

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

### Oct 23, 2021 – 10:00 AM EDT

:	1SLW
:	RAT ANIONIC N143H, E151H TRYPSIN COMPLEXED TO A86H
	ECOTIN; NICKEL-BOUND
:	Brinen, L.S.; Fletterick, R.J.
:	1996-02-07
:	2.00  Å(reported)
	: : :

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

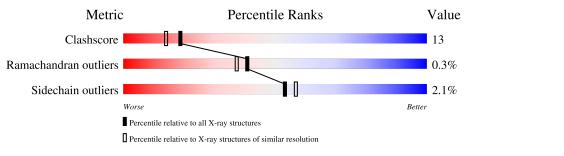
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.23.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	А	142	62%	30%	8%				
2	В	223	72%	23%	•••				



#### 1SLW

# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2674 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ECOTIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	130	Total 1017	C 650	N 167	0 194	S 6	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	86	HIS	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P23827

• Molecule 2 is a protein called ANIONIC TRYPSIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	215	Total 1599	C 1005	N 270	0 310	S 14	0	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

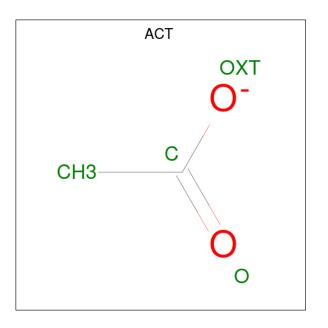
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	121	ILE	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P00763
В	143	HIS	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P00763
В	151	HIS	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P00763

• Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula:  $C_2H_3O_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	1	Total 4	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{2} \end{array}$	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 5 is NICKEL (II) ION (three-letter code: NI) (formula: Ni).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total Ni 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

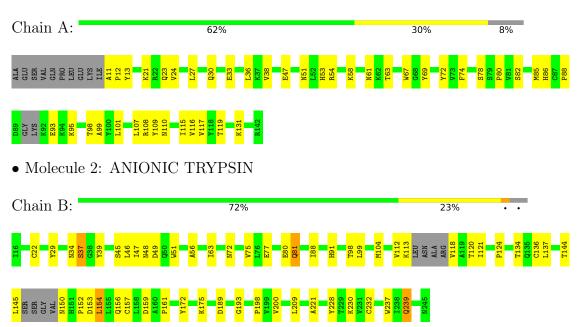
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	18	Total         O           18         18	0	0
6	В	34	Total O 34 34	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.



• Molecule 1: ECOTIN



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	86.38Å 56.23Å 81.23Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $92.81^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 - 2.00	Depositor
% Data completeness	90.4 (6.00-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	50.4 (0.00-2.00)	Depositor
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.179 , $0.253$	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	2674	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	47.0	wwPDB-VP



# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NI, ACT, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	Bond lengths		nd angles
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.32	0/1038	0.62	0/1408
2	В	0.33	0/1634	0.64	1/2227~(0.0%)
All	All	0.33	0/2672	0.63	1/3635~(0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	37	SER	N-CA-C	-5.01	97.46	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1017	0	989	32	0
2	В	1599	0	1518	37	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	4	0	3	0	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
6	А	18	0	0	3	0
6	В	34	0	0	2	0
All	All	2674	0	2510	67	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (67) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:11:ALA:HB1	1:A:12:PRO:HD3	1.57	0.84
2:B:80:GLU:HG2	2:B:81:GLN:H	1.46	0.80
1:A:72:TYR:HB2	1:A:117:VAL:HG12	1.65	0.78
2:B:112:VAL:HG11	2:B:118:VAL:HG11	1.67	0.74
1:A:12:PRO:HG2	1:A:67:TRP:CE2	2.26	0.70
2:B:48:ASN:OD1	2:B:51:TRP:HB2	1.95	0.67
1:A:74:PHE:HB3	1:A:119:THR:HG22	1.77	0.66
1:A:51:ASN:OD1	1:A:85:MET:HG2	1.96	0.65
2:B:144:THR:O	2:B:145:LEU:HB3	1.98	0.64
2:B:45:SER:OG	2:B:198:PRO:HB3	1.97	0.63
1:A:58:LYS:HA	6:A:147:HOH:O	2.00	0.62
1:A:38:VAL:HG13	1:A:107:LEU:HB2	1.81	0.61
1:A:11:ALA:N	6:A:158:HOH:O	2.34	0.60
1:A:11:ALA:HB1	1:A:12:PRO:CD	2.28	0.60
1:A:11:ALA:HB3	1:A:13:TYR:CE2	2.39	0.57
2:B:80:GLU:HG2	2:B:81:GLN:N	2.17	0.57
2:B:121:ILE:HD11	2:B:200:VAL:HG22	1.88	0.56
2:B:34:ASN:ND2	2:B:37:SER:O	2.40	0.55
1:A:47:GLU:HA	1:A:93:GLU:O	2.06	0.55
2:B:134:THR:O	2:B:161:PRO:HA	2.07	0.55
2:B:154:LEU:HD12	2:B:154:LEU:H	1.72	0.55
1:A:24:VAL:HG22	1:A:116:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.54
1:A:30:GLN:HB2	1:A:33:GLU:HG2	1.90	0.53
2:B:47:ILE:O	2:B:120:THR:HG23	2.08	0.53
1:A:108:ARG:HH21	1:A:110:ASN:HD22	1.57	0.53
1:A:88:PRO:HD3	2:B:39:TYR:OH	2.10	0.52
1:A:12:PRO:HG2	1:A:67:TRP:CZ2	2.45	0.52
1:A:21:LYS:HE3	1:A:23:GLN:NE2	2.24	0.52
2:B:239:GLN:HE21	2:B:239:GLN:HA	1.74	0.51
2:B:118:VAL:N	6:B:281:HOH:O	2.43	0.51
1:A:61:ASN:HB3	1:A:72:TYR:CE2	2.47	0.50
2:B:72:ASN:ND2	2:B:75:VAL:HG22	2.26	0.50
1:A:11:ALA:CB	1:A:12:PRO:CD	2.91	0.49
1:A:115:ILE:HA	6:A:159:HOH:O	2.13	0.49
2:B:144:THR:HG23	2:B:152:PRO:HD3	1.94	0.49
1:A:63:THR:HA	1:A:69:TYR:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:108:ARG:HH21	1:A:110:ASN:ND2	2.12	0.47

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Continued from prev		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance $(\text{\AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:27:LEU:HB3	1:A:109:TYR:CZ	2.50	0.47
2:B:144:THR:HG1	2:B:150:ASN:N	2.11	0.47
1:A:54:ARG:O	1:A:80:PRO:HA	2.14	0.47
2:B:136:CYS:O	2:B:159:ASP:HA	2.14	0.47
2:B:172:TYR:HB3	2:B:175:LYS:HD2	1.97	0.46
2:B:72:ASN:OD1	2:B:153:ASP:HB3	2.16	0.46
1:A:36:LEU:HD22	1:A:131:LYS:HG2	1.97	0.46
1:A:72:TYR:N	1:A:72:TYR:CD1	2.83	0.46
2:B:137:LEU:HD11	2:B:157:CYS:HB3	1.98	0.46
2:B:63:ILE:HD12	2:B:88:ILE:HD13	1.98	0.46
1:A:30:GLN:HB2	1:A:33:GLU:CG	2.47	0.45
1:A:53:HIS:CD2	1:A:82:SER:HB3	2.52	0.45
2:B:230:LYS:HG2	2:B:232:CYS:SG	2.56	0.44
1:A:61:ASN:HB3	1:A:72:TYR:CD2	2.53	0.44
2:B:56:ALA:HA	2:B:104:MET:HB2	1.99	0.44
2:B:121:ILE:HD11	2:B:200:VAL:CG2	2.47	0.43
2:B:228:TYR:CD1	2:B:228:TYR:N	2.86	0.43
2:B:29:TYR:CZ	2:B:200:VAL:HG21	2.53	0.43
1:A:98:THR:HG22	1:A:99:ALA:O	2.18	0.43
2:B:72:ASN:HA	2:B:153:ASP:O	2.19	0.42
2:B:189:ASP:HB3	2:B:221:ALA:H	1.84	0.42
2:B:98:THR:O	2:B:99:LEU:HB2	2.19	0.42
2:B:124:PRO:HD3	2:B:209:LEU:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:86:HIS:HB2	2:B:193:GLY:HA2	2.02	0.42
2:B:22:CYS:SG	2:B:156:GLN:C	2.98	0.42
2:B:112:VAL:HG12	2:B:113:LYS:N	2.35	0.42
2:B:46:LEU:O	2:B:121:ILE:HG22	2.20	0.41
2:B:91:HIS:HA	2:B:237:TRP:CZ2	2.56	0.41
2:B:118:VAL:HA	6:B:274:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:93:GLU:OE2	1:A:95:LYS:HE3	2.20	0.41

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	126/142~(89%)	121 (96%)	5(4%)	0	100	100
2	В	209/223~(94%)	188 (90%)	20 (10%)	1 (0%)	29	23
All	All	335/365~(92%)	309 (92%)	25~(8%)	1 (0%)	41	37

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	49	ASP

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	109/126~(86%)	107~(98%)	2(2%)	59 63
2	В	175/185~(95%)	171 (98%)	4 (2%)	50 53
All	All	284/311 (91%)	278~(98%)	6(2%)	53 57

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	78	SER
1	А	101	LEU
2	В	77	GLU
2	В	81	GLN
2	В	154	LEU
2	В	239	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

1 A 26	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	44	GLN
1	А	53	HIS
2	В	23	GLN
2	В	30	GLN
2	В	34	ASN
2	В	50	GLN
2	В	74	ASN
2	В	239	GLN

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#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
4	ACT	В	247	3	1,3,3	6.32	1 (100%)	0,3,3	-	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	В	247	ACT	CH3-C	6.32	1.56	1.48

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

