

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Sep 4, 2023 – 07:18 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3THR

Title : Crystal structure of rat native liver Glycine N-methyltransferase complexed

with 5-methyltetrahydrofolate monoglutamate

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Deposited on : 2011-08-19

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

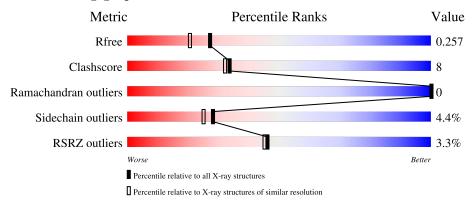
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	293	83%	13%	
1	В	293	82%	14%	
1	С	293	85%	11%	• •
1	D	293	84%	11%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	C2F	A	1100	-	-	X	-
2	C2F	D	1200	-	-	X	-
3	TAM	A	1500	-	X	-	-
3	TAM	С	1600	-	X	-	-
3	TAM	D	1400	-	X	-	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9887 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Glycine N-methyltransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	287	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	A	201	2255	1435	390	419	11	0	1	0
1	В	287	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	201	2249	1430	390	418	11	0	0	0
1	С	285	Total	С	N	О	S	0	2	0
1		200	2250	1432	390	417	11	0	2	0
1	D	286	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	ש	200	2243	1428	388	416	11	U	U	U

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

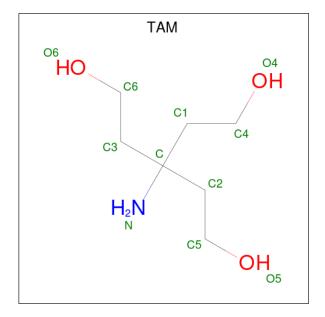
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	300	ACE	-	acetylation	UNP P13255
В	300	ACE	-	acetylation	UNP P13255
С	300	ACE	-	acetylation	UNP P13255
D	300	ACE	-	acetylation	UNP P13255

• Molecule 2 is 5-METHYL-5,6,7,8-TETRAHYDROFOLIC ACID (three-letter code: C2F) (formula:  $C_{20}H_{25}N_7O_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
	А	1	33	20	7	6	U	U
2	B	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
	Ъ	1	33	20	7	6	U	U
2	C	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
	C	1	33	20	7	6	U	U
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
	ש	1	33	20	7	6	U	U

• Molecule 3 is TRIS(HYDROXYETHYL)AMINOMETHANE (three-letter code: TAM) (formula:  $C_7H_{17}NO_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C N O 11 7 1 3	0	0
3	С	1	Total C N O 11 7 1 3	0	0
3	D	1	Total C N O 11 7 1 3	0	0

#### • Molecule 4 is water.

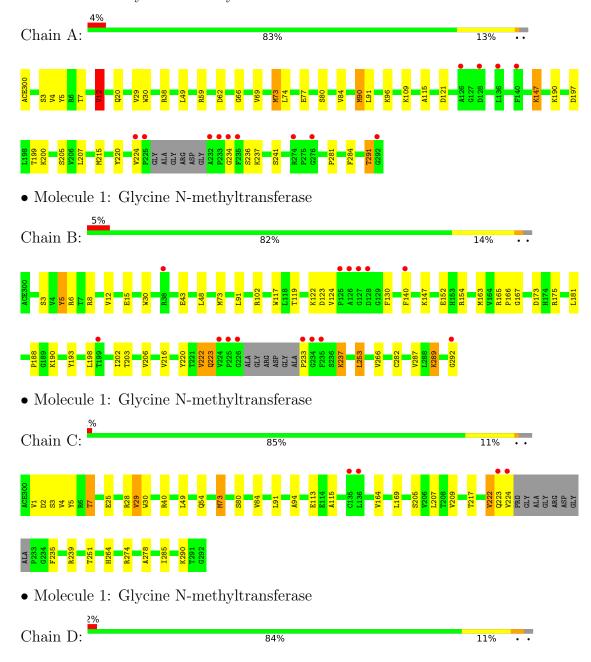
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	135	Total O 135 135	0	0
4	В	161	Total O 161 161	0	0
4	С	248	Total O 248 248	0	0
4	D	181	Total O 181 181	0	0



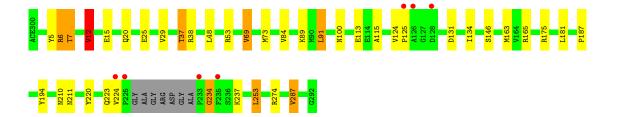
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Glycine N-methyltransferase









# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	59.19Å 83.79Å 134.44Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $91.32^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	31.19 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	31.19 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	87.1 (31.19-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	87.1 (31.19-2.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.08	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.87 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
Ρ. Р.	0.178 , 0.241	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.200 , $0.257$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4037 reflections (4.83%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	24.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.575	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 37.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.026 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	9887	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.60% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TAM, ACE, C2F

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	В	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.98	0/2311	0.92	4/3134 (0.1%)
1	В	1.01	4/2301~(0.2%)	0.94	3/3119 (0.1%)
1	С	1.15	6/2309~(0.3%)	1.00	11/3129 (0.4%)
1	D	1.14	1/2296~(0.0%)	1.00	8/3113 (0.3%)
All	All	1.08	$11/9217 \ (0.1\%)$	0.97	$26/12495 \ (0.2\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	D	0	1
All	All	0	2

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	С	5	TYR	CD1-CE1	-7.81	1.27	1.39
1	В	5	TYR	CD2-CE2	-7.72	1.27	1.39
1	В	5	TYR	CD1-CE1	-7.01	1.28	1.39
1	С	94	ALA	CA-CB	6.54	1.66	1.52
1	С	278	ALA	CA-CB	5.69	1.64	1.52

The worst 5 of 26 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	С	40	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-8.45	116.07	120.30
1	С	274	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.05	124.33	120.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	С	73	MET	CG-SD-CE	-7.77	87.77	100.20
1	D	91	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	7.08	123.03	111.00
1	С	28	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.47	123.54	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	291	THR	Peptide
1	D	234	GLY	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2255	0	2217	46	0
1	В	2249	0	2205	36	0
1	С	2250	0	2213	25	0
1	D	2243	0	2202	44	0
2	A	33	0	23	21	0
2	В	33	0	23	2	0
2	С	33	0	23	2	0
2	D	33	0	22	18	0
3	A	11	0	17	5	0
3	С	11	0	17	4	0
3	D	11	0	17	3	0
4	A	135	0	0	5	0
4	В	161	0	0	2	0
4	С	248	0	0	4	0
4	D	181	0	0	10	0
All	All	9887	0	8979	154	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 154 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
3:C:1600:TAM:C6	3:C:1600:TAM:O6	1.71	1.36
1:A:5:TYR:CZ	2:A:1100:C2F:HB1	1.82	1.12
1:D:37:THR:CG2	1:D:69:VAL:HG21	1.80	1.12
1:D:5:TYR:CZ	2:D:1200:C2F:HB1	1.94	1.02
1:A:49:LEU:HD21	1:A:73:MET:HE3	1.51	0.92

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	284/293~(97%)	279 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	283/293~(97%)	277 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
1	С	283/293~(97%)	272 (96%)	11 (4%)	0	100	100
1	D	282/293~(96%)	272 (96%)	10 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1132/1172~(97%)	1100 (97%)	32 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	241/242 (100%)	228 (95%)	13 (5%)	22 18		
1	В	239/242 (99%)	228 (95%)	11 (5%)	27 23		

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	C	241/242 (100%)	234 (97%)	7 (3%)	42 43
1	D	$239/242 \ (99\%)$	227 (95%)	12 (5%)	24 20
All	All	960/968 (99%)	917 (96%)	43 (4%)	28 24

5 of 43 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	80[B]	SER
1	D	69	VAL
1	С	222	VAL
1	D	7	THR
1	D	165	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	210	ASN
1	С	214	HIS
1	D	211	ASN
1	D	100	ASN
1	D	159	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	l Type Chain Res		Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	Bond angles			
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	TAM	D	1400	-	7,10,10	2.07	2 (28%)	9,12,12	3.98	4 (44%)
3	TAM	С	1600	-	7,10,10	3.40	5 (71%)	9,12,12	3.46	6 (66%)
2	C2F	A	1100	-	33,35,35	1.84	6 (18%)	35,49,49	2.79	20 (57%)
2	C2F	В	1700	-	33,35,35	1.22	4 (12%)	35,49,49	1.95	11 (31%)
3	TAM	A	1500	-	7,10,10	1.68	3 (42%)	9,12,12	5.54	6 (66%)
2	C2F	С	1410	-	33,35,35	1.01	3 (9%)	35,49,49	1.87	12 (34%)
2	C2F	D	1200	-	33,35,35	1.34	5 (15%)	35,49,49	2.59	18 (51%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	TAM	D	1400	-	-	11/12/12/12	-
3	TAM	С	1600	-	-	8/12/12/12	-
2	C2F	A	1100	-	-	14/22/35/35	0/3/3/3
2	C2F	В	1700	-	-	9/22/35/35	0/3/3/3
3	TAM	A	1500	-	-	5/12/12/12	-
2	C2F	С	1410	-	-	2/22/35/35	0/3/3/3
2	C2F	D	1200	-	-	11/22/35/35	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
3	С	1600	TAM	O6-C6	5.75	1.71	1.42
2	A	1100	C2F	C4A-C4	-4.91	1.34	1.41
3	С	1600	TAM	C3-C6	4.89	1.61	1.52
2	A	1100	C2F	C7-C6	3.87	1.56	1.52
3	D	1400	TAM	C3-C6	3.87	1.59	1.52

The worst 5 of 77 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	1500	TAM	C3-C-C1	-10.33	92.29	110.50
3	A	1500	TAM	C2-C-C1	9.34	126.97	110.50
3	D	1400	TAM	C2-C-C1	8.59	125.65	110.50
2	D	1200	C2F	CT-CA-N	-6.90	94.21	110.55
3	С	1600	TAM	O6-C6-C3	6.60	129.04	111.39

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 60 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1500	TAM	C2-C-C1-C4
3	A	1500	TAM	C1-C-C2-C5
3	A	1500	TAM	C1-C-C3-C6
3	A	1500	TAM	C2-C-C3-C6
3	A	1500	TAM	N-C-C3-C6

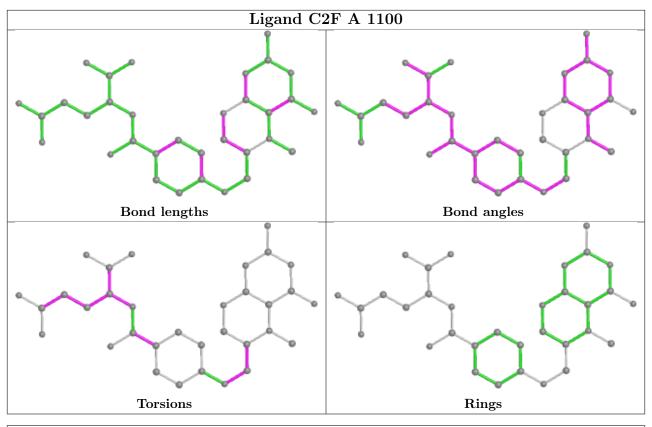
There are no ring outliers.

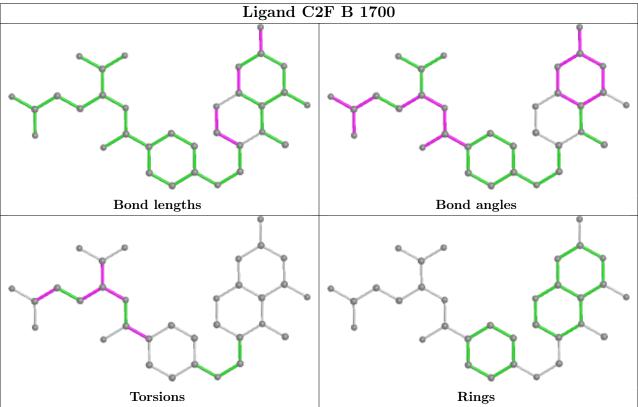
7 monomers are involved in 55 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	1400	TAM	3	0
3	С	1600	TAM	4	0
2	A	1100	C2F	21	0
2	В	1700	C2F	2	0
3	A	1500	TAM	5	0
2	С	1410	C2F	2	0
2	D	1200	C2F	18	0

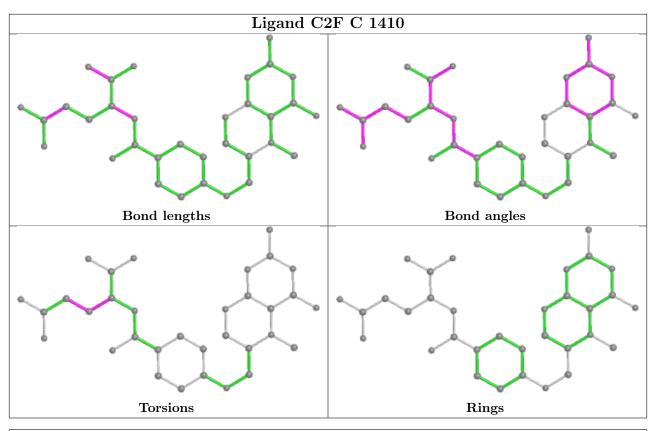
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

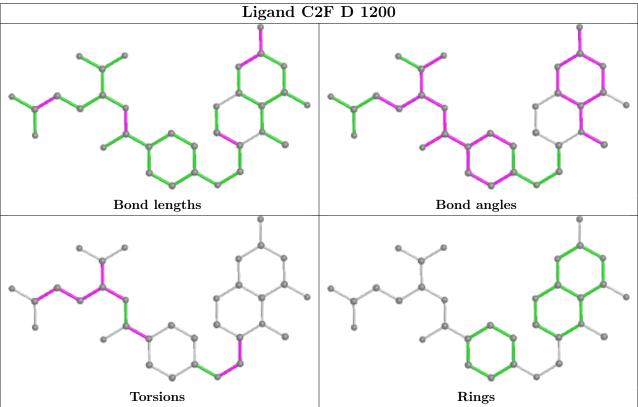














# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	286/293 (97%)	0.13	13 (4%) 33 3	2 4, 15, 30, 38	0
1	В	286/293 (97%)	0.08	14 (4%) 29 2	8 8, 17, 32, 43	0
1	С	284/293 (96%)	-0.15	4 (1%) 75 74	3, 16, 28, 46	0
1	D	285/293 (97%)	-0.04	7 (2%) 57 56	9, 17, 33, 46	0
All	All	1141/1172 (97%)	0.01	38 (3%) 46 4	5 3, 16, 31, 46	0

The worst 5 of 38 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	126	ALA	6.3
1	A	292	GLY	5.3
1	В	128	ASP	5.0
1	D	224	VAL	4.9
1	A	224	VAL	4.9

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

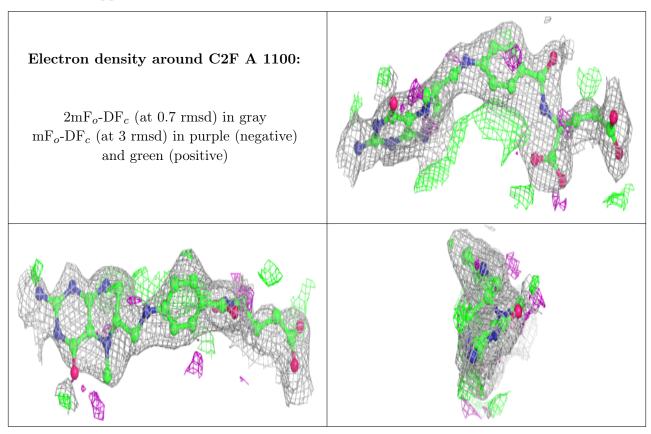
#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	TAM	D	1400	11/11	0.77	0.28	27,37,41,42	0
2	C2F	A	1100	33/33	0.78	0.22	40,49,65,66	0
2	C2F	В	1700	33/33	0.79	0.21	47,72,77,78	0
2	C2F	D	1200	33/33	0.80	0.24	48,53,61,65	0
3	TAM	A	1500	11/11	0.83	0.26	33,41,44,44	0
3	TAM	С	1600	11/11	0.84	0.26	14,20,35,36	0
2	C2F	С	1410	33/33	0.86	0.15	19,29,55,57	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

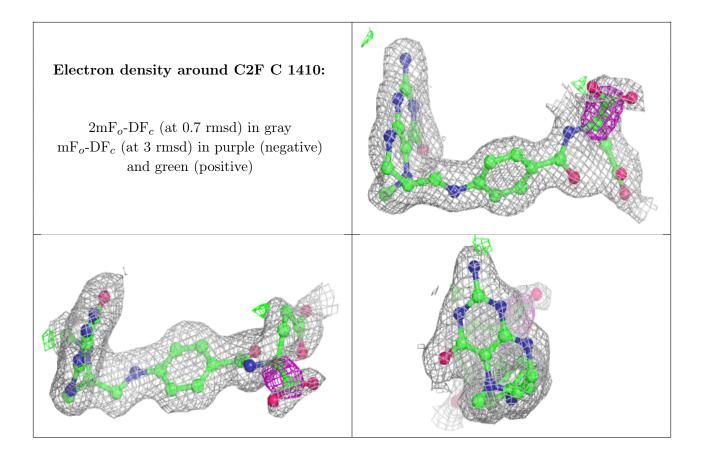




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# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

