

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 6, 2023 – 10:22 AM EST

PDB ID : 4W6G

Title: Crystal Structure of Full-Length Split GFP Mutant D190C Disulfide Dimer,

P 61 Space Group

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Deposited on : 2014-08-20

Resolution : 3.02 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

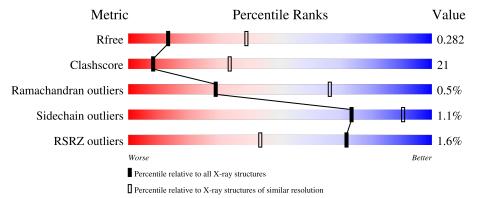
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.02 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	2399 (3.04-3.00)
Clashscore	141614	2734 (3.04-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2640 (3.04-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2643 (3.04-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2287 (3.04-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	234	59%	32%	• 6%	
1	В	234	72%	21%	• 7%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3505 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called fluorescent protein D190C.

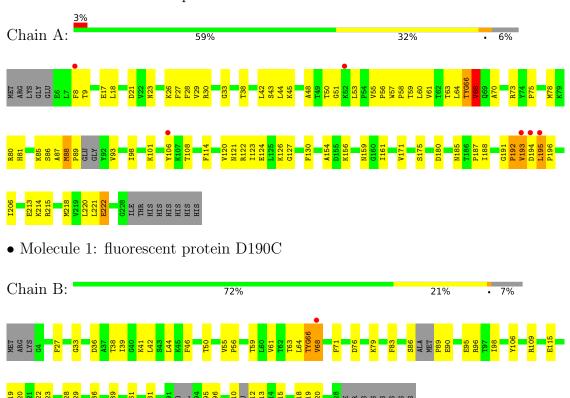
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	219	10001	C 1122	11	0	S 4	0	0	0
1	В	218	Total 1746	C 1109	N 296	O 338	S 3	0	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: fluorescent protein D190C





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61	Depositor
Cell constants	93.38Å 93.38Å 132.97Å	Donogitan
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	69.09 - 3.02	Depositor
Resolution (A)	69.09 - 3.02	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (69.09-3.02)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (69.09-3.02)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.93 (at 3.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE: DEV_1555)	Depositor
D.D.	0.248 , 0.270	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.262 , 0.282	DCC
R_{free} test set	1286 reflections (10.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	94.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.396	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 68.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.054 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	3505	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	100.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.65% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CRO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.36	1/1775 (0.1%)	0.66	3/2401 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.31	0/1759	0.59	$1/2374 \ (0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.34	1/3534 (0.0%)	0.63	4/4775 (0.1%)	

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	68	VAL	N-CA	-7.25	1.31	1.46

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	68	VAL	N-CA-CB	-11.06	87.17	111.50
1	A	68	VAL	N-CA-C	-7.33	91.20	111.00
1	В	68	VAL	N-CA-CB	7.33	127.62	111.50
1	A	88	MET	C-N-CD	-7.03	105.14	120.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1759	0	1704	90	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	1746	0	1672	56	0
All	All	3505	0	3376	146	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 21.

The worst 5 of 146 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:27:PHE:CE1	1:A:50:THR:HB	1.58	1.39
1:B:128:ILE:HG22	1:B:129:ASP:OD2	1.21	1.32
1:B:42:LEU:HD21	1:B:68:VAL:CG2	1.65	1.26
1:B:89:PRO:HG2	1:B:90:GLU:OE1	1.03	1.20
1:A:192:PRO:HA	1:A:193:VAL:CB	1.67	1.16

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	212/234 (91%)	205 (97%)	5 (2%)	2 (1%)	17	53
1	В	207/234~(88%)	202 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	419/468 (90%)	407 (97%)	10 (2%)	2 (0%)	29	66

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	193	VAL
1	A	192	PRO



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	189/203 (93%)	185 (98%)	4 (2%)	53 81		
1	В	186/203 (92%)	186 (100%)	0	100 100		
All	All	375/406 (92%)	371 (99%)	4 (1%)	73 90		

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	68	VAL
1	A	194	ASP
1	A	195	LEU
1	A	222	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type		
1	A	121	ASN		
1	В	158	ASN		

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mal	Trme	Chain	Chain	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
Mol Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2			
1	CRO	A	66	1	23,23,24	4.14	8 (34%)	30,32,34	4.83	12 (40%)		
1	CRO	В	66	1	23,23,24	3.83	7 (30%)	30,32,34	3.74	8 (26%)		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mo	l Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CRO	A	66	1	-	2/12/31/32	0/2/2/2
1	CRO	В	66	1	-	3/12/31/32	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 15 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	Ideal(Å)
1	В	66	CRO	CB2-CA2	16.33	1.48	1.35
1	A	66	CRO	CB2-CA2	14.73	1.47	1.35
1	A	66	CRO	CA3-C3	-7.81	1.22	1.49
1	A	66	CRO	CA1-N1	-5.31	1.31	1.47
1	В	66	CRO	CA1-N1	-5.15	1.32	1.47

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	0 1		$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	66	CRO	CA2-C2-N3	16.41	111.13	103.37
1	В	66	CRO	CA2-C2-N3	11.61	108.86	103.37
1	A	66	CRO	C1-CA1-N1	9.83	125.91	109.96
1	A	66	CRO	O2-C2-CA2	-9.60	125.57	130.96
1	В	66	CRO	O2-C2-CA2	-9.58	125.58	130.96

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	66	CRO	N1-CA1-CB1-CG1
1	A	66	CRO	C3-CA3-N3-C2
1	В	66	CRO	N2-C1-CA1-CB1
1	В	66	CRO	N3-C1-CA1-CB1
1	В	66	CRO	C3-CA3-N3-C2



There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	66	CRO	2	0
1	В	66	CRO	5	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		-2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	218/234 (93%)	0.10	6 (2%)	53	24	66, 100, 143, 183	0
1	В	217/234~(92%)	0.04	1 (0%)	91	75	25, 94, 127, 176	0
All	All	435/468 (92%)	0.07	7 (1%)	72	43	25, 97, 136, 183	0

The worst 5 of 7 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	193	VAL	3.5
1	A	195	LEU	3.2
1	A	8	PHE	2.6
1	A	194	ASP	2.2
1	A	106	TYR	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CRO	A	66	22/23	0.91	0.25	107,108,108,108	0
1	CRO	В	66	22/23	0.93	0.28	114,115,120,122	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

