Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report

Jun 4, 2023 – 09:39 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	2RSX
BMRB ID	:	11507
Title	:	Solution structure of IseA, an inhibitor protein of DL-endopeptidases from Bacillus subtilis
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Deposited on	:	2012-08-09

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

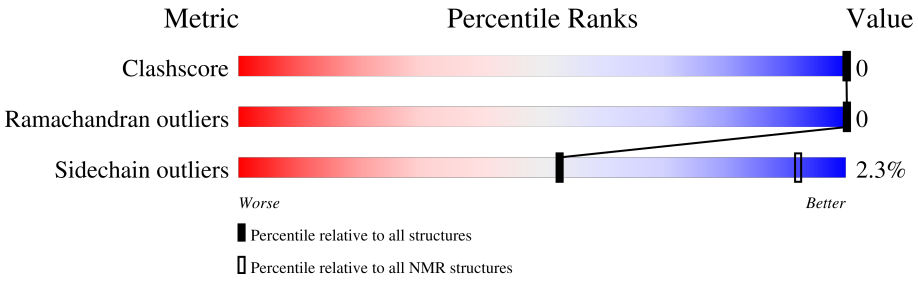
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 96%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	159	91% 8%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 8 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:8-A:98, A:104-A:159 (147)	0.45	8

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 7, 8, 11, 12, 15, 18
2	4, 9, 13, 17, 20
3	3, 5, 6, 14, 16
4	10, 19

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2524 atoms, of which 1275 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Uncharacterized protein yoeB.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	159	2524	802	1275	212	231	4	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O34841

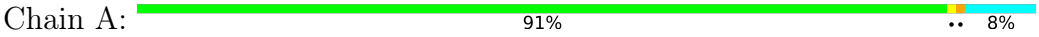
4 Residue-property plots

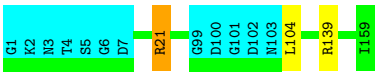
4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

Chain A:





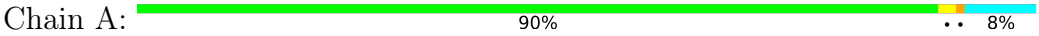
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

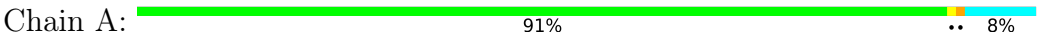
Chain A:

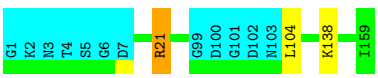


4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

Chain A:

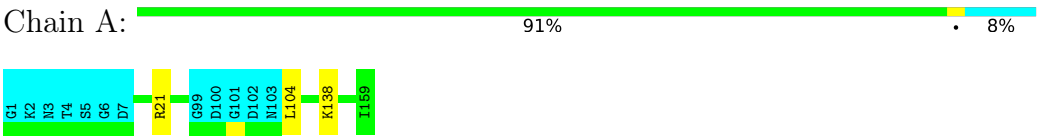




4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

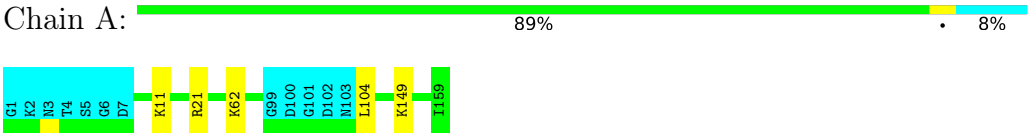
Chain A:



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

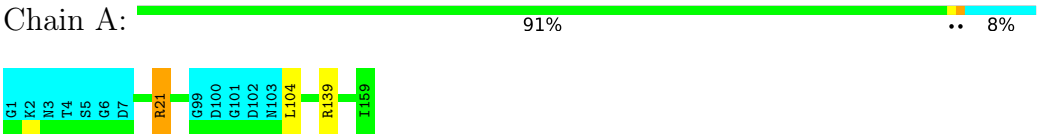
Chain A:



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

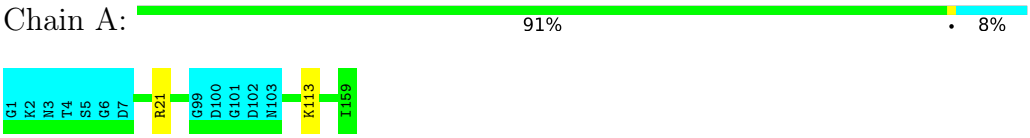
Chain A:



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

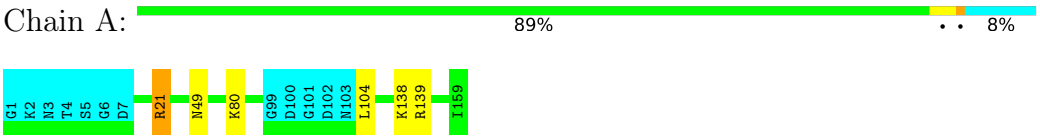
Chain A:



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

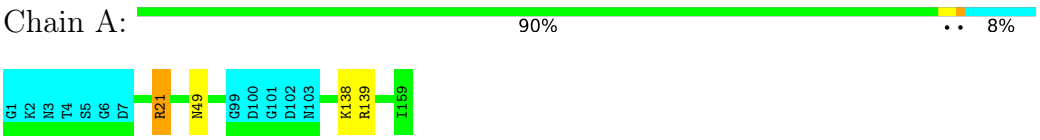
Chain A:



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

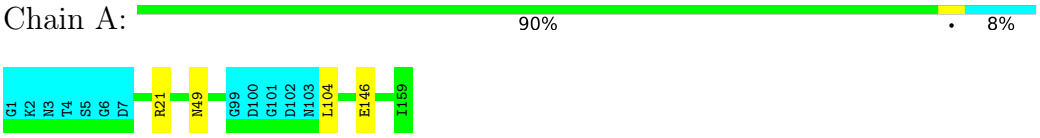
Chain A:



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

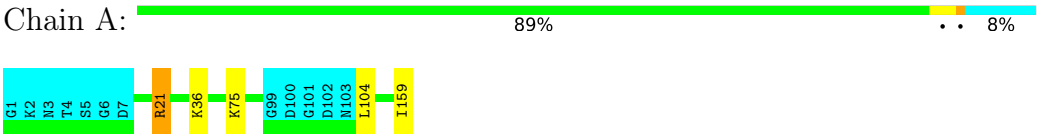
Chain A:



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

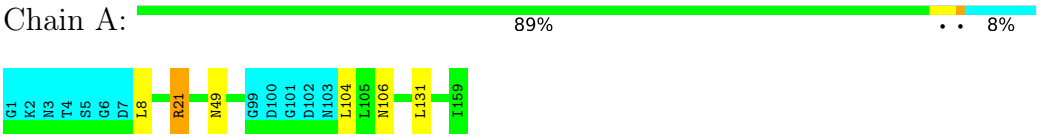
Chain A:



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

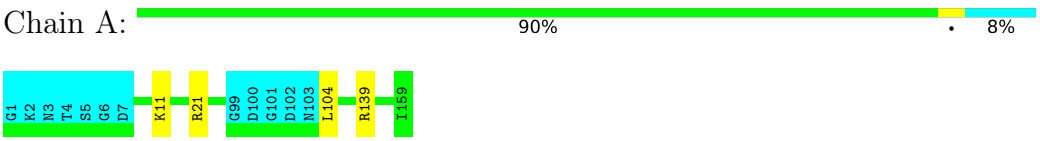
Chain A:



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

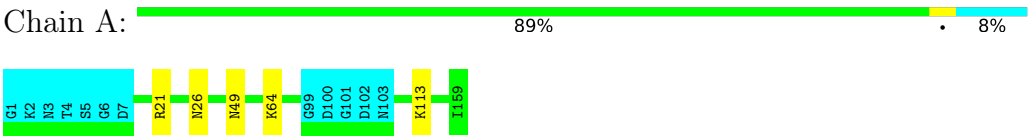
Chain A:



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

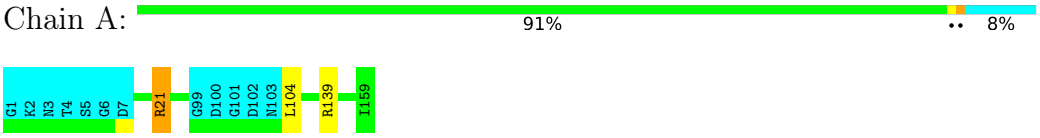
Chain A:



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

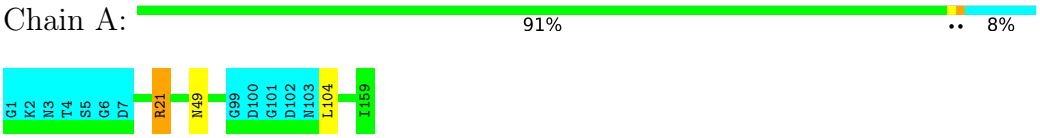
Chain A:



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

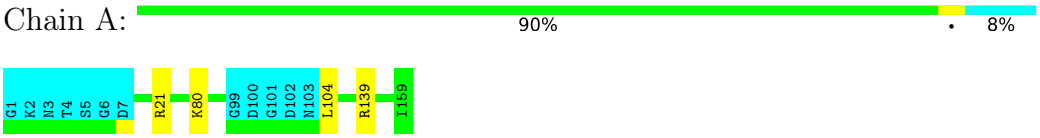
Chain A:



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

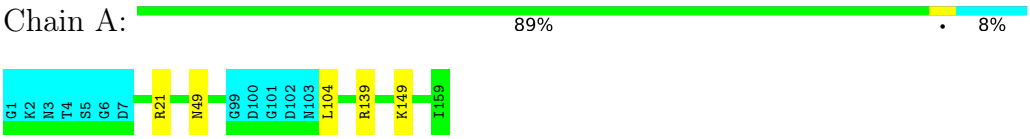
Chain A:



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

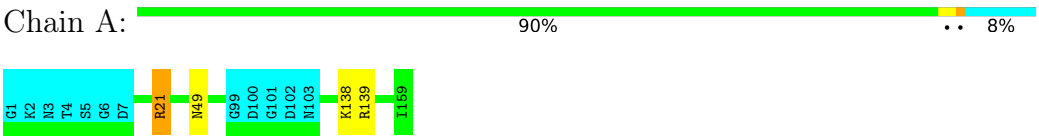
Chain A:



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

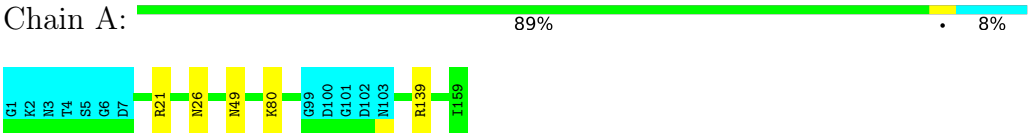
Chain A:



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

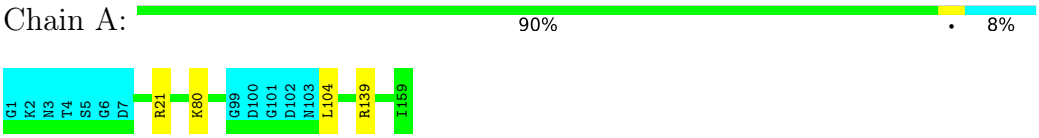
Chain A:



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein yoeB

Chain A:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	geometry optimization	2.0.17
CYANA	structure solution	2.0.17
Amber	refinement	9
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2009
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2009
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	96%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.69±0.00	0±0/1199 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.92±0.01	2±1/1616 (0.1± 0.0%)
All	All	0.69	0/23980 (0.0%)	0.92	39/32320 (0.1%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.65	116.48	120.30	13	8
1	A	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.73	123.67	120.30	14	20
1	A	139	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.43	123.52	120.30	17	11

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1171	1212	1212	0±0
All	All	23420	24240	24240	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD21	0.45	1.88	11	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	146/159 (92%)	144±1 (99±1%)	2±1 (1±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	2920/3180 (92%)	2877 (99%)	43 (1%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	129/137 (94%)	126±1 (98±1%)	3±1 (2±1%)	53	92
All	All	2580/2740 (94%)	2521 (98%)	59 (2%)	53	92

All 16 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	104	LEU	15
1	A	21	ARG	10
1	A	49	ASN	9
1	A	138	LYS	6
1	A	80	LYS	4
1	A	11	LYS	2
1	A	149	LYS	2
1	A	113	LYS	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	26	ASN	2
1	A	62	LYS	1
1	A	146	GLU	1
1	A	36	LYS	1
1	A	75	LYS	1
1	A	159	ILE	1
1	A	8	LEU	1
1	A	64	LYS	1

6.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 96% for the well-defined parts and 93% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2009
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2009
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	11

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	154	-0.49 ± 0.08	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	144	0.13 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	151	0.01 ± 0.20	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	144	0.31 ± 0.36	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 96%, i.e. 1954 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2042. 0 out of 23 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	721/730 (99%)	292/295 (99%)	291/294 (99%)	138/141 (98%)
Sidechain	1061/1121 (95%)	721/730 (99%)	326/350 (93%)	14/41 (34%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	172/191 (90%)	88/94 (94%)	81/91 (89%)	3/6 (50%)
Overall	1954/2042 (96%)	1101/1119 (98%)	698/735 (95%)	155/188 (82%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 2009 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2154. 0 out of 23 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	757/794 (95%)	308/323 (95%)	305/318 (96%)	144/153 (94%)
Sidechain	1080/1169 (92%)	734/758 (97%)	330/367 (90%)	16/44 (36%)
Aromatic	172/191 (90%)	88/94 (94%)	81/91 (89%)	3/6 (50%)
Overall	2009/2154 (93%)	1130/1175 (96%)	716/776 (92%)	163/203 (80%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

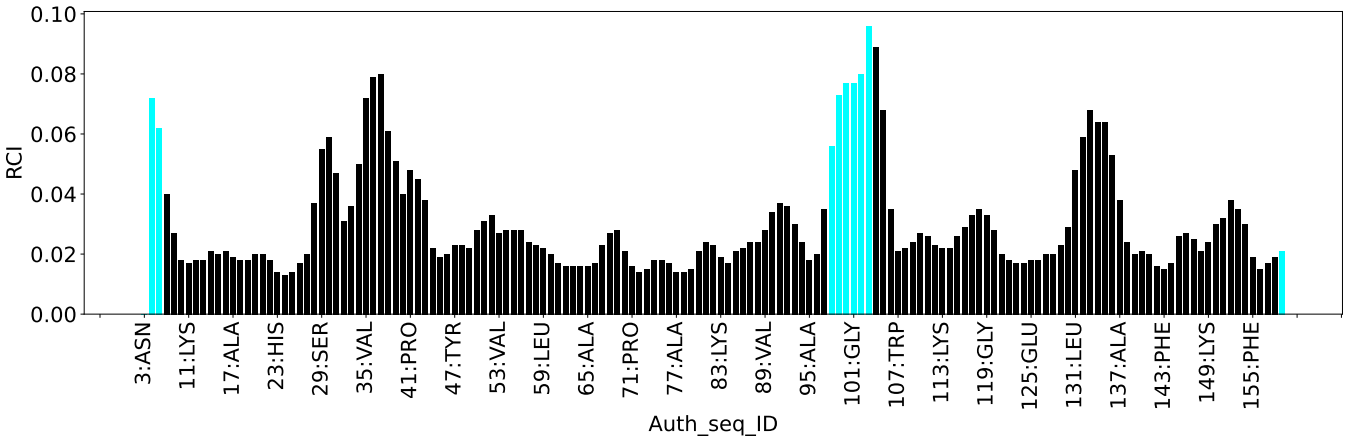
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	158	VAL	HG11	-1.13	-0.48 – 2.12	-7.5
1	A	158	VAL	HG12	-1.13	-0.48 – 2.12	-7.5
1	A	158	VAL	HG13	-1.13	-0.48 – 2.12	-7.5
1	A	145	LYS	HB3	0.12	0.46 – 3.04	-6.3
1	A	24	PHE	HD2	5.11	5.52 – 8.61	-6.3
1	A	24	PHE	HD1	5.11	5.51 – 8.60	-6.3
1	A	145	LYS	HG2	-0.03	0.13 – 2.61	-5.6
1	A	52	TYR	HB3	0.81	0.93 – 4.76	-5.3
1	A	8	LEU	HB3	-0.33	-0.26 – 3.31	-5.2
1	A	24	PHE	HE1	5.51	5.56 – 8.62	-5.1
1	A	24	PHE	HE2	5.51	5.54 – 8.63	-5.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	3148
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	619
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	764
Medium range (|i-j|>1 and |i-j|<5)	592
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	1173
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	19.8
Number of long range restraints per residue[1]	7.4

[1]Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	0.4	0.18
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	None	None
>0.5 (Large)	None	None

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis (i)

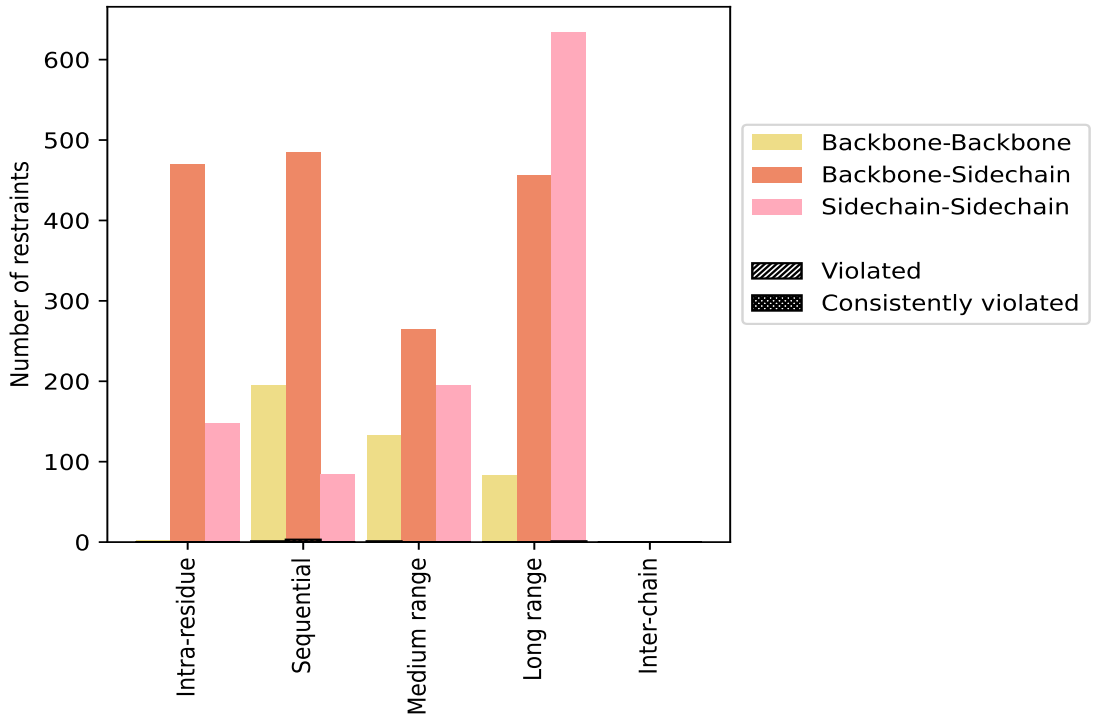
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restraints type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	619	19.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	470	14.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	147	4.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	764	24.3	4	0.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	195	6.2	1	0.5	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	485	15.4	3	0.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	84	2.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (|i-j|>1 & |i-j|<5)	592	18.8	1	0.2	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	133	4.2	1	0.8	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	264	8.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	195	6.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	1173	37.3	1	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	83	2.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	456	14.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	634	20.1	1	0.2	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	3148	100.0	6	0.2	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	413	13.1	2	0.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1675	53.2	3	0.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	1060	33.7	1	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

[1] percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0	2	0	0	0	2	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
7	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	0	0	0	1	0	1	0.18	0.18	0.0	0.18

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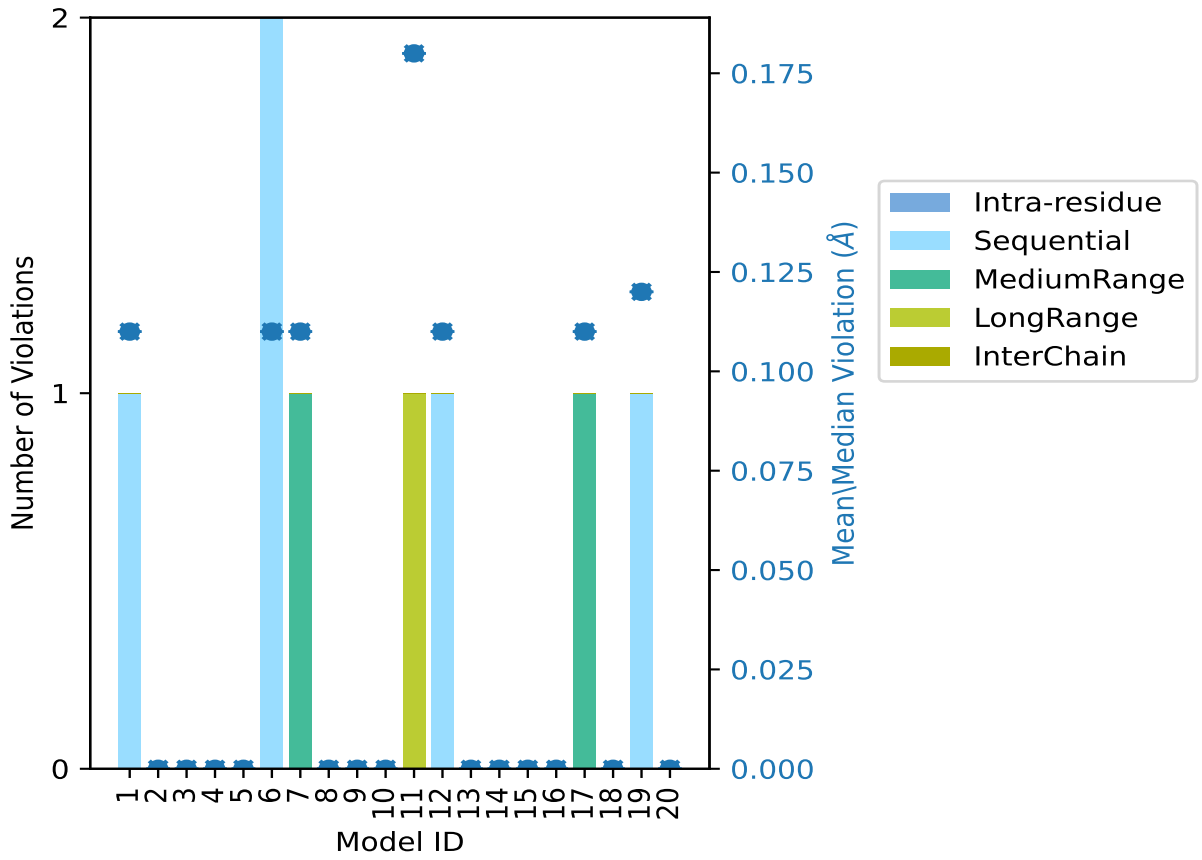
Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
12	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.12	0.12	0.0	0.12
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6]Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

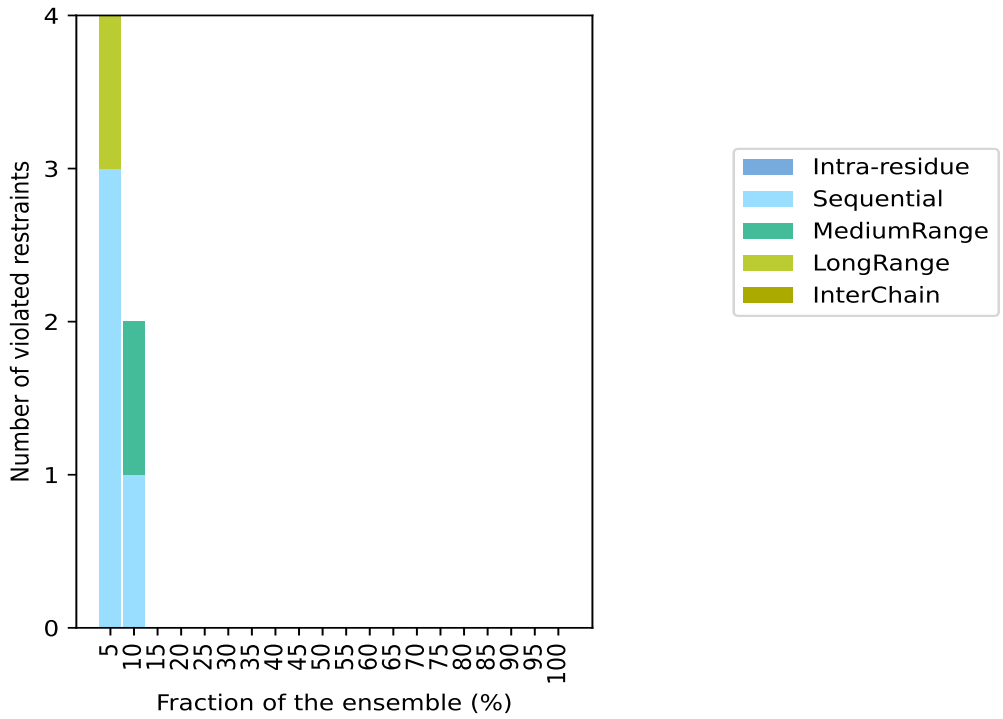
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 3142(IR:619, SQ:760, MR:591, LR:1172, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total	Count[6]	%
0	3	0	1	0	4	1	5.0
0	1	1	0	0	2	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6] Number of models with violations

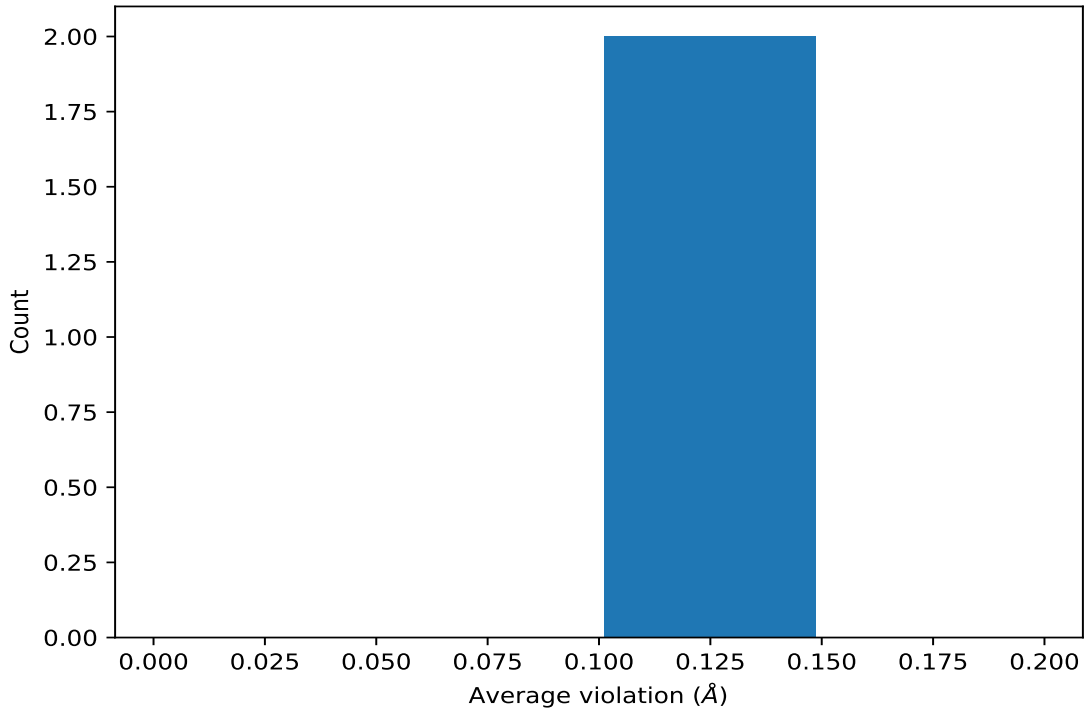
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

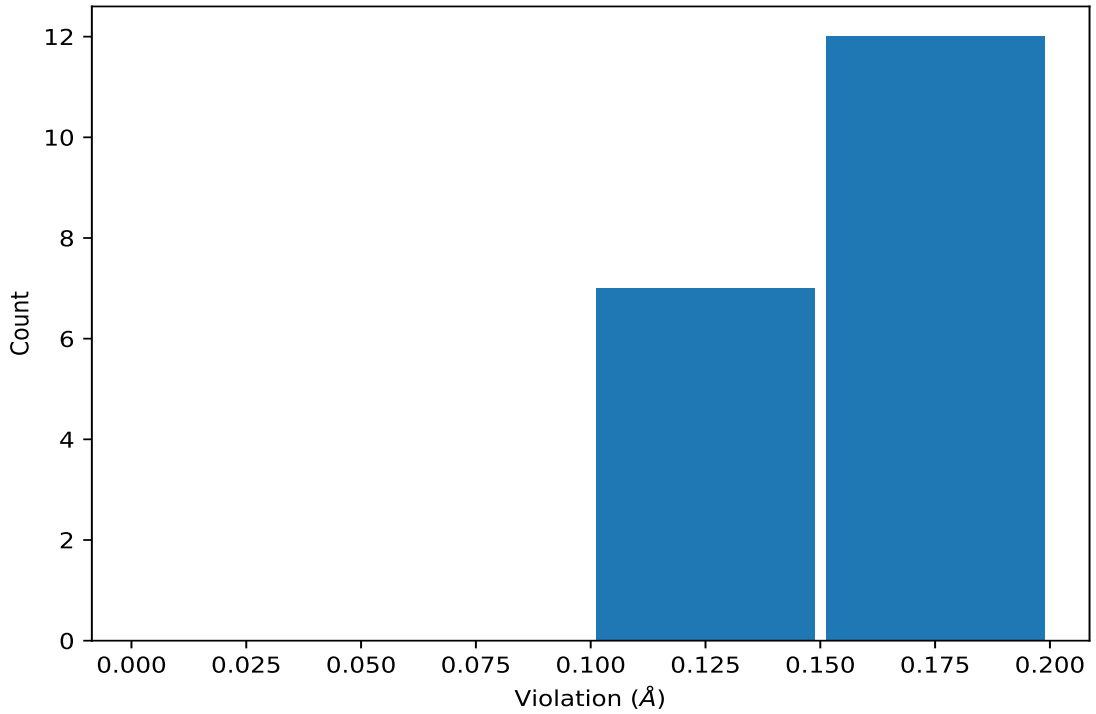
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,254)	1:A:15:GLN:HG2	1:A:16:LEU:H	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,3018)	1:A:152:VAL:HA	1:A:154:GLN:H	2	0.11	0.0	0.11

[1]Number of violated models, [2]Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD11	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD12	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD13	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD22	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD23	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD21	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD11	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD12	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD13	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD21	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD22	11	0.18
(1,2082)	1:A:106:ASN:HB2	1:A:131:LEU:HD23	11	0.18
(1,1968)	1:A:103:ASN:HA	1:A:104:LEU:H	19	0.12
(1,3127)	1:A:158:VAL:HA	1:A:159:ILE:HB	6	0.11
(1,3018)	1:A:152:VAL:HA	1:A:154:GLN:H	7	0.11
(1,3018)	1:A:152:VAL:HA	1:A:154:GLN:H	17	0.11

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,254)	1:A:15:GLN:HG2	1:A:16:LEU:H	1	0.11
(1,254)	1:A:15:GLN:HG2	1:A:16:LEU:H	6	0.11
(1,136)	1:A:11:LYS:HG3	1:A:12:GLN:H	12	0.11

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

Dihedral angle analysis failed due to data error in the dihedral angle restraints, possibly missing target value