

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 3, 2023 – 11:04 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3SLB

Title : Crystal structure of BA2930 in complex with AcCoA and cytosine

Authors: Klimecka, M.M.; Chruszcz, M.; Porebski, P.J.; Cymborowski, M.; Anderson,

W.; Minor, W.; Center for Structural Genomics of Infectious Diseases (CSGID)

Deposited on : 2011-06-24

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

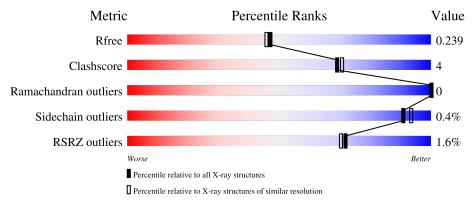
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	268	93%	7% •
1	В	268	91%	8% •
1	С	268	92%	6% •
1	D	268	94%	5% •

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

N	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
	6	CPS	С	268	X	-	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9230 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Aminoglycoside N3-acetyltransferase.

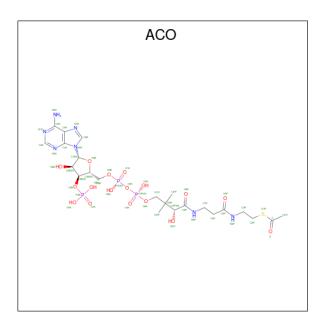
Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	266	Total	С	N	О	S	Se	0	1	0
1	1 A	200	2063	1305	350	396	3	9	0	1	
1	D	266	Total	С	N	О	S	Se	0	0	0
1	D	200	2070	1311	354	393	3	9	U		
1	C	264	Total	С	N	О	S	Se	0	0	0
1		204	2046	1297	348	389	3	9	0	U	U
1	В	266	Total	С	N	О	S	Se	0	9	0
1	D	200	2084	1320	357	395	3	9		<u> </u>	

There are 16 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
A	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
A	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
A	183	GLY	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q81P86
D	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
D	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
D	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
D	183	GLY	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q81P86
С	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
С	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
С	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
С	183	GLY	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q81P86
В	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
В	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
В	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q81P86
В	183	GLY	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q81P86

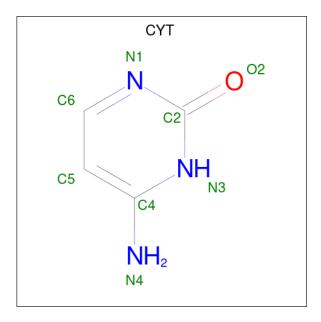
• Molecule 2 is ACETYL COENZYME *A (three-letter code: ACO) (formula: C₂₃H₃₈N₇O₁₇P₃S).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	0
2	A	1	51	23	7	17	3	1	0	U
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	0
2	D	1	51	23	7	17	3	1	0	
2	С	C 1	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	0
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		1	51	23	7	17	3	1	0	
2	В	В 1	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	0
2			51	23	7	17	3	1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 6-AMINOPYRIMIDIN-2(1H)-ONE (three-letter code: CYT) (formula: $C_4H_5N_3O$).



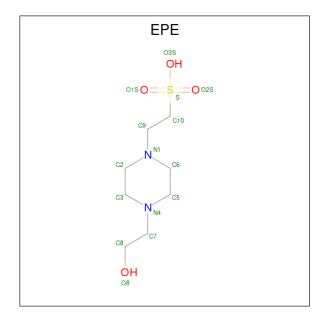


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C N O 8 4 3 1	0	0
3	D	1	Total C N O 8 4 3 1	0	0
3	С	1	Total C N O 8 4 3 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total C N O 8 4 3 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	D	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0
4	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 4-(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-1-PIPERAZINE ETHANESULFONIC ACID (three-letter code: EPE) (formula: $C_8H_{18}N_2O_4S$).

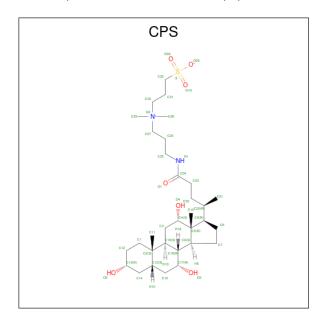


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
5	D	1	Total 15	C 8	N 2	O 4	S 1	0	0

 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 6 is 3-[(3-CHOLAMIDOPROPYL)DIMETHYLAMMONIO]-1-PROPANESULFO }$



NATE (three-letter code: CPS) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{32}H_{58}N_{2}O_{7}S}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
6	С	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
0		1	42	32	2	7	1	U	

• Molecule 7 is water.

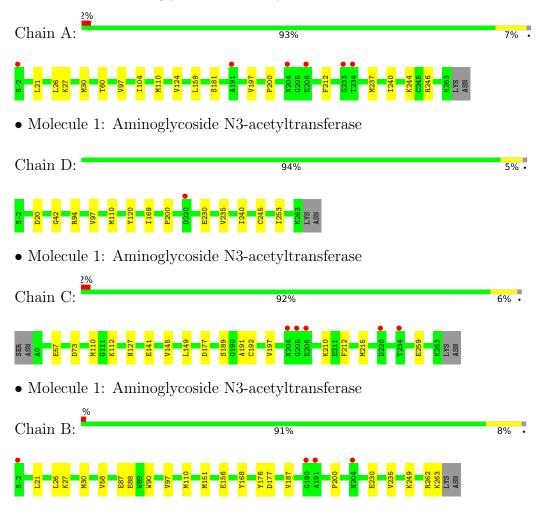
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	132	Total O 132 132	0	0
7	D	189	Total O 189 189	0	0
7	С	164	Total O 164 164	0	0
7	В	185	Total O 185 185	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Aminoglycoside N3-acetyltransferase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	72.47Å 110.63Å 73.78Å	Donositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 112.24° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	23.99 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	23.99 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	97.0 (23.99-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.0 (23.99-2.00)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.09	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.12 (at 1.99Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
Ρ. Р.	0.174 , 0.230	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.187 , 0.239	DCC
R_{free} test set	3546 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	20.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.210	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37 , 47.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.002 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	9230	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 47.48 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 9.8609e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACO, CPS, CYT, EPE, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.59	0/2101	0.65	0/2839	
1	В	0.68	0/2122	0.70	0/2863	
1	С	0.64	0/2081	0.69	0/2809	
1	D	0.65	0/2105	0.68	$1/2839 \ (0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.64	0/8409	0.68	1/11350 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	D	94	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.59	117.50	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2063	0	2028	19	0
1	В	2084	0	2079	15	0
1	С	2046	0	2029	12	0
1	D	2070	0	2065	10	0
2	A	51	0	34	1	0
2	В	51	0	34	1	0

Continued on next page...



Continued	trom	mmoninonic	maaa
COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	51	0	34	2	0
2	D	51	0	34	2	0
3	A	8	0	4	0	0
3	В	8	0	4	0	0
3	С	8	0	4	0	0
3	D	8	0	4	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	2	0	0	0	0
5	D	15	0	17	1	0
6	С	42	0	58	5	0
7	A	132	0	0	2	0
7	В	185	0	0	1	0
7	С	164	0	0	2	0
7	D	189	0	0	0	0
All	All	9230	0	8428	62	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 62 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:237:MSE:HE1	1:A:244:LYS:NZ	1.84	0.93
1:B:110:MSE:HE1	2:B:266:ACO:H22	1.53	0.89
1:A:110:MSE:HE1	2:A:266:ACO:H22	1.57	0.87
1:A:104:ILE:HD11	7:A:323:HOH:O	1.76	0.86
1:A:237:MSE:HE1	1:A:244:LYS:HZ2	1.44	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentil	les
1	A	265/268~(99%)	259 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100 10)0
1	В	$266/268 \; (99\%)$	259 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 10	00
1	С	$262/268 \; (98\%)$	259 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100 10	00
1	D	264/268 (98%)	259 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100 10	00
All	All	1057/1072 (99%)	1036 (98%)	21 (2%)	0	100 10	00

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	227/224 (101%)	226 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	93	
1	В	$231/224\ (103\%)$	230 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	93	
1	\mathbf{C}	$225/224 \ (100\%)$	224 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	93	
1	D	230/224 (103%)	229 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	93	
All	All	913/896 (102%)	909 (100%)	4 (0%)	91	93	

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	60	THR
1	D	120	TYR
1	С	112	LYS
1	В	156	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	127	ASN
1	D	146	ASN



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 14 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 10 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	CYT	A	267	-	7,8,8	1.29	1 (14%)	8,10,10	5.54	3 (37%)
3	CYT	С	267	-	7,8,8	1.20	1 (14%)	8,10,10	6.23	4 (50%)
2	ACO	В	266	-	45,53,53	0.72	1 (2%)	56,79,79	1.27	9 (16%)
3	CYT	D	267	-	7,8,8	1.44	1 (14%)	8,10,10	4.18	4 (50%)
2	ACO	С	266	-	45,53,53	0.72	1 (2%)	56,79,79	1.28	7 (12%)
6	CPS	С	268	-	45,45,45	1.50	4 (8%)	69,70,70	3.06	26 (37%)
5	EPE	D	269	-	15,15,15	0.79	1 (6%)	18,20,20	1.76	6 (33%)
2	ACO	D	266	-	45,53,53	0.84	0	56,79,79	1.19	6 (10%)
2	ACO	A	266	-	45,53,53	0.79	0	56,79,79	1.23	7 (12%)
3	CYT	В	267	-	7,8,8	1.28	1 (14%)	8,10,10	4.51	3 (37%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	CYT	A	267	-	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	CYT	С	267	-	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	ACO	В	266	-	-	3/47/67/67	0/3/3/3
3	CYT	D	267	-	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	ACO	С	266	_	-	0/47/67/67	0/3/3/3
6	CPS	С	268	-	4/4/14/15	15/25/90/90	0/4/4/4
5	EPE	D	269	-	-	7/9/19/19	0/1/1/1
2	ACO	D	266	-	-	0/47/67/67	0/3/3/3
2	ACO	A	266	-	-	4/47/67/67	0/3/3/3
3	CYT	В	267	-	-	-	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)
6	С	268	CPS	C32-S	-7.76	1.66	1.77
5	D	269	EPE	C10-S	2.30	1.80	1.77
3	A	267	CYT	C5-C6	-2.25	1.34	1.38
3	D	267	CYT	C2-N1	2.22	1.42	1.38
2	В	266	ACO	C5A-C4A	2.18	1.46	1.40

The worst 5 of 75 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	С	267	CYT	C6-N1-C2	11.91	120.29	114.42
3	С	267	CYT	N3-C2-N1	-11.88	118.99	128.43
6	С	268	CPS	C15-C16-C17	-11.87	101.36	114.46
3	A	267	CYT	C6-N1-C2	10.87	119.78	114.42
3	A	267	CYT	N3-C2-N1	-10.70	119.92	128.43

All (4) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
6	С	268	CPS	C6
6	С	268	CPS	C13
6	С	268	CPS	C15
6	С	268	CPS	C18

5 of 29 torsion outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	D	269	EPE	C8-C7-N4-C3
6	С	268	CPS	C22-C20-C9-C5

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	С	268	CPS	C21-C20-C9-C8
6	С	268	CPS	C22-C20-C9-C8
6	С	268	CPS	C31-C30-N2-C27

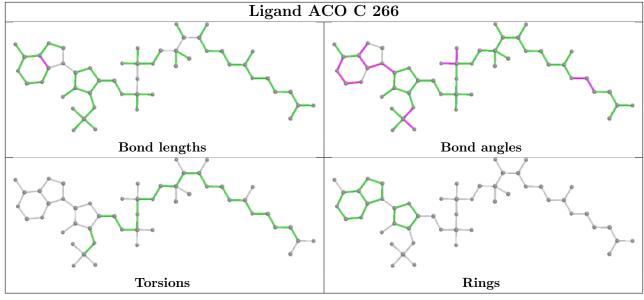
There are no ring outliers.

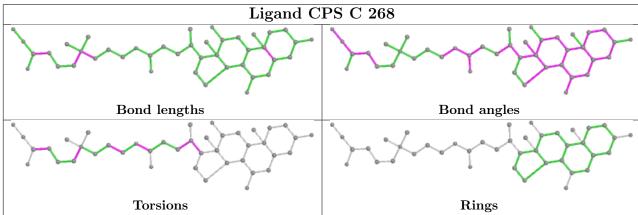
6 monomers are involved in 12 short contacts:

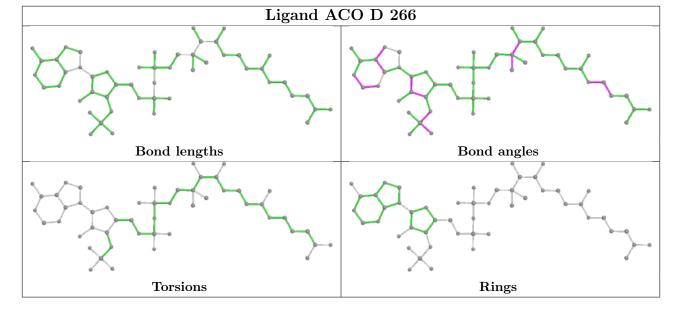
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	266	ACO	1	0
2	С	266	ACO	2	0
6	С	268	CPS	5	0
5	D	269	EPE	1	0
2	D	266	ACO	2	0
2	A	266	ACO	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	257/268 (95%)	-0.09	6 (2%) 60 59	16, 28, 51, 69	0
1	В	257/268 (95%)	-0.29	4 (1%) 72 70	13, 24, 43, 48	0
1	С	255/268 (95%)	-0.19	5 (1%) 65 63	15, 25, 44, 57	0
1	D	257/268 (95%)	-0.37	1 (0%) 92 92	14, 23, 38, 51	0
All	All	1026/1072 (95%)	-0.24	16 (1%) 72 70	13, 25, 45, 69	0

The worst 5 of 16 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	204	ASN	4.1
1	A	-2	SER	3.7
1	D	220	ASP	3.6
1	С	205	GLY	3.2
1	С	206	GLU	3.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

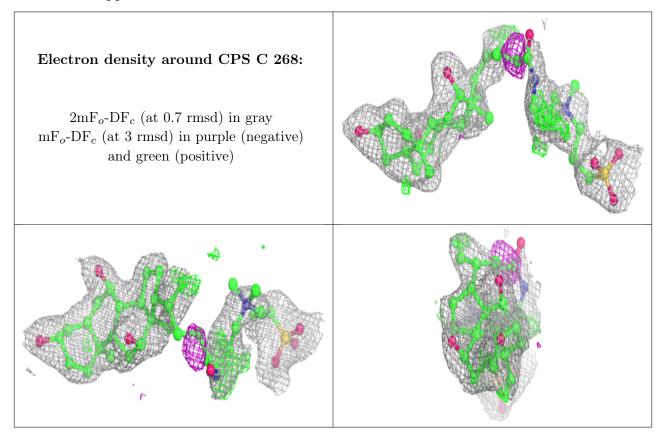
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	EPE	D	269	15/15	0.65	0.20	80,81,84,84	0
6	CPS	С	268	42/42	0.70	0.19	42,49,74,75	0
4	MG	D	268	1/1	0.87	0.13	38,38,38,38	0
4	MG	В	268	1/1	0.92	0.08	35,35,35,35	0
3	CYT	D	267	8/8	0.93	0.10	22,24,26,26	0
3	CYT	В	267	8/8	0.94	0.09	23,23,25,25	0
4	MG	A	268	1/1	0.94	0.17	34,34,34,34	0
2	ACO	D	266	51/51	0.95	0.10	12,20,38,38	0
2	ACO	В	266	51/51	0.95	0.09	16,20,34,37	0
4	MG	D	270	1/1	0.95	0.06	45,45,45,45	0
3	CYT	A	267	8/8	0.96	0.07	22,25,26,27	0
2	ACO	С	266	51/51	0.96	0.08	17,23,36,37	0
2	ACO	A	266	51/51	0.96	0.10	15,23,42,42	0
3	CYT	С	267	8/8	0.97	0.08	22,24,25,27	0

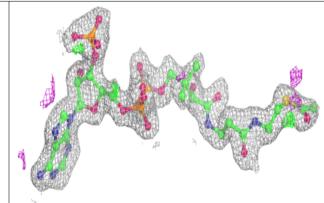
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

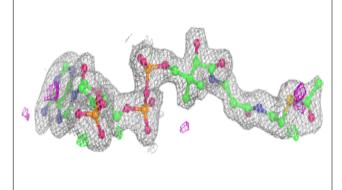


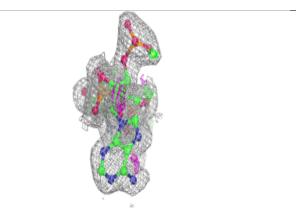


Electron density around ACO D 266:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

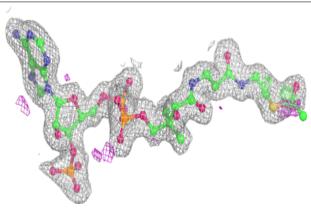


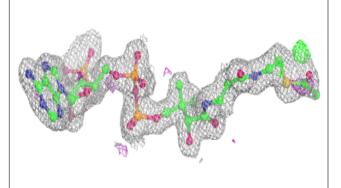


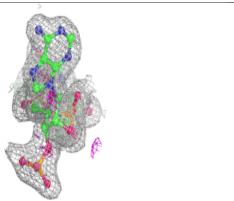


Electron density around ACO B 266:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



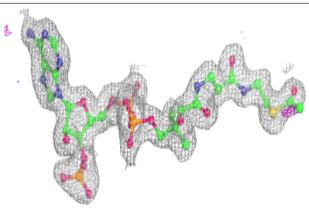


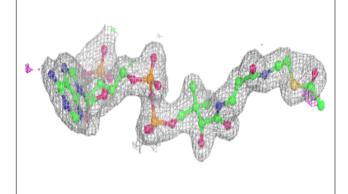


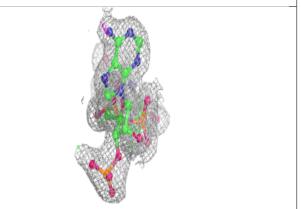


Electron density around ACO C 266:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

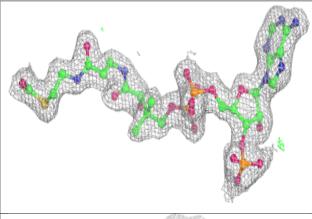


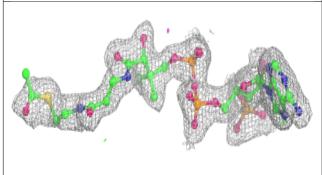


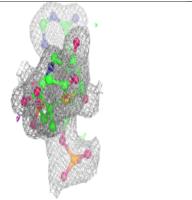


Electron density around ACO A 266:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

