

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	5TN2
BMRB ID	:	30194
Title	:	Solution Structure of the C-terminal multimerization domain of the master
		biofilm-regulator SinR from Bacillus subtilis
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Deposited on	:	2016-10-13

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

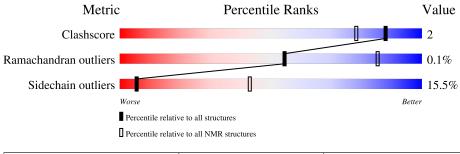
	:	4.02b-467 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 22%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ {f archive} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	47	60%	13% •	26%		
1	В	47	51%	21% ·	26%		
1	С	47	62%	13%	26%		
1	D	47	55%	19%	26%		



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. Model 8 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model					
1	A:10-A:44, B:10-B:44, C:10-	0.37	8		
C:44, D:10-D:44 (140)					

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10
2	3, 7, 9



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3132 atoms, of which 1524 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	٨	47	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	А	47	783	250	381	70	80	2	0
1	В	47	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	D	41	783	250	381	70	80	2	0
1	С	47	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	U	41	783	250	381	70	80	2	0
1	Л	47	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	D	41	783	250	381	70	80	2	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called HTH-type transcriptional regulator SinR.

There are 16 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
А	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
А	3	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
A	4	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
В	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
В	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
В	3	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
В	4	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
С	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
С	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
С	3	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
С	4	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
D	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
D	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
D	3	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P06533
D	4	MET	_	expression tag	UNP P06533



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: HTH-type transcriptional regulator SinR

Chain A:	60%	13% •	26%
G1 82 82 83 83 85 83 84 84 10 010 010 010 010 010 010 010 010 010	K45 L35 R41 R41 R45 E46 E46 E46		
• Molecule 1: HTH-t	ype transcriptional	regulator SinR	
Chain B:	51%	21% •	26%
G1 82 83 85 85 76 85 76 80 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81	V16 R19 R31 R32 R32 R41 R41 R41 R42 R42 R43 R42 R42 R42 R42 R42 R42 R42 R42		
• Molecule 1: HTH-t	ype transcriptional	regulator SinR	
Chain C:	62%	13%	26%
61 83 84 84 85 85 84 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83	L35 R41 R46 E46 E46		
• Molecule 1: HTH-t	ype transcriptional	regulator SinR	
Chain D:	55%	19%	26%
G1 S2 S3 HH3 M4 M4 G3 G3 G3 G3 G3 G3 G3 C1 1 7 C1 7 C1 7 C1 7 C1 7 C1 7 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2	N19 F31 L35 L35 Q44 K45 E46 E46		

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 8. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: HTH-type transcriptional regulator SinR



Chain A: 62% 9% 26%

• Molecule 1: HTH-type transcriptional regulator SinR

Chain B:	51%	21%	• 26%
G1 82 84 85 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	W14 E15 K116 K116 V18 R19 S27 S27 R32 R32 R32 R41 K41 K42 K42 K42 C44 E46 E46 E46 E46 E46		

• Molecule 1: HTH-type transcriptional regulator SinR

Chain C:	55%	17%	•	26%
G1 S2 H3 M4 M4 C1 0 7 G8 G8 G8 G8 C10	K16 R19 R31 R32 R33 R33 R33 R33 R34 R41 R41 R45 R45 R45 R45 R45			

• Molecule 1: HTH-type transcriptional regulator SinR

Chain D:	55%	19%	26%
G1 S2 H3 F5 D7 C0 C8 C8 C1 C10 C8	W14 E15 E15 E15 E15 E13 F31 F31 F32 F32 F35 E45 E45 E45 E47		



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	14
CYANA	structure calculation	3.0

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	576
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	576
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	22%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		B	ond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	А	$0.75 {\pm} 0.00$	$0{\pm}0/311~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	1.21 ± 0.03	$3{\pm}1/415~(~0.8{\pm}~0.2\%)$	
1	В	$0.75 {\pm} 0.00$	$0{\pm}0/311~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	1.21 ± 0.04	$3{\pm}1/415~(~0.8{\pm}~0.2\%)$	
1	С	$0.75 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/311~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	1.21 ± 0.04	$3\pm1/415~(~0.7\pm~0.2\%)$	
1	D	$0.75 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/311~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	1.19 ± 0.04	$2{\pm}1/415~(~0.6{\pm}~0.2\%)$	
All	All	0.75	0/12440 ($0.0%$)	1.21	121/16600~(~0.7%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	0.1 ± 0.3
1	В	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	$0.1{\pm}0.3$
All	All	0	2

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 24 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Moo	
10101	Cham	1005	Lybe			Observed()	fucui()	Worst	Total
1	D	32	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	9.86	125.23	120.30	10	4
1	В	41	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.67	124.64	120.30	4	8
1	D	32	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.18	124.39	120.30	8	8
1	А	41	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-8.07	116.27	120.30	2	8
1	А	41	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	8.00	124.30	120.30	2	4

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	37	TYR	Sidechain	1
1	В	19	ARG	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	304	300	300	2±1
1	В	304	300	300	2±0
1	С	304	300	300	1±1
1	D	304	300	300	2±1
All	All	12160	12000	12000	45

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Moo	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:10:LEU:HD21	1:B:18:VAL:HG22	0.60	1.72	6	9
1:A:18:VAL:HG22	1:B:10:LEU:HD21	0.56	1.78	5	2
1:C:10:LEU:HD21	1:D:18:VAL:HG22	0.55	1.77	1	7
1:A:19:ARG:HG2	1:B:10:LEU:HD23	0.50	1.82	5	2
1:A:10:LEU:HD23	1:B:19:ARG:HG2	0.47	1.85	3	5

5 of 12 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	35/47~(74%)	34 ± 1 (96 $\pm2\%$)	$1\pm1 (4\pm2\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
1	В	35/47~(74%)	34 ± 0 (97 $\pm0\%$)	1±0 (2±1%)	0±0 (1±1%)	29	74

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	С	35/47~(74%)	$33 \pm 1 (93 \pm 3\%)$	$2\pm1~(7\pm3\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
1	D	35/47~(74%)	$34\pm1~(96\pm2\%)$	$1\pm1 (4\pm2\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1400/1880~(74%)	1339 (96%)	59 (4%)	2(0%)	54	85

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All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	В	27	SER	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	33/43~(77%)	28 ± 1 (84 $\pm 3\%$)	$5\pm1 (16\pm3\%)$	5	42
1	В	33/43~(77%)	$27 \pm 1 (83 \pm 4\%)$	$6\pm1 (17\pm4\%)$	5	39
1	С	33/43~(77%)	$28 \pm 1 \ (85 \pm 3\%)$	$5\pm1 (15\pm3\%)$	6	44
1	D	33/43~(77%)	29 ± 1 (87 $\pm 3\%$)	$4\pm1~(13\pm3\%)$	7	48
All	All	1320/1720~(77%)	1116 (85%)	204 (15%)	5	43

5 of 41 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	16	LYS	10
1	А	35	LEU	10
1	А	44	GLN	10
1	В	16	LYS	10
1	В	35	LEU	10

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 22% for the well-defined parts and 22% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

 $Chemical \ shift \ list \ name: \ sinrc.str$

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	576
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	576
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	46	-1.06 ± 0.24	Should be checked
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	44	-0.13 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	45	-0.69 ± 0.19	Should be applied
¹⁵ N	45	-1.14 ± 0.26	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 22%, i.e. 455 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2068. 0 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	176/704~(25%)	71/284~(25%)	70/280~(25%)	35/140~(25%)
Sidechain	239/1152~(21%)	156/728~(21%)	77/356~(22%)	6/68~(9%)

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α \cdot \cdot \cdot	C		
Continued	from	previous	page
		1	1 0

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Aromatic	40/212~(19%)	21/104~(20%)	17/100~(17%)	2/8~(25%)
Overall	455/2068 (22%)	248/1116~(22%)	164/736~(22%)	43/216~(20%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	41	ARG	NE	93.35	76.53 - 92.65	5.4

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

