



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 10, 2022 – 02:13 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4UWE
EMDB ID : EMD-2752
Title : Structure of the ryanodine receptor at resolution of 8.5 Å in partially open state
Authors : Efremov, R.G.; Leitner, A.; Aebersold, R.; Raunser, S.
Deposited on : 2014-08-11
Resolution : 8.50 Å (reported)
Based on initial model : 2UWA

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

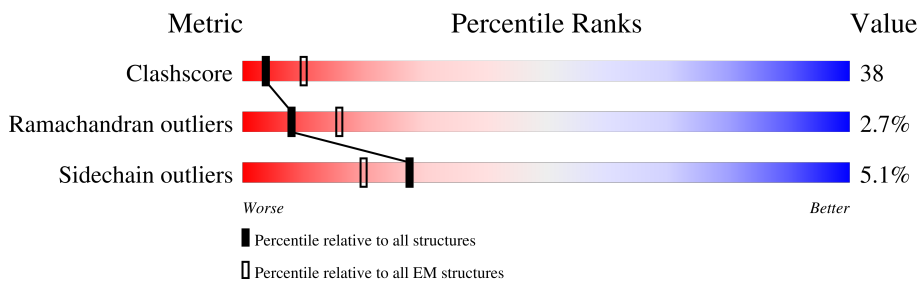
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 8.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	5037	 7% 52% 13% 34%
1	B	5037	 7% 51% 13% 34%
1	C	5037	 7% 52% 13% 34%
1	D	5037	 7% 52% 13% 34%

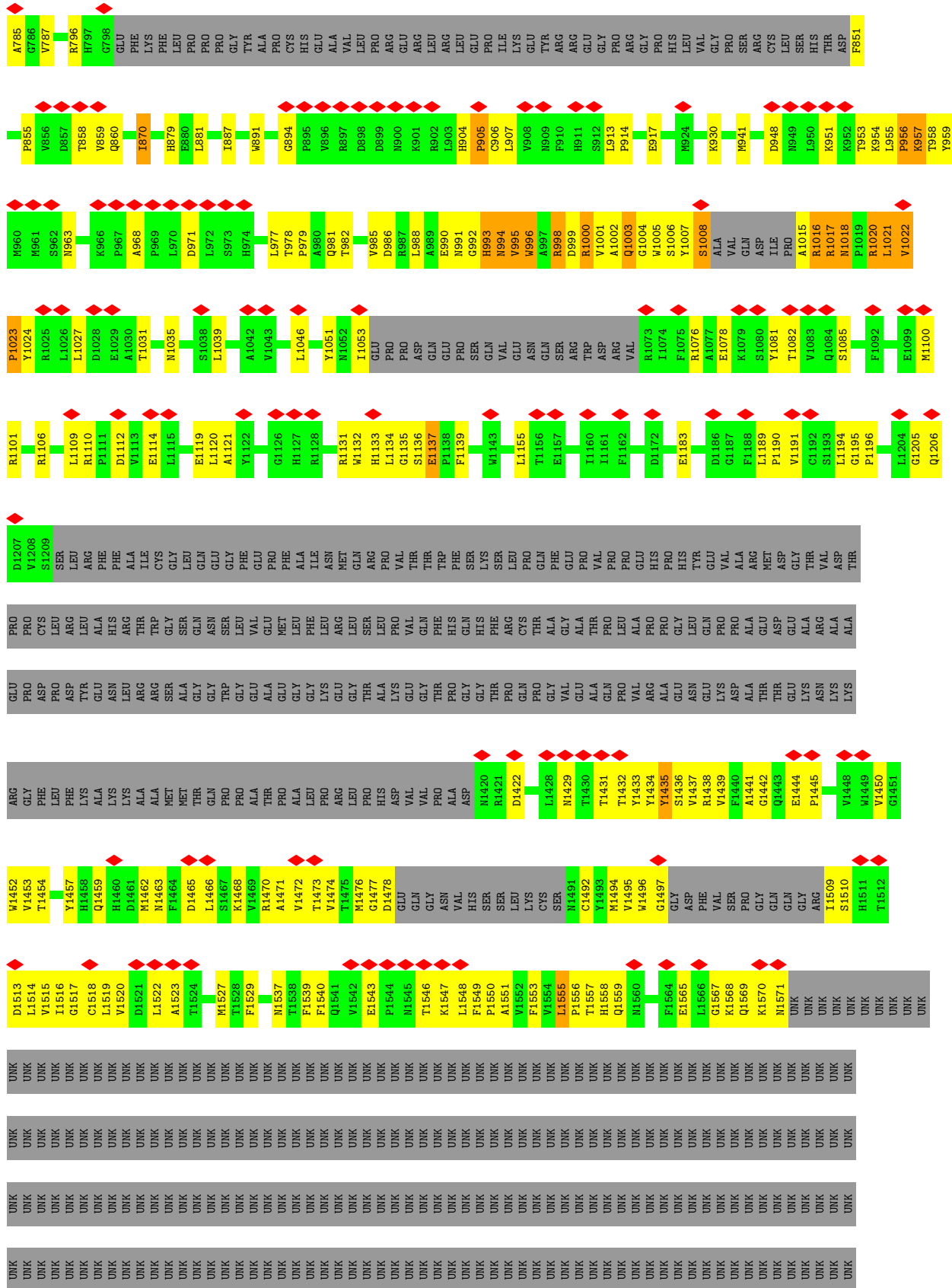
2 Entry composition

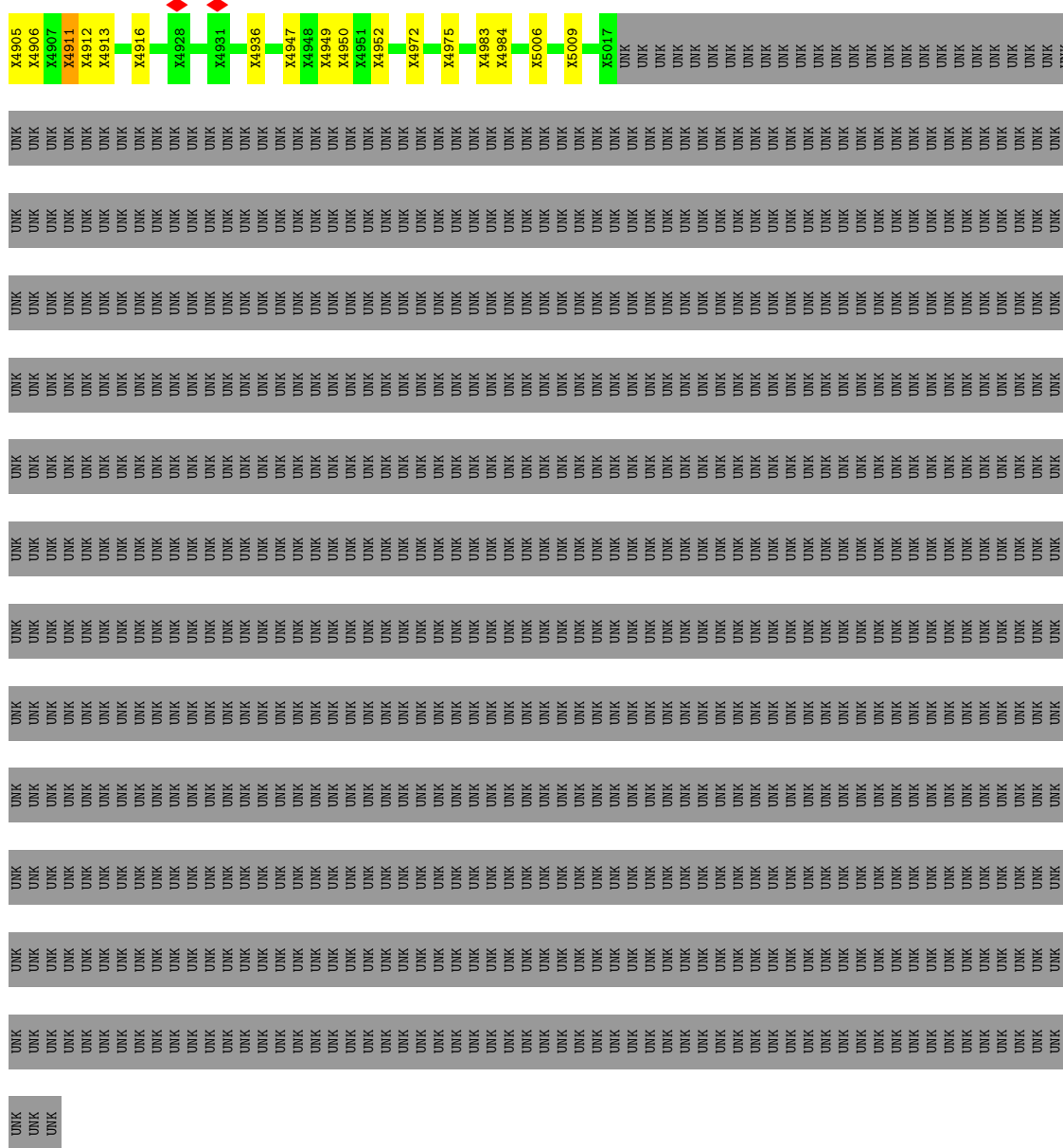
There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 81600 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

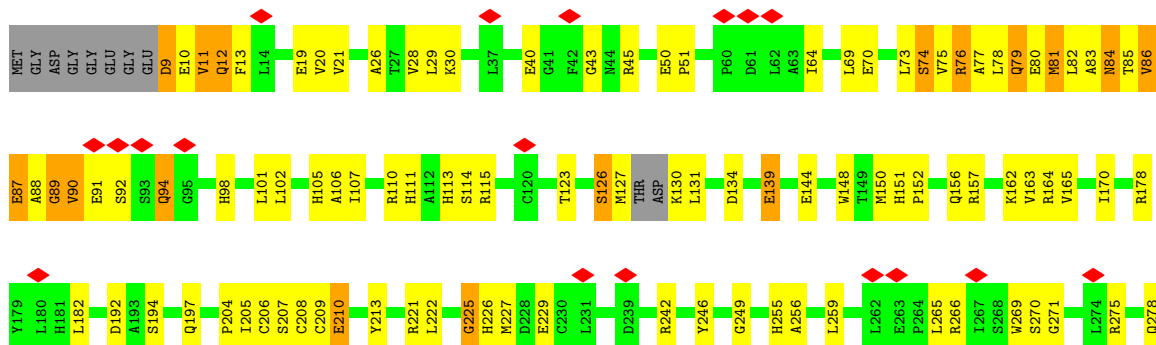
- Molecule 1 is a protein called RYANODINE RECEPTOR 1.

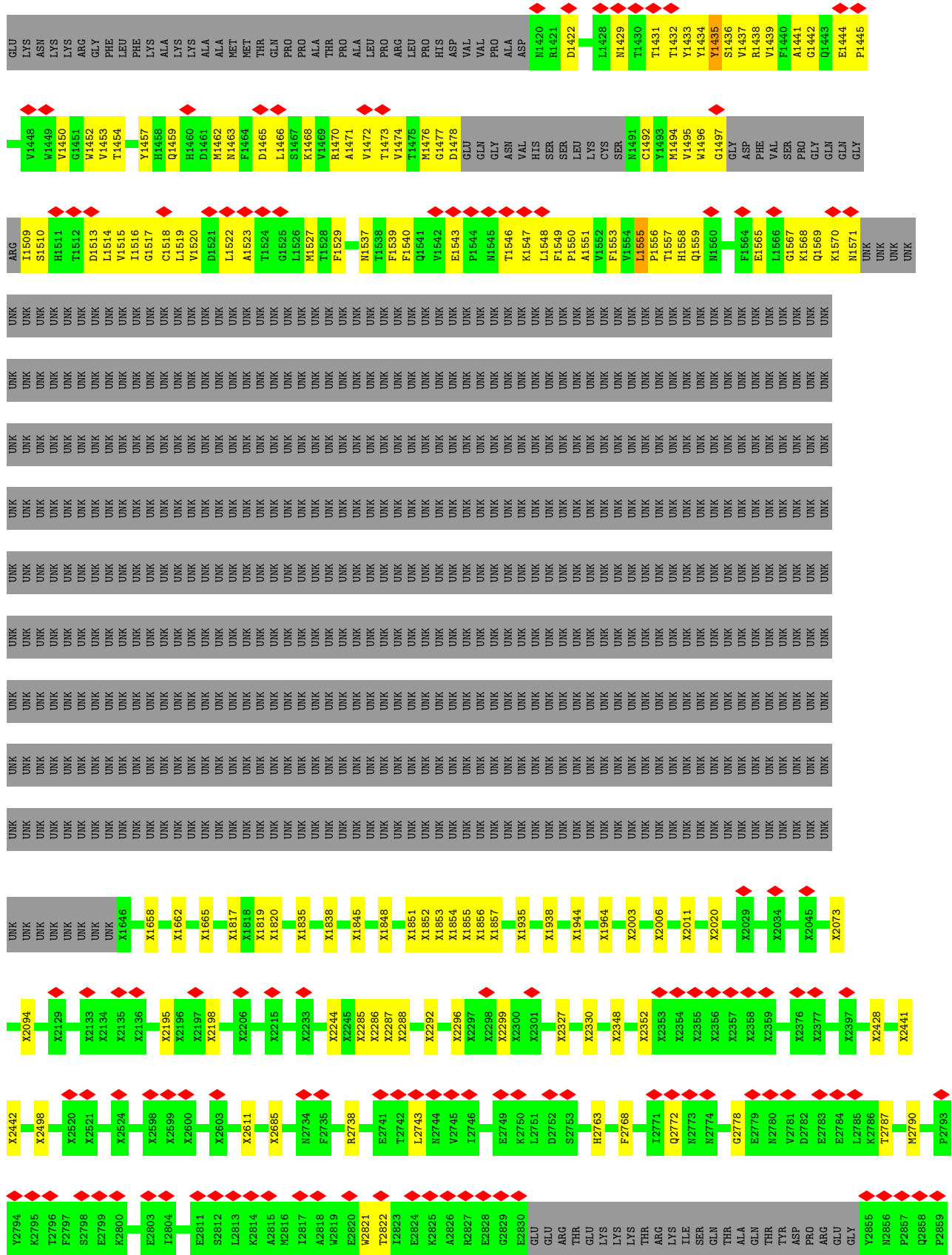
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	3322	Total 20400	C 12584	N 3816	O 3944	S 56	0	0
1	B	3322	Total 20400	C 12584	N 3816	O 3944	S 56	0	0
1	C	3322	Total 20400	C 12584	N 3816	O 3944	S 56	0	0
1	D	3322	Total 20400	C 12584	N 3816	O 3944	S 56	0	0





• Molecule 1: RYANODINE RECEPTOR 1





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C4	Depositor
Number of particles used	94354	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	FULL CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	JEOL 3200FSC	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	20	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	900	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3900	Depositor
Magnification	58610	Depositor
Image detector	TVIPS TEMCAM-F816 (8k x 8k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	9.766	Depositor
Minimum map value	-8.403	Depositor
Average map value	0.020	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.324	Depositor
Recommended contour level	1.31	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	580.16, 580.16, 580.16	wwPDB
Map dimensions	224, 224, 224	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	2.59, 2.59, 2.59	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.40	2/10556 (0.0%)	0.61	11/14313 (0.1%)
1	B	0.40	2/10556 (0.0%)	0.61	11/14313 (0.1%)
1	C	0.40	2/10556 (0.0%)	0.61	11/14313 (0.1%)
1	D	0.40	2/10556 (0.0%)	0.61	11/14313 (0.1%)
All	All	0.40	8/42224 (0.0%)	0.61	44/57252 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	12
1	B	0	12
1	C	0	13
1	D	0	13
All	All	0	50

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	209	CYS	C-N	13.92	1.66	1.34
1	C	209	CYS	C-N	13.92	1.66	1.34
1	D	209	CYS	C-N	13.92	1.66	1.34
1	B	209	CYS	C-N	13.90	1.66	1.34
1	A	394	GLN	C-N	11.34	1.60	1.34

The worst 5 of 44 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	367	LEU	CA-CB-CG	11.70	142.21	115.30
1	A	367	LEU	CA-CB-CG	11.68	142.16	115.30
1	D	367	LEU	CA-CB-CG	11.68	142.16	115.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	209	CYS	O-C-N	-11.67	104.02	122.70
1	B	367	LEU	CA-CB-CG	11.66	142.11	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 50 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	3055	UNK	Peptide
1	A	3205	UNK	Peptide
1	A	3265	UNK	Mainchain
1	A	545	UNK	Peptide
1	A	88	ALA	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	20400	0	12256	1263	0
1	B	20400	0	12257	1265	0
1	C	20400	0	12256	1268	0
1	D	20400	0	12255	1263	0
All	All	81600	0	49024	4945	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 38.

The worst 5 of 4945 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:956:PRO:HG3	1:D:959:TYR:CZ	1.25	1.70
1:A:657:THR:HG21	1:A:662:TRP:CE3	1.15	1.68
1:C:956:PRO:HG3	1:C:959:TYR:CZ	1.25	1.65
1:D:657:THR:HG21	1:D:662:TRP:CD2	1.31	1.65
1:B:956:PRO:CD	1:B:959:TYR:CD2	1.74	1.64

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1280/5037 (25%)	1175 (92%)	71 (6%)	34 (3%)	5	31
1	B	1280/5037 (25%)	1175 (92%)	71 (6%)	34 (3%)	5	31
1	C	1280/5037 (25%)	1175 (92%)	71 (6%)	34 (3%)	5	31
1	D	1280/5037 (25%)	1175 (92%)	71 (6%)	34 (3%)	5	31
All	All	5120/20148 (25%)	4700 (92%)	284 (6%)	136 (3%)	8	31

5 of 136 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	98	HIS
1	A	368	ARG
1	A	393	CYS
1	A	425	PRO
1	A	426	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1112/1410 (79%)	1055 (95%)	57 (5%)	24	48
1	B	1112/1410 (79%)	1055 (95%)	57 (5%)	24	48
1	C	1112/1410 (79%)	1055 (95%)	57 (5%)	24	48
1	D	1112/1410 (79%)	1055 (95%)	57 (5%)	24	48
All	All	4448/5640 (79%)	4220 (95%)	228 (5%)	27	48

5 of 228 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	10	GLU
1	D	1017	ARG
1	C	369	LEU
1	D	1008	SER
1	D	368	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 102 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	151	HIS
1	C	963	ASN
1	D	1558	HIS
1	C	226	HIS
1	C	412	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	96
1	B	96
1	D	96
1	C	96

The worst 5 of 384 chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	1863:UNK	C	1935:UNK	N	104.73
1	B	1863:UNK	C	1935:UNK	N	104.73
1	D	1863:UNK	C	1935:UNK	N	104.73
1	C	1863:UNK	C	1935:UNK	N	104.72
1	A	2939:ARG	C	2953:UNK	N	48.34

6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-2752. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

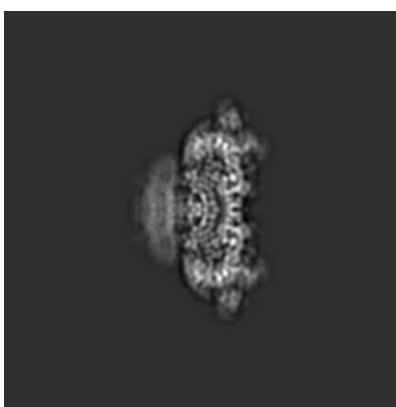
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

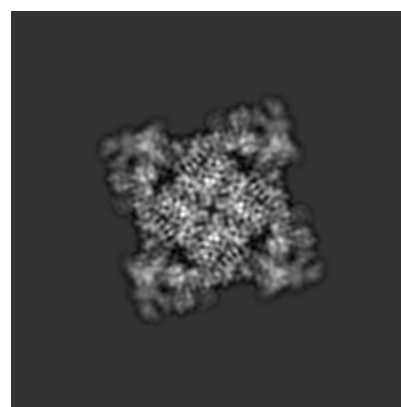
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

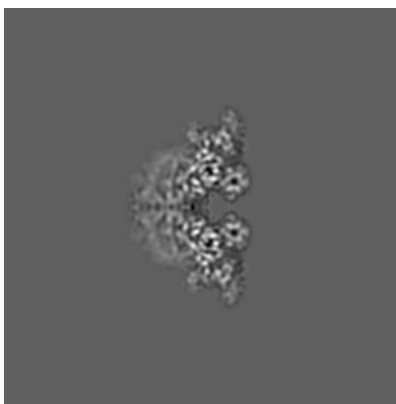
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

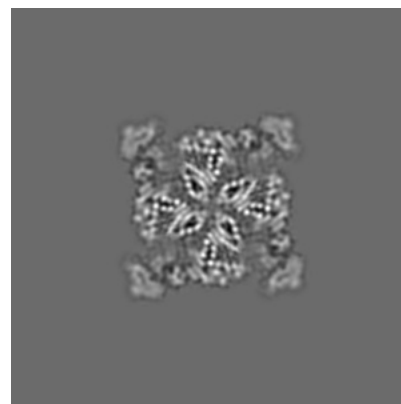
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 112



Y Index: 112



Z Index: 112

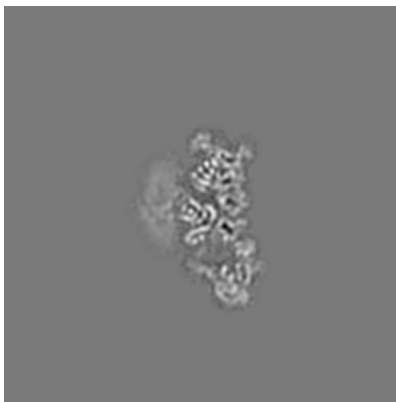
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

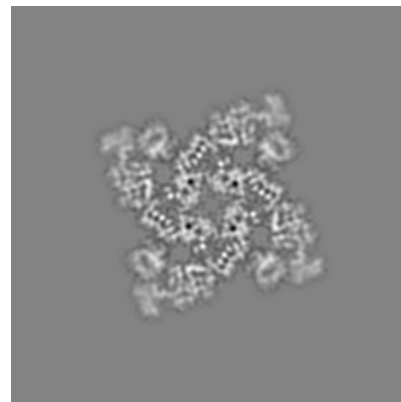
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 99



Y Index: 125

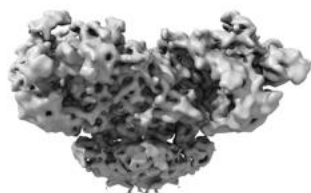


Z Index: 123

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

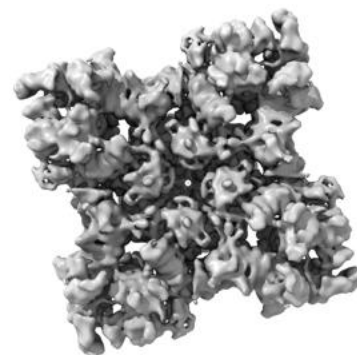
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.31. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

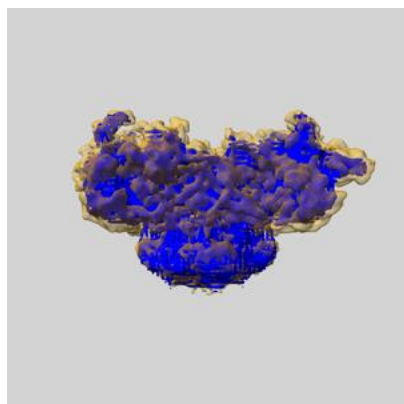
6.5 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

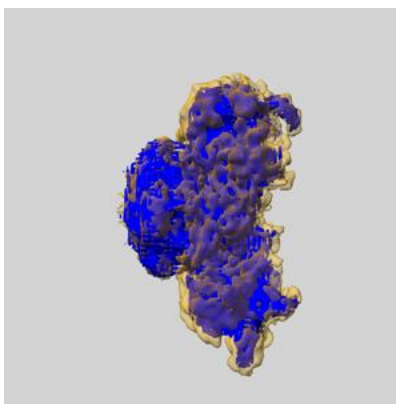
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

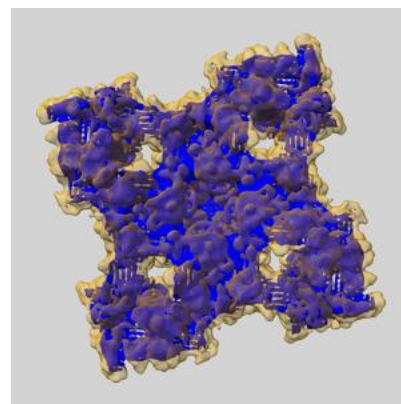
6.5.1 emd_2752_msk.map [i](#)



X



Y

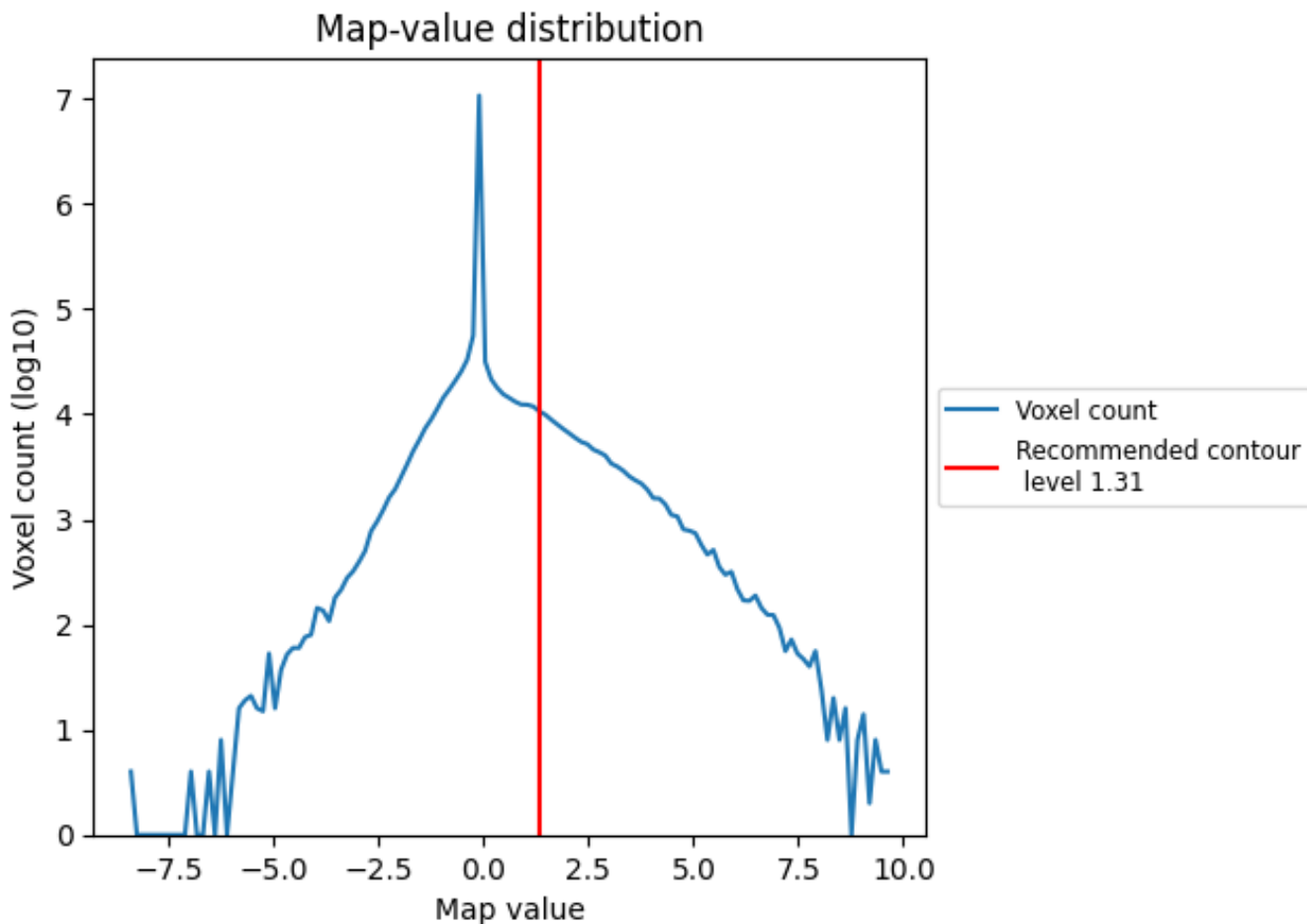


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

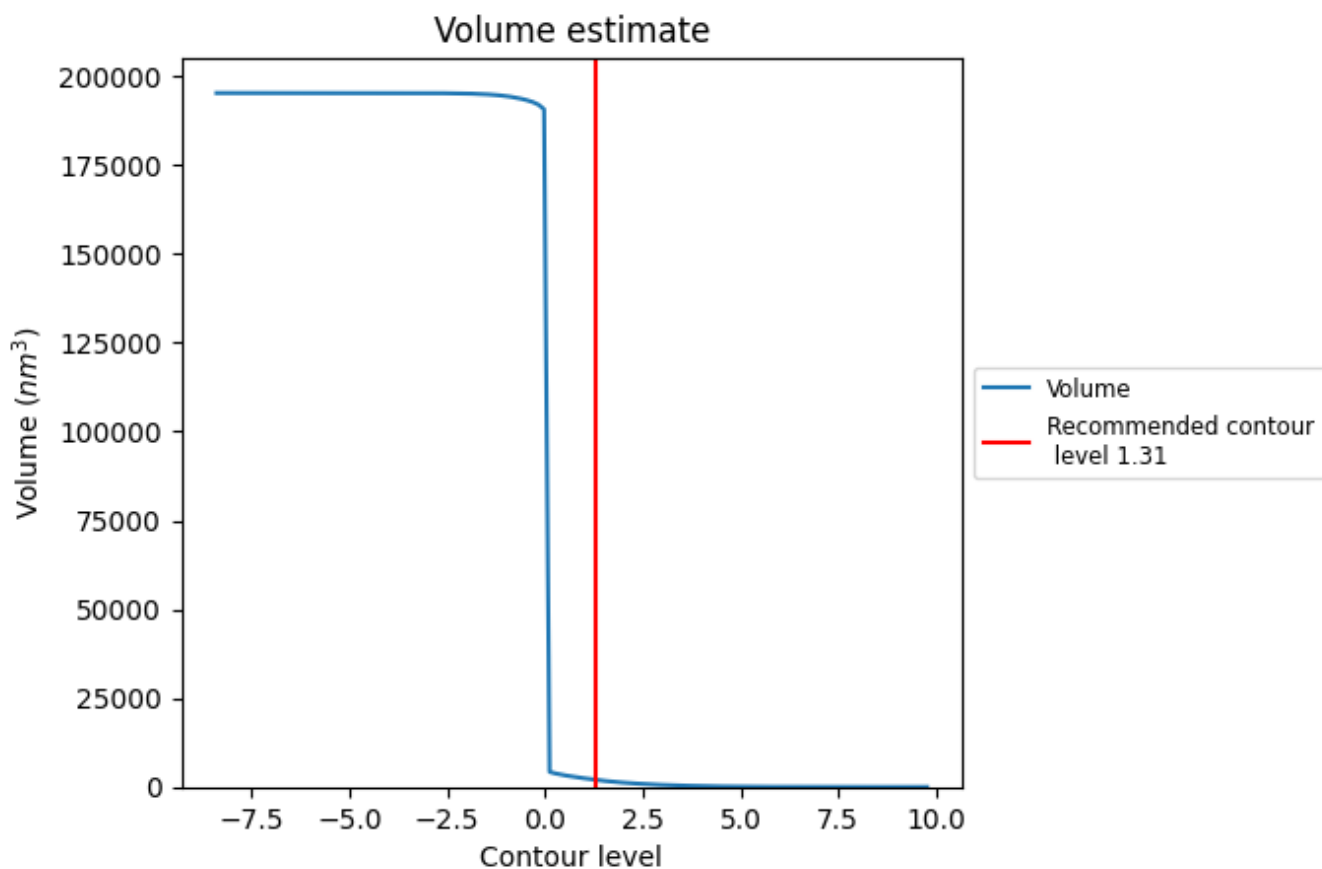
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

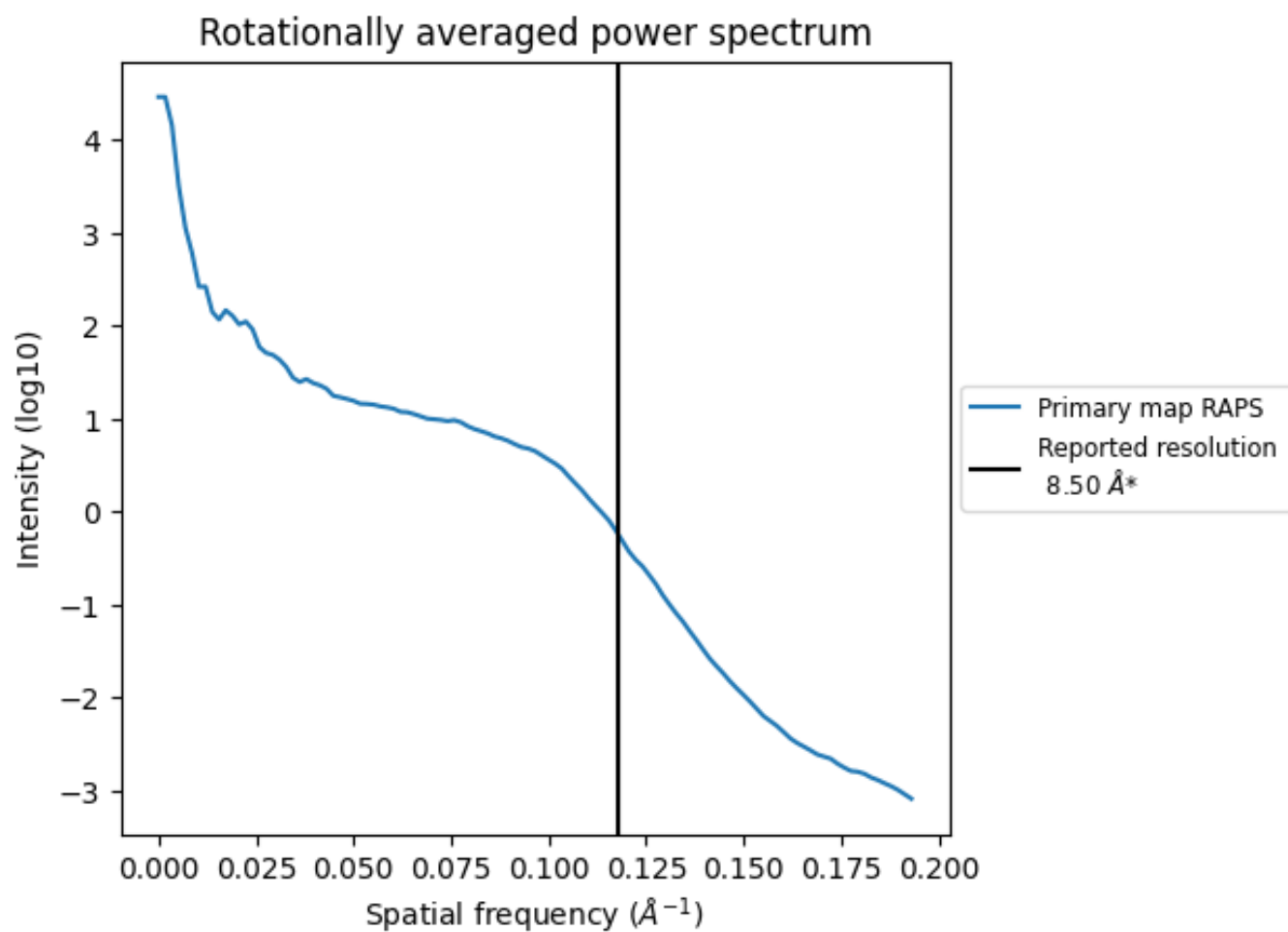
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 1985 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 1793 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

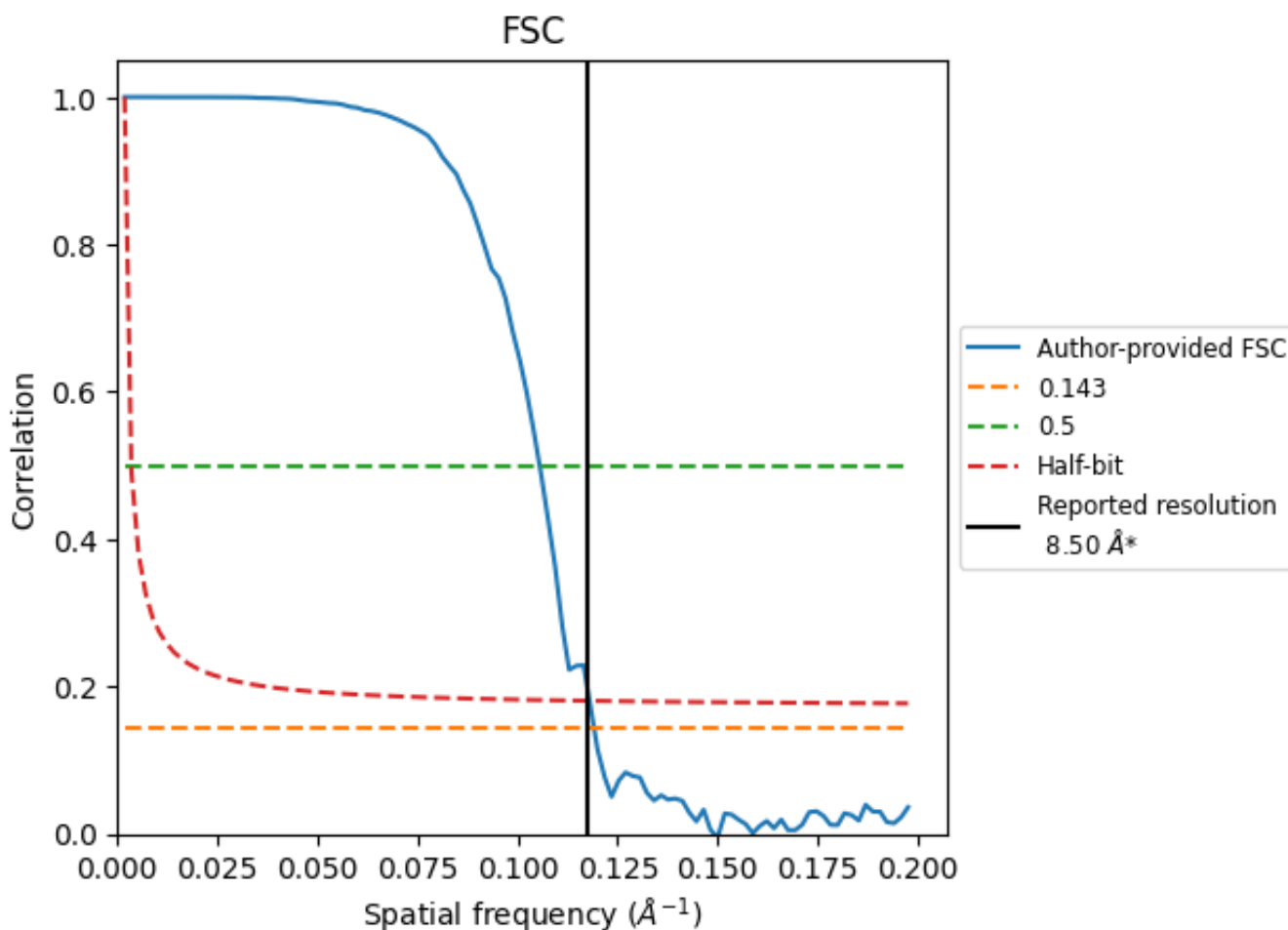


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.118 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.118 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

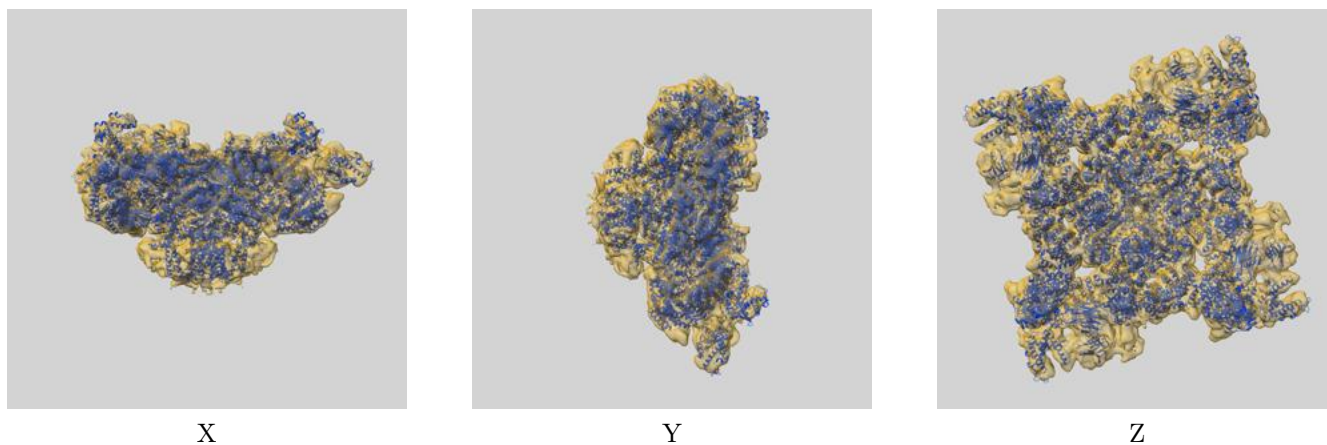
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	-	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	8.40	9.48	8.47
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

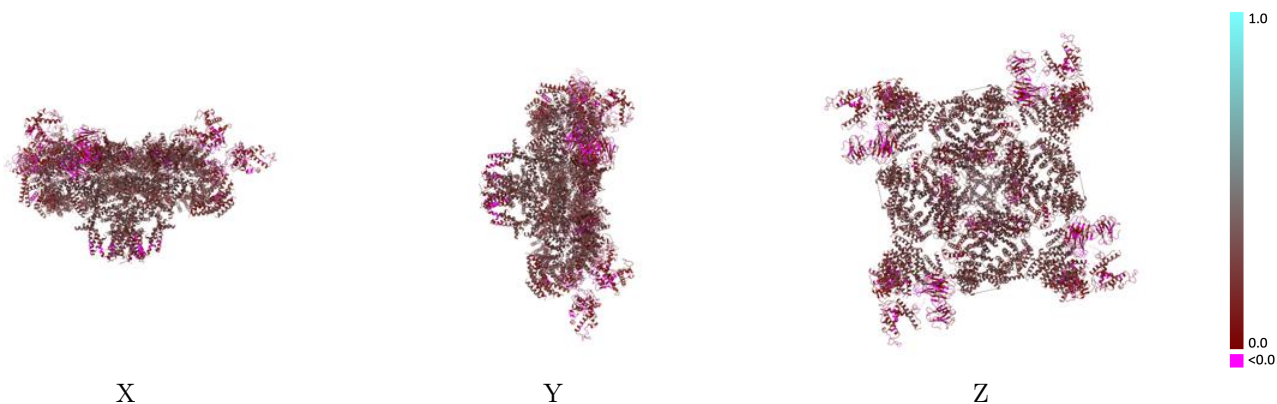
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-2752 and PDB model 4UWE. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



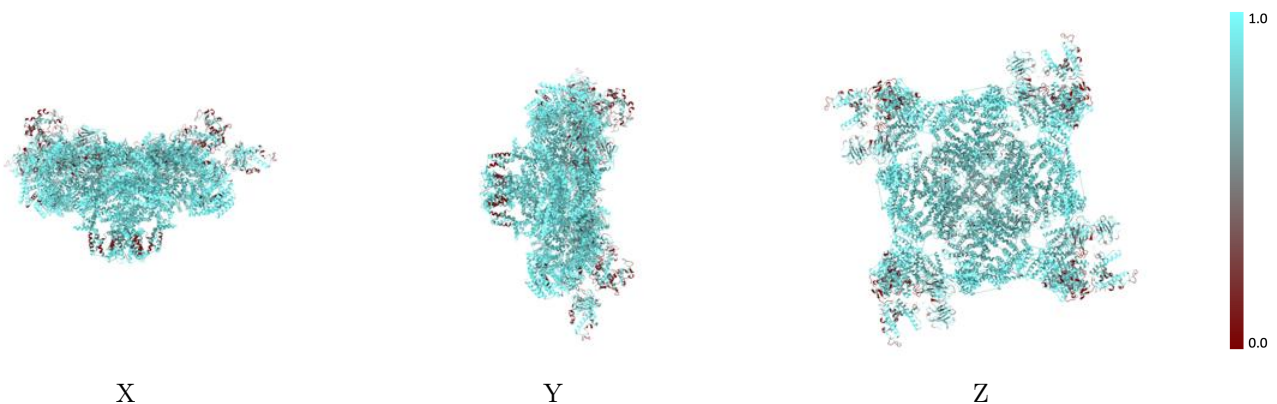
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.31 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



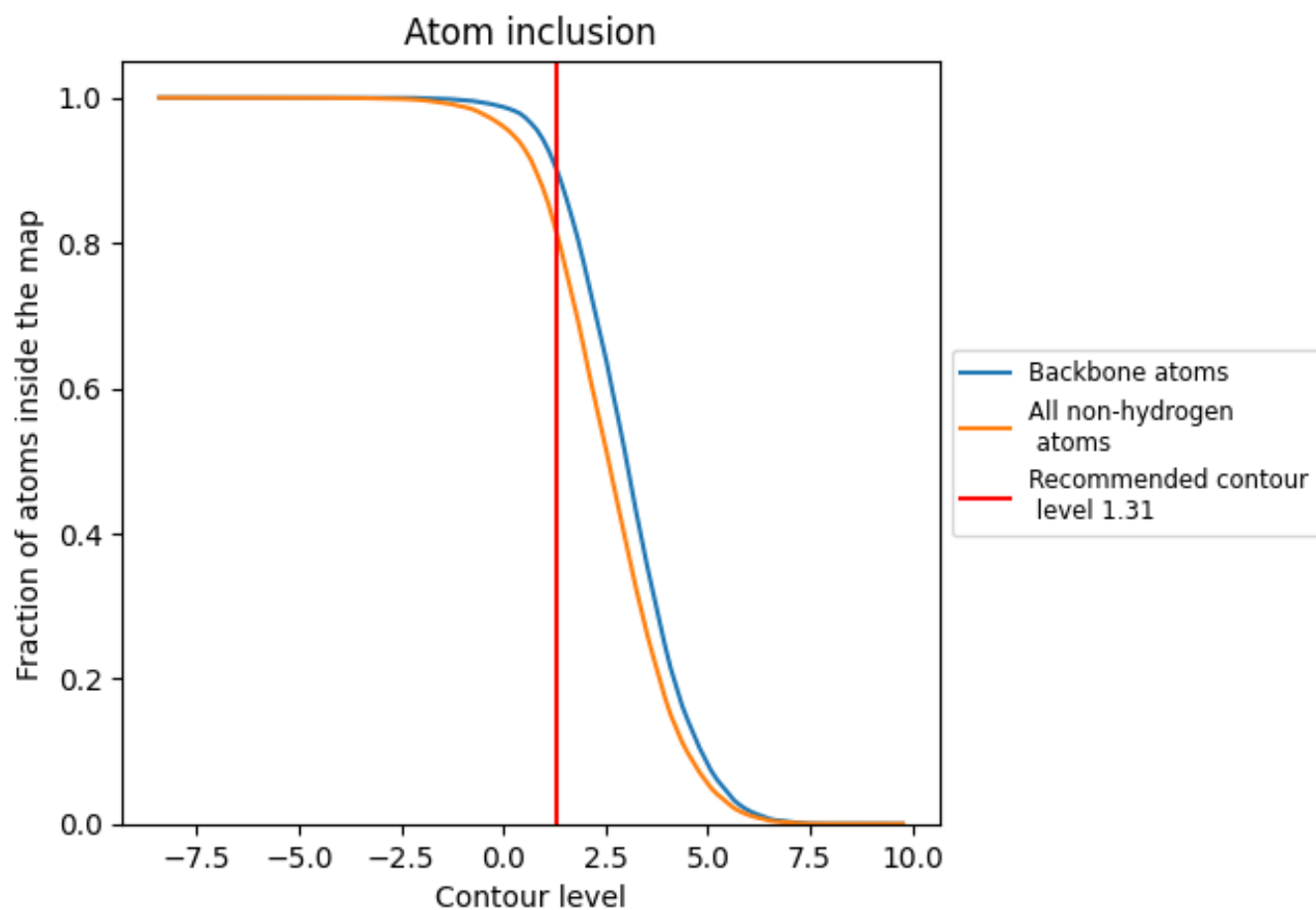
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (1.31).











9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 90% of all backbone atoms, 81% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (1.31) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8131	 0.1850
A	 0.8130	 0.1850
B	 0.8129	 0.1850
C	 0.8134	 0.1850
D	 0.8132	 0.1850

