

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Aug 10, 2020 – 02:35 AM BST

PDB ID : 3VWJ

Title: Ternary crystal structure of the human NKT TCR-CD1d-C20:2 complex

Authors : Wun, K.S.; Rossjohn, J.

Deposited on : 2012-08-24

Resolution : 3.09 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.13.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4: 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

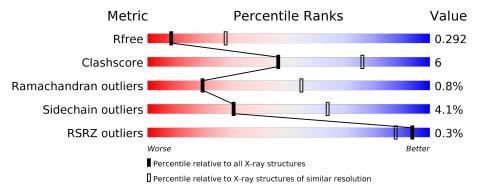
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.09 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries},  ext{resolution range}( ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1094 (3.10-3.10)
Clashscore	141614	1184 (3.10-3.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1141 (3.10-3.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1141 (3.10-3.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1067 (3.10-3.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	284	68% 19%		11%
2	В	99	76%	22%	
3	С	209	79%	12%	• 8%
4	D	246	84%	1	14%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5969 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Antigen-presenting glycoprotein CD1d.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	${f AltConf}$	Trace	
1	A	252	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
_	11		1880	1208	326	340	6		O		

There are 9 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	SER	_	expression tag	UNP P15813
A	1	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P15813
A	2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P15813
A	278	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P15813
A	279	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P15813
A	280	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP P15813
A	281	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P15813
A	282	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP P15813
A	283	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P15813

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Beta-2-microglobulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	97	Total 769	C 490	N 132	O 145	S 2	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called NKT15 T cell receptor alpha-chain.

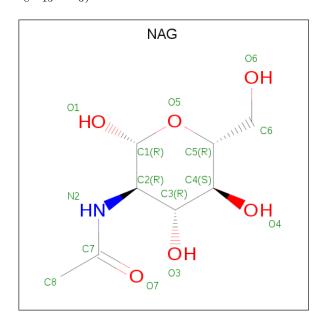
Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	193	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	Ü	155	1416	891	234	283	8			o o

• Molecule 4 is a protein called NKT15 T cell receptor beta-chain.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	D	241	Total 1804	C 1145	N 313	O 339	S 7	0	0	0

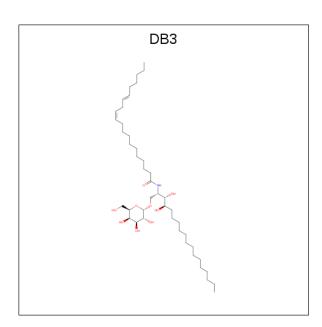
• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
7	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0	
J	Α	1	14	8	1	5	0		
7	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0	
9	А	1	14	8	1	5	U	U	

• Molecule 6 is (11Z,14E)-N-[(2S,3S,4R)-1-(alpha-D-galactopyranosyloxy)-3,4-dihydroxyocta decan-2-yl]icosa-11,14-dienamide (three-letter code: DB3) (formula:  $C_{44}H_{83}NO_9$ ).





ľ	Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ıs		ZeroOcc	AltConf
	6	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
	U	А	1	54	44	1	9	U	0

• Molecule 7 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	D	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is water.

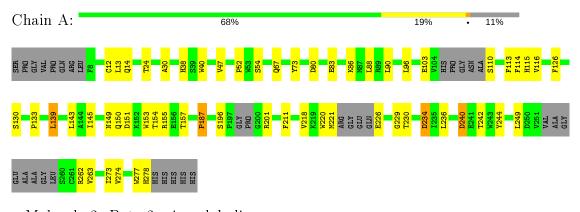
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
8	В	6	Total O 6 6	0	0
8	С	2	Total O 2 2	0	0
8	D	6	Total O 6 6	0	0



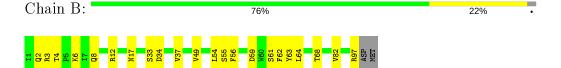
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

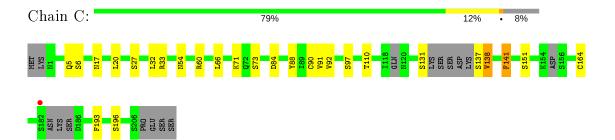
• Molecule 1: Antigen-presenting glycoprotein CD1d



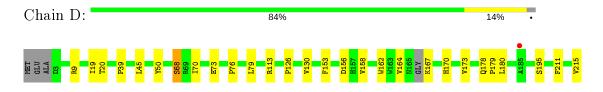
• Molecule 2: Beta-2-microglobulin



• Molecule 3: NKT15 T cell receptor alpha-chain



• Molecule 4: NKT15 T cell receptor beta-chain









# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	145.93Å 176.91Å 82.95Å	Danagitar
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	72.97 - 3.09	Depositor
Resolution (A)	88.45 - 3.09	EDS
% Data completeness	99.4 (72.97-3.09)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.3 (88.45-3.09)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.83 (at 3.07Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.8_1069)	Depositor
D D	0.228 , 0.292	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.230 , $0.292$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1011 reflections $(5.07\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	80.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.546	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 85.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.39, < L^2>=0.22$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	5969	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	69.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, DB3, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.23	0/1937	0.41	0/2656
2	В	0.24	0/792	0.40	0/1083
3	С	0.25	0/1442	0.43	0/1967
4	D	0.22	0/1856	0.40	0/2547
All	All	0.23	0/6027	0.41	0/8253

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

# 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1880	0	1655	34	0
2	В	769	0	690	10	0
3	С	1416	0	1291	14	0
4	D	1804	0	1615	16	0
5	A	28	0	26	0	0
6	A	54	0	83	9	0
7	D	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	3	0	0	1	0
8	В	6	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	С	2	0	0	0	0
8	D	6	0	0	1	0
All	All	5969	0	5360	71	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (71) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance} \; ({f \AA})$	$  \text{overlap } (\text{\AA})$
3:C:60:ARG:NH2	3:C:84:ASP:OD1	2.20	0.74
1:A:12:CYS:HB3	6:A:303:DB3:HAMA	1.75	0.69
1:A:133:PRO:HD3	1:A:145:ILE:HG12	1.76	0.66
2:B:6:LYS:HE2	2:B:8:GLN:HE21	1.60	0.66
1:A:130:SER:OG	1:A:155:ARG:NH1	2.30	0.64
1:A:86:LYS:NZ	8:A:403:HOH:O	2.32	0.63
1:A:220:TRP:HD1	1:A:230:THR:HG23	1.64	0.62
1:A:30:ALA:HB2	6:A:303:DB3:HARA	1.81	0.61
3:C:32:LEU:HD13	3:C:92:VAL:HG22	1.83	0.60
1:A:151:ASP:OD1	6:A:303:DB3:O2A	2.20	0.60
1:A:154:THR:HG23	6:A:303:DB3:HABA	1.85	0.59
2:B:3:ARG:NH1	2:B:59:ASP:O	2.35	0.58
3:C:137:SER:OG	3:C:138:VAL:N	2.36	0.58
1:A:234:ASP:OD2	1:A:234:ASP:N	2.37	0.57
1:A:113:PHE:HB2	1:A:115:HIS:CE1	2.40	0.56
2:B:49:VAL:HG12	2:B:68:THR:HB	1.87	0.56
4:D:19:ILE:HD12	4:D:79:LEU:HD12	1.88	0.55
1:A:196:SER:OG	1:A:201:ARG:O	2.22	0.55
4:D:130:VAL:HG23	4:D:240:ALA:HB3	1.88	0.55
4:D:211:PHE:HB2	4:D:242:ALA:HB3	1.89	0.55
4:D:113:ARG:NH1	4:D:156:ASP:OD2	2.41	0.54
1:A:14:GLN:HB2	6:A:303:DB3:HAL	1.90	0.54
1:A:80:ASP:OD2	6:A:303:DB3:O4	2.27	0.53
1:A:150:GLN:HE21	3:C:97:SER:HB2	1.74	0.52
2:B:3:ARG:HH11	2:B:61:SER:HB3	1.74	0.52
1:A:262:ARG:HG3	1:A:274:VAL:HG22	1.91	0.51
1:A:88:LEU:HB2	1:A:90:LEU:HG	1.91	0.51
1:A:13:LEU:HG	2:B:56:PHE:CZ	2.45	0.51
1:A:47:VAL:N	1:A:67:GLN:OE1	2.36	0.50
3:C:32:LEU:HD12	3:C:33:ARG:N	2.27	0.49
1:A:96:LEU:HD21	6:A:303:DB3:H17A	1.93	0.49

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Continuea from prev		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance} \; (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
4:D:9:ARG:NH2	8:D:401:HOH:O	2.47	0.48
4:D:126:PRO:HA	4:D:153:PHE:HB3	1.95	0.47
4:D:162:TRP:NE1	4:D:195:SER:OG	2.45	0.47
3:C:151:SER:N	3:C:196:SER:OG	2.40	0.47
2:B:55:SER:HB3	2:B:63:TYR:CE1	2.50	0.47
1:A:218:VAL:HG22	1:A:263:VAL:HG22	1.96	0.47
1:A:40:TRP:CD1	1:A:47:VAL:HG22	2.51	0.46
3:C:66:LEU:HD12	3:C:73:SER:HB2	1.98	0.46
1:A:236:LEU:O	1:A:244:TYR:N	2.48	0.46
2:B:37:VAL:HG22	2:B:82:VAL:HG22	1.98	0.46
1:A:221:MET:HA	1:A:226:GLU:HA	1.97	0.46
1:A:114:PHE:HB3	1:A:126:PHE:HB3	1.98	0.45
3:C:20:LEU:HD22	3:C:110:THR:HG21	1.97	0.45
3:C:32:LEU:HD11	3:C:90:CYS:SG	2.57	0.45
4:D:158:VAL:HG13	4:D:215:VAL:HG13	1.98	0.45
1:A:103:GLU:O	1:A:110:SER:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:A:187:PRO:HB3	1:A:211:PHE:HB3	1.97	0.45
1:A:73:TYR:CZ	6:A:303:DB3:HAIA	2.51	0.44
1:A:83:GLU:OE1	4:D:50:TYR:OH	2.27	0.44
4:D:221:SER:OG	4:D:223:ASN:OD1	2.31	0.44
3:C:141:PHE:HB2	3:C:193:PHE:CZ	2.53	0.44
4:D:178:GLN:HA	4:D:179:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.44
3:C:54:ASN:HA	3:C:66:LEU:HB3	2.00	0.44
4:D:68:SER:O	4:D:76:PRO:HD2	2.17	0.44
1:A:130:SER:HB3	1:A:149:ASN:OD1	2.18	0.43
3:C:131:SER:HB3	4:D:130:VAL:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:38:HIS:NE2	1:A:54:SER:HB3	2.34	0.43
1:A:153:TRP:O	1:A:157:THR:OG1	2.21	0.43
4:D:164:VAL:N	4:D:167:LYS:O	2.41	0.43
3:C:5:GLN:NE2	3:C:88:TYR:O	2.52	0.42
6:A:303:DB3:H10	6:A:303:DB3:H7A	1.76	0.42
4:D:232:LYS:HA	4:D:233:PRO:HD2	1.93	0.42
1:A:240:ASP:OD2	1:A:242:THR:OG1	2.23	0.42
3:C:27:SER:HB3	3:C:71:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.41
1:A:139:LEU:HA	1:A:139:LEU:HD23	1.80	0.41
2:B:56:PHE:HB3	2:B:62:PHE:CD1	2.55	0.41
2:B:17:ASN:HD21	2:B:97:ARG:NH2	2.17	0.41
1:A:277:TRP:HA	1:A:278:HIS:HA	1.78	0.41
2:B:33:SER:HB2	2:B:54:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.41
4:D:170:HIS:O	4:D:173:VAL:HB	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	242/284 (85%)	220 (91%)	18 (7%)	4 (2%)	9 36
2	В	95/99 (96%)	91 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100 100
3	С	183/209 (88%)	160 (87%)	23 (13%)	0	100 100
4	D	$237/246 \ (96\%)$	218 (92%)	17 (7%)	2 (1%)	19 54
All	All	757/838 (90%)	689 (91%)	62 (8%)	6 (1%)	19 54

All (6) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	235	THR
1	A	273	ILE
1	A	52	PRO
1	A	229	GLY
4	D	39	PRO
1	A	187	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentile	
1	A	181/249 (73%)	174 (96%)	7 (4%)	32	65
2	В	81/94 (86%)	76 (94%)	5 (6%)	18	49
3	С	150/191 (78%)	144 (96%)	6 (4%)	31	65
4	D	179/217 (82%)	173 (97%)	6 (3%)	37	69

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles
All	All	591/751 (79%)	567 (96%)	24 (4%)	30 64

All (24) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	24	THR
1	A	116	VAL
1	A A A	139	LEU
1		143	LEU
1	A	234	ASP
1	A	240	ASP
1	A	249	LEU
2	В	2	GLN
2	В	4	THR
2	В	12	ARG
2	В	34	ASP
2	В	64	LEU
3	С	6	SER
3	C C C C	17	ASN
3	С	91	VAL
3	С	138	VAL
3	С	141	PHE
3	С	164	CYS
4	D	20	THR
4	D	45	LEU
4	D	68	SER
4	D	70	ILE
4	D	73	GLU
4	D	180	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	97	GLN
1	A	150	GLN
2	В	2	GLN
3	С	21	GLN
3	С	23	ASN



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

# 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

# 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type Cha		Chain	nain Res Lin		Во	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
Mol Type Chain	1168	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2		
5	NAG	A	301	1	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.96	1 (5%)
6	DB3	A	303	-	54,54,54	0.37	0	59,63,63	0.86	2 (3%)
5	NAG	A	302	1	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	1.72	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	301	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	DB3	A	303	-	-	15/52/72/72	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	302	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
5	A	302	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-4.21	104.85	111.02
5	A	302	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.01	117.62	112.19
6	A	303	DB3	C1-C2-N2	-2.43	106.04	109.61
6	A	303	DB3	C2-N2-CAA	-2.24	119.71	123.48
5	A	302	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.16	119.83	122.90
5	A	301	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.03	114.94	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (18) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	302	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	A	302	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
6	A	303	DB3	CAF-CAG-CAH-CAI
6	A	303	DB3	CAA-CAB-CAC-CAD
6	A	303	DB3	C5-C6-C7-C8
6	A	303	DB3	C6-C7-C8-C9
5	A	302	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	A	303	DB3	O4-C4-C5-C6
6	A	303	DB3	CAK-CAL-CAM-CAN
6	A	303	DB3	CAL-CAM-CAN-CAO
6	A	303	DB3	C2-C3-C4-C5
6	A	303	DB3	O1A-C1-C2-C3
6	A	303	DB3	CAN-CAO-CAP-CAQ
6	A	303	DB3	CAI-CAJ-CAK-CAL
6	A	303	DB3	CAC-CAD-CAE-CAF
6	A	303	DB3	C7-C8-C9-C10
6	A	303	DB3	C14-C15-C16-C17
6	A	303	DB3	C3-C2-N2-CAA

There are no ring outliers.

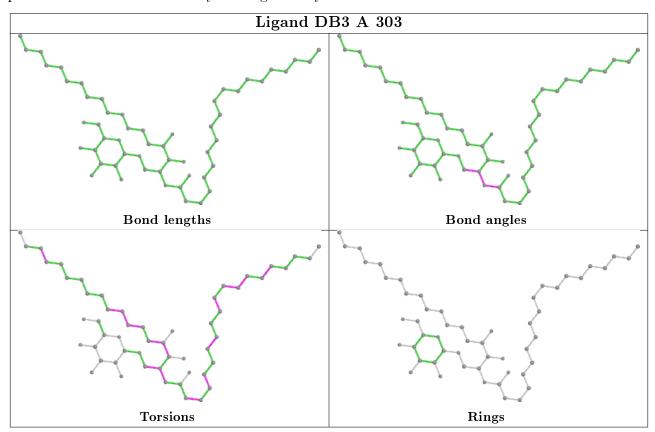
1 monomer is involved in 9 short contacts:

Mo	l   Chair	n Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	303	DB3	9	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be



highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	252/284~(88%)	-0.13	0 100 100	33, 71, 111, 130	7 (2%)
2	В	97/99 (97%)	-0.20	0 100 100	36, 52, 74, 91	1 (1%)
3	С	193/209 (92%)	-0.05	1 (0%) 91 81	28, 60, 101, 140	3 (1%)
4	D	241/246 (97%)	-0.07	1 (0%) 92 84	36, 84, 117, 130	4 (1%)
All	All	783/838 (93%)	-0.10	2 (0%) 94 88	28, 70, 111, 140	15 (1%)

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	С	182	SER	2.1
4	D	185	ALA	2.0

# 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

# 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

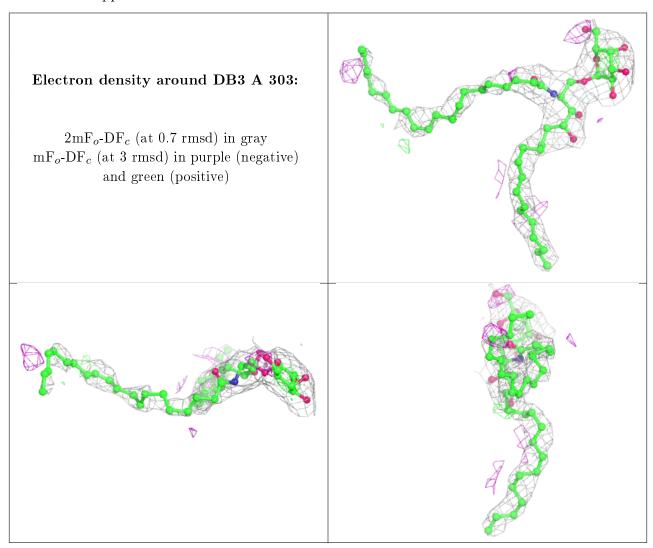
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
7	MG	D	301	1/1	0.78	0.20	62,62,62,62	1
5	NAG	A	301	14/15	0.92	0.13	38,40,41,42	0
5	NAG	A	302	14/15	0.93	0.15	32,34,35,36	0
6	DB3	A	303	54/54	0.94	0.45	41,49,60,61	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

