

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Aug 22, 2023 – 01:13 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2RF8

Title: Crystal Structure of the mutant C2A conjugated bile acid hydrolase from

Clostridium perfringens

Authors: Rossmann, M.; Saenger, W.

Deposited on : 2007-09-28

Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

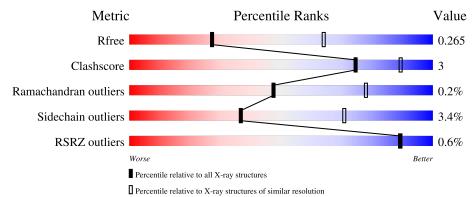
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}(\AA))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1957 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1906 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	329	92%	8%			
1	В	329	88%	10% •			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5454 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

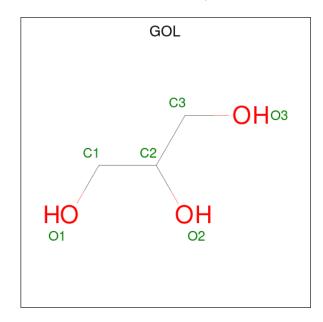
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Choloylglycine hydrolase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	328	Total 2607	C 1660	N 430	O 505	S 12	0	0	0
1	В	329	Total 2615	C 1665	N 431	O 506	S 13	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	2	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P54965
В	2	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P54965

• Molecule 2 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
2	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

### • Molecule 3 is water.

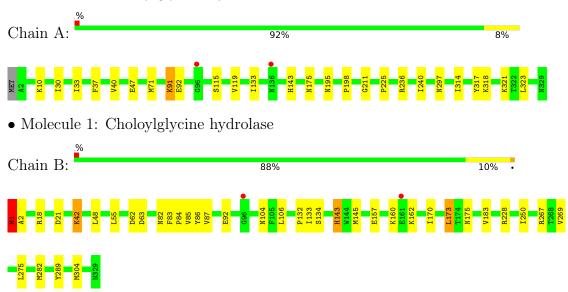
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	108	Total O 108 108	0	0
3	В	106	Total O 106 106	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Choloylglycine hydrolase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	64.64Å 64.64Å 338.83Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 - 2.90	Depositor
resolution (A)	29.17 - 2.90	EDS
% Data completeness	90.8 (30.00-2.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.8 (29.17-2.90)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.14	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.18 (at 2.90Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
P. P.	0.206 , $0.275$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.198 , $0.265$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	763 reflections (4.95%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	34.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.183	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30, 26.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.47, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	5454	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	24.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 12.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.33	0/2659	0.47	0/3602	
1	В	0.34	0/2667	0.47	0/3612	
All	All	0.33	0/5326	0.47	0/7214	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	1	MET	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2607	0	2565	15	0
1	В	2615	0	2577	21	0
2	A	12	0	16	1	0
2	В	6	0	8	3	0
3	A	108	0	0	0	0
3	В	106	0	0	1	0
All	All	5454	0	5166	33	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (33) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A 4 1	A 4 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:1:MET:HB2	1:B:2:ALA:HB2	1.32	1.09
1:B:1:MET:HG3	1:B:82:ASN:HB2	1.75	0.69
1:B:82:ASN:HD22	2:B:333:GOL:H12	1.59	0.68
1:A:33:ILE:HG12	1:A:314:ILE:HD12	1.79	0.63
1:B:170:ILE:HD11	1:B:183:VAL:HG22	1.88	0.55
1:B:132:PRO:HB2	1:B:134:SER:O	2.07	0.54
1:B:1:MET:O	1:B:175:ASN:ND2	2.42	0.52
1:B:85:VAL:HG12	1:B:86:TYR:H	1.75	0.52
1:B:145:MET:HB2	1:B:173:LEU:HD12	1.92	0.52
1:A:198:PRO:HG3	1:B:269:VAL:HG11	1.93	0.50
1:A:91:LYS:H	1:A:91:LYS:HD2	1.77	0.50
1:A:323:LEU:HD13	1:B:250:ILE:HD12	1.94	0.50
1:A:211:GLY:HA2	2:B:333:GOL:H2	1.92	0.49
1:B:1:MET:CB	1:B:2:ALA:HB2	2.23	0.49
1:B:1:MET:N	1:B:21:ASP:O	2.46	0.48
1:A:40:VAL:HG22	1:A:47:GLU:HG2	1.97	0.47
1:B:83:PHE:CD2	1:B:87:VAL:HB	2.51	0.46
2:B:333:GOL:H31	3:B:373:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:B:2:ALA:O	1:B:228:ARG:NH1	2.49	0.46
1:A:297:ASN:HB3	1:B:250:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.46
1:A:175:ASN:HB2	1:A:225:PRO:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:A:37:PHE:HA	2:A:334:GOL:H32	1.99	0.45
1:B:42:LYS:HE3	1:B:63:ASP:HB2	1.99	0.45
1:A:195:ASN:HA	1:B:267:ARG:HB2	1.99	0.45
1:A:115:SER:O	1:A:119:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.44
1:A:30:ILE:HB	1:A:317:TYR:HB2	2.00	0.43
1:B:48:LEU:HD12	1:B:104:ASN:HD21	1.84	0.42
1:B:143:HIS:HB2	1:B:157:GLU:HG2	2.01	0.42
		Continue	ed on nert nage



Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:B:55:LEU:HD22	1:B:304:MET:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:B:282:MET:HG2	1:B:289:TYR:CD1	2.55	0.41
1:A:30:ILE:H	1:A:30:ILE:HD12	1.87	0.40
1:A:30:ILE:HD12	1:A:30:ILE:N	2.37	0.40
1:A:236:ARG:O	1:A:240:ILE:HG12	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$\mathbf{ntiles}$
1	A	326/329~(99%)	318 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	327/329~(99%)	316 (97%)	10 (3%)	1 (0%)	41	71
All	All	653/658~(99%)	634 (97%)	18 (3%)	1 (0%)	47	78

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	84	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol   Chain   Analysed   Rotameric   Outliers   Percentiles
---

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	291/292 (100%)	283 (97%)	8 (3%)	44	77	
1	В	292/292 (100%)	280 (96%)	12 (4%)	30	64	
All	All	583/584 (100%)	563 (97%)	20 (3%)	37	71	

All (20) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	10	LYS
1	A	71	MET
1	A	91	LYS
1	A	92	GLU
1	A	133	ILE
1	A	143	HIS
1	A	318	LYS
1	A	321	LYS
1	В	1	MET
1	В	18	ARG
1	В	42	LYS
1	В	62	ASP
1	В	92	GLU
1	В	106	LEU
1	В	133	ILE
1	В	143	HIS
1	В	160	LYS
1	В	162	LYS
1	В	173	LEU
1	В	275	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	139	ASN
1	A	188	GLN
1	A	212	GLN
1	A	257	ASN
1	В	36	ASN
1	В	82	ASN
1	В	212	GLN



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	257	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Truss	Chain	Dec	Timle	В	ond leng	${ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	GOL	A	332	-	5,5,5	0.33	0	5,5,5	0.28	0
2	GOL	A	334	-	5,5,5	0.38	0	5,5,5	0.36	0
2	GOL	В	333	-	5,5,5	0.42	0	5,5,5	0.29	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GOL	A	332	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
2	GOL	A	334	-	-	2/4/4/4	-



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GOL	В	333	-	-	4/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	333	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	В	333	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	A	332	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	A	332	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	В	333	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	В	333	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
2	A	334	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	A	334	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	334	GOL	1	0
2	В	333	GOL	3	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$\mathrm{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	328/329 (99%)	-0.35	2 (0%) 89	89	15, 23, 35, 38	0
1	В	329/329 (100%)	-0.25	2 (0%) 89	89	15, 26, 40, 50	0
All	All	$657/658 \; (99\%)$	-0.30	4 (0%) 89	89	15, 24, 38, 50	0

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	161	GLU	3.2
1	В	96	GLY	2.6
1	A	136	ASN	2.4
1	A	96	GLY	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GOL	A	332	6/6	0.73	0.37	50,50,50,50	0



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GOL	A	334	6/6	0.81	0.27	49,49,49,49	0
2	GOL	В	333	6/6	0.91	0.25	42,42,42,42	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

