

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Feb 4, 2024 – 07:22 PM EST

PDB ID	:	1TNV
Title	:	CRYSTAL STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS OF TOBACCO NECROSIS VIRUS
		(TNV) AT 5 ANGSTROMS RESOLUTION
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Deposited on		
Resolution	:	5.00  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.36
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 5.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percent	ile Ranks	Value
Clashscore			199
Wa	prse		Better
P	Percentile relative to all X-ray structures		
<b>D</b> P	Percentile relative to X-ray structures of sir	nilar resolution	
	Whole archive	Similar	resolution

Matria	Whole archive	Similar resolution		
Metric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries},  { m resolution}  { m range}({ m \AA}))$		
Clashscore	141614	1000 (6.16-3.82)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Qu	ality of chain	
1	А	186	33%	53%	13%
1	В	186	33%	55%	11%
2	С	210	39%	50%	10%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2328 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called TOBACCO NECROSIS VIRUS (SUBUNIT VP1).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Δ	186	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0	0
1			744	372	186	186			
1	р	186	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0	0
	D	180	744	372	186	186	0	0	0

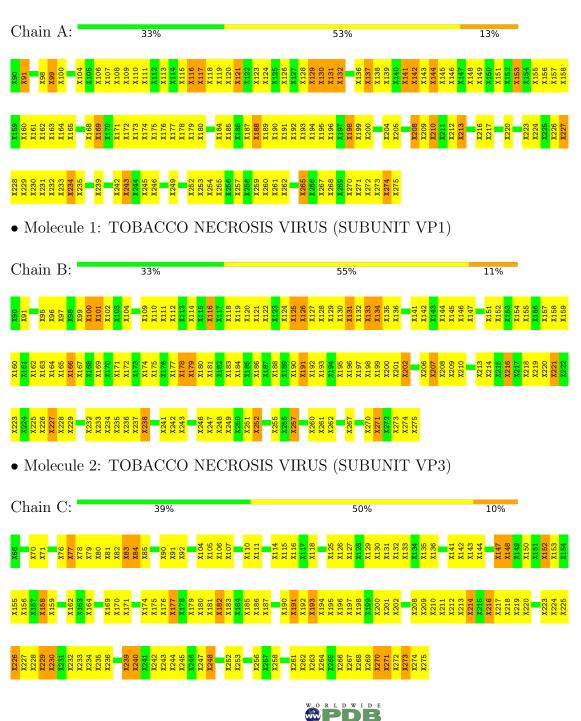
• Molecule 2 is a protein called TOBACCO NECROSIS VIRUS (SUBUNIT VP3).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	С	210	Total 840	C 420	N 210	O 210	0	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: TOBACCO NECROSIS VIRUS (SUBUNIT VP1)

## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 42 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants	338.00Å 338.00Å 338.00Å	Deperitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) - 5.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	97.57 - 5.52	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)-5.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	42.8 (97.57-5.52)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$	-	Xtriage
Refinement program	NCS	Depositor
B B.	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.381 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	33.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.16, 999.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>1</sup>	$< L >=0.54, < L^2>=0.38$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.68	EDS
Total number of atoms	2328	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	0.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.75% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

There are no protein, RNA or DNA chains available to summarize Z scores of covalent bonds and angles.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	41
1	В	0	49
2	С	0	45
All	All	0	135

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 135 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	106	UNK	Mainchain
1	А	113	UNK	Mainchain
1	А	116	UNK	Mainchain
1	А	91	UNK	Mainchain
1	А	99	UNK	Mainchain

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	744	0	53	172	0
1	В	744	0	33	153	0
2	С	840	0	52	167	0
All	All	2328	0	138	491	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 199.

The worst 5 of 491 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:C:175:UNK:C	2:C:175:UNK:CA	1.76	1.62
2:C:266:UNK:C	2:C:266:UNK:CA	1.76	1.62
1:A:131:UNK:C	1:A:131:UNK:CA	1.76	1.62
1:A:272:UNK:C	1:A:272:UNK:CA	1.76	1.62
1:B:270:UNK:C	1:B:270:UNK:CA	1.76	1.62

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
2	С	29
1	В	26
1	А	22

The worst 5 of 77 chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	186:UNK	С	187:UNK	Ν	1.66
1	В	210:UNK	С	211:UNK	Ν	1.66
1	С	236:UNK	С	237:UNK	Ν	1.66
1	А	103:UNK	С	104:UNK	N	1.17
1	А	141:UNK	С	142:UNK	Ν	1.17



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

