

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Feb 19, 2022 – 02:18 PM EST

PDB ID	:	1S6J
Title	:	N-terminal Region of the Ca2+-saturated calcium regulatory domain (CLD)
		from Soybean Calcium-dependent Protein Kinase-alpha (CDPK)
Authors	:	Weljie, A.M.; Vogel, H.J.
Deposited on	:	2004-01-23

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

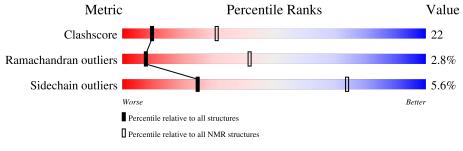
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. $(2010)$
ShiftChecker	:	2.26
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.26

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive		
Wietric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	12864		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451		
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	87	33%	33%	33%		



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 15 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1 A:25-A:82 (58) 0.66 1						

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15
2	5, 6
Single-model clusters	7; 13



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1318 atoms, of which 643 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Calcium-dependent protein kinase SK5.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				Trace	
1	٨	97	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
	A	01	1316	412	643	109	148	4	

There are 13 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	1	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	3	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	4	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	5	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	6	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	7	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	8	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	9	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	10	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	11	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	12	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P28583
А	13	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P28583

• Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms
2	А	2	Total Ca 2 2

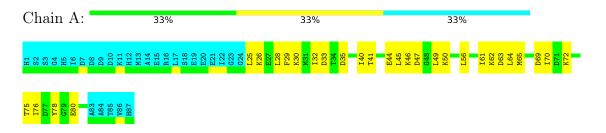


# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

## 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

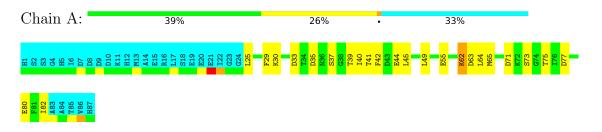
• Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent protein kinase SK5



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent protein kinase SK5





# 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing; molecular dynamics; matrix relaxation*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 15 were deposited, based on the following criterion: back calculated data agree with experimental NOESY spectrum, structures with acceptable covalent geometry, structures with favorable non-bond energy, structures with the least restraint violations, structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	structure solution	1.1
CNS	refinement	1.1

No chemical shift data was provided.



# 6 Model quality (i)

## 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	453	446	444	$20{\pm}5$
All	All	6825	6690	6677	297

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 22.

5 of 193 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:41:THR:HG22	1:A:75:THR:HG22	0.76	1.57	5	2
1:A:26:LYS:HA	1:A:30:LYS:HE3	0.75	1.55	12	1
1:A:68:ALA:HB1	1:A:76:ILE:HD12	0.73	1.58	11	3
1:A:56:LEU:H	1:A:56:LEU:HD22	0.71	1.46	5	1
1:A:25:LEU:HD13	1:A:38:GLY:HA2	0.69	1.65	9	1



## 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	58/87~(67%)	$46\pm2~(79\pm4\%)$	$11\pm3~(18\pm5\%)$	$2\pm1 (3\pm2\%)$		8	42
All	All	870/1305~(67%)	686 (79%)	160 (18%)	24 (3%)		8	42

5 of 9 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	54	SER	6
1	А	72	LYS	5
1	А	25	LEU	3
1	А	47	ASP	3
1	А	26	LYS	2

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	51/74~(69%)	$48\pm2$ (94 $\pm3\%$ )	$3\pm2~(6\pm3\%)$	25 74		
All	All	765/1110 (69%)	722 (94%)	43 (6%)	25 74		

5 of 20 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	62	LYS	10
1	А	72	LYS	5
1	А	56	LEU	4
1	А	55	GLU	2
1	А	26	LYS	2



## 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

