

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 23, 2020 – 06:10 am BST

PDB ID : 4UH9

Title : Structure of bovine endothelial nitric oxide synthase heme domain in complex

with N1-(3-(2-(6-Amino-4-methylpyridin-2-yl)ethyl)-5- fluorophenyl)-N1,N2-

dimethylethane-1,2-diamine

Authors : Li, H.; Poulos, T.L.

Deposited on : 2015-03-23

Resolution : 2.14 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at $\frac{\text{https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp}}{\text{with specific help available everywhere you see the } \widehat{\textbf{1}} \text{ symbol.}$

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

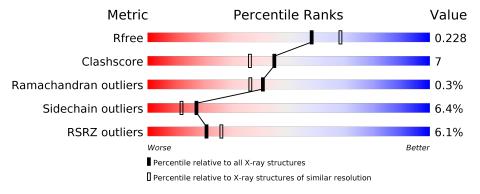
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.14 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	2523 (2.16-2.12)
Clashscore	141614	2653 (2.16-2.12)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2618 (2.16-2.12)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2617 (2.16-2.12)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2485 (2.16-2.12)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
		4.40	6%						
1	A	443	77%	12%	•	9%			
	_		5%						
1	В	443	77%	12%	•	9%			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	GOL	Α	880	_	_	_	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6885 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

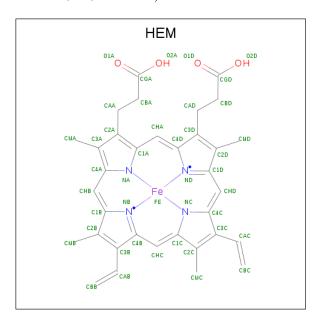
• Molecule 1 is a protein called NITRIC OXIDE SYNTHASE, ENDOTHELIAL.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	404	Total	As	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	404	3212	1	2043	564	588	16	U		0
1	D	403	Total	As	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	В	400	3212	1	2042	566	587	16	0	U	U

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	100	ARG	CYS	variant	UNP P29473
В	100	ARG	CYS	variant	UNP P29473

• Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: C₃₄H₃₂FeN₄O₄).



\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0

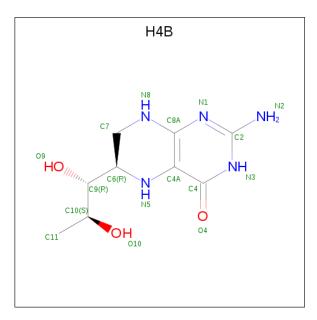
Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	D	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0
	Ъ	1	43	34	1	4	4		U

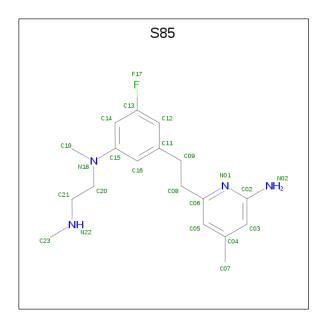
• Molecule 3 is 5,6,7,8-TETRAHYDROBIOPTERIN (three-letter code: H4B) (formula: $C_9H_{15}N_5O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	S	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C 1 17 9		0	0
3	В	1	Total C 1 17 9	N O 5 3	0	0

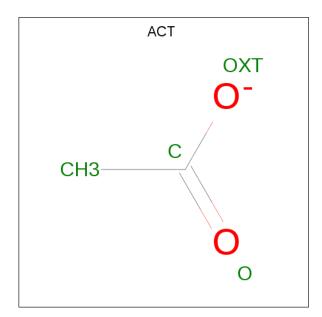
• Molecule 4 is N1-(3-(2-(6-AMINO-4-METHYLPYRIDIN-2-YL)ETHYL)-5-FLUOROP HENYL)-N1,N2-DIMETHYLETHANE-1,2-DIAMINE (three-letter code: S85) (formula: $C_{18}H_{25}FN_4$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
1	Λ	1	Total	С	F	N	0	0	
4	Λ	T	23	18	1	4		U	
4	Λ	1	Total	С	F	N	0	0	
4	Λ	1	23	18	1	4	U	U	
1	В	1	Total	С	F	N	0	0	
4	Б	$D \mid I \mid$	23	18	1	4	U	U	

 \bullet Molecule 5 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: $\mathrm{C_2H_3O_2}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C C 4 2 2)	0	0

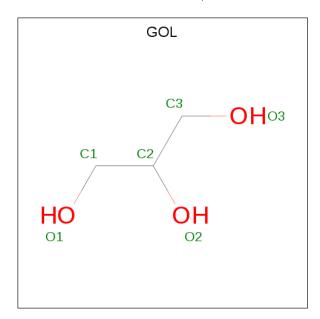
Continued on next page...



~ · · 1	e		
Continued	trom	previous	paae

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
5	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
5	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 6 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
6	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 7 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	134	Total O 134 134	0	0

Continued on next page...



 $Continued\ from\ previous\ page...$

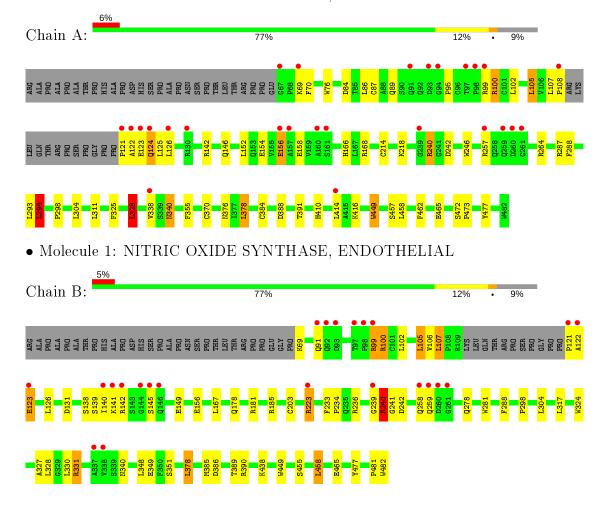
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	В	109	Total O 109 109	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: NITRIC OXIDE SYNTHASE, ENDOTHELIAL





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	58.22Å 106.78Å 157.91Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	88.46 - 2.14	Depositor
Resolution (A)	39.48 - 2.14	EDS
% Data completeness	98.2 (88.46-2.14)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.3 (39.48-2.14)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.43 (at 2.14Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
D D.	0.174 , 0.227	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.174 , 0.228	DCC
R_{free} test set	2701 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	42.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.490	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 45.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	6885	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	51.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.50% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, ZN, H4B, CAS, S85, ACT, HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.88	$2/3292 \ (0.1\%)$	0.94	$10/4483 \ (0.2\%)$
1	В	0.82	0/3291	0.91	3/4480 (0.1%)
All	All	0.85	$2/6583 \ (0.0\%)$	0.92	13/8963 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	449	TRP	CE3-CZ3	5.55	1.47	1.38
1	A	288	PHE	CG-CD1	5.36	1.46	1.38

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	240	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	14.22	127.41	120.30
1	В	240	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.56	113.52	120.30
1	A	240	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.74	114.93	120.30
1	A	240	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.80	125.20	120.30
1	A	168	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.94	123.77	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	239	GLY	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3212	0	3114	50	0
1	В	3212	0	3117	35	1
2	A	43	0	30	5	0
2	В	43	0	30	4	0
3	A	17	0	15	1	0
3	В	17	0	15	1	0
4	A	46	0	50	3	0
4	В	23	0	25	3	0
5	A	8	0	6	0	0
5	В	8	0	6	0	0
6	A	6	0	8	0	0
6	В	6	0	8	0	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	134	0	0	5	1
8	В	109	0	0	2	0
All	All	6885	0	6424	85	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 85 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \\ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:384:CAS:AS	1:A:384:CAS:SG	2.52	1.27
1:A:107:LEU:HD12	1:A:108:PRO:HD2	1.35	1.04
1:A:158:GLU:OE2	1:A:166:HIS:HD2	1.49	0.94
1:A:257:ARG:HG3	1:A:257:ARG:HH11	1.33	0.93
1:A:121:PRO:HB3	1:A:124:GLN:HG2	1.59	0.84

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:240:ARG:NH2	8:A:2039:HOH:O[2_555]	2.19	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	399/443 (90%)	387 (97%)	11 (3%)	1 (0%)	41 36		
1	В	398/443 (90%)	382 (96%)	15 (4%)	1 (0%)	41 36		
All	All	797/886 (90%)	769 (96%)	26 (3%)	2 (0%)	41 36		

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	328	LEU
1	A	122	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	342/375 (91%)	324 (95%)	18 (5%)	22 18		
1	В	342/375 (91%)	316 (92%)	26 (8%)	13 7		
All	All	684/750 (91%)	640 (94%)	44 (6%)	17 12		

5 of 44 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	91	GLN
1	В	107	LEU
1	В	378	LEU
1	В	99	ARG
1	В	102	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 16 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	468	ASN
1	В	178	GLN
1	В	258	GLN
1	A	413	GLN
1	В	340	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Chain	Dog	Pag Timle	В	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	Bond angles		
Mol Type Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2		
1	CAS	A	384	1	5,8,9	1.79	1 (20%)	1,9,11	0.66	0
1	CAS	В	384	1	5,8,9	1.35	2 (40%)	1,9,11	0.85	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CAS	Α	384	1	-	0/0/7/9	-
1	CAS	В	384	1	-	0/0/7/9	=

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	384	CAS	AS-CE1	3.60	2.05	1.96
1	В	384	CAS	AS-CE2	2.23	2.01	1.96
1	В	384	CAS	AS-CE1	2.00	2.01	1.96

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	384	CAS	3	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 14 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 13 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Re	Chain	Ros	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI		nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
5	ACT	A	860	-	1,3,3	0.35	0	0,3,3	0.00	-
2	HEM	A	500	1	27,50,50	1.00	1 (3%)	17,82,82	2.06	8 (47%)
5	ACT	A	861	_	1,3,3	4.13	1 (100%)	0,3,3	0.00	-



Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	H4B	A	600	_	16,18,18	1.16	2 (12%)	11,26,26	3.25	7 (63%)
5	ACT	В	860	-	1,3,3	1.24	0	0,3,3	0.00	-
6	GOL	В	880	_	5,5,5	0.29	0	5,5,5	0.85	0
4	S85	A	800	_	24,24,24	1.33	2 (8%)	32,32,32	2.21	10 (31%)
4	S85	В	800	-	24,24,24	0.95	1 (4%)	32,32,32	1.96	10 (31%)
4	S85	A	801	-	24,24,24	1.21	1 (4%)	32,32,32	1.77	5 (15%)
5	ACT	В	861	_	1,3,3	2.70	1 (100%)	0,3,3	0.00	-
3	H4B	В	600	-	16,18,18	1.21	2 (12%)	11,26,26	2.72	6 (54%)
6	GOL	A	880	_	5,5,5	0.71	0	5,5,5	0.75	0
2	HEM	В	500	1	27,50,50	1.18	4 (14%)	17,82,82	1.73	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HEM	A	500	1	-	2/6/54/54	-
3	H4B	A	600	-	-	0/8/17/17	0/2/2/2
6	GOL	В	880	_	_	0/4/4/4	-
4	S85	A	800	_	-	3/13/13/13	0/2/2/2
4	S85	В	800	-	-	3/13/13/13	0/2/2/2
4	S85	A	801	_	-	3/13/13/13	0/2/2/2
3	H4B	В	600	-	-	3/8/17/17	0/2/2/2
6	GOL	A	880	_	-	0/4/4/4	-
2	HEM	В	500	1	-	0/6/54/54	-

The worst 5 of 15 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
5	A	861	ACT	СН3-С	4.13	1.54	1.48
3	A	600	H4B	C2-N2	2.75	1.39	1.33
5	В	861	ACT	СН3-С	2.70	1.52	1.48
4	В	800	S85	C14-C13	2.64	1.42	1.37
3	В	600	H4B	C7-C6	2.61	1.54	1.52

The worst 5 of 47 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	500	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-5.90	101.61	112.49
4	A	800	S85	C02-N01-C06	5.84	122.52	118.10
3	A	600	H4B	N3-C2-N1	-5.28	117.14	125.42
4	A	801	S85	C02-N01-C06	5.15	122.01	118.10
4	В	800	S85	C02-N01-C06	5.12	121.98	118.10

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	500	HEM	C2D-C3D-CAD-CBD
2	A	500	HEM	C4D-C3D-CAD-CBD
4	В	800	S85	N18-C20-C21-N22
4	A	801	S85	N18-C20-C21-N22
4	A	800	S85	C20-C21-N22-C23

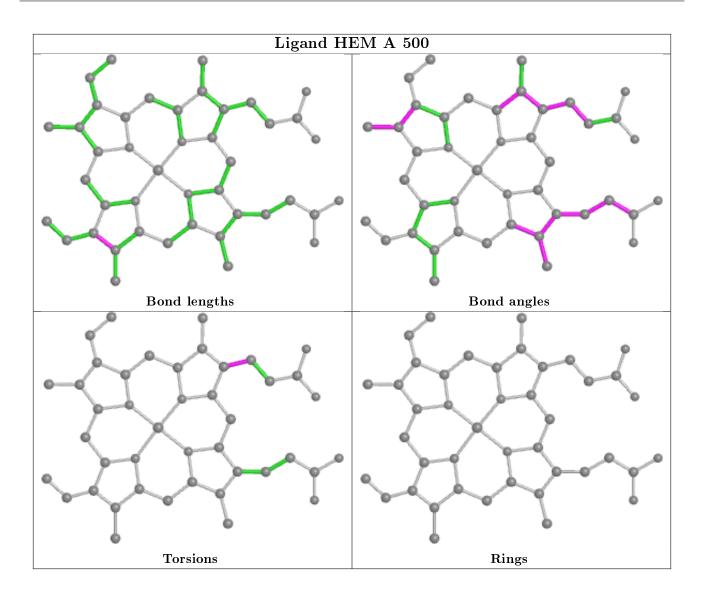
There are no ring outliers.

7 monomers are involved in 15 short contacts:

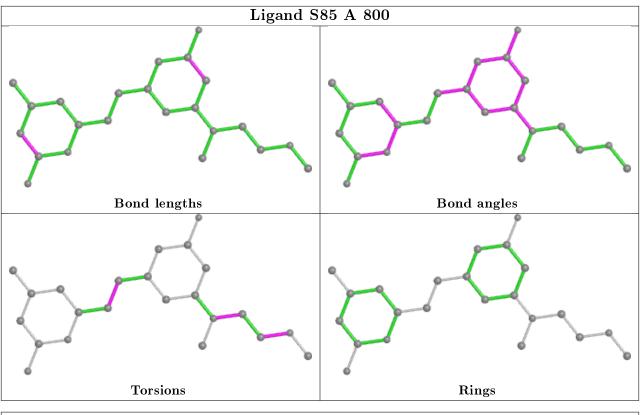
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	500	HEM	5	0
3	A	600	H4B	1	0
4	A	800	S85	2	0
4	В	800	S85	3	0
4	A	801	S85	1	0
3	В	600	H4B	1	0
2	В	500	HEM	4	0

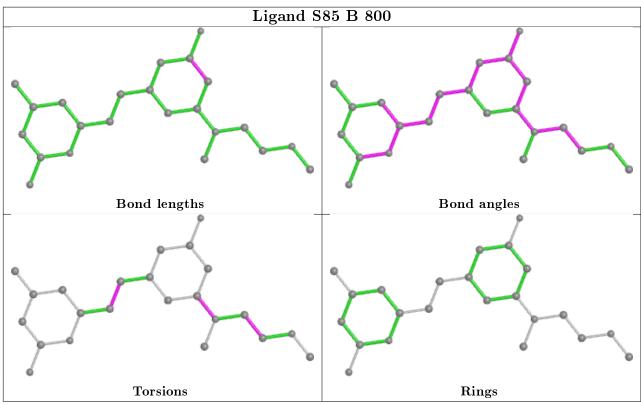
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



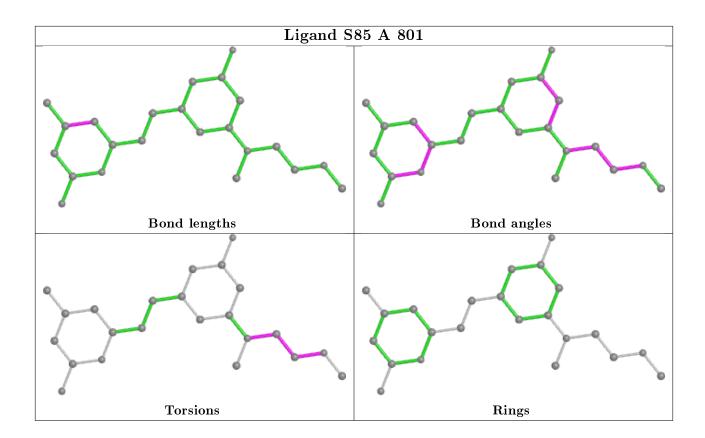




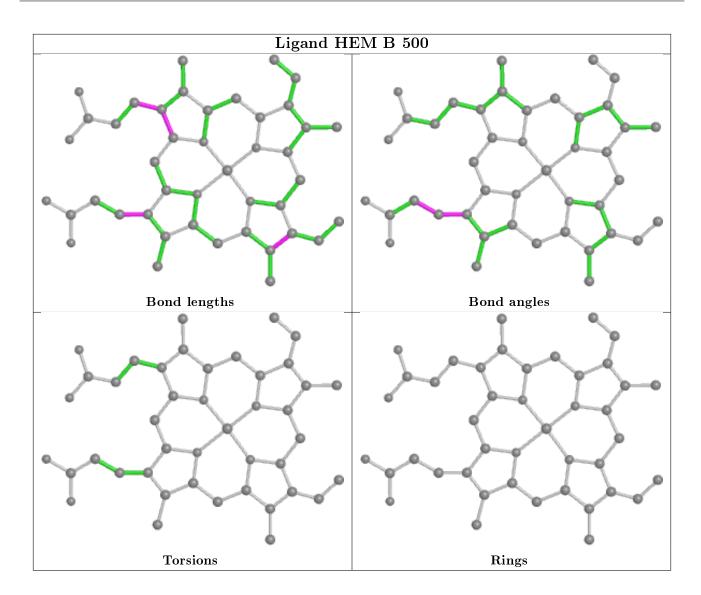












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	${f Analysed}$	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	403/443 (90%)	0.10	26 (6%) 18	23	32, 45, 78, 109	0
1	В	402/443 (90%)	0.09	23 (5%) 23	30	33, 49, 84, 119	0
All	All	805/886 (90%)	0.09	49 (6%) 21	26	32, 47, 82, 119	0

The worst 5 of 49 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	91	GLN	6.5
1	В	122	ALA	5.3
1	В	259	GLN	5.3
1	A	123	GLU	5.2
1	A	160	ALA	5.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CAS	A	384	9/10	0.95	0.09	39,42,80,81	0
1	CAS	В	384	9/10	0.97	0.13	55,60,112,112	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

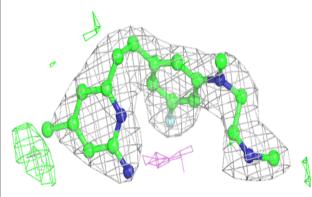
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
6	GOL	A	880	6/6	0.78	0.42	59,85,87,91	0
4	S85	A	801	23/23	0.86	0.16	42,68,75,76	0
6	GOL	В	880	6/6	0.92	0.30	69,76,78,79	0
4	S85	В	800	23/23	0.92	0.25	44,60,95,109	0
4	S85	A	800	23/23	0.95	0.25	29,55,82,94	0
5	ACT	A	860	4/4	0.95	0.12	40,47,47,53	0
3	H4B	A	600	17/17	0.96	0.17	40,49,53,55	0
5	ACT	A	861	4/4	0.96	0.21	41,44,47,49	0
3	H4B	В	600	17/17	0.97	0.14	43,47,55,57	0
2	HEM	A	500	43/43	0.98	0.19	22,30,65,72	0
5	ACT	В	861	4/4	0.98	0.18	43,45,51,54	0
2	HEM	В	500	43/43	0.98	0.14	35,41,52,64	0
7	ZN	A	1483	1/1	0.99	0.04	64,64,64,64	0
5	ACT	В	860	4/4	0.99	0.17	46,50,52,53	0

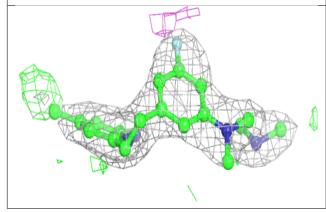
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

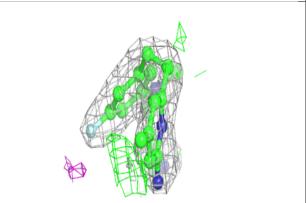


Electron density around S85 A 801:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

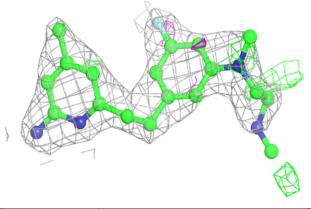


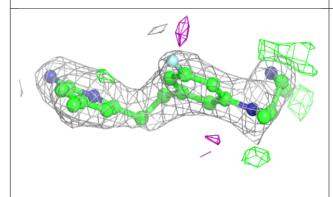


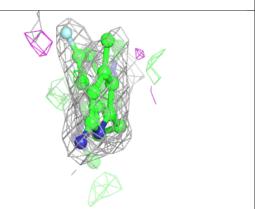


Electron density around S85 B 800:

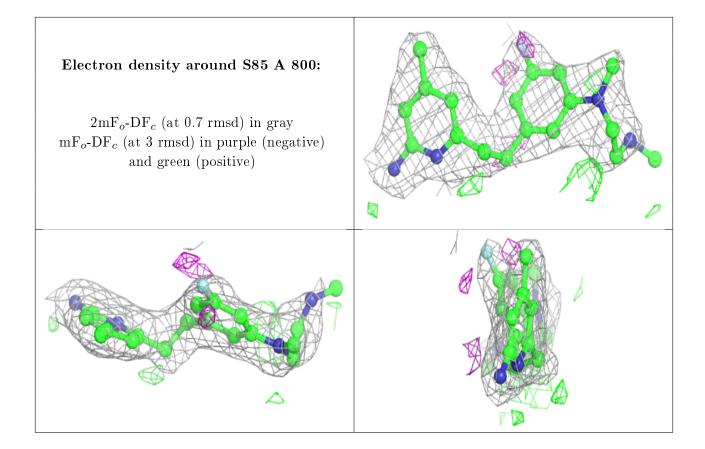
 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



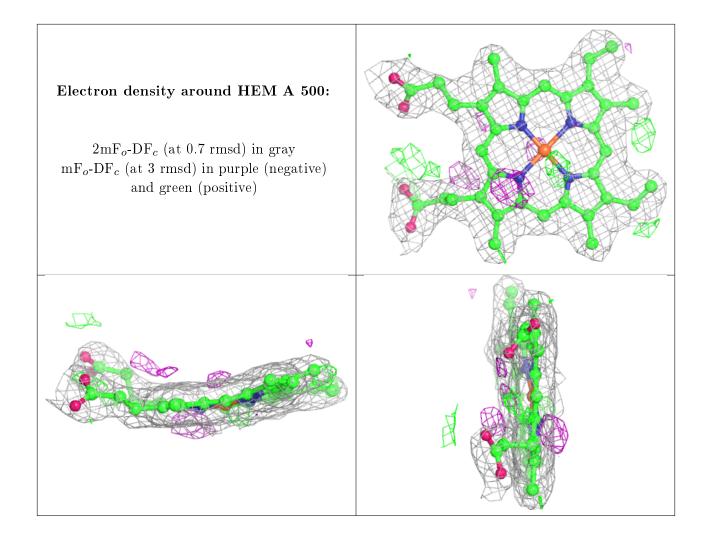




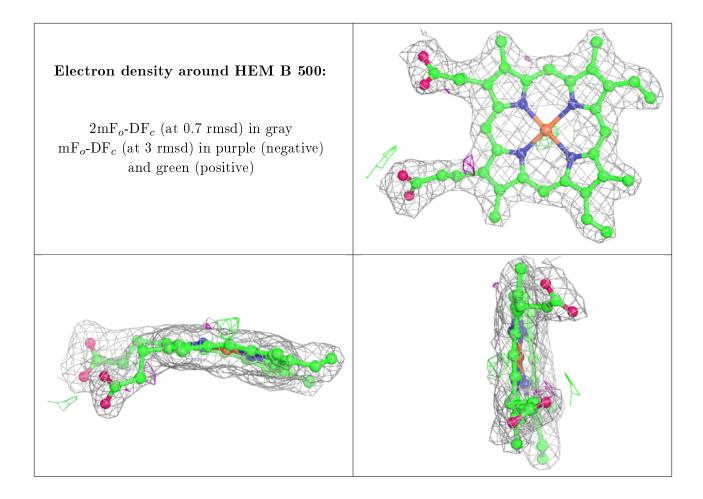












6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

