

# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

## Apr 21, 2024 – 01:47 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2RV4
BMRB ID	:	11484
Title	:	Solution structures of the DNA-binding domain (ZF5) of mouse immune-
		related zinc-finger protein ZFAT
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Deposited on	:	2015-01-26

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

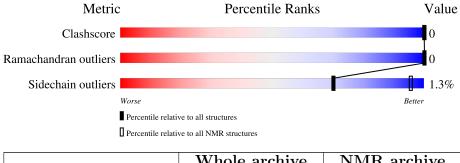
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. $(2010)$
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber $(2001)$
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 89%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	${f NMR} \; { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	37	62%	38%			



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	A:11-A:33 (23)	0.28	4				

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19
2	11, 14
Single-model clusters	5; 8; 12; 13; 20



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 591 atoms, of which 294 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Zinc finger protein ZFAT.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	٨	27	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
		57	590	180	294	58	55	3	U

There are 7 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q7TS63
A	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q7TS63
А	3	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q7TS63
А	4	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q7TS63
А	5	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q7TS63
А	6	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q7TS63
А	7	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q7TS63

• Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
2	А	1	Total Zn	
Z			1 1	



# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

# 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	62%	38%
G1 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 410 93 410	0 3 8 8 0 3 4 8 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

# 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

## 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT



## 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A: 59% · 38%



#### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A: 62% 38%

#### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	62%	38%
61 82 85 85 85 85 85 87 87 87 81 910	D34 P35 D37 D37	

#### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:			59%	•	38%
G1 S2 S5 S5 S5 G7 G7 I18 K9	R30	D34 P35 Q36 D37			

#### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A: 62% 38%

#### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A: 57% 5% 38%



#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	59%	•	38%
61 82 83 64 64 64 67 67 67 61 18 81 18 81 13	034 035 037		

#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	59%	·	38%
61 82 83 85 85 85 85 83 83 010 83 010	1334 1936 1937 1937		

### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	57%	5%	38%
G1 S2 S3 S5 S5 G4 S5 G7 G1 R13 R13 R13	034 035 036 037		

## 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT



## 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	57%	5%	38%	
C 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	P 33 P 34 P 34 P 35 P 34 P 35 P 34 P 35 P 34 P 35 P 35			



#### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	59%	·	38%
61 82 85 85 85 85 85 85 87 81 13 81 10 81	D 34 D 35 D 37		

#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	59%	•	38%
G1 S2 S3 G4 G7 G7 C1 C K9 Q10 Q10	D34 P35 Q36 D37		

#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:		500/		200/	
Ullalli A.		59%	•	38%	
0	م م <u>4</u> س ه ۲				
G1 S2 S3 S5 S5 G7 G7 K9 Q10	Y19 D34 P35 Q36 Q36 D37				

#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A: 57% 5% 38%

#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	57%	5%	38%
61 82 85 85 85 86 86 87 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81	K23 D34 Q36 D37		



#### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	62%	38%
G1 S2 S5 S5 G7 G7 G10 G10	034 036 037	

#### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	57%	5%	38%
61 82 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 81 10 10 10	K18 D34 Q36 Q36 D37		

### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Zinc finger protein ZFAT

Chain A:	62%	38%
61 82 85 85 85 85 85 87 87 81 810 810	D34 735 035 D37	



# 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *DGSA-distance geometry simulated annealing.* 

Of the 20 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
Amber	structure solution	
Amber	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	406
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	406
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	89%



# 6 Model quality (i)

# 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
		RMSZ	#Z > 5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	А	$0.70 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/206~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.96 {\pm} 0.05$	$1{\pm}1/272~(~0.2{\pm}~0.2\%)$	
All	All	0.70	0/4120~(~0.0%)	0.96	12/5440~(~0.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	$0.1{\pm}0.4$
All	All	0	3

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dec	Turne	$\mathbf{V}$ $\mathbf{A}$ to $\mathbf{T}$ $\mathbf{O}$ $\mathbf{b}$ so $\mathbf{T}$		Atoms Z Observed $(^{o})$ Ideal $(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\theta)$	Models	
INIOI	Unam	nes	туре	Atoms	L	Observed(*)	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
1	А	30	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.13	123.86	120.30	2	6
1	А	13	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.96	123.78	120.30	8	6

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Ν	[o]	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
	1	А	19	TYR	Sidechain	3



# 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	4040	4160	4160	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

# 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

## 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentile	es
1	А	23/37~(62%)	$22\pm1$ (97±3%)	$1 \pm 1 (3 \pm 3\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100	)
All	All	460/740~(62%)	448 (97%)	12 (3%)	0 (0%)	100 100	)

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	23/34~(68%)	$23\pm1$ (99 $\pm2\%$ )	$0\pm1~(1\pm2\%)$	70	96
All	All	460/680~(68%)	454 (99%)	6 (1%)	70	96

All 4 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	13	ARG	2
1	А	18	LYS	2
1	А	11	HIS	1
1	А	23	LYS	1

### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

# 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

# 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

# 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 89% for the well-defined parts and 81% for the entire structure.

# 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1* 

# 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	406
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	406
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

## 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	31	$-0.39 \pm 0.20$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	30	$0.17 \pm 0.38$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C'$	28	$-0.04 \pm 0.24$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{15}N$	28	$-0.05 \pm 0.46$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)

## 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 89%, i.e. 314 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 354. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	113/115~(98%)	45/46~(98%)	46/46~(100%)	22/23~(96%)
Sidechain	173/199~(87%)	117/127~(92%)	55/60~(92%)	1/12~(8%)

Continued on next page...



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}$ N
Aromatic	28/40~(70%)	14/21~(67%)	14/16~(88%)	0/3~(0%)
Overall	314/354~(89%)	176/194~(91%)	115/122~(94%)	23/38~(61%)

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The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 81%, i.e. 406 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 500. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}$ N
Backbone	147/186 (79%)	60/76~(79%)	59/74~(80%)	28/36~(78%)
Sidechain	231/274 (84%)	156/174~(90%)	72/85~(85%)	3/15~(20%)
Aromatic	28/40~(70%)	14/21~(67%)	14/16~(88%)	0/3~(0%)
Overall	406/500~(81%)	230/271~(85%)	145/175~(83%)	31/54~(57%)

### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

## 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

