

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 14, 2020 – 05:58 am BST

PDB ID : 2W45

Title : Epstein-Barr virus alkaline nuclease

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Deposited on : 2008-11-21

Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Mol Probity & : & 4.02 \, b\text{-}467 \\ Xtriage & (Phenix) & : & 1.13 \end{array}$

EDS: 2.11

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

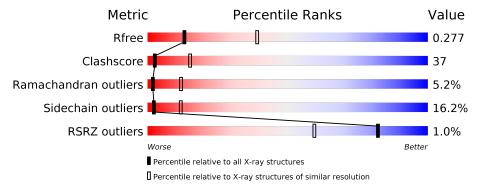
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries}, ext{resolution range}(ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$
R_{free}	130704	2092 (3.00-3.00)
Clashscore	141614	2416 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2333 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2336 (3.00-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1990 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	470	% ■ 48%	36%	9% • •		
	11	110	%	3575	570		
1	В	470	40%	39%	13% • 7%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7009 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ALKALINE EXONUCLEASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	449	Total 3539	C 2257	N 595	O 665	S 22	0	0	0
1	В	437	Total 3446	C 2201	N 579	O 644	S 22	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is water.

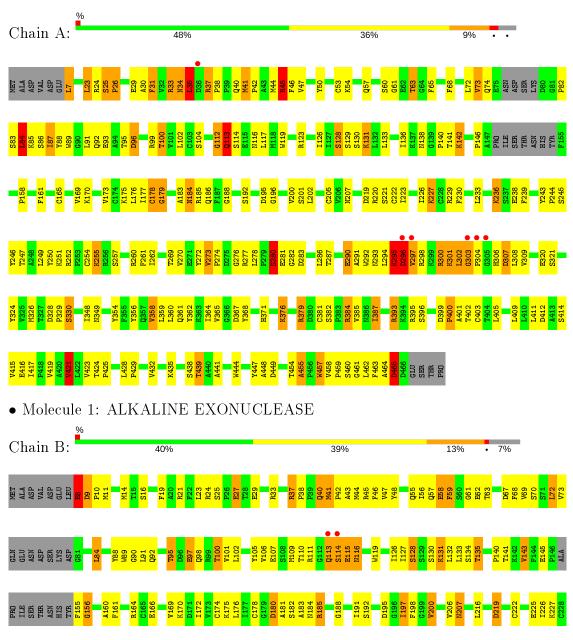
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	10	Total O 10 10	0	0
2	В	14	Total O 14 14	0	0



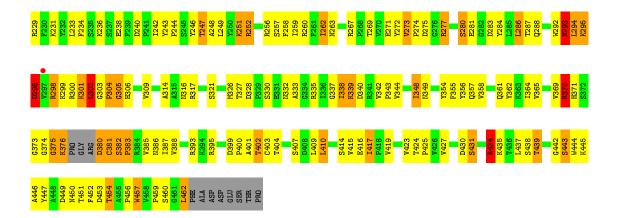
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ALKALINE EXONUCLEASE









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	87.51Å 63.79Å 114.13Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 93.59° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	71.43 - 3.00	Depositor
resolution (A)	71.51 - 3.00	EDS
% Data completeness	94.7 (71.43-3.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	94.2 (71.51-3.00)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.14	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.86 (at 3.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0068	Depositor
P. P.	0.192 , 0.282	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.189 , 0.277	DCC
R_{free} test set	1235 reflections (5.12%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	49.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.377	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36,66.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	7009	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	35.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.67% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Will Chain		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.93	3/3622 (0.1%)	0.99	8/4912 (0.2%)	
1	В	0.92	3/3526 (0.1%)	1.00	4/4780 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.92	$6/7148 \; (0.1\%)$	1.00	12/9692 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2
1	В	0	5
All	All	0	7

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	В	222	CYS	CB-SG	-6.57	1.71	1.82
1	A	165	CYS	CB-SG	-6.45	1.71	1.82
1	В	27	GLU	CB-CG	5.44	1.62	1.52
1	A	178	CYS	CB-SG	-5.33	1.73	1.81
1	В	457	TRP	CB-CG	-5.12	1.41	1.50

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
1	A	24	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-7.04	116.78	120.30
1	В	84	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-6.92	99.24	111.00
1	В	128	SER	N-CA-CB	-6.48	100.78	110.50
1	A	7	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.31	129.81	115.30
1	В	381	CYS	N-CA-C	6.19	127.72	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.



5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	303	GLY	Peptide
1	A	41	MET	Peptide
1	В	293	ASN	Peptide
1	В	41	MET	Peptide
1	В	8	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3539	0	3493	257	0
1	В	3446	0	3413	260	0
2	A	10	0	0	1	0
2	В	14	0	0	3	0
All	All	7009	0	6906	511	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 37.

The worst 5 of 511 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:301:LYS:HE2	1:A:301:LYS:C	1.37	1.40
1:A:294:LEU:O	1:A:295:LYS:CD	1.71	1.36
1:A:294:LEU:O	1:A:295:LYS:HD3	1.19	1.35
1:A:300:ARG:NH1	1:A:302:LEU:HD13	1.42	1.31
1:B:131:LYS:O	1:B:135:THR:HG22	1.32	1.26

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	${f Analysed}$	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percei	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	443/470 (94%)	364 (82%)	57 (13%)	22 (5%)	2	12
1	В	429/470 (91%)	347 (81%)	59 (14%)	23 (5%)	2	11
All	All	872/940 (93%)	711 (82%)	116 (13%)	45 (5%)	2	12

5 of 45 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	42	PRO
1	A	295	LYS
1	A	296	ASP
1	A	465	ASP
1	В	42	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	394/414 (95%)	338 (86%)	56 (14%)	3	16
1	В	385/414 (93%)	315 (82%)	70 (18%)	1	9
All	All	779/828 (94%)	653 (84%)	126 (16%)	2	12

5 of 126 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	${f Res}$	\mathbf{Type}
1	В	8	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	113	GLN
1	В	414	SER
1	В	24	ARG
1	В	70	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	345	ASN
1	В	55	GLN
1	В	211	GLN
1	A	293	ASN
1	В	116	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues 🥦

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	#RS	$\mathrm{RZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	$449/470 \ (95\%)$	-0.05	6 (1%)	77 51	14, 31, 60, 87	0
1	В	437/470 (92%)	-0.08	3 (0%)	87 69	16, 34, 60, 77	0
All	All	886/940 (94%)	-0.06	9 (1%)	82 59	14, 33, 60, 87	0

The worst 5 of 9 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	A	303	GLY	4.2
1	A	305	GLY	3.5
1	A	296	ASP	3.4
1	A	297	VAL	2.9
1	В	114	SER	2.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

