

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2RUI
BMRB ID	:	11570
Title	:	Solution Structure of the Bacillus anthracis Sortase A-substrate Complex
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Deposited on	:	2014-06-22

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

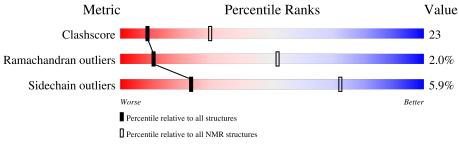
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 87%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\# {\rm Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	А	158		65%	30%	••
2	В	5	20%	40%	40%	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid mode						
1	A:58-A:210, (156)	B:702-B:704	0.53	4		

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20
2	6, 11, 19
3	7, 15



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2492 atoms, of which 1259 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called LPXTG-site transpeptidase family protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			Trace		
1	٨	150	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
	A	158	2417	750	1218	201	244	4	U

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	53	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q6I399
А	54	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q6I399
А	55	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6I399
А	56	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q6I399

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Boc-LPAT^{*}.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	tom	IS			Trace
2	В	5	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0
	D	5	75	23	41	4	6	1	0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

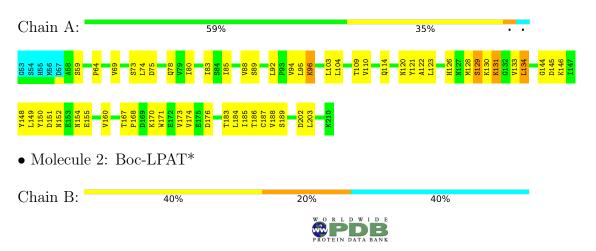
• Molecule 1: LPXTG-site transpeptidase family protein

Chain A:	65%	30% ••
G53 S54 H55 M56 M56 D57 P64 P64 P65 V69 V69	L74 D75 K77 K77 K77 K77 K17 P92 P93 K96 K111 V109 V110 V110 V110 V110 V112 V112 V120 V112 V120 V112 V120 V120	K131 K132 C133 C133 F133 F133 F133 F133 F133 F133
V163 1167 1167 1168 1168 1168 1169 1170 1174 1173 V173 V173 V173 V174 E175	1185 7186 0187 1188 1186 1186 1188 1188 1196 1199 1199	
• Molecule 2: Bo	oc-LPAT*	
Chain B: 20	% 40%	40%
B0C701 L702 P703 A704 B27705		

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 4. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: LPXTG-site transpeptidase family protein







5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	structure solution	2.25
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	2.25
TALOS	geometry optimization	
UNIO	structure solution	10

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1798
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1798
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	87%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BOC, $\mathrm{B27}$

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	1163	1188	1188	54 ± 4
2	В	20	23	23	5 ± 2
All	All	23660	24220	24220	1111

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 23.

5 of 378 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:66:LEU:HD21	1:A:133:VAL:HG23	0.86	1.46	10	2
1:A:130:LYS:O	1:A:133:VAL:HG12	0.81	1.75	20	20
1:A:122:ALA:C	1:A:123:LEU:HD12	0.80	1.98	4	2
1:A:134:LEU:O	1:A:136:SER:N	0.79	2.15	10	1
1:A:170:LYS:O	1:A:173:VAL:HG22	0.79	1.76	5	14



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	152/158~(96%)	$145\pm2~(96\pm1\%)$	$5\pm2~(3\pm1\%)$	$2\pm1 (1\pm1\%)$	18	66
2	В	3/5~(60%)	$0{\pm}0~(13{\pm}16\%)$	$1\pm1 (40\pm23\%)$	$1\pm1 (47\pm22\%)$	0	0
All	All	3100/3260~(95%)	2914~(94%)	124 (4%)	62~(2%)	11	52

5 of 11 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	В	704	ALA	20
1	А	96	LYS	12
1	А	131	LYS	10
1	А	65	ASP	5
2	В	702	LEU	5

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	130/134~(97%)	123 ± 2 (95 $\pm2\%$)	$7\pm2~(5\pm2\%)$	26 75
2	В	2/2~(100%)	$1\pm0~(65\pm23\%)$	$1\pm0~(35\pm23\%)$	1 9
All	All	2640/2720~(97%)	2485~(94%)	155 (6%)	23 72

5 of 29 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	154	ASN	20
1	А	167	THR	20

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6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

М		Tuno	Chain	Dog	Link		gths	
IVI	10101	туре	Chain	nes	Res Link	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	2	B27	В	705	2,1	$5,\!6,\!6$	$0.41 {\pm} 0.03$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tink	Bond ang		gles
Mol	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	B27	В	705	2,1	2,7,7	$0.11 {\pm} 0.06$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Chain Mol Res Type Models (Total) 1 А 129SER 151 А LEU 13414 $\mathbf{2}$ В LEU 70214

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	B27	В	705	2,1	-	$0\pm0,4,6,6$	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 87% for the well-defined parts and 85% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1798
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1798
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	152	0.19 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	142	-0.04 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	146	0.31 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
¹⁵ N	143	0.19 ± 0.17	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 87%, i.e. 1780 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2051. 0 out of 31 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	741/781~(95%)	305/318~(96%)	294/312 (94%)	$142/151 \ (94\%)$
Sidechain	992/1180~(84%)	664/768~(86%)	319/376~(85%)	9/36~(25%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$						
Aromatic	47/90~(52%)	24/43~(56%)	23/44~(52%)	0/3~(0%)						
Overall	1780/2051~(87%)	993/1129~(88%)	636/732~(87%)	151/190~(79%)						

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7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

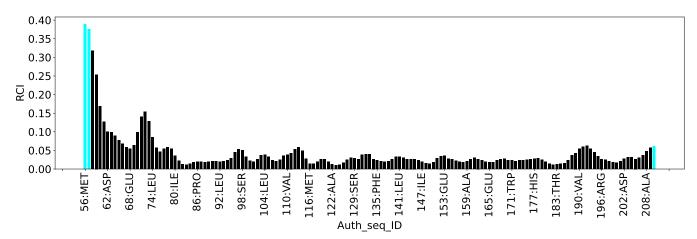
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	182	ILE	HB	0.04	0.35 - 3.22	-6.1
1	А	116	MET	HB2	0.34	0.42 - 3.63	-5.3

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:



