

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 23, 2023 – 02:07 AM JST

PDB ID : 7WD2

Title : Crystal structure of S43 bound to SARS-CoV-2 RBD

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Deposited on : 2021-12-20

Resolution : 2.69 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

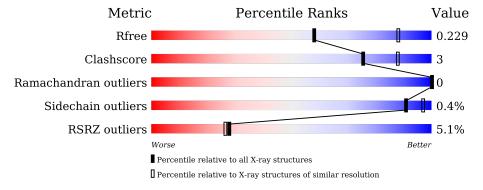
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.69 Å.

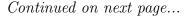
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
TVICTIE	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	2808 (2.70-2.70)
Clashscore	141614	3122 (2.70-2.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3069 (2.70-2.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3069 (2.70-2.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2737 (2.70-2.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chai	in
1	A	198	96%	_
1	11	130	8%	••
1	В	198	94%	6% •
2	С	129	84%	16%
2	D	129	5% 88%	11% •
3	F	3	100%	
4	Н	2	50%	50%





$\mathbf{M}$	l Cha	in	Length	Quality of chain
5	Е		2	100%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	FUC	E	2	-	-	-	X



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5304 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike protein S1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	198	Total	С	N	0	S	0	0	0
			1567	1004	262	293	8			_
1	B	198	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Ъ	190	1567	1004	262	293	8	0	0	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Anti-RON nanobody.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
9	С	129	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2		129	998	626	168	199	5	U		U
9	D	127	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	ש	121	979	615	163	196	5	U	0	

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[al pha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
3	F	3	Total 38	C 22	N 2	O 14	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





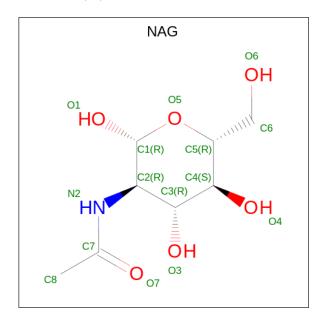
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	Н	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-bet a-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
5	Е	2	Total C 24 1	N 4 1	O 9	0	0	0

• Molecule 6 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	С	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	38	Total O 38 38	0	0



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	В	35	Total O 35 35	0	0
7	С	6	Total O 6 6	0	0
7	D	10	Total O 10 10	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S1





• Molecule 4: 2-acetamido	o-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-	2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluo
opyranose		

Chain H:

50%

50%



• Molecule 5: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:

100%





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	102.28Å 138.89Å 122.72Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.20 - 2.69	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.20 - 2.69	EDS
% Data completeness	99.1 (49.20-2.69)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.1 (49.20-2.69)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.18	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.37 (at 2.69Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.13_2998	Depositor
D D	0.204 , 0.229	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.204 , $0.229$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1279 reflections (5.22%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	41.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.079	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 34.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5304	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	46.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.42% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUC, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.27	0/1611	0.43	0/2191
1	В	0.27	0/1611	0.44	0/2191
2	С	0.31	0/1025	0.49	0/1394
2	D	0.30	0/1005	0.48	0/1367
All	All	0.28	0/5252	0.46	0/7143

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1567	0	1490	4	0
1	В	1567	0	1490	7	0
2	С	998	0	921	13	0
2	D	979	0	903	9	0
3	F	38	0	34	0	0
4	Н	28	0	25	1	0
5	Е	24	0	22	0	0
6	С	14	0	13	1	0
7	A	38	0	0	0	0



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	В	35	0	0	0	0
7	С	6	0	0	0	0
7	D	10	0	0	0	0
All	All	5304	0	4898	31	0

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 3.

All (31) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	$-$ overlap $(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$
2:C:24:PRO:HG3	2:C:29:LEU:HG	1.74	0.68
2:D:29:LEU:HD22	2:D:34:ILE:HD11	1.82	0.60
2:C:11:LEU:HD21	2:C:129:HIS:HB3	1.83	0.59
1:A:377:PHE:HB3	2:C:108:THR:HG22	1.89	0.54
2:C:2:VAL:HB	2:C:27:PHE:CE1	2.43	0.53
2:C:19:ARG:NH1	2:C:81:GLN:HG2	2.25	0.52
2:D:34:ILE:HG13	2:D:78:VAL:HG21	1.92	0.52
2:D:90:THR:HG23	2:D:124:THR:HA	1.92	0.51
2:C:29:LEU:HD22	2:C:34:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.50
2:C:54:ASN:HA	6:C:201:NAG:H82	1.94	0.50
2:C:82:MET:HB3	2:C:85:LEU:HD21	1.92	0.50
2:D:2:VAL:N	2:D:116:SER:HG	2.09	0.50
2:D:29:LEU:O	2:D:71:ARG:NH2	2.44	0.50
1:A:455:LEU:HD22	1:A:493:GLN:HG3	1.93	0.48
1:B:393:THR:O	1:B:523:THR:OG1	2.27	0.48
2:D:24:PRO:HG3	2:D:29:LEU:HG	1.96	0.46
1:B:350:VAL:HG22	1:B:422:ASN:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:B:529:LYS:O	1:B:530:SER:C	2.53	0.46
2:D:3:GLN:HB3	2:D:25:SER:HB3	1.98	0.45
2:C:90:THR:HG23	2:C:124:THR:HA	1.98	0.45
1:B:501:ASN:HB3	1:B:505:TYR:HB2	1.99	0.44
2:C:98:GLU:HB2	2:C:114:PHE:HA	1.99	0.44
1:A:350:VAL:HG22	1:A:422:ASN:HB3	2.00	0.44
2:D:52:SER:OG	2:D:53:SER:N	2.52	0.43
1:B:377:PHE:HB3	2:D:108:THR:HG22	2.00	0.43
2:C:66:ARG:HB3	2:C:83:ASN:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:412:PRO:HG3	1:A:429:PHE:HB3	2.00	0.43
1:B:412:PRO:HG3	1:B:429:PHE:HB3	2.00	0.42
1:B:367:VAL:HG12	4:H:2:NAG:H62	2.03	0.41
2:C:11:LEU:HD21	2:C:129:HIS:CB	2.48	0.40



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
2:C:64:LYS:HE3	2:C:64:LYS:HB2	1.90	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	196/198 (99%)	189 (96%)	7 (4%)	0	100	100
1	В	196/198~(99%)	191 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
2	$\mathbf{C}$	127/129 (98%)	125 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
2	D	125/129 (97%)	124 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	644/654 (98%)	629 (98%)	15 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	171/171 (100%)	170 (99%)	1 (1%)	86	95
1	В	171/171 (100%)	170 (99%)	1 (1%)	86	95
2	С	106/106 (100%)	106 (100%)	0	100	100
2	D	104/106 (98%)	104 (100%)	0	100	100



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	552/554 (100%)	550 (100%)	2 (0%)	91 97

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	377	PHE
1	В	377	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	С	3	GLN
2	С	81	GLN
2	D	3	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

7 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type C		Chain Res		es Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI	Type	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	Е	1	5,2	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
5	FUC	Е	2	5	10,10,11	0.68	0	14,14,16	0.88	0
3	NAG	F	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.42	0



Mal	Mol Type C		Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	F	2	3	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.47	0
3	FUC	F	3	3	10,10,11	0.68	0	14,14,16	0.77	0
4	NAG	Н	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.50	0
4	NAG	Н	2	4	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.42	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	Е	1	5,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	FUC	Е	2	5	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	F	3	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Н	1	4,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Н	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

N	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
	3	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
	3	F	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

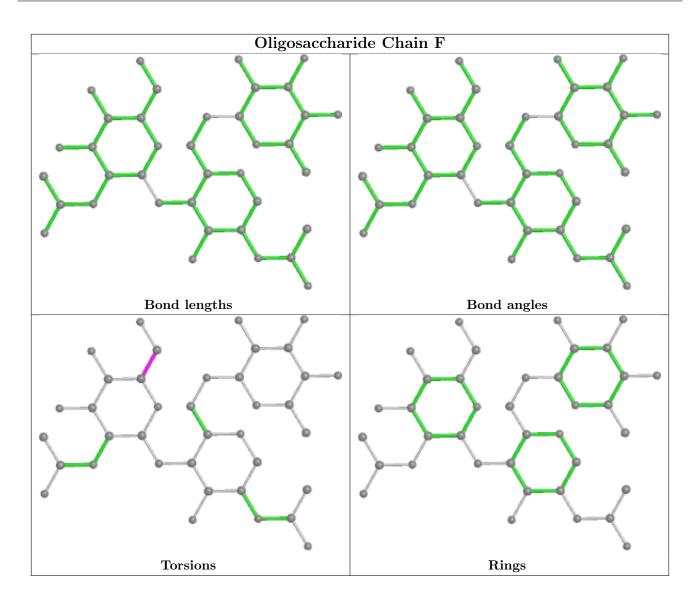
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

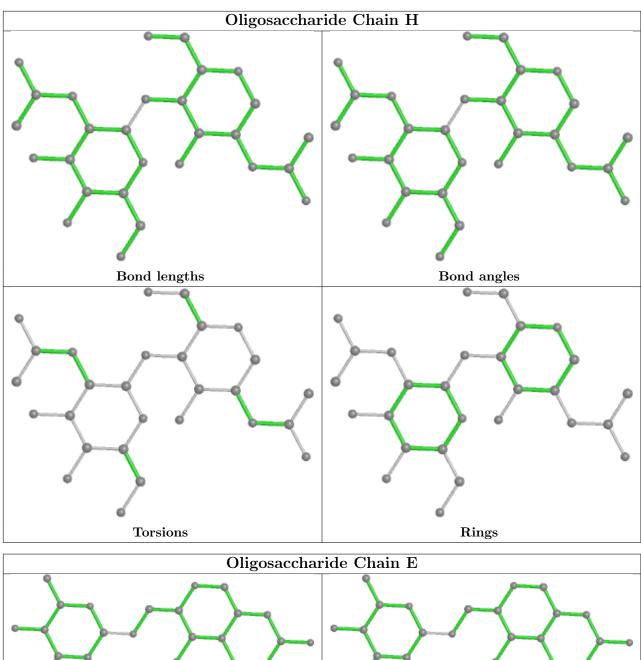
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	Н	2	NAG	1	0

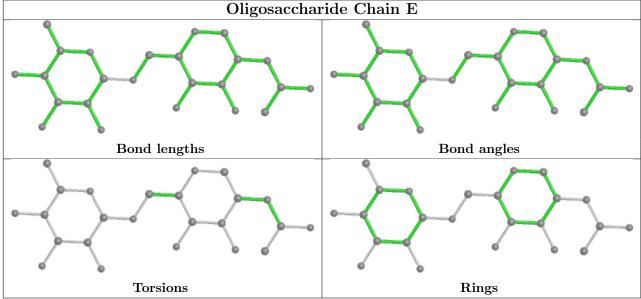
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.













# 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type C	Chain	Pog	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре	Chain	rtes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	NAG	С	201	2	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.51	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	С	201	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

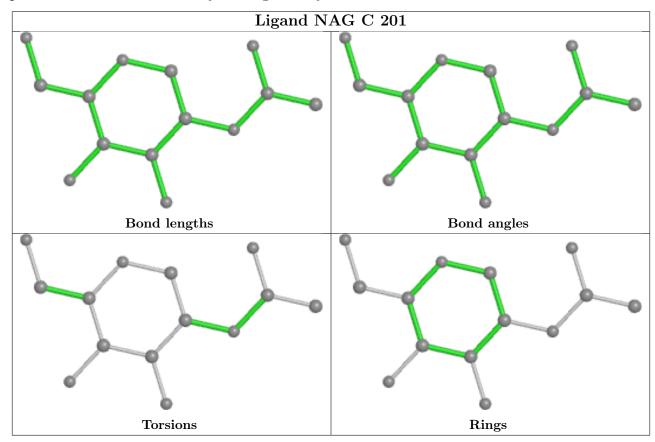
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	C	201	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	198/198 (100%)	0.16	7 (3%) 44	44	17, 35, 83, 104	0
1	В	198/198 (100%)	0.33	15 (7%) 13	12	22, 42, 93, 118	0
2	С	129/129 (100%)	0.13	4 (3%) 49	49	22, 41, 76, 136	0
2	D	127/129 (98%)	0.13	7 (5%) 25	24	25, 44, 82, 109	0
All	All	652/654 (99%)	0.20	33 (5%) 28	26	17, 41, 88, 136	0

All (33) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	527	PRO	4.6
1	В	363	ALA	4.5
1	В	530	SER	4.3
1	A	530	SER	4.1
1	A	528	LYS	3.8
1	В	333	THR	3.8
1	В	517	LEU	3.7
1	В	518	LEU	3.7
1	В	362	VAL	3.4
1	A	486	PHE	3.4
1	В	360	ASN	3.4
1	A	529	LYS	3.2
2	С	129	HIS	3.0
1	В	529	LYS	2.9
2	D	2	VAL	2.9
1	В	528	LYS	2.8
2	С	128	HIS	2.7
1	A	387	LEU	2.7
2	D	72	ASP	2.5
2	D	79	TYR	2.4
2	D	128	HIS	2.4



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	334	ASN	2.3
1	В	367	VAL	2.3
1	A	333	THR	2.3
2	С	41	PRO	2.2
2	D	74	ALA	2.2
1	В	373	SER	2.2
2	С	127	SER	2.2
2	D	73	ASN	2.2
1	A	389	ASP	2.2
2	D	31	TYR	2.1
1	В	526	GLY	2.1
1	В	522	ALA	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

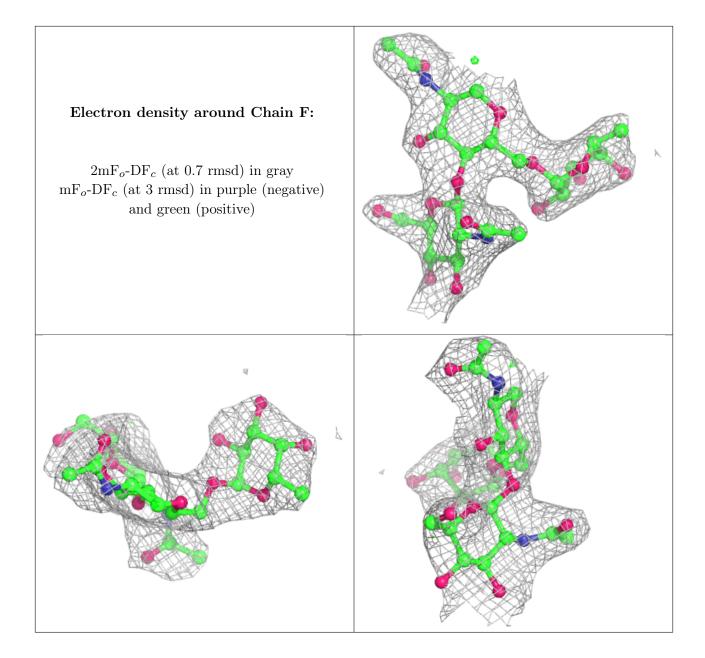
## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	NAG	Н	2	14/15	0.70	0.30	110,116,120,121	0
5	FUC	Ε	2	10/11	0.79	0.48	108,109,111,112	0
5	NAG	Ε	1	14/15	0.82	0.24	93,97,101,103	0
3	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.86	0.19	68,70,74,75	0
4	NAG	Н	1	14/15	0.91	0.18	63,71,76,81	0
3	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.94	0.15	38,43,47,48	0
3	FUC	F	3	10/11	0.94	0.17	58,61,63,64	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

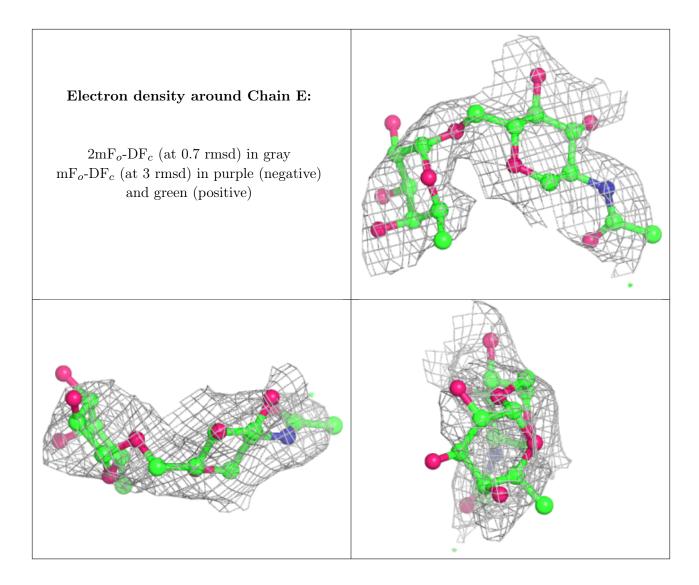






# 





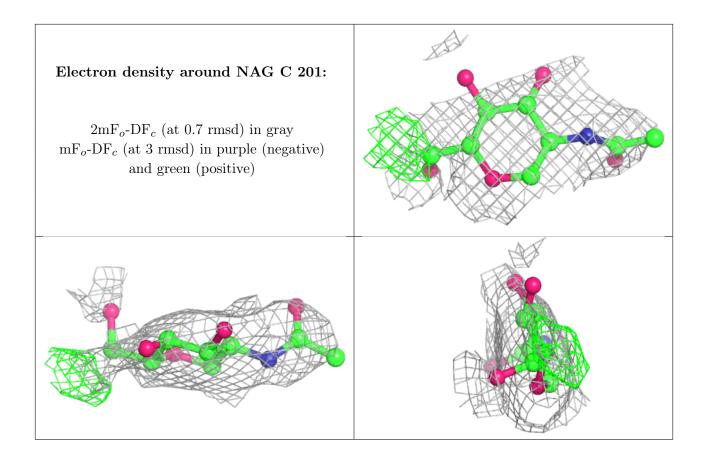
## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	NAG	С	201	14/15	0.80	0.26	83,85,90,92	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

