

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID 2R2J

> Title : crystal structure of human ERp44

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2007-08-25 Deposited on

2.60 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13 EDS 2.11

Percentile statistics 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

> Refmac 5.8.0158

CCP4 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

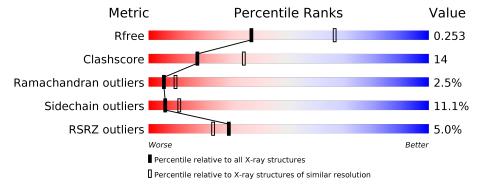
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# { m Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
			4%					
1	A	382	57%	24%	5%	14%		



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2827 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

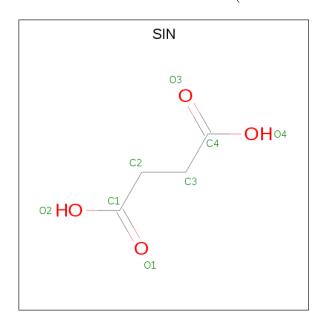
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Thioredoxin domain-containing protein 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	328	Total	С	Ν	О	S	Se	0	9	0
1	Λ	320	2703	1725	459	505	6	8	0	2	0

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-4	GLY	_	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9BS26
A	-3	PRO		EXPRESSION TAG	•
A	-2	LEU	_	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9BS26
A	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9BS26
A	0	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9BS26

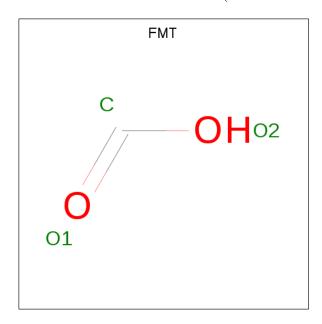
• Molecule 2 is SUCCINIC ACID (three-letter code: SIN) (formula: C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>4</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 8 4 4	0	0



 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula:  $\mathrm{CH_2O_2}).$ 



$oxed{N}$	Iol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	3	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
	3	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

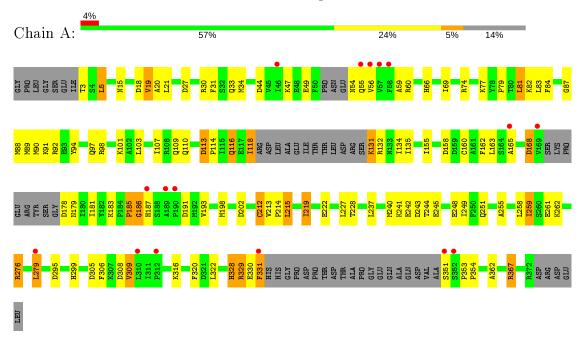
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	110	Total O 110 110	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Thioredoxin domain-containing protein 4





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	83.50Å 83.50Å 123.14Å	Danagitan
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	72.36 - 2.60	Depositor
Resolution (A)	46.88 - 2.60	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (72.36-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.5 (46.88-2.60)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.35 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D.	0.217 , $0.263$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.216 , $0.253$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	783 reflections $(4.99\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	70.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.024	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 85.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.033 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2827	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	73.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.71% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FMT, SIN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Во	ond angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.74	$2/2762 \ (0.1\%)$	0.97	$11/3713 \ (0.3\%)$

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	${ m Observed}( m \AA)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	3	THR	N-CA	8.01	1.62	1.46
1	A	212	CYS	CB-SG	-6.70	1.70	1.82

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	215	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.16	131.76	115.30
1	A	328	HIS	C-N-CA	6.29	137.42	121.70
1	A	178	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.46	123.22	118.30
1	A	328	HIS	CA-C-N	5.42	129.12	117.20
1	A	279	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.37	127.64	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2703	0	2622	74	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	8	0	4	2	0
3	A	6	0	2	0	0
4	A	110	0	0	13	0
All	All	2827	0	2628	74	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

The worst 5 of 74 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:113:ASP:HB2	1:A:114:PRO:HA	1.33	1.10
1:A:179:ASN:HA	1:A:198:MSE:HE1	1.37	1.04
1:A:91:LYS:H	2:A:380:SIN:H31	1.28	0.95
1:A:90:MSE:HE1	1:A:155:ILE:HA	1.53	0.90
1:A:21:LEU:HD22	1:A:107:ILE:HD11	1.56	0.87

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	320/382 (84%)	298 (93%)	14 (4%)	8 (2%)	5 9

5 of 8 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	113	ASP
1	A	186	GLY
1	A	241	LYS
1	A	329	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	49	GLU	

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles	
1	A	299/335~(89%)	266 (89%)	33 (11%)	6 11	

5 of 33 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	168	ASP
1	A	222	GLU
1	A	322	LEU
1	A	202	ASP
1	A	215	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	36	HIS
1	A	116	GLN
1	A	179	ASN
1	A	187	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res Link		В	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	Bond angles				
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	SIN	A	380	_	1,7,7	0.27	0	2,8,8	2.39	1 (50%)
3	FMT	A	379	-	0,2,2	0.00	=	0,1,1	0.00	-
3	FMT	A	378	-	0,2,2	0.00	-	0,1,1	0.00	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SIN	A	380	-	=	0/1/5/5	=

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	A	380	SIN	C3-C2-C1	-3.36	107.04	112.67

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	Α	380	SIN	2	0

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB( m \AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	320/382 (83%)	0.55	16 (5%) 2	28 23	63, 73, 80, 87	0

The worst 5 of 16 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	189	ALA	5.0
1	A	56	VAL	4.2
1	A	310	LEU	4.1
1	A	190	PRO	4.0
1	A	55	GLN	3.9

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	FMT	A	379	3/3	0.77	0.20	85,85,86,86	0
2	SIN	A	380	8/8	0.82	0.42	80,81,81,82	0
3	FMT	A	378	3/3	0.82	0.30	83,83,84,84	0



# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

