

## wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Feb 19, 2022 – 08:52 PM EST

PDB ID : 1SSV

Title : Compensating bends in a 16 base-pair DNA oligomer containing a T3A3 seg-

ment

Authors: McAteer, K.; Aceves-Gaona, A.; Michalczyk, R.; Buchko, G.W.; Isern, N.G.;

Silks, L.A.; Miller, J.H.; Kennedy, M.A.

Deposited on : 2004-03-24

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.26

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

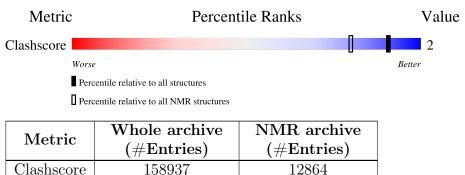
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.26

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	16	25%	75%			
1	В	16	25%	75%			



## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 15 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



## 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1014 atoms, of which 364 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*CP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*TP\*TP\*AP\*AP\*AP\*C P\*CP\*TP\*CP\*G)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					
1	Λ	16	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	А	16	507	156	182	60	94	15	U
1	D	16	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	Ъ	10	507	156	182	60	94	15	U

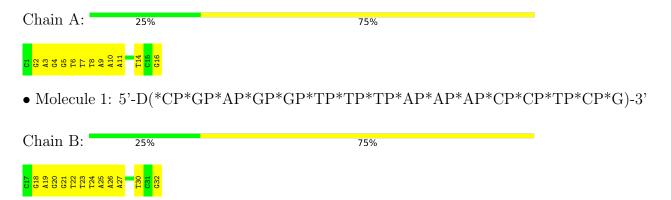


## 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

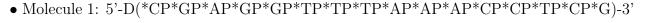
These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

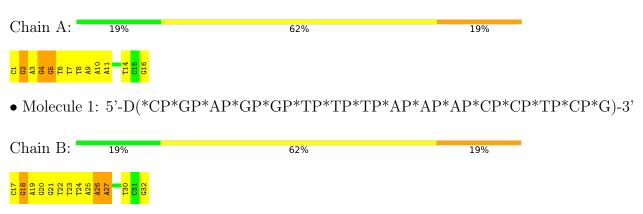
• Molecule 1: 5'-D(\*CP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*AP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*G)-3'



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.







#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: Restrained Molecular Dynamics.

Of the 45 calculated structures, 15 were deposited, based on the following criterion: Structures with lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	3.85

No chemical shift data was provided.



## 6 Model quality (i)

#### 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Е	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
Wioi Chain		RMSZ $\#Z>5$		RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	$1.18 \pm 0.00$	$3\pm1/364~(~0.9\pm~0.2\%)$	$2.29 \pm 0.00$	$26\pm1/560$ ( $4.7\pm$ $0.2\%$ )	
1	В	$1.18 \pm 0.00$	$3\pm1/364~(~1.0\pm~0.2\%)$	$2.29 \pm 0.00$	$26\pm1/560$ ( $4.6\pm$ $0.1\%$ )	
All	All	1.18	103/10920 ( 0.9%)	2.29	779/16800 ( 4.6%)	

5 of 8 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	${f Models}$			
WIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed(A)	ideai(A)	Worst	Total
1	A	8	DT	C5-C7	5.33	1.53	1.50	11	15
1	A	7	DT	C5-C7	5.31	1.53	1.50	11	9
1	В	30	DT	C5-C7	5.31	1.53	1.50	9	12
1	A	14	DT	C5-C7	5.30	1.53	1.50	1	14
1	В	22	DT	C5-C7	5.29	1.53	1.50	13	12

5 of 56 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Chain Res Type Atoms Z Observ		$Observed(^o)$	Ideal(0)	Models			
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	L	Observed()	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$	Worst	Total
1	A	16	DG	N7-C8-N9	9.39	117.80	113.10	14	15
1	В	32	DG	N7-C8-N9	9.38	117.79	113.10	10	15
1	A	2	DG	N7-C8-N9	9.33	117.77	113.10	9	15
1	В	21	DG	N7-C8-N9	9.33	117.76	113.10	10	15
1	В	18	DG	N7-C8-N9	9.30	117.75	113.10	14	15

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



#### 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	325	182	182	1±1
1	В	325	182	182	1±1
All	All	9750	5460	5460	24

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

5 of 9 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:9:DA:C2	1:B:25:DA:C2	0.47	3.03	5	6	
1:B:26:DA:C6	1:B:27:DA:C6	0.44	3.05	7	2	
1:A:1:DC:H2"	1:A:2:DG:O5'	0.42	2.15	1	4	
1:B:20:DG:C6	1:B:21:DG:C6	0.42	3.08	6	1	
1:B:25:DA:C6	1:B:26:DA:C6	0.41	3.08	7	1	

#### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



#### 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

#### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

