

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 21, 2023 – 03:20 PM JST

PDB ID : 7VJ5

Title : class II photolyase MmCPDII oxidized to semiquinone TR-SFX studies (5 ms

time-point)

Authors: Maestre-Reyna, M.; Yang, C.-H.; Huang, W.-C.; Nango, E.; Ngura Putu,

E.P.G.; Franz-Badur, S.; Wu, W.-J.; Wu, H.-Y.; Wang, P.-H.; Hosokawa, Y.; Saft, M.; Emmerich, H.-J.; Liao, J.-H.; Lee, C.-C.; Huang, K.-F.; Chang, Y.-K.; Weng, J.-H.; Royant, A.; Gad, W.; Pang, A.H.; Chang, C.-W.; Sugahara, M.; Owada, S.; Joti, Y.; Yamashita, A.; Tanaka, R.; Tanaka, T.; Luo, F.J.; Tono, K.; Kiontke, S.; Yamamoto, J.; Iwata, S.; Essen, L.-O.; Bessho, Y.; Tsai,

M.-D.

Deposited on : 2021-09-28

Resolution : 1.87 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

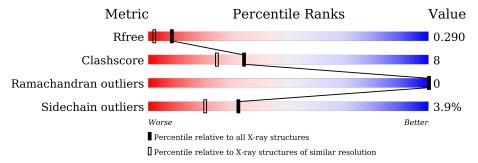
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.87 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	9470 (1.90-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	10282 (1.90-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	10152 (1.90-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	10152 (1.90-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	482	73%	18%	• 7%

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3906 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA photolyase.

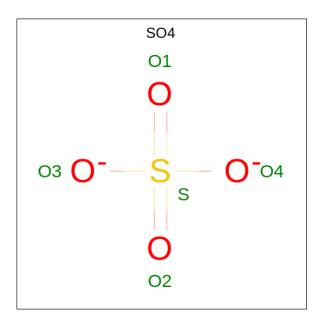
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	447	Total 3600	C 2334	N 591	O 659	S 16	2	15	0	

There are 21 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-17	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-16	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-15	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-14	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-13	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-12	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-7	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-6	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-5	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-4	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-3	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	-1	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	0	GLY	=	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	2	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8PYK9
A	377	THR	MET	engineered mutation	UNP Q8PYK9

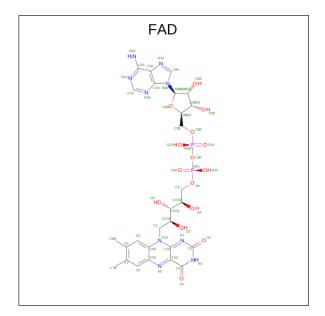
• Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	A	1	Total 53	C 27		O 15	P 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

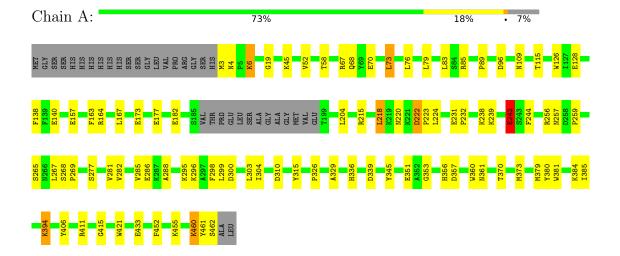
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	237	Total O 238 238	0	1



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA photolyase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	70.58Å 70.58Å 246.53Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.51 - 1.87	Depositor
Resolution (A)	35.51 - 1.59	EDS
% Data completeness	95.1 (35.51-1.87)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	89.7 (35.51-1.59)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.03 (at 1.58Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.19_4092: ???)	Depositor
D D.	0.210 , 0.238	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.251 , 0.290	DCC
R_{free} test set	3781 reflections (4.93%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	28.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.369	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30, 34.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.47, < L^2> = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3906	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.99% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.51	3/3741 (0.1%)	0.69	2/5075 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	222	ASP	C-N	7.87	1.49	1.34
1	A	242[A]	GLU	C-O	5.10	1.33	1.23
1	A	242[B]	GLU	C-O	5.10	1.33	1.23

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	242[A]	GLU	CA-C-O	5.16	130.93	120.10
1	A	242[B]	GLU	CA-C-O	5.16	130.93	120.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	242[A]	GLU	Mainchain
1	A	242[B]	GLU	Mainchain



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3600	0	3461	59	0
2	A	15	0	0	1	0
3	A	53	0	28	3	0
4	A	238	0	0	7	0
All	All	3906	0	3489	60	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 60 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:220:ASN:OD1	1:A:222:ASP:HB3	1.83	0.79
1:A:315:TYR:O	4:A:601:HOH:O	2.08	0.72
1:A:351:GLU:OE2	1:A:406:TYR:OH	2.11	0.68
1:A:52:VAL:HG23	1:A:89:PRO:HG2	1.74	0.67
1:A:215:ARG:HD3	1:A:223:PRO:HB3	1.77	0.66

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	458/482 (95%)	448 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	371/416 (89%)	354 (95%)	17 (5%)	27 15	

5 of 17 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	394[B]	LYS
1	A	462	SER
1	A	138	PHE
1	A	177	GLU
1	A	218	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	SO4	A	502	-	4,4,4	0.17	0	6,6,6	0.19	0
3	FAD	A	503	-	53,58,58	3.00	20 (37%)	68,89,89	1.54	13 (19%)
2	SO4	A	504	-	4,4,4	0.12	0	6,6,6	0.08	0
2	SO4	A	501	-	4,4,4	0.28	0	6,6,6	0.63	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	FAD	A	503	-	-	5/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

The worst 5 of 20 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	A	503	FAD	C2B-C1B	-9.59	1.39	1.53
3	A	503	FAD	O2'-C2'	-6.41	1.29	1.43
3	A	503	FAD	C3B-C4B	-6.31	1.36	1.53
3	A	503	FAD	O4'-C4'	-6.25	1.30	1.43
3	A	503	FAD	C9A-N10	-5.54	1.31	1.41

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	503	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-3.91	122.56	128.68
3	A	503	FAD	C4X-C10-N10	3.82	122.07	116.48
3	A	503	FAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-3.32	105.94	109.40
3	A	503	FAD	C4X-C4-N3	3.04	120.92	113.19
3	A	503	FAD	P-O3P-PA	-2.96	122.67	132.83

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	503	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	503	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O3P
3	A	503	FAD	C4'-C5'-O5'-P
3	A	503	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O2A
3	A	503	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-C3'

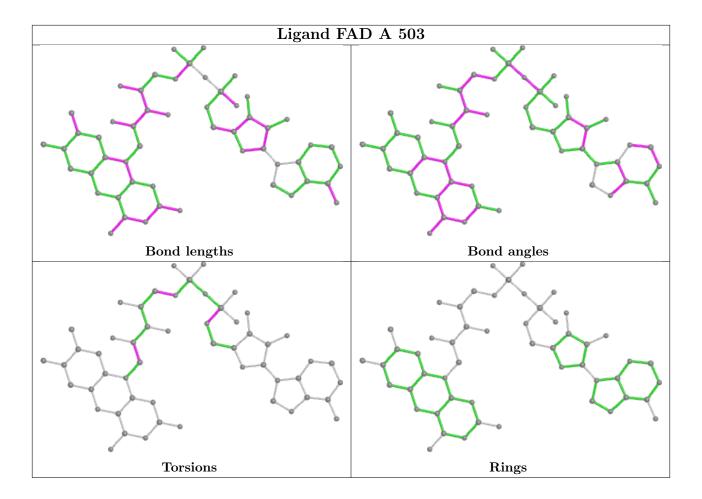
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	503	FAD	3	0
2	A	501	SO4	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

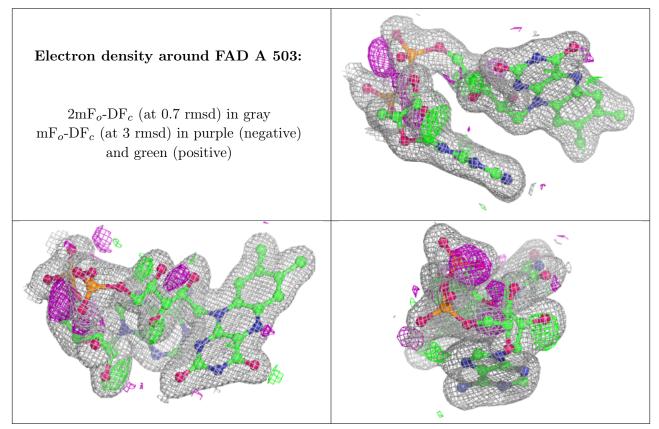
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

