

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Feb 5, 2024 – 12:38 AM EST

PDB ID : 1SJW

Title: Structure of polyketide cyclase SnoaL

Authors: Sultana, A.; Kallio, P.; Jansson, A.; Wang, J.S.; Neimi, J.; Mantsala, P.;

Schneider, G.; Structural Proteomics in Europe (SPINE)

Deposited on : 2004-03-04

Resolution : 1.35 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

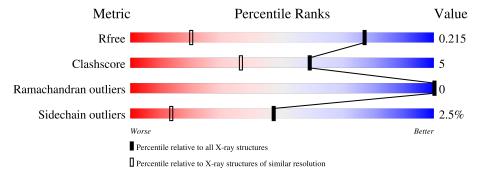
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1509 (1.38-1.34)
Clashscore	141614	1551 (1.38-1.34)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1530 (1.38-1.34)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1530 (1.38-1.34)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	144	78%	18%	• •



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1342 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called nogalonic acid methyl ester cyclase.

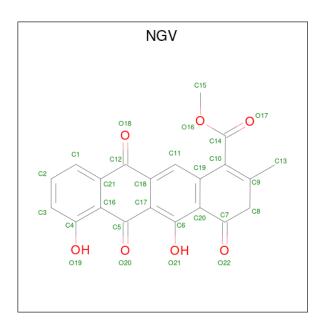
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	142	Total 1189	C 744	N 223	O 218	S 4	25	6	0

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59
A	2	SER	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59
A	3	ARG	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59
A	4	GLN	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59
A	5	THR	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59
A	6	GLU	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59
A	7	ILE	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59
A	8	VAL	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59
A	9	ARG	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59
A	10	ARG	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9RN59

• Molecule 2 is METHYL 5,7-DIHYDROXY-2-METHYL-4,6,11-TRIOXO-3,4,6,11-TETRAH YDROTETRACENE-1-CARBOXYLATE (three-letter code: NGV) (formula:  $C_{21}H_{14}O_7$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	A	1	Total 28	C 21	O 7	0	0

### • Molecule 3 is water.

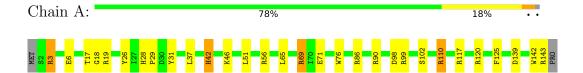
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	125	Total O 125 125	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: nogalonic acid methyl ester cyclase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	69.10Å 72.00Å 65.40Å	Donositor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	36.03 - 1.35	Depositor	
resolution (A)	36.00 - 1.30	EDS	
% Data completeness	95.7 (36.03-1.35)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	95.7 (36.00-1.30)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	0.09	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.07  (at  1.30Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	SHELXL	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.143 , $0.176$	Depositor	
it, it <sub>free</sub>	0.204 , $0.215$	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	2765  reflections  (7.14%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.8	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.501	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	$0.37\;,55.6$	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.016  for -k,-h,-l	Xtriage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS	
Total number of atoms	1342	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms $(\mathring{A}^2)$	23.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NGV

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.69	0/1252	1.66	35/1697~(2.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (35) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	143	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	18.07	129.33	120.30
1	A	143	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	10.58	138.41	123.60
1	A	56	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.42	115.09	120.30
1	A	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.43	115.58	120.30
1	A	18	GLY	O-C-N	-9.09	108.16	122.70
1	A	3[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	8.95	124.78	120.30
1	A	3[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	8.95	124.78	120.30
1	A	110	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.80	115.90	120.30
1	A	69	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.20	124.40	120.30
1	A	143	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.18	116.21	120.30
1	A	26	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	8.07	125.84	121.00
1	A	6	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-7.00	114.89	123.30
1	A	29	PRO	C-N-CA	6.81	138.71	121.70
1	A	18	GLY	C-N-CA	6.37	137.63	121.70
1	A	28	HIS	CG-ND1-CE1	6.36	117.11	108.20
1	A	19	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.34	117.13	120.30
1	A	90	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.24	123.42	120.30
1	A	142	TRP	CB-CG-CD1	6.19	135.04	127.00
1	A	125	PHE	CD1-CE1-CZ	6.17	127.50	120.10
1	A	56	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.04	123.32	120.30
1	A	125	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	6.00	125.00	120.80
1	A	18	GLY	CA-C-O	5.67	130.80	120.60
1	A	120	ARG	CA-CB-CG	5.63	125.79	113.40
1	A	69	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-5.60	100.04	111.80

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	29	PRO	O-C-N	-5.46	113.96	122.70
1	A	99	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	5.29	131.00	123.60
1	A	65	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.22	127.31	115.30
1	A	117	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.21	117.69	120.30
1	A	31	TYR	CE1-CZ-OH	5.17	134.07	120.10
1	A	110	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.17	122.88	120.30
1	A	142	TRP	CB-CG-CD2	-5.15	119.90	126.60
1	A	31	TYR	OH-CZ-CE2	-5.05	106.47	120.10
1	A	86	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	5.03	130.64	123.60
1	A	17	THR	OG1-CB-CG2	-5.02	98.46	110.00
1	A	42	HIS	CA-C-O	-5.01	109.57	120.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1189	0	1138	8	0
2	A	28	0	12	4	0
3	A	125	0	0	4	0
All	All	1342	0	1150	11	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (11) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:51:LEU:HD11	2:A:333:NGV:H82	1.69	0.74
1:A:37:LEU:HB3	3:A:383:HOH:O	1.93	0.69
1:A:98[A]:ASP:OD1	3:A:349:HOH:O	2.12	0.59
1:A:139:ASP:HB3	3:A:442:HOH:O	2.02	0.58
2:A:333:NGV:O17	2:A:333:NGV:H11	2.07	0.53
1:A:69:ARG:NH1	1:A:71[B]:GLU:OE2	2.47	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:139:ASP:CB	3:A:442:HOH:O	2.60	0.47
2:A:333:NGV:O16	2:A:333:NGV:C13	2.65	0.44
2:A:333:NGV:O16	2:A:333:NGV:H133	2.20	0.41
1:A:76:TRP:CZ3	1:A:110:ARG:HB2	2.56	0.41
1:A:3[B]:ARG:HE	1:A:3[B]:ARG:HB2	1.73	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed			
1	A	146/144 (101%)	143 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

## 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	128/124 (103%)	124 (97%)	4 (3%)	40 8	

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	42	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	46	LYS
1	A	102[A]	SER
1	A	102[B]	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	4	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

# 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

# 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mo	Type	Chain	Res Link		B	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	les
IVIO	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NGV	A	333	-	30,31,31	2.59	12 (40%)	44,48,48	1.39	5 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the



Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NGV	A	333	-	-	3/6/38/38	0/4/4/4

All (12) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$
2	A	333	NGV	C8-C9	-6.06	1.39	1.50
2	A	333	NGV	O18-C12	5.63	1.33	1.22
2	A	333	NGV	O16-C14	5.23	1.44	1.33
2	A	333	NGV	C21-C12	-4.21	1.39	1.48
2	A	333	NGV	C18-C12	-4.12	1.39	1.48
2	A	333	NGV	C20-C6	3.46	1.48	1.41
2	A	333	NGV	C20-C7	-3.01	1.39	1.46
2	A	333	NGV	O22-C7	2.99	1.27	1.22
2	A	333	NGV	C16-C5	-2.97	1.40	1.47
2	A	333	NGV	C17-C5	-2.89	1.40	1.47
2	A	333	NGV	C19-C10	-2.62	1.41	1.46
2	A	333	NGV	O20-C5	2.12	1.26	1.22

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	A	333	NGV	O16-C14-C10	4.06	117.69	112.09
2	A	333	NGV	C15-O16-C14	3.70	122.85	115.86
2	A	333	NGV	O16-C14-O17	-3.28	117.20	123.53
2	A	333	NGV	C21-C16-C4	2.08	120.35	118.41
2	A	333	NGV	C21-C12-C18	2.02	120.99	117.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	333	NGV	C9-C10-C14-O17
2	A	333	NGV	C9-C10-C14-O16
2	A	333	NGV	C19-C10-C14-O17

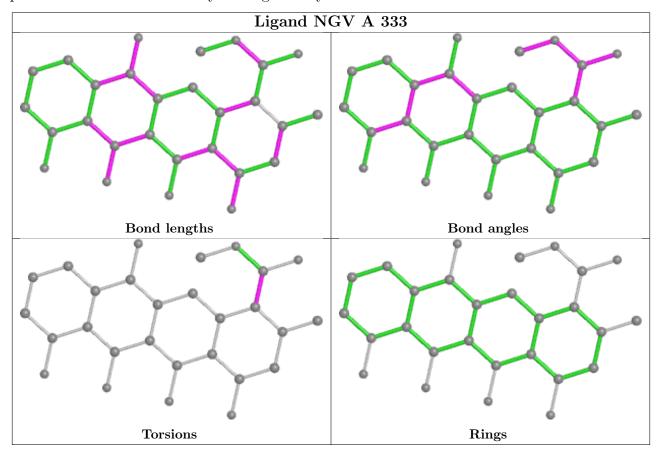
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	333	NGV	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

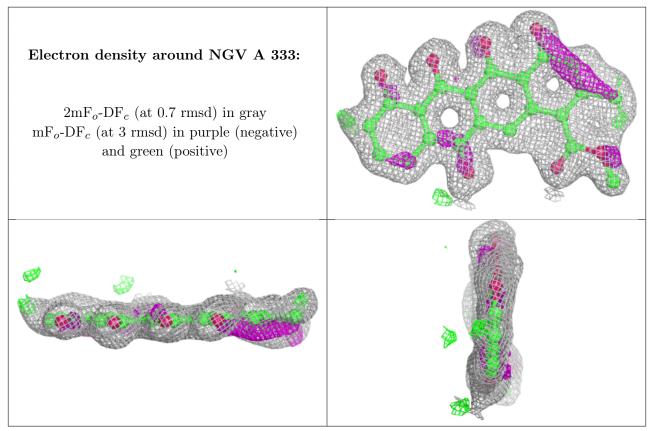
## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

