



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 11, 2022 – 12:58 am GMT

PDB ID : 6RAW
EMDB ID : EMD-4785
Title : D. melanogaster CMG-DNA, State 1A
Authors : Eickhoff, P.; Martino, F.; Costa, A.
Deposited on : 2019-04-08
Resolution : 3.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

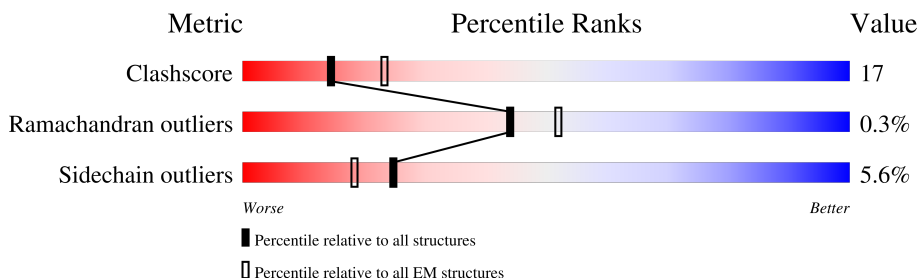
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	2	887	
2	3	819	
3	4	866	
4	5	733	
5	6	817	
6	7	720	
7	F	26	
8	G	13	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
9	A	575	
10	H	202	
11	L	203	
12	M	212	
13	N	228	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
14	ATP	2	902	-	-	X	-
15	ADP	7	801	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 15 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 39710 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor Mcm2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	2	603	4769	3012	831	895	31	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor Mcm3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	3	585	4551	2835	817	872	27	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	4	608	4863	3060	861	916	26	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor Mcm5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	5	576	4532	2847	804	852	29	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor Mcm6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	6	601	4777	2995	842	913	27	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor Mcm7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
6	7	631	4923	3077	877	935	34	0	1

- Molecule 7 is a DNA chain called DNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	F	26	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			527	257	76	168	26		

- Molecule 8 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P*TP*CP*GP*AP*TP*CP*GP*AP*TP*CP*GP*AP*T)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	G	13	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			266	127	47	79	13		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called CDC45L.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	A	542	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4362	2781	749	810	22		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called IP07275p.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	H	195	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1583	1007	279	289	8		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called Probable DNA replication complex GINS protein PSF2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	L	171	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1395	903	231	249	12		

- Molecule 12 is a protein called AT18545p.

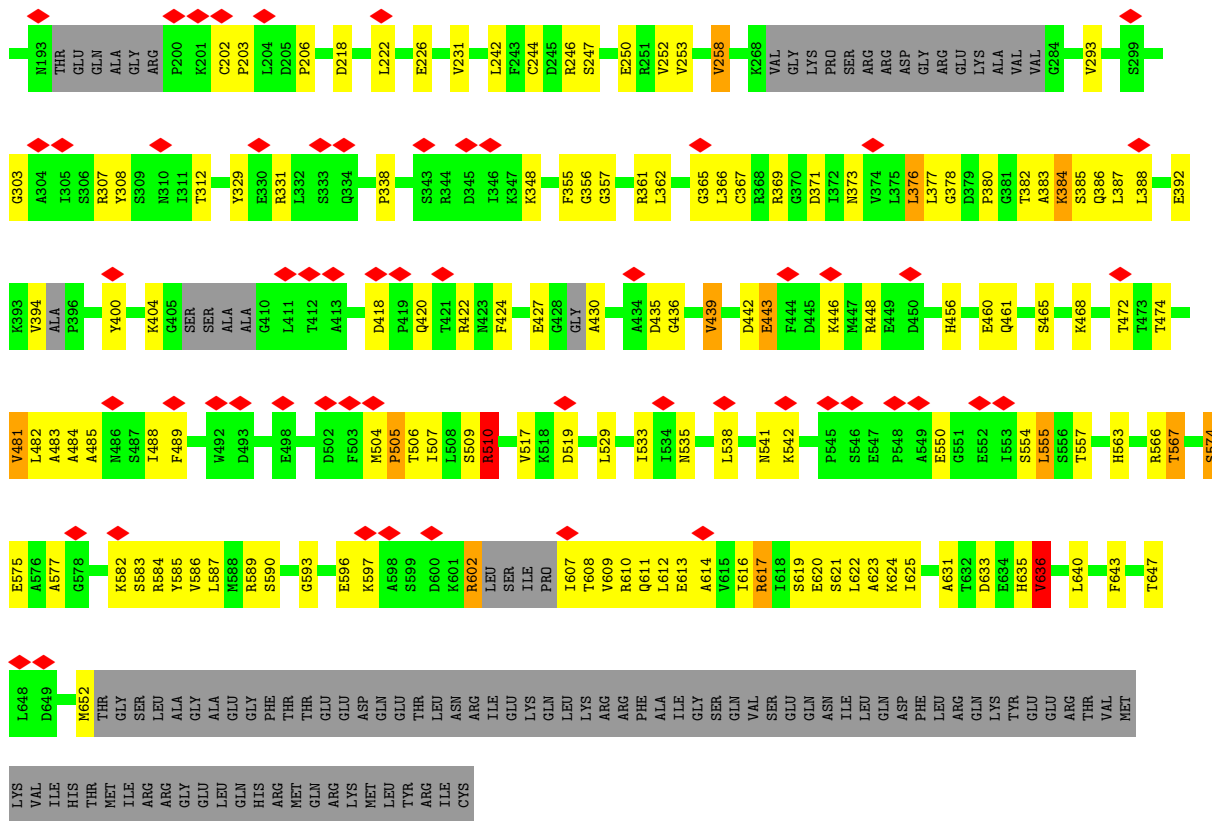
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
12	M	162	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1349	860	240	245	4		

- Molecule 13 is a protein called DNA replication complex GINS protein SLD5.

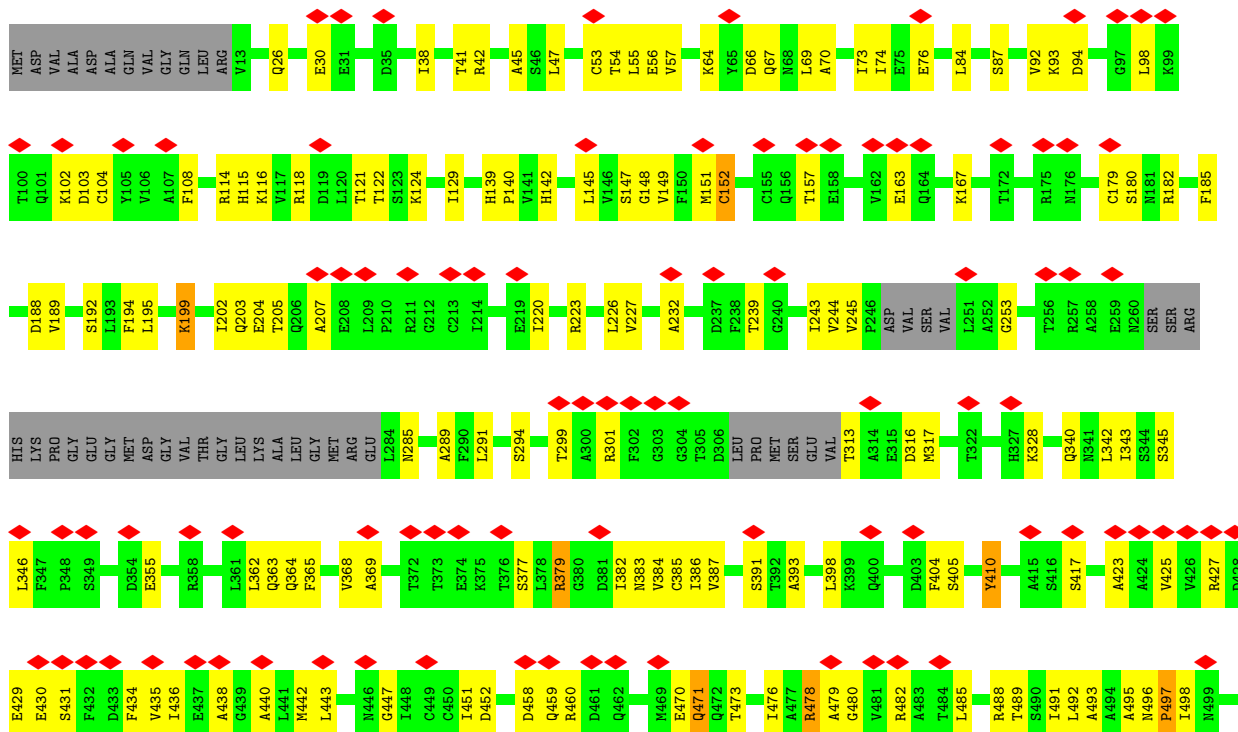
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	N	203	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1639	1021	276	329	13		

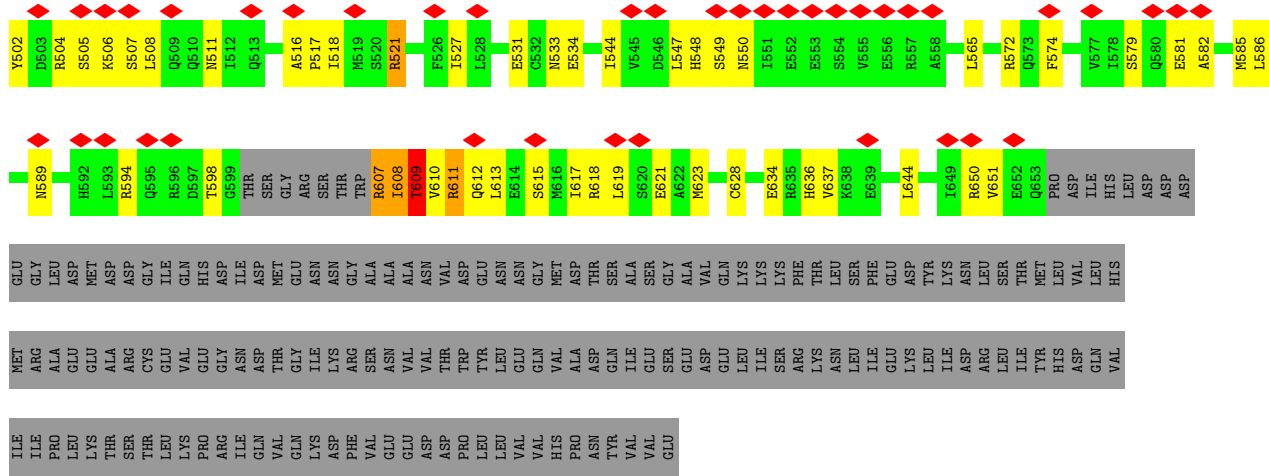
- Molecule 14 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula:

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
15	4	1	27	10	5	10	2	0
15	6	1	27	10	5	10	2	0
15	7	1	27	10	5	10	2	0

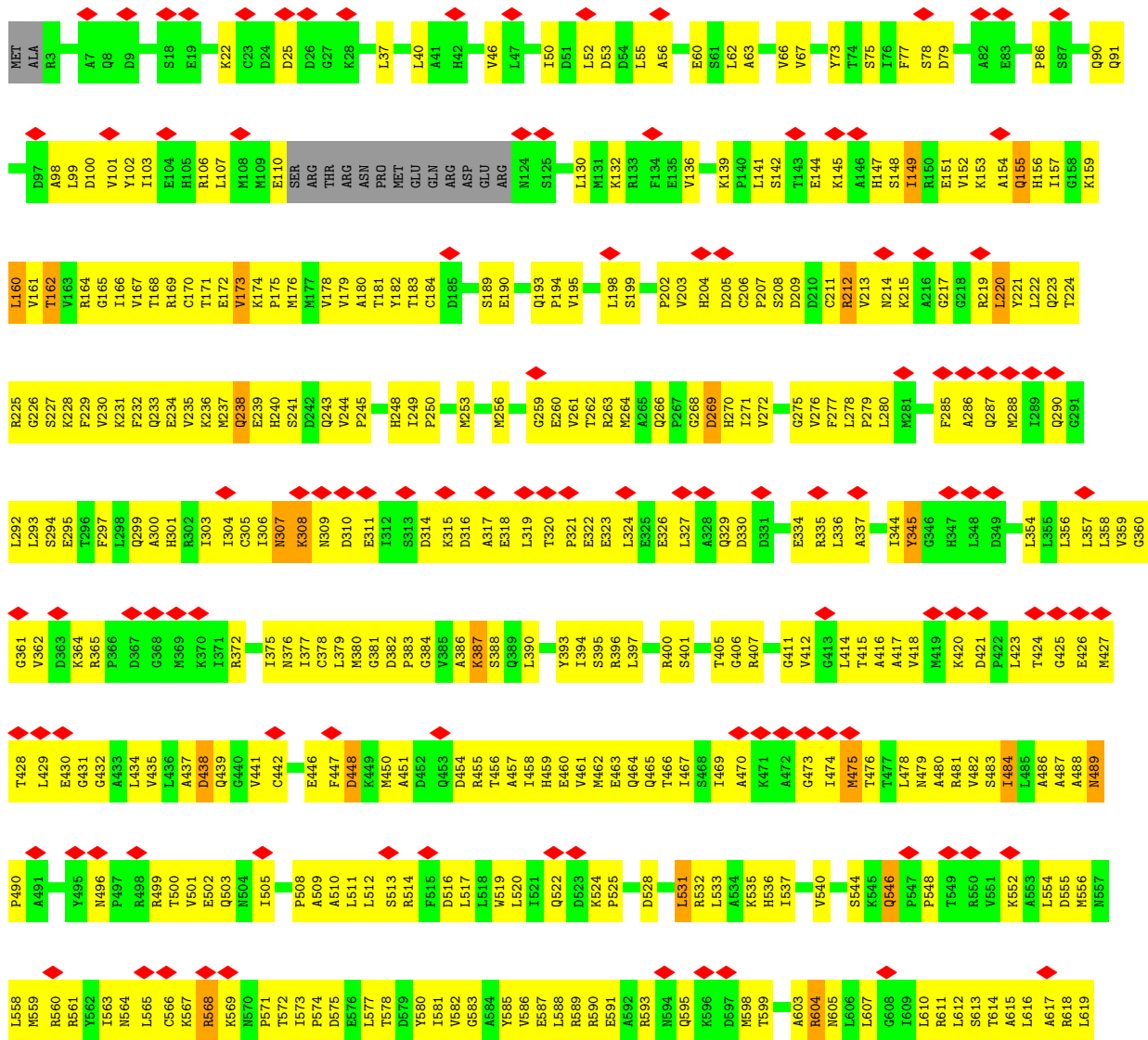


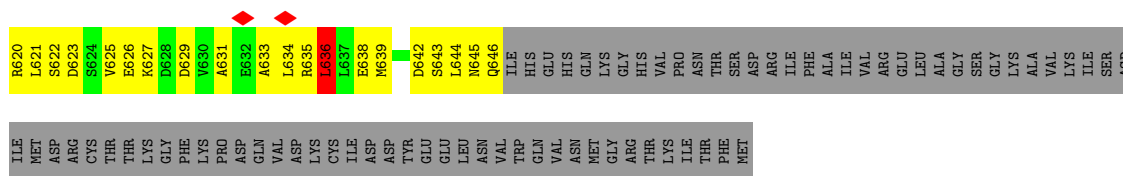
• Molecule 5: DNA replication licensing factor Mcm6



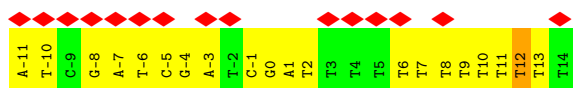


• Molecule 6: DNA replication licensing factor Mcm7

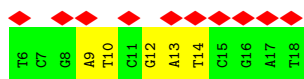
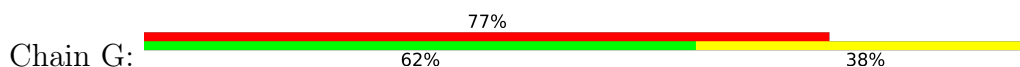




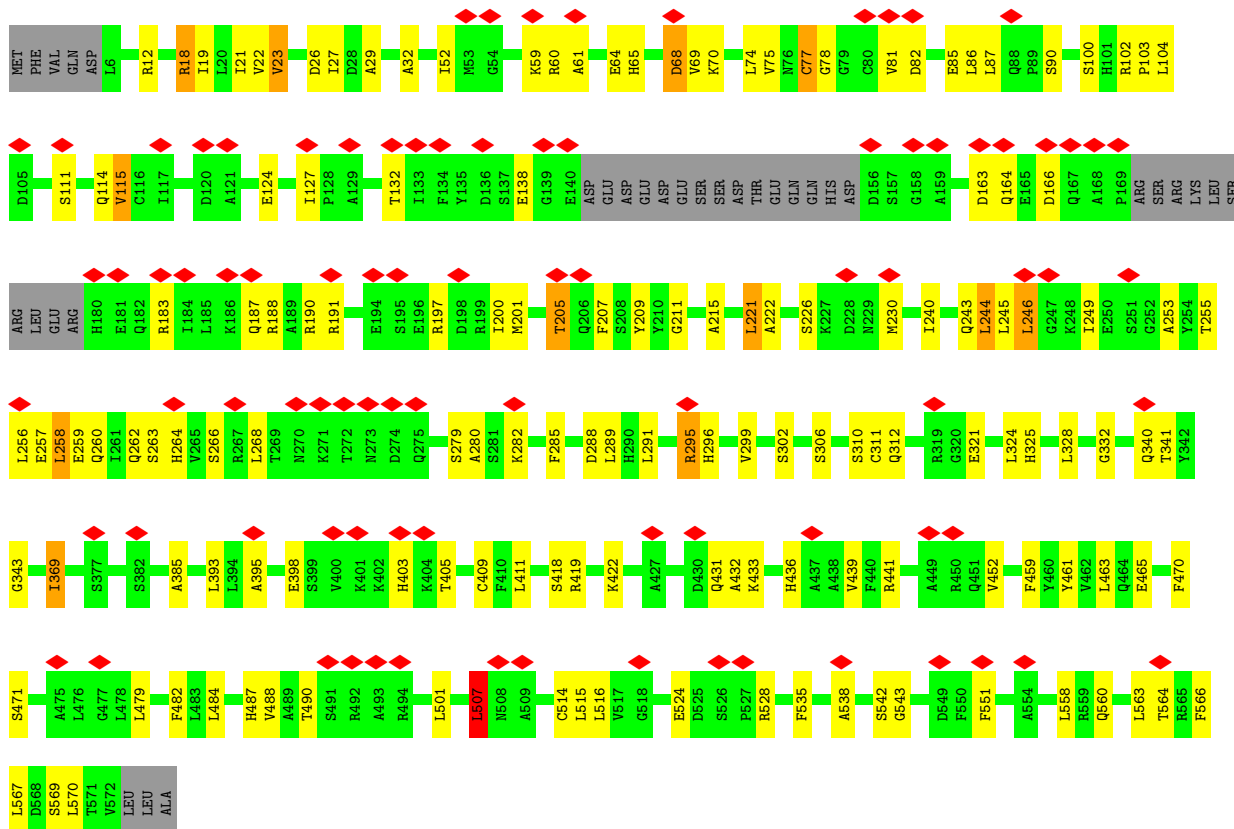
• Molecule 7: DNA



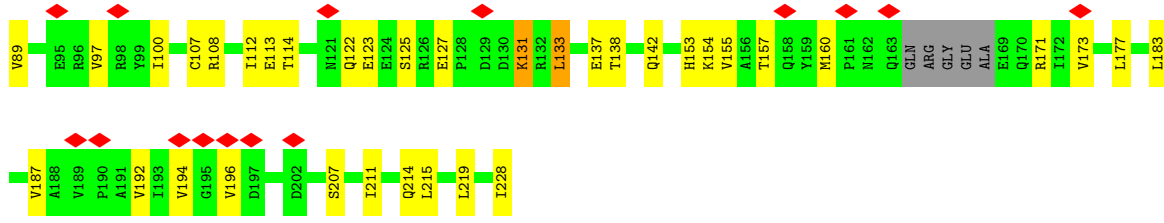
• Molecule 8: DNA (5'-D(P*TP*CP*GP*AP*TP*CP*GP*AP*TP*CP*GP*AP*T)-3')



• Molecule 9: CDC45L



• Molecule 10: IP07275p



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	170329	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.084	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.060	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.007	Depositor
Map size (Å)	414.72003, 414.72003, 414.72003	wwPDB
Map dimensions	384, 384, 384	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.08, 1.08, 1.08	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ADP, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	2	0.36	0/4855	0.86	22/6562 (0.3%)
2	3	0.36	1/4607 (0.0%)	0.81	13/6205 (0.2%)
3	4	0.33	0/4953	0.73	7/6703 (0.1%)
4	5	0.36	0/4602	0.77	7/6185 (0.1%)
5	6	0.34	0/4847	0.78	7/6536 (0.1%)
6	7	0.29	0/4988	0.63	7/6721 (0.1%)
7	F	0.59	1/585 (0.2%)	1.14	0/901
8	G	0.57	0/297	0.96	0/456
9	A	0.34	0/4453	0.74	7/6021 (0.1%)
10	H	0.38	0/1618	0.78	1/2184 (0.0%)
11	L	0.37	0/1431	0.71	1/1937 (0.1%)
12	M	0.41	0/1380	0.76	0/1868
13	N	0.35	0/1664	0.65	0/2251
All	All	0.35	2/40280 (0.0%)	0.77	72/54530 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	2	0	7
2	3	0	7
3	4	0	8
4	5	0	9
5	6	1	5
6	7	0	1
9	A	0	2
10	H	0	2
11	L	0	1
12	M	0	4

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Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
All	All	1	46

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	3	454	TYR	CD1-CE1	-5.43	1.31	1.39
7	F	12	DT	C3'-O3'	-5.15	1.37	1.44

The worst 5 of 72 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	7	604	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.43	113.59	120.30
3	4	734	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	12.95	141.73	123.60
1	2	641	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.47	114.56	120.30
2	3	481	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	10.03	128.05	111.00
3	4	171	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	-9.51	114.14	120.80

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
5	6	609	THR	CB

5 of 46 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	2	266	ILE	Peptide
1	2	384	LEU	Peptide
1	2	437	VAL	Peptide
1	2	528	ALA	Peptide
1	2	641	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	2	4769	0	4808	158	0
2	3	4551	0	4615	138	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	4	4863	0	4860	124	0
4	5	4532	0	4571	130	0
5	6	4777	0	4774	151	0
6	7	4923	0	4960	492	0
7	F	527	0	303	32	0
8	G	266	0	148	5	0
9	A	4362	0	4304	88	0
10	H	1583	0	1567	32	0
11	L	1395	0	1415	31	0
12	M	1349	0	1328	29	0
13	N	1639	0	1587	33	0
14	2	62	0	24	18	0
14	3	31	0	11	5	0
15	4	27	0	12	1	0
15	6	27	0	11	3	0
15	7	27	0	11	9	0
All	All	39710	0	39309	1349	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 1349 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:2:541:LEU:HD13	5:6:479:ALA:CA	1.30	1.57
1:2:541:LEU:CD1	5:6:479:ALA:HA	1.10	1.53
1:2:541:LEU:HD13	5:6:479:ALA:N	1.41	1.31
1:2:541:LEU:HD22	5:6:480:GLY:N	1.49	1.28
1:2:541:LEU:CD1	5:6:479:ALA:CA	1.93	1.27

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	2	597/887 (67%)	471 (79%)	124 (21%)	2 (0%)	41	74
2	3	567/819 (69%)	452 (80%)	114 (20%)	1 (0%)	47	78
3	4	602/866 (70%)	502 (83%)	99 (16%)	1 (0%)	47	78
4	5	560/733 (76%)	433 (77%)	124 (22%)	3 (0%)	29	66
5	6	591/817 (72%)	474 (80%)	112 (19%)	5 (1%)	19	56
6	7	618/720 (86%)	530 (86%)	88 (14%)	0	100	100
9	A	536/575 (93%)	441 (82%)	94 (18%)	1 (0%)	47	78
10	H	193/202 (96%)	149 (77%)	44 (23%)	0	100	100
11	L	169/203 (83%)	135 (80%)	34 (20%)	0	100	100
12	M	158/212 (74%)	119 (75%)	38 (24%)	1 (1%)	25	62
13	N	199/228 (87%)	163 (82%)	35 (18%)	1 (0%)	29	66
All	All	4790/6262 (76%)	3869 (81%)	906 (19%)	15 (0%)	44	74

5 of 15 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	6	497	PRO
5	6	617	ILE
4	5	303	GLY
12	M	142	ALA
1	2	473	HIS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	2	531/781 (68%)	490 (92%)	41 (8%)	13	43
2	3	502/699 (72%)	472 (94%)	30 (6%)	19	50
3	4	545/759 (72%)	526 (96%)	19 (4%)	36	63

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
4	5	497/630 (79%)	474 (95%)	23 (5%)	27	57
5	6	526/718 (73%)	494 (94%)	32 (6%)	18	50
6	7	541/630 (86%)	514 (95%)	27 (5%)	24	55
9	A	469/501 (94%)	439 (94%)	30 (6%)	17	48
10	H	170/176 (97%)	157 (92%)	13 (8%)	13	43
11	L	158/184 (86%)	148 (94%)	10 (6%)	18	49
12	M	146/188 (78%)	138 (94%)	8 (6%)	21	53
13	N	184/205 (90%)	176 (96%)	8 (4%)	29	58
All	All	4269/5471 (78%)	4028 (94%)	241 (6%)	25	53

5 of 241 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	6	56	GLU
11	L	114	ARG
5	6	611	ARG
11	L	85	THR
13	N	133	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 48 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	5	541	ASN
6	7	503	GLN
5	6	400	GLN
5	6	612	GLN
9	A	276	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
15	ADP	7	801	-	24,29,29	0.98	2 (8%)	29,45,45	1.65	5 (17%)
15	ADP	6	901	-	24,29,29	0.96	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.52	4 (13%)
15	ADP	4	901	-	24,29,29	0.96	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.45	5 (17%)
14	ATP	2	902	-	26,33,33	0.91	1 (3%)	31,52,52	2.00	6 (19%)
14	ATP	3	901	-	26,33,33	0.92	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.61	5 (16%)
14	ATP	2	901	-	26,33,33	1.00	2 (7%)	31,52,52	1.76	5 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
15	ADP	7	801	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
15	ADP	6	901	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
15	ADP	4	901	-	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
14	ATP	2	902	-	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
14	ATP	3	901	-	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
14	ATP	2	901	-	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
15	7	801	ADP	C5-C4	2.60	1.47	1.40

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
15	6	901	ADP	C5-C4	2.59	1.47	1.40
15	4	901	ADP	C5-C4	2.58	1.47	1.40
14	2	902	ATP	C5-C4	2.52	1.47	1.40
14	3	901	ATP	C5-C4	2.51	1.47	1.40

The worst 5 of 30 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
14	2	902	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-5.95	112.42	132.83
14	2	901	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-5.13	115.22	132.83
14	2	901	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-5.03	115.56	132.83
14	2	902	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-4.76	116.50	132.83
15	7	801	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-4.39	117.76	132.83

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
14	2	902	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
14	3	901	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
15	4	901	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
15	6	901	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
15	7	801	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A

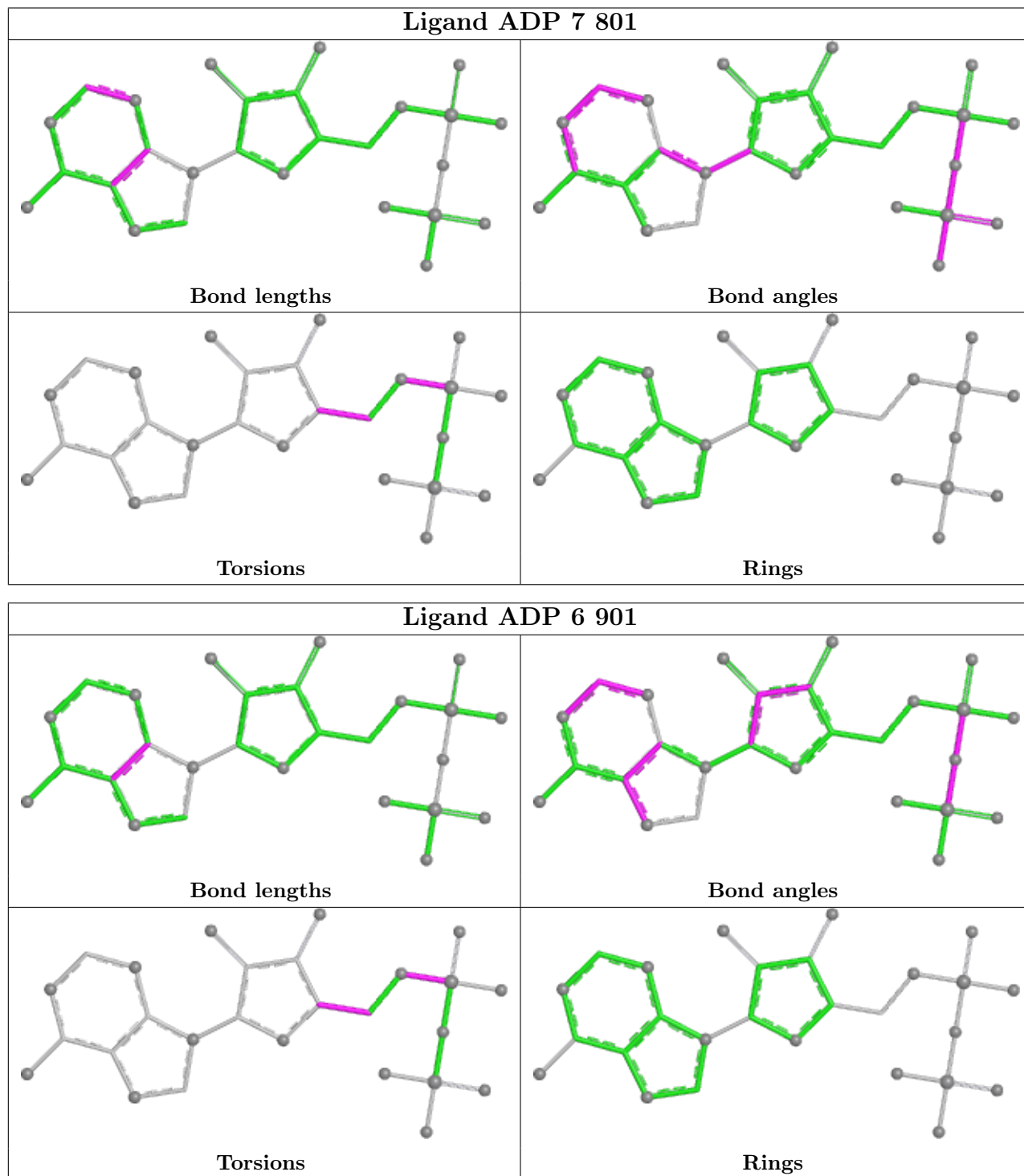
There are no ring outliers.

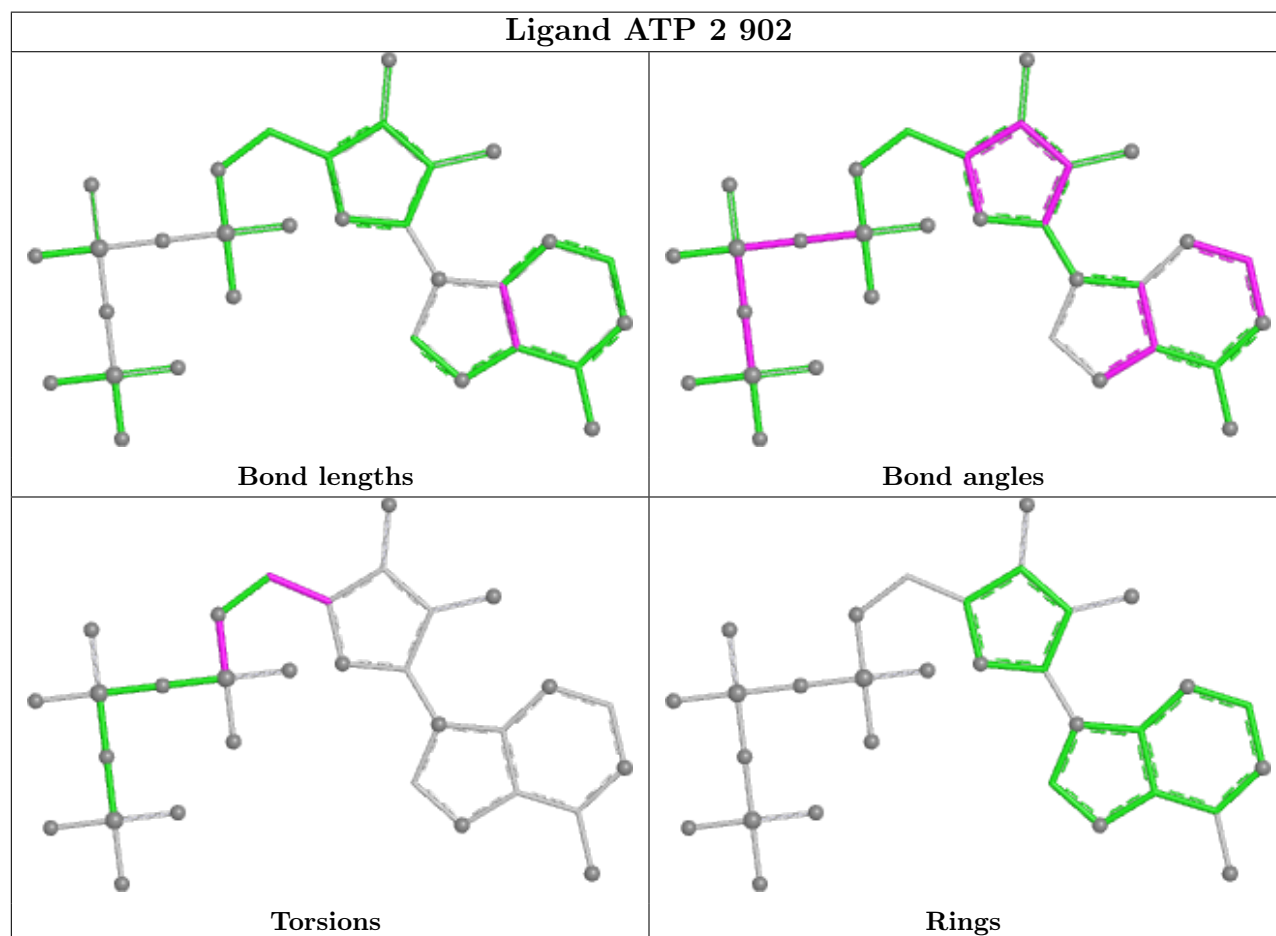
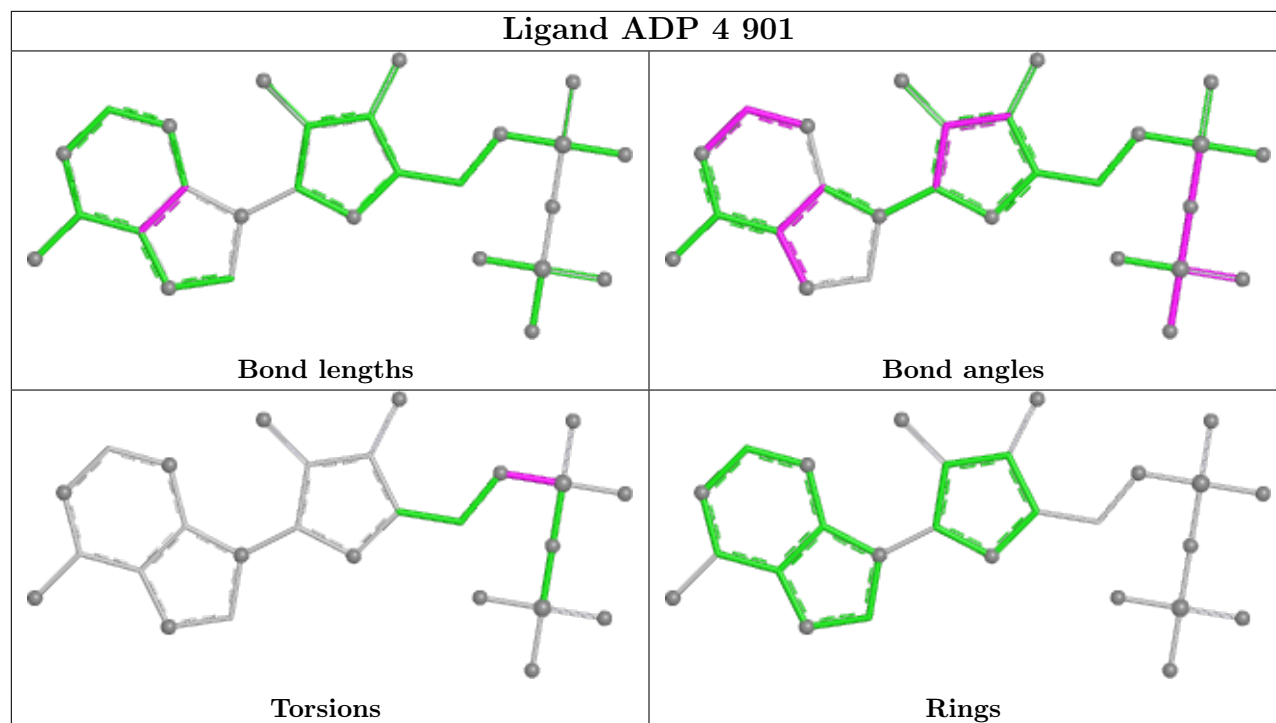
6 monomers are involved in 36 short contacts:

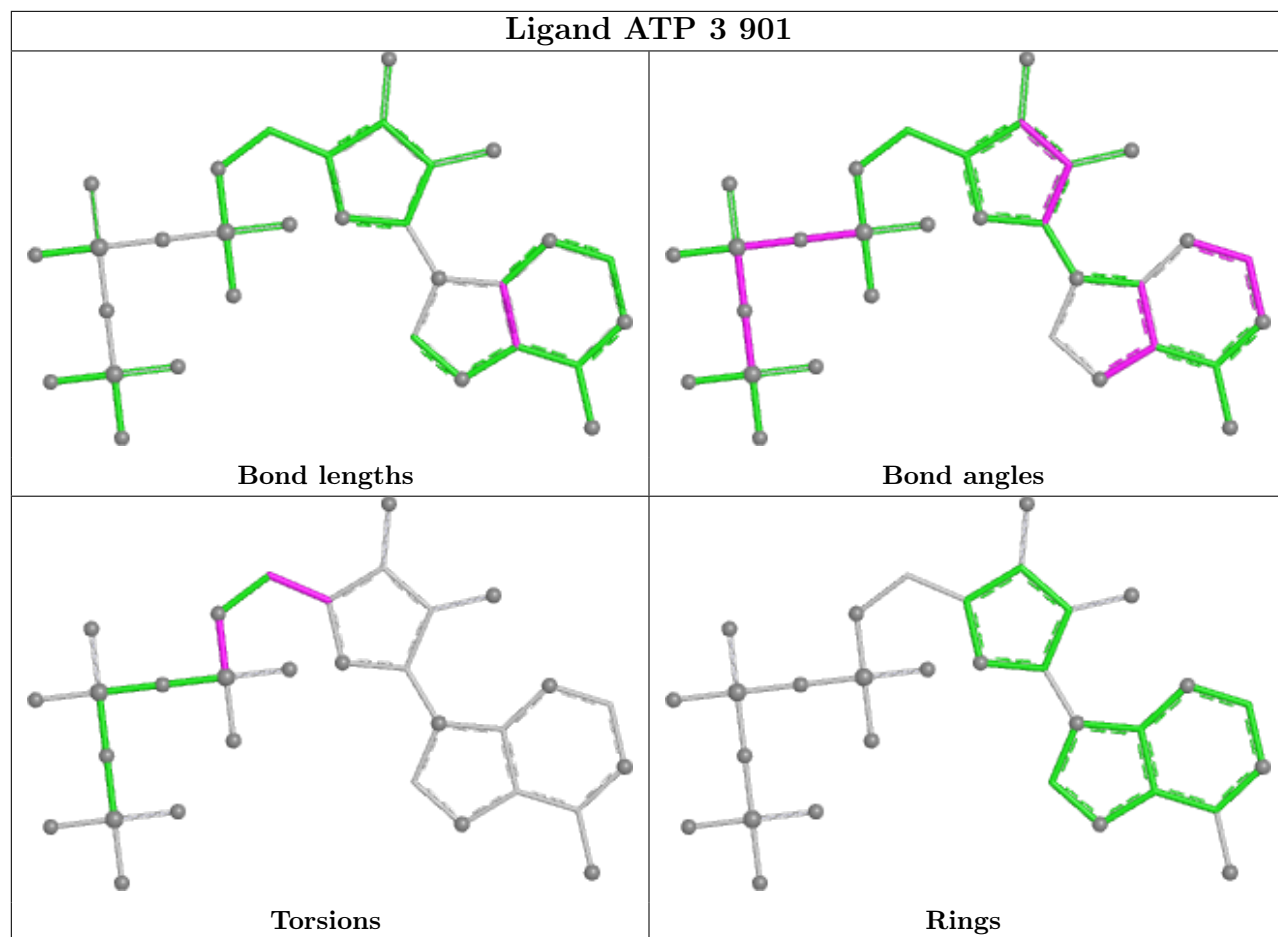
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
15	7	801	ADP	9	0
15	6	901	ADP	3	0
15	4	901	ADP	1	0
14	2	902	ATP	11	0
14	3	901	ATP	5	0
14	2	901	ATP	7	0

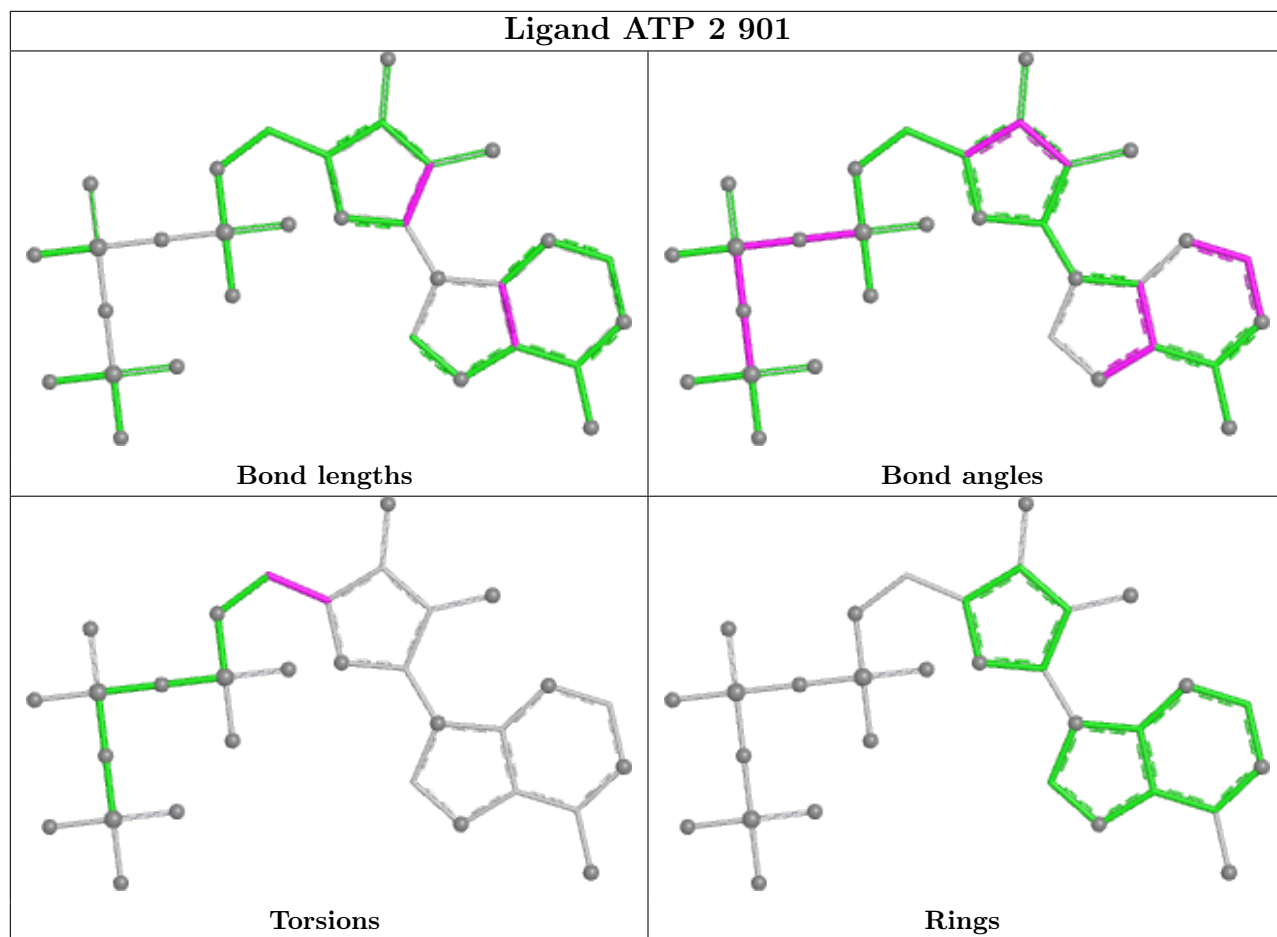
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be

highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
6	7	2

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	7	316:ASP	C	317:ALA	N	10.45
1	7	142:SER	C	143:THR	N	6.25

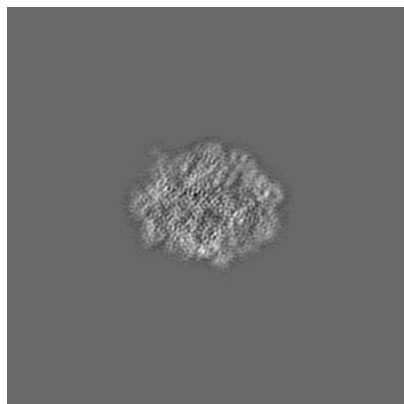
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-4785. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

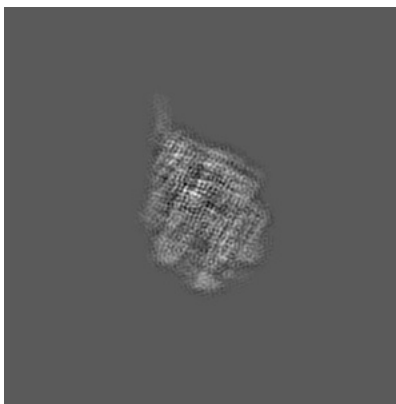
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

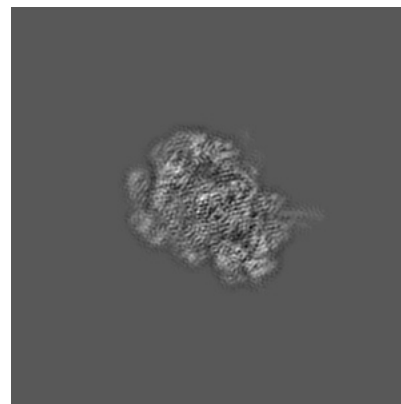
6.1.1 Primary map



X

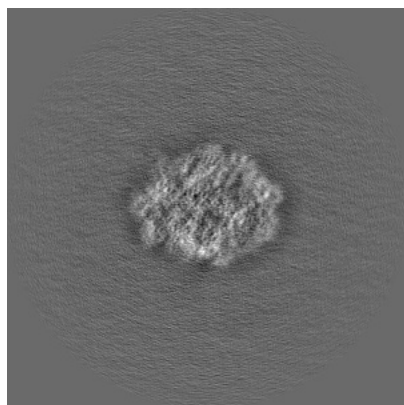


Y

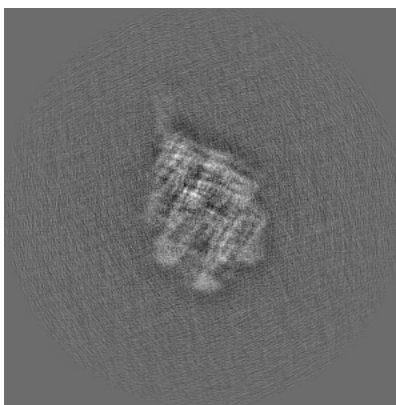


Z

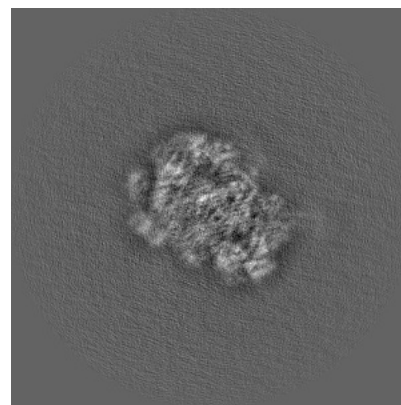
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

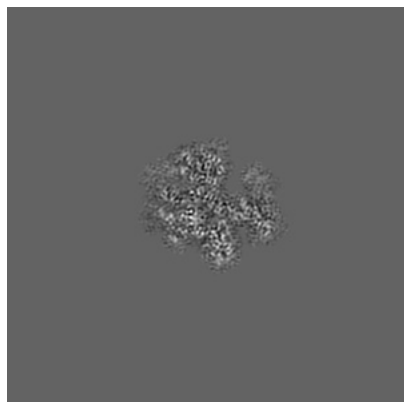


Z

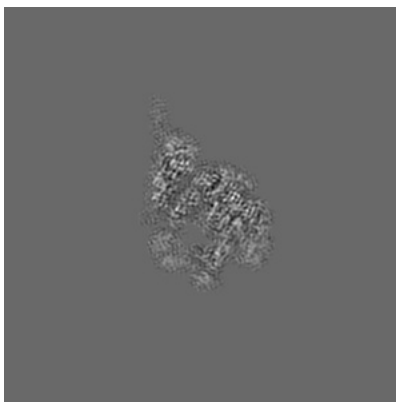
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

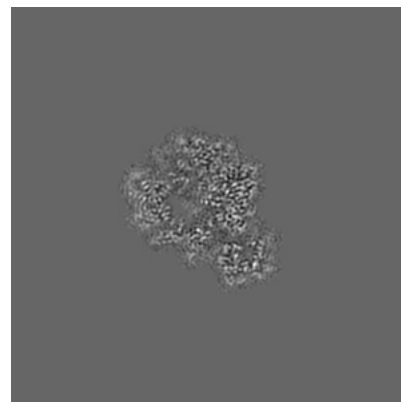
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 192

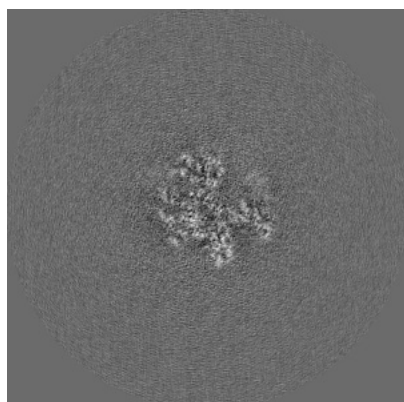


Y Index: 192

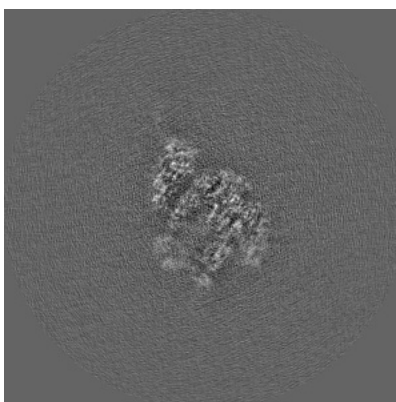


Z Index: 192

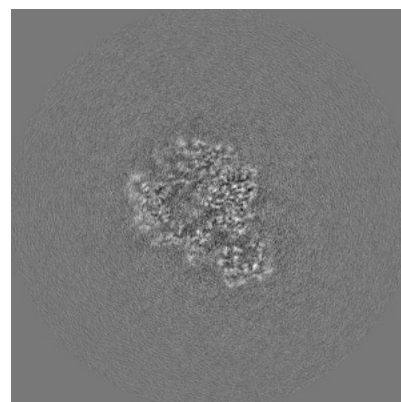
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 192

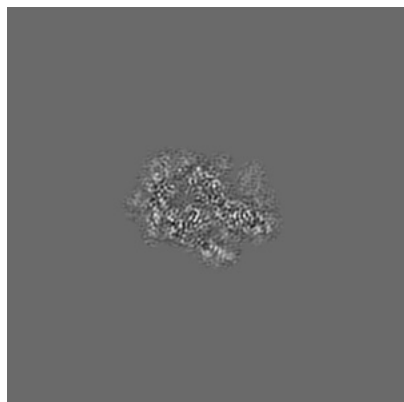


Z Index: 192

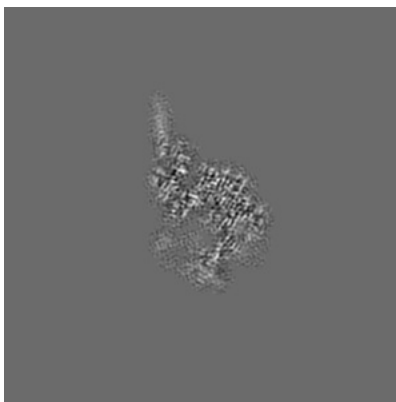
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

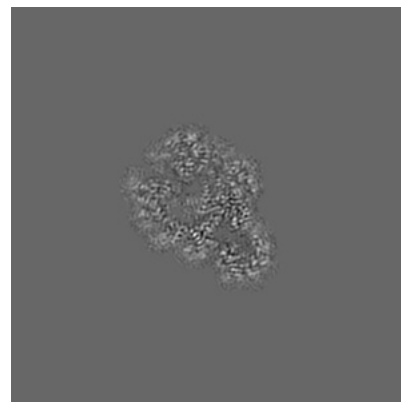
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 204

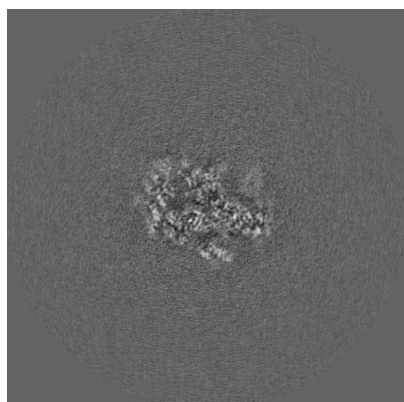


Y Index: 186

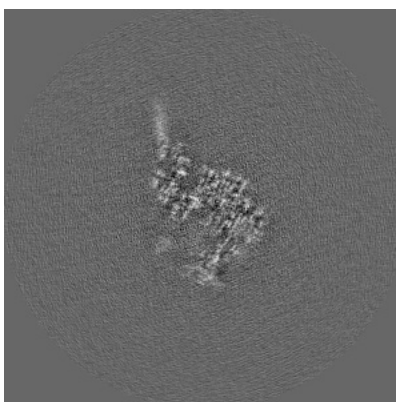


Z Index: 198

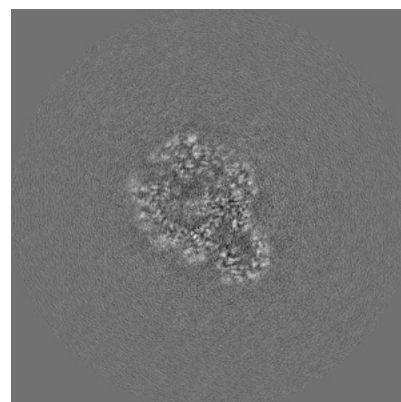
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 203



Y Index: 186

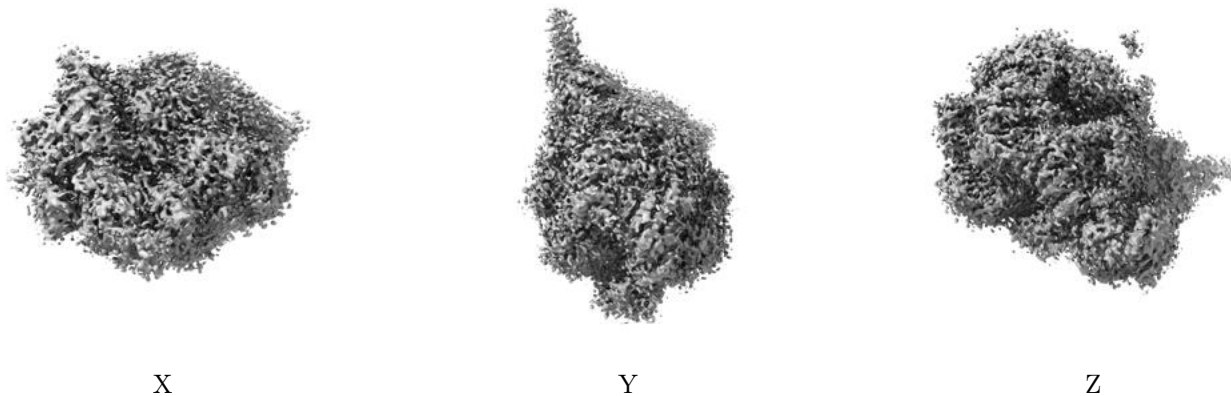


Z Index: 198

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

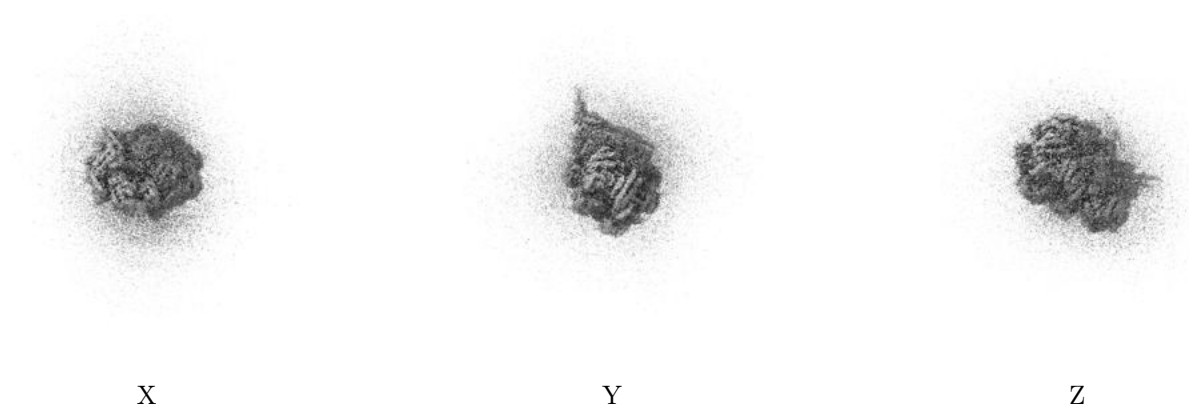
6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.007. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.4.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

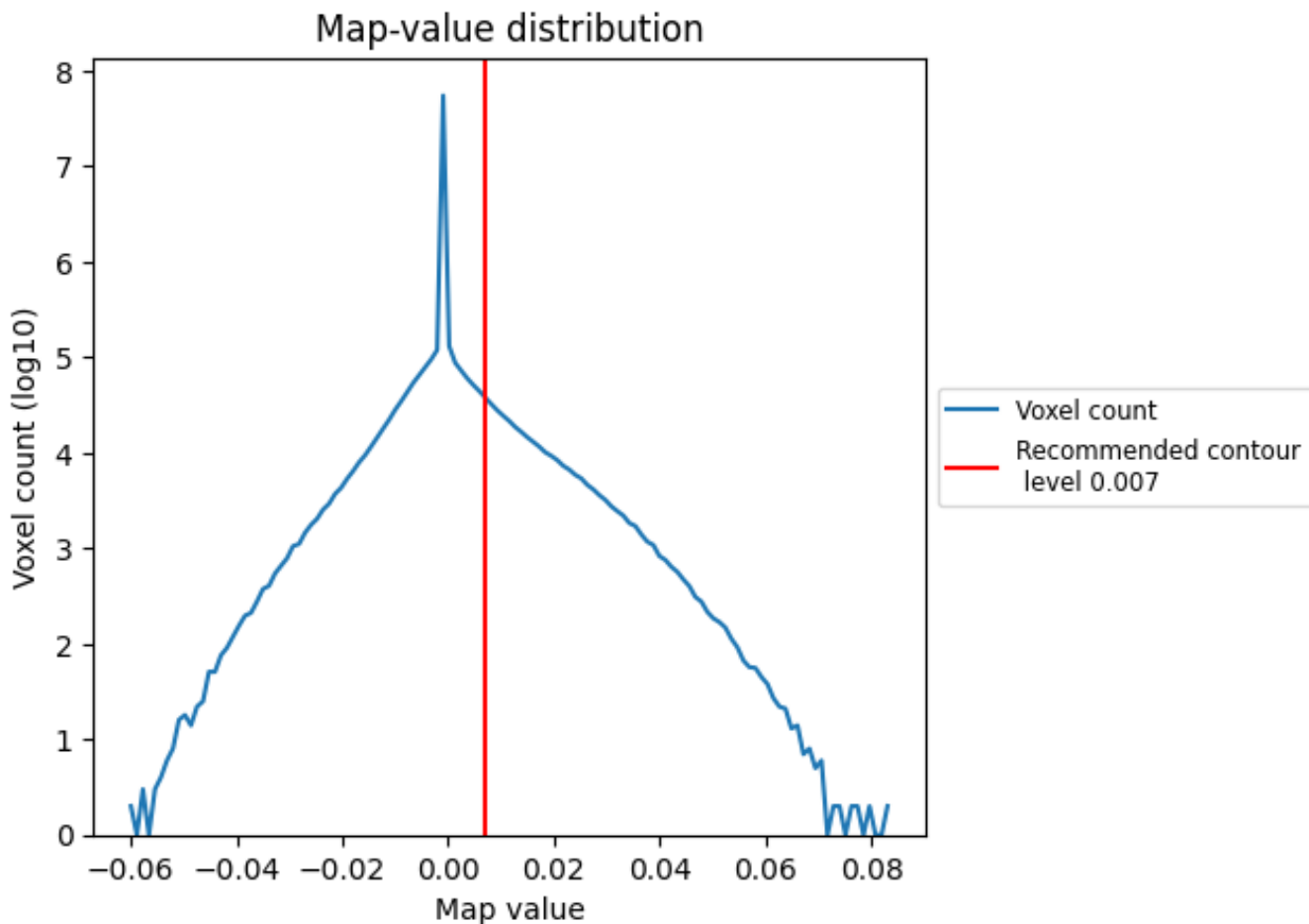
6.5 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

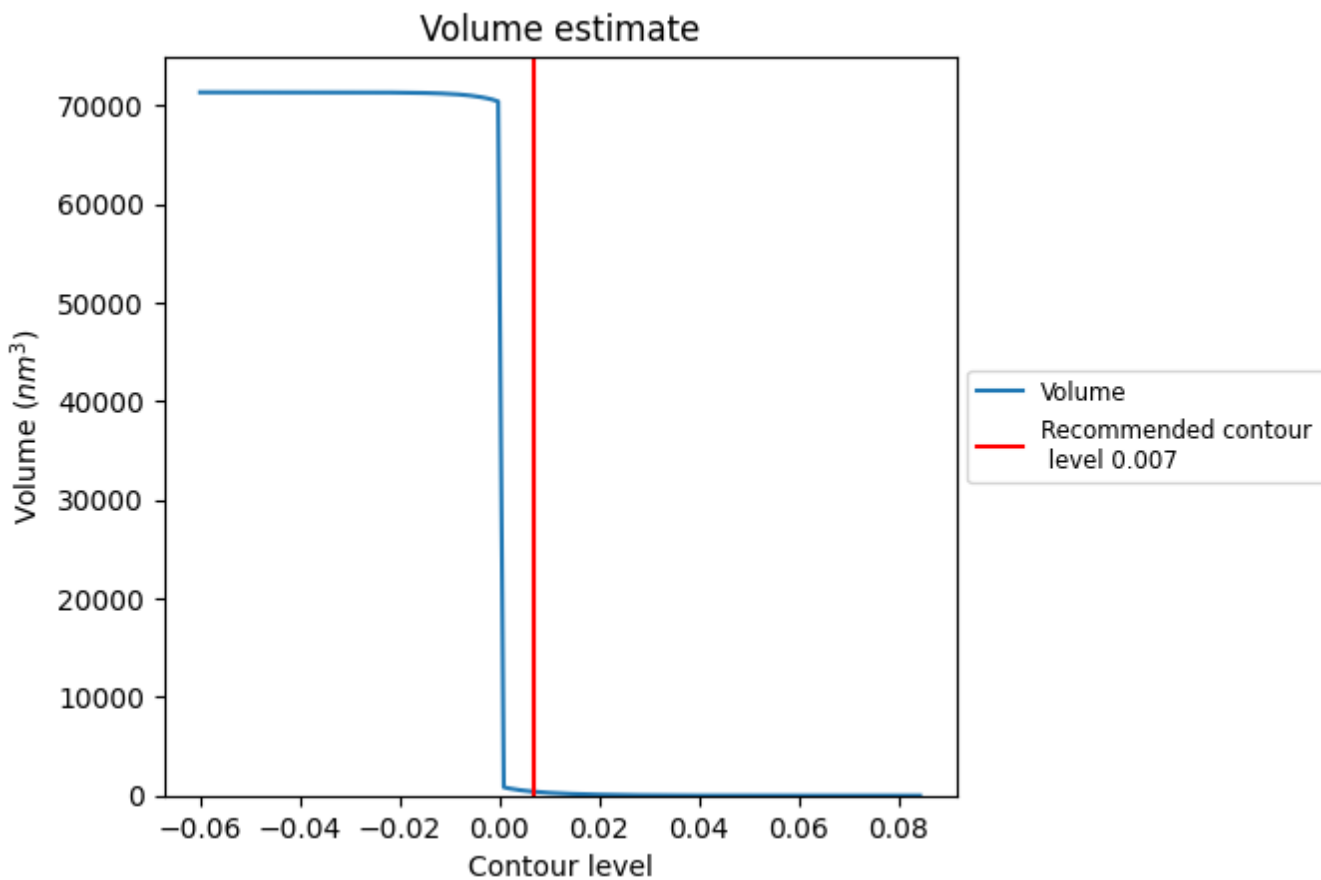
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

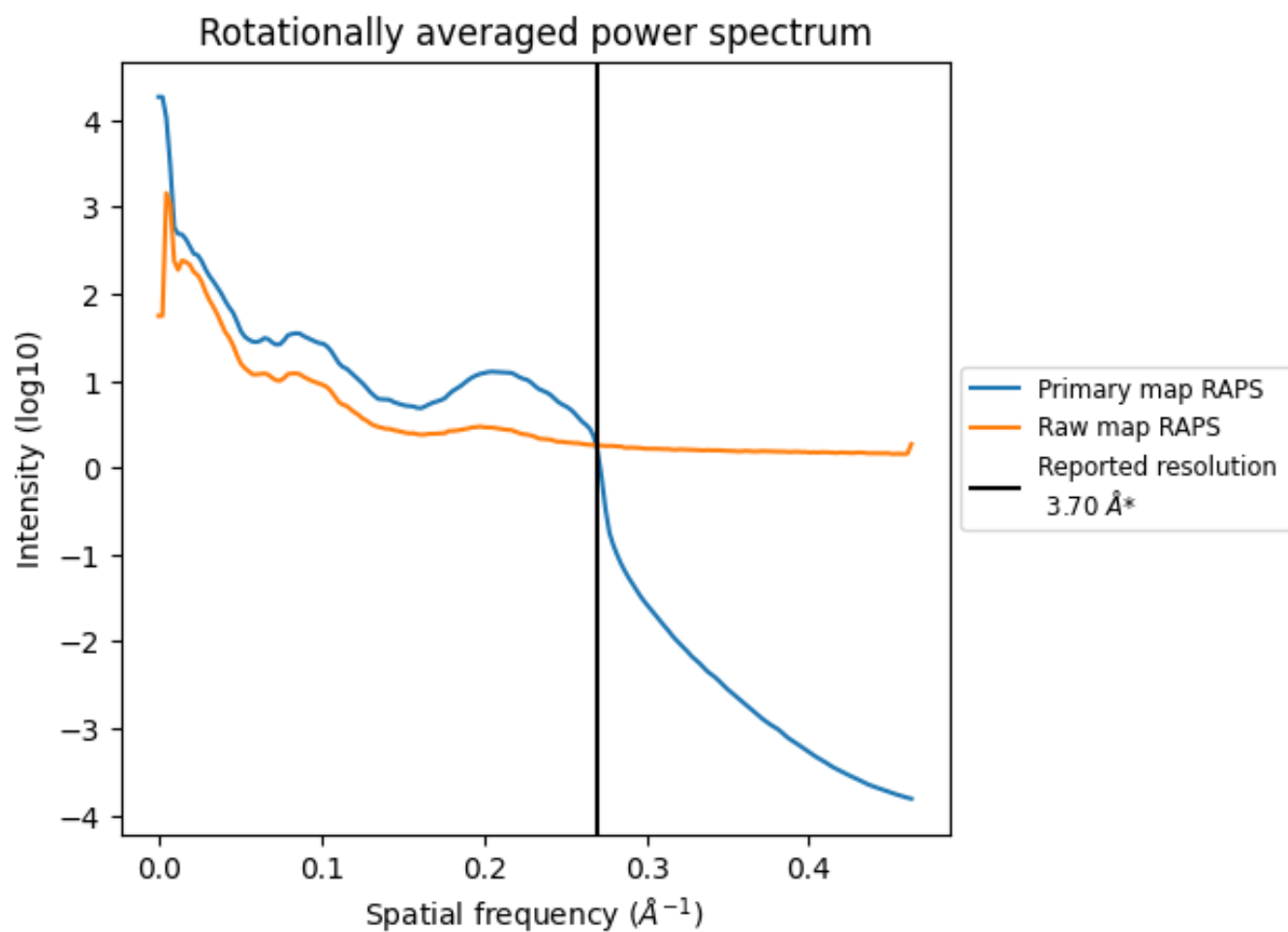
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 389 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 351 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

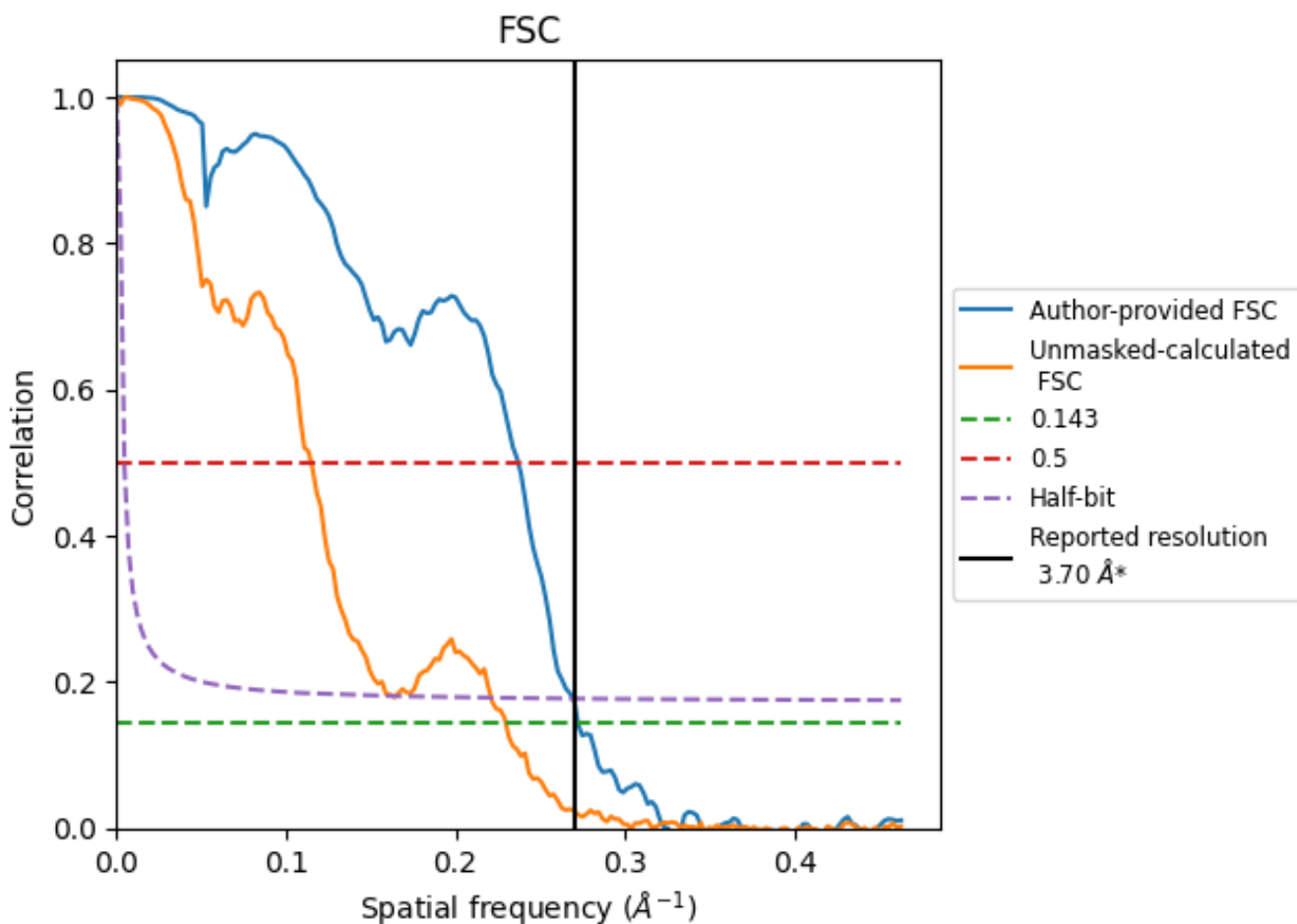


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.270 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.270 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

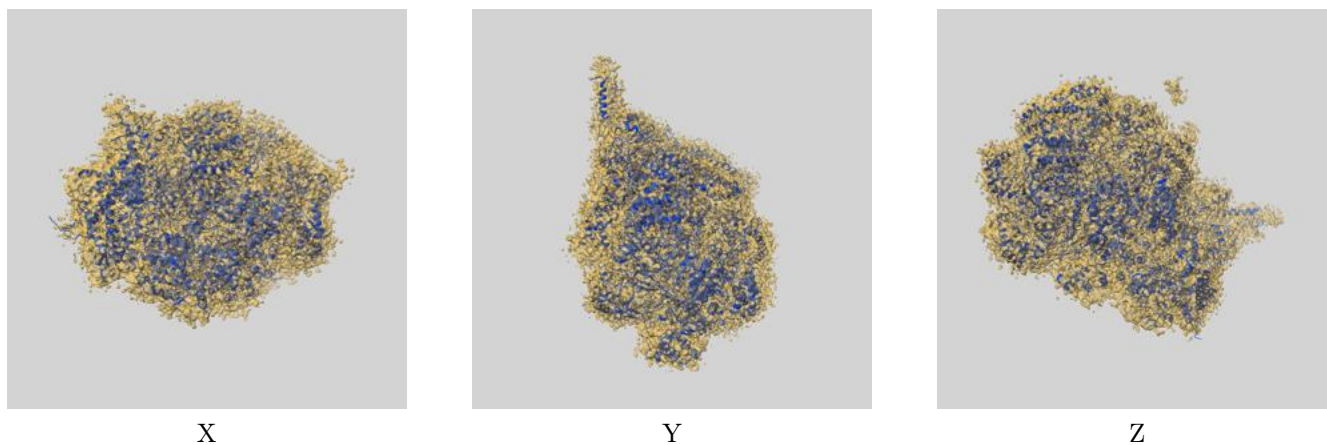
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.70	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.67	4.22	3.71
Unmasked-calculated*	4.35	8.70	6.13

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.35 differs from the reported value 3.7 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-4785 and PDB model 6RAW. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [8](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



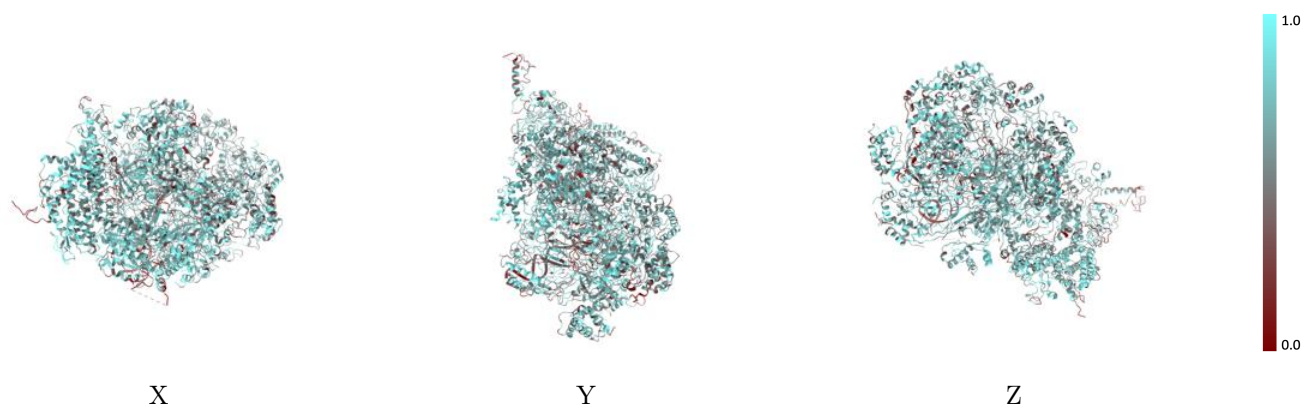
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.007 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



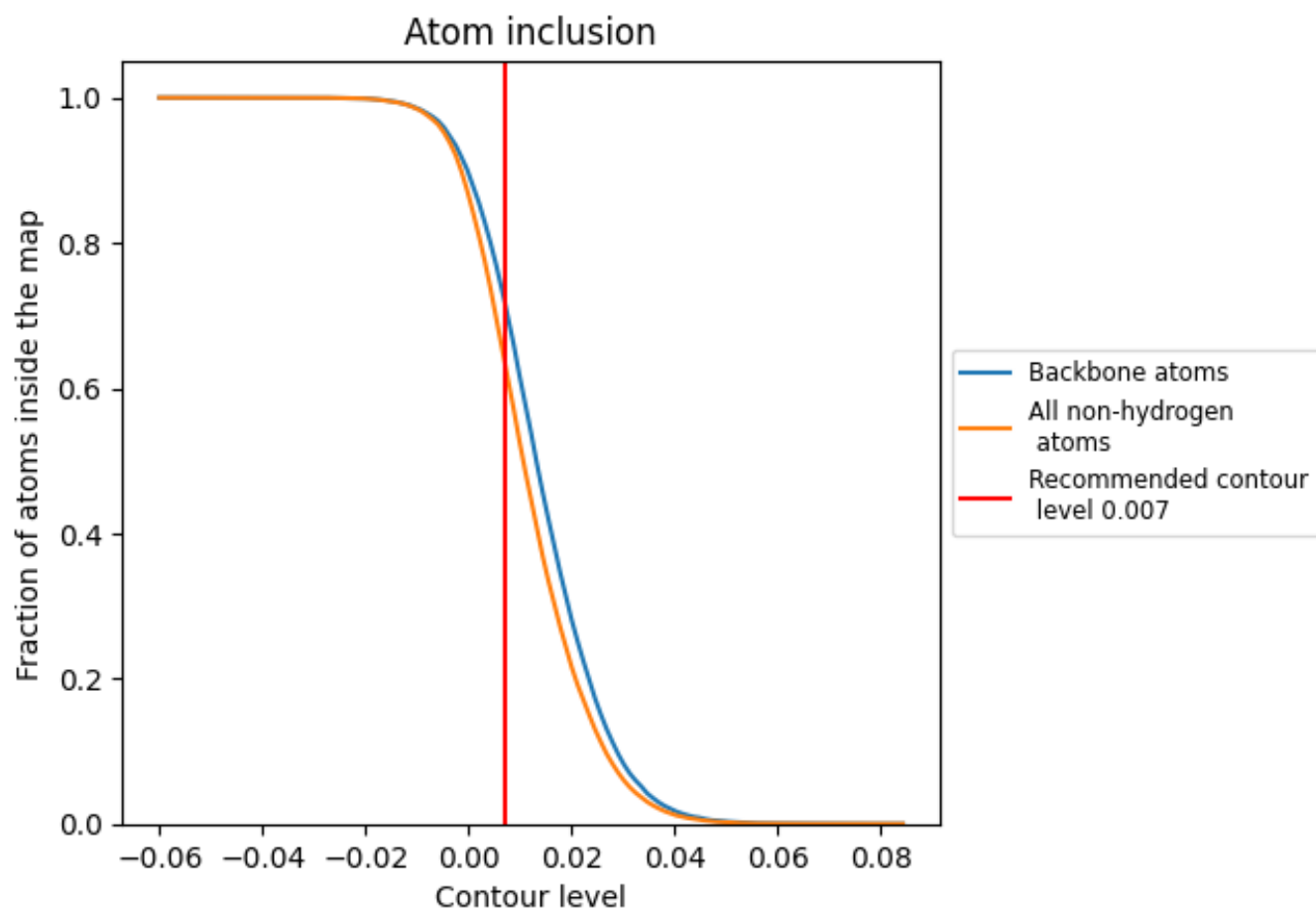
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.007).





























9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 72% of all backbone atoms, 64% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.007) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.6360	 0.2150
2	 0.6616	 0.2350
3	 0.6590	 0.2350
4	 0.6092	 0.1810
5	 0.6713	 0.2520
6	 0.6043	 0.1870
7	 0.6409	 0.2290
A	 0.6505	 0.2160
F	 0.3643	 0.0840
G	 0.2932	 0.0700
H	 0.5667	 0.1460
L	 0.7427	 0.2770
M	 0.6171	 0.2070
N	 0.6551	 0.2090

