



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 15, 2024 – 08:08 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1TIN  
Title : THREE-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURE IN SOLUTION OF CUCURBITA  
MAXIMA TRYPSIN INHIBITOR-V DETERMINED BY NMR SPEC-  
TROSCOPY  
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Deposited on : 1994-10-28

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

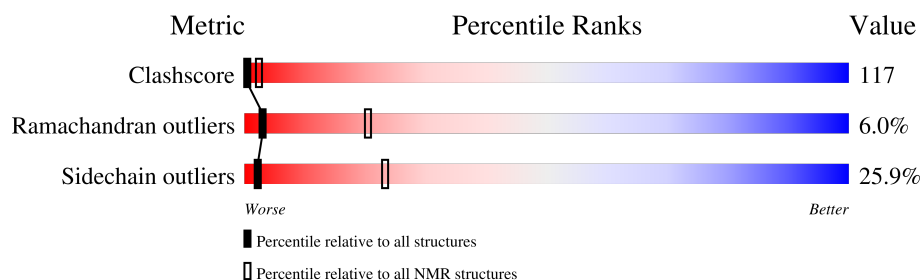
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	69	 12% 58% 28% .

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

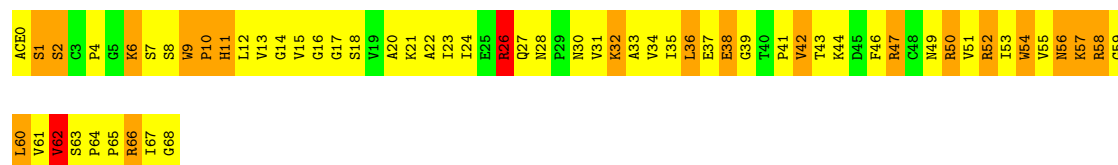
There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1065 atoms, of which 544 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called TRYPSIN INHIBITOR V.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	69	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1065	328	544	100	91	2	

i

- Molecule 1: TRYPSIN INHIBITOR V



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview ⓘ

Of the ? calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?.

The authors did not provide any information on software used for structure solution, optimization or refinement.

No chemical shift data was provided.

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.09	3/530 ( 0.6%)	1.52	8/718 ( 1.1%)
All	All	1.09	3/530 ( 0.6%)	1.52	8/718 ( 1.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0	6
All	All	0	6

All bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	54	TRP	CG-CD2	-5.99	1.33	1.43
1	A	9	TRP	CG-CD2	-5.80	1.33	1.43
1	A	11	HIS	CG-ND1	-5.21	1.27	1.38

5 of 8 angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	54	TRP	NE1-CE2-CZ2	7.97	139.17	130.40
1	A	9	TRP	NE1-CE2-CZ2	7.65	138.82	130.40
1	A	54	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	6.79	115.11	109.00
1	A	9	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	6.79	115.11	109.00
1	A	54	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-6.53	103.58	110.10

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	26	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	47	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	50	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	52	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	58	ARG	Sidechain

## 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	521	544	544	125
All	All	521	544	544	125

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 117.

5 of 125 clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:53:ILE:HG23	1:A:63:SER:HB3	1.04	1.20
1:A:9:TRP:CH2	1:A:51:VAL:HG21	1.00	1.91
1:A:13:VAL:HG22	1:A:63:SER:N	0.90	1.82
1:A:17:GLY:N	1:A:61:VAL:HG21	0.89	1.82
1:A:31:VAL:HG12	1:A:49:ASN:HA	0.84	1.46

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	67/69 (97%)	52 (78%)	11 (16%)	4 (6%)	3	20
All	All	67/69 (97%)	52 (78%)	11 (16%)	4 (6%)	3	20



All 4 Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	SER
1	A	4	PRO
1	A	10	PRO
1	A	62	VAL

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	58/58 (100%)	43 (74%)	15 (26%)	2	23
All	All	58/58 (100%)	43 (74%)	15 (26%)	2	23

5 of 15 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	SER
1	A	2	SER
1	A	6	LYS
1	A	7	SER
1	A	18	SER

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided