN:OD1	4:B:436:HOH:O	2.14	0.65
1:A:109[B]:ARG:NH2	1:A:109[B]:ARG:HB2	2.07	0.63
1:B:82:TYR:O	2:F:1:SER:HB2	2.00	0.62
1:C:20[A]:GLN:NE2	4:C:417:HOH:O	2.35	0.59
1:B:1:GLY:N	4:B:457:HOH:O	2.34	0.59
1:B:20[B]:GLN:HG2	4:B:437:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:109[B]:ARG:HH21	1:A:109[B]:ARG:HG3	1.66	0.56
2:G:6[B]:GLN:HG3	4:G:103:HOH:O	2.05	0.56
2:H:1:SER:HB3	4:H:109:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
4:B:469:HOH:O	1:C:2:PRO:HB2	2.07	0.54
1:A:2:PRO:CB	4:D:380:HOH:O	2.56	0.51
1:B:82:TYR:O	2:F:1:SER:CB	2.61	0.49
1:B:1:GLY:CA	4:B:457:HOH:O	2.60	0.49
1:C:17[B]:GLU:HG3	4:C:426:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
4:B:469:HOH:O	1:C:2:PRO:CB	2.61	0.47
2:E:8:GLY:HA3	4:E:101:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:109[B]:ARG:NH2	1:A:109[B]:ARG:CG	2.56	0.45
1:A:17[B]:GLU:HG2	4:A:440:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:109:ARG:HH11	1:B:109:ARG:HD3	1.63	0.44
1:A:19:LEU:C	1:A:20[B]:GLN:CA	2.86	0.43
1:A:109[B]:ARG:HB3	1:A:109[B]:ARG:CZ	2.48	0.43
1:C:82:TYR:O	2:G:1:SER:HB2	2.20	0.42
1:A:17[A]:GLU:OE2	4:A:415:HOH:O	2.22	0.41
1:A:20[C]:GLN:HG3	4:A:392:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:D:9:LEU:HD11	1:D:60:TYR:CD1	2.56	0.40
1:A:34:LEU:HD12	1:D:60:TYR:HB3	2.04	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
4:B:401:HOH:O	4:C:444:HOH:O[2_748]	2.08	0.12



Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:99[B]:GLN:OE1	4:A:420:HOH:O[1_565]	2.19	0.01

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	121/117 (103%)	121 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	В	119/117 (102%)	118 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	С	120/117 (103%)	117 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	120/117 (103%)	119 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
2	E	7/12 (58%)	7 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	F	7/12 (58%)	7 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	G	8/12 (67%)	8 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	Н	7/12 (58%)	7 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	509/516 (99%)	504 (99%)	5 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	110/105 (105%)	109 (99%)	1 (1%)	78 75		



n previous	paae
	n previous

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	В	109/105 (104%)	108 (99%)	1 (1%)	78	75
1	$\mathbf{C}$	$107/105 \; (102\%)$	106 (99%)	1 (1%)	78	75
1	D	107/105 (102%)	106 (99%)	1 (1%)	78	75
2	E	3/5 (60%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100
2	F	3/5~(60%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100
2	G	4/5~(80%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
2	Н	4/5 (80%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	447/440 (102%)	443 (99%)	4 (1%)	78	75

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	60	TYR
1	В	60	TYR
1	С	60	TYR
1	D	60	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	n Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type			LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	ALY	Н	5	2	10,11,12	0.82	0	7,12,14	0.64	0



Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type		ites		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	ALY	Е	5	2	10,11,12	0.97	0	7,12,14	1.51	2 (28%)
2	ALY	G	5	2	10,11,12	1.51	3 (30%)	7,12,14	1.58	2 (28%)
2	ALY	F	5	2	10,11,12	0.78	0	7,12,14	1.24	1 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	ALY	Н	5	2	-	1/9/10/12	-
2	ALY	Е	5	2	-	0/9/10/12	-
2	ALY	G	5	2	-	0/9/10/12	-
2	ALY	F	5	2	-	0/9/10/12	-

#### All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
2	G	5	ALY	ОН-СН	2.51	1.28	1.23
2	G	5	ALY	CH-NZ	-2.30	1.27	1.34
2	G	5	ALY	СН3-СН	2.24	1.55	1.50

#### All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	G	5	ALY	ОН-СН-СН3	3.05	127.73	122.06
2	F	5	ALY	ОН-СН-СН3	2.79	127.25	122.06
2	Е	5	ALY	OH-CH-CH3	2.66	127.00	122.06
2	G	5	ALY	CH3-CH-NZ	-2.57	111.54	116.09
2	Е	5	ALY	CE-NZ-CH	-2.22	119.14	122.56

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms
2	Н	5	ALY	O-C-CA-CB

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	e Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	SO4	С	201	-	4,4,4	0.50	0	6,6,6	0.91	0
3	SO4	A	201	-	4,4,4	0.57	0	6,6,6	1.03	0
3	SO4	В	201	-	4,4,4	0.59	0	6,6,6	0.80	0
3	SO4	D	201	-	4,4,4	0.64	0	6,6,6	0.41	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	117/117 (100%)	-0.01	2 (1%) 70 66	16, 22, 37, 46	0
1	В	117/117 (100%)	-0.12	4 (3%) 45 39	9, 14, 33, 46	0
1	С	117/117 (100%)	-0.11	3 (2%) 56 51	9, 15, 35, 68	0
1	D	117/117 (100%)	0.06	4 (3%) 45 39	16, 22, 48, 58	0
2	E	9/12 (75%)	0.37	1 (11%) 5 4	25, 29, 40, 42	0
2	F	9/12 (75%)	0.20	0 100 100	15, 23, 31, 32	0
2	G	9/12 (75%)	-0.03	1 (11%) 5 4	15, 18, 25, 33	0
2	Н	9/12 (75%)	0.63	3 (33%) 0 0	23, 31, 42, 45	0
All	All	504/516 (97%)	-0.02	18 (3%) 42 37	9, 19, 38, 68	0

All (18) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	116	ILE	4.9
1	С	116	ILE	4.6
1	С	117	ASP	4.4
1	D	116	ILE	3.8
1	С	115	GLY	3.4
2	Е	10	ALA	3.4
1	D	117	ASP	3.1
1	D	2	PRO	2.8
1	A	116	ILE	2.6
1	В	115	GLY	2.6
1	A	114	MET	2.3
1	D	114	MET	2.3
1	В	114	MET	2.2
2	Н	1	SER	2.2
2	Н	10	ALA	2.2
2	Н	3	ARG	2.2



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	117	ASP	2.2
2	G	10	ALA	2.1

# 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	ALY	Н	5	12/13	0.92	0.09	19,22,24,25	0
2	ALY	Е	5	12/13	0.93	0.09	20,21,23,23	0
2	ALY	G	5	12/13	0.95	0.10	8,10,15,15	0
2	ALY	F	5	12/13	0.96	0.08	11,13,16,16	0

# 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	SO4	В	201	5/5	0.97	0.08	19,20,21,24	0
3	SO4	A	201	5/5	0.98	0.07	26,26,29,32	0
3	SO4	С	201	5/5	0.98	0.07	15,16,19,25	0
3	SO4	D	201	5/5	0.98	0.05	28,28,28,29	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

