

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 15, 2020 – 07:58 pm BST

PDB ID 3RRS

Title Crystal structure analysis of cellobiose phosphorylase from Cellulomonas uda Authors Van Hoorebeke, A.; Stout, J.; Soetaert, W.; Van Beeumen, J.; Desmet, T.;

Savvides, S.

Deposited on 2011-04-30

1.70 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

4.02b-467MolProbity Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13

EDS 2.11

Percentile statistics 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

> Refmac 5.8.0158

7.0.044 (Gargrove) CCP4 Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

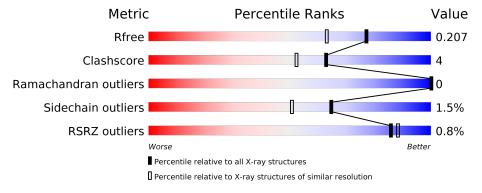
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	4298 (1.70-1.70)
Clashscore	141614	4695 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4610 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4610 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4222 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	822	91%	9%
1	В	822	91%	9%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 27811 atoms, of which 12439 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Cellobiose phosphorylase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	822	Total 12735	C 4144	H 6184	N 1123	O 1267	S 17	0	19	0
1	В	822	Total 12850	C 4186	H 6255	N 1125	O 1267	S 17	0	27	0

• Molecule 2 is water.

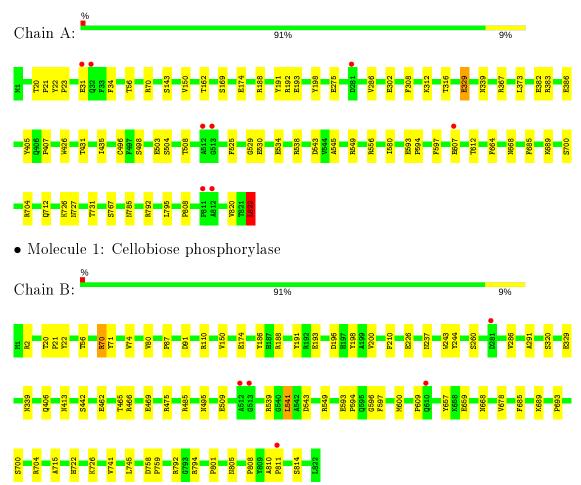
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1100	Total O 1100 1100	0	0
2	В	1126	Total O 1126 1126	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Cellobiose phosphorylase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	85.69Å 103.80Å 98.50Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 96.51° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.75 - 1.70	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.75 - 1.70	EDS
% Data completeness	96.6 (19.75-1.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.6 (19.75-1.70)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.38 (at 1.70Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.6.4_486	Depositor
P. P.	0.185 , $0.209$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.184 , $0.207$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1813 reflections $(1.00\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	13.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.500	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.44,63.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	27811	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 15.94% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.79	$4/6776 \ (0.1\%)$	0.83	5/9231 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.81	3/6835~(0.0%)	0.84	11/9312 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.80	7/13611 (0.1%)	0.84	$16/18543 \ (0.1\%)$	

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	A	664	PHE	CB-CG	-7.63	1.38	1.51
1	В	22	TYR	CD1-CE1	-6.45	1.29	1.39
1	A	192	ARG	CB-CG	-5.97	1.36	1.52
1	В	659	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.63	1.19	1.25
1	A	556	ARG	CB-CG	-5.62	1.37	1.52

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	792	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.01	125.30	120.30
1	A	792	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.70	115.45	120.30
1	В	543	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	9.43	126.78	118.30
1	A	543	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	9.25	126.62	118.30
1	В	792	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.18	116.71	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	6551	6184	6202	56	0
1	В	6595	6255	6270	56	0
2	A	1100	0	0	8	0
2	В	1126	0	0	14	0
All	All	15372	12439	12472	109	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 109 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:31:GLU:O	1:A:34:PHE:CZ	2.06	1.09
1:B:539:ARG:HB3	1:B:541:LEU:HD13	1.44	0.96
1:A:383[B]:ARG:H	1:A:383[B]:ARG:HE	1.09	0.94
1:A:504:SER:O	1:A:508[B]:THR:HG22	1.73	0.88
1:A:593:GLU:HB2	1:A:594[A]:PRO:HD3	1.55	0.87

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	${f Allowed}$	Outliers	Percenti	les
1	A	839/822 (102%)	801 (96%)	38 (4%)	0	100 10	00
1	В	847/822 (103%)	811 (96%)	36 (4%)	0	100 10	00
All	All	$1686/1644 \; (103\%)$	1612 (96%)	74 (4%)	0	100 10	00

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	$_{ m ntiles}$
1	A	688/675 (102%)	678 (98%)	10 (2%)	65	51
1	В	693/675 (103%)	683 (99%)	10 (1%)	67	53
All	All	1381/1350 (102%)	1361 (99%)	20 (1%)	65	53

5 of 20 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	822	LEU
1	В	70	ARG
1	В	541	LEU
1	A	668	ASN
1	A	731	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	511	GLN
1	В	722	HIS
1	В	126	ASN
1	A	161	GLN
1	A	610	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	822/822 (100%)	-0.23	8 (0%) 82	85	8, 13, 24, 38	0
1	В	822/822 (100%)	-0.18	5 (0%) 89	91	7, 13, 22, 39	0
All	All	1644/1644 (100%)	-0.20	13 (0%) 86	88	7, 13, 23, 39	0

The worst 5 of 13 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	512	ALA	4.7
1	A	513	GLY	3.7
1	В	811[A]	PRO	2.9
1	A	512	ALA	2.7
1	A	811	PRO	2.6

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

