

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Sep 30, 2024 - 08:49 PM JST

PDB ID 8WXL : EMDB ID EMD-37910 : Title Structure of the SARS-CoV-2 BA.2.86 spike glycoprotein (closed state) : Authors Yajima, H.; Anraku, Y.; Kita, S.; Kimura, K.; Maenaka, K.; Hashiguchi, T. : Deposited on 2023-10-30 : 2.59 Å(reported) Resolution : Based on initial model 8IOT ·

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

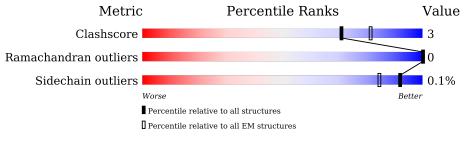
EMDB validation analysis Mogul		0.0.1.dev113 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity		
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.59 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f EM} {f structures} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	1245	76%	8%	16%
2	D	2	100%		
2	Е	2	100%		



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8393 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike glycoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	А	1040	Total 8155	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{C} \\ 5227 \end{array}$	N 1354	O 1538	S 36	0	0

There are 129 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	1	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	2	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	3	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	4	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	5	CYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	6	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	7	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	8	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	9	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	10	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	11	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	12	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	13	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	14	CYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	15	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	16	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	17	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	18	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	19	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	20	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	21	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	22	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	23	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	24	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	25	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	26	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	27	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	50	LEU	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2



Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
A	127	PHE	VAL	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	142	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
А	157	SER	PHE	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	158	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
А	211	ILE	LEU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	212	GLY	VAL	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	215	PHE	LEU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	244	ASN	HIS	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	263	ASP	ALA	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	331	VAL	ILE	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	338	HIS	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	355	THR	LYS	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	370	PHE	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	372	PRO	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	374	PHE	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	375	ALA	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	402	LYS	ARG	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	404	ASN	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	407	SER	ARG	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	416	ASN	LYS	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	439	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	444	HIS	VAL	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	445	SER	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	449	ASP	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	451	TRP	LEU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	459	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	476	ASN	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	477	LYS	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	480	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
A	482	LYS	GLU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	484	PRO	PHE	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	496	ARG	GLN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	499	TYR	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	503	HIS	TYR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	552	LYS	GLU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	568	VAL	ALA	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	612	GLY	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	619	SER	PRO	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	653	TYR	HIS	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	677	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	679	ARG	PRO	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	680	GLY	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
А	681	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
А	683	GLY	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
А	762	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	794	TYR	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	815	PRO	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
А	890	PRO	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
А	897	PRO	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
А	937	PHE	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	940	PRO	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
А	952	HIS	GLN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	967	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	984	PRO	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
А	985	PRO	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P0DTC2
А	1141	LEU	PRO	variant	UNP P0DTC2
А	1209	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1210	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1211	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1212	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1213	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1214	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1215	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1216	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1217	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1218	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1219	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1220	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1221	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1222	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1223	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1224	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1225	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1226	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1227	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1228	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1229	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1230	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1231	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	1232	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1233	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1234	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1235	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1236	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1237	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1238	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1239	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1240	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1241	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
A	1242	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1243	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1244	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1245	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1246	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1247	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
А	1248	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2

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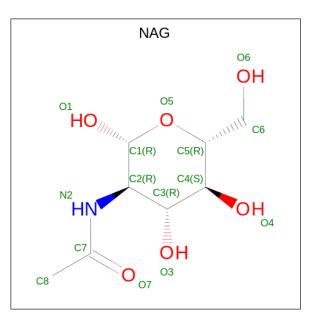
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
0	Л	2	Total C N O	0	0
	D	2	28  16  2  10	0	U
0	E	2	Total C N O	0	0
	Ľ	2	28 16 2 10	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



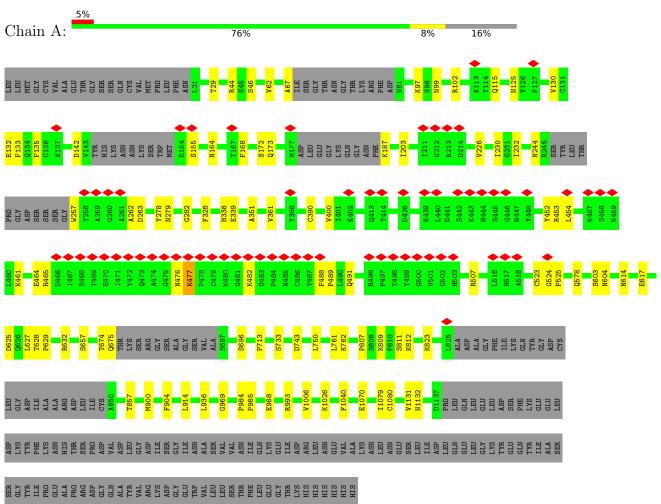


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{N} & \text{O} \\ 14 & 8 & 1 & 5 \end{array}$	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0
3	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Spike glycoprotein

• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:

100%



• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:

100%

NAG1 NAG2



# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	91823	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	52.450	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1800	Depositor
Magnification	130000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 $(6k \ge 4k)$	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.899	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.378	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.017	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.1	Depositor
Map size (Å)	385.91998, 385.91998, 385.91998	wwPDB
Map dimensions	384, 384, 384	wwPDB
Map angles $(^{\circ})$	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.005, 1.005, 1.005	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Mol Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.29	0/8353	0.48	0/11370	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	8155	0	7964	55	0
2	D	28	0	25	0	0
2	Е	28	0	25	0	0
3	А	182	0	165	2	0
All	All	8393	0	8179	55	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 55 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:809:LYS:NZ	1:A:811:SER:OG	2.14	0.81
1:A:99:ASN:O	1:A:102:ARG:NH1	2.27	0.68
1:A:279:ASN:HD22	3:A:1310:NAG:H82	1.59	0.67
1:A:750:LEU:HD21	1:A:988:GLU:HB2	1.78	0.64
1:A:244:ASN:O	1:A:257:TRP:N	2.34	0.61

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

# 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	1026/1245~(82%)	974 (95%)	52~(5%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	911/1084 (84%)	910 (100%)	1 (0%)	92 98	

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	477	LYS



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain F		Res		Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.51	0
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.44	0
2	NAG	Е	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.46	0
2	NAG	Е	2	2	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.47	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Е	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Е	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.



There are no chirality outliers.

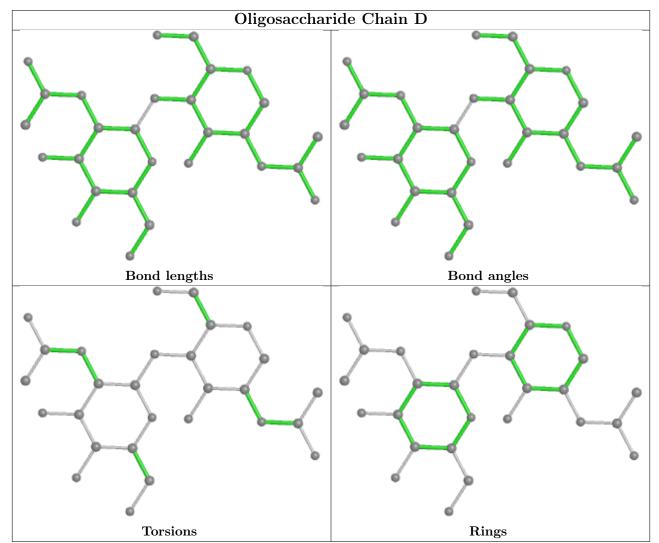
All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	Е	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

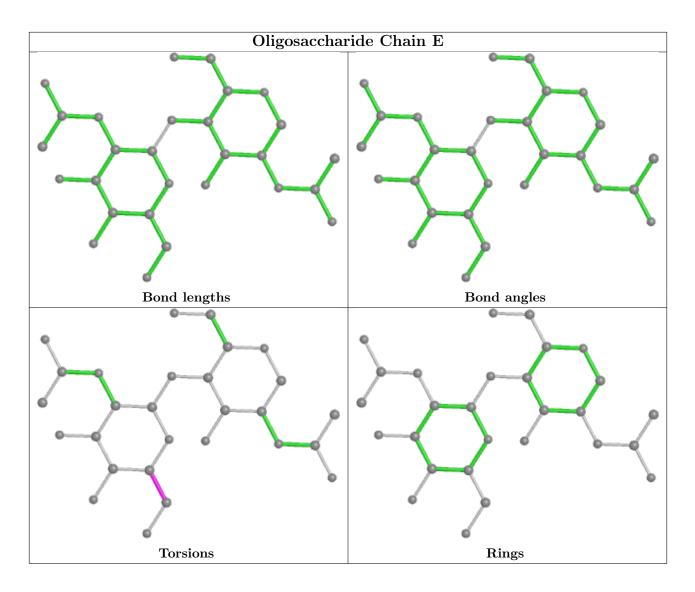
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







# 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

13 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Res		Dec	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
3	NAG	А	1305	1	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.60	1 (5%)	
3	NAG	А	1303	1	14,14,15	0.89	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.24	1 (5%)	
3	NAG	А	1307	1	14,14,15	0.36	0	17,19,21	0.50	0	



Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	A	1301	1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.21	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.44	0
3	NAG	А	1308	1	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
3	NAG	А	1304	1	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.34	0
3	NAG	А	1309	1	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
3	NAG	А	1311	1	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.43	0
3	NAG	А	1302	1	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.58	0
3	NAG	А	1312	1	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.50	0
3	NAG	А	1300	1	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.52	0
3	NAG	А	1310	1	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
3	NAG	А	1306	1	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.40	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	А	1305	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1303	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1307	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1301	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1308	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1304	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1309	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1311	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1302	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1312	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1300	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1310	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	А	1306	1	_	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	А	1303	NAG	O5-C1	3.19	1.48	1.43

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	1303	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.87	118.79	112.19



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	1305	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.09	115.02	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 23 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	1309	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	А	1309	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	А	1306	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	А	1304	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	А	1306	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

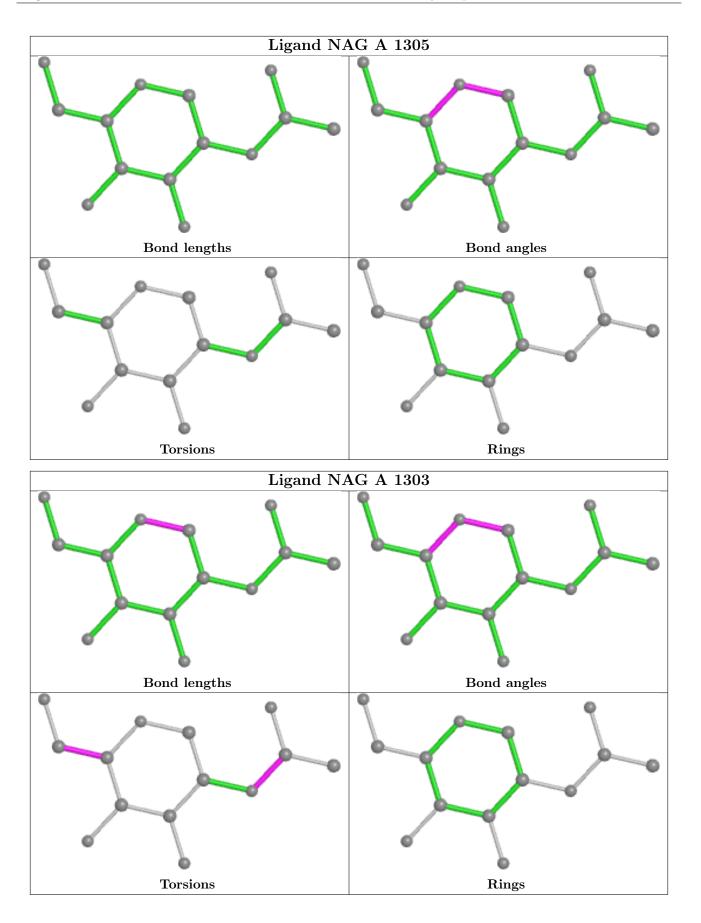
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

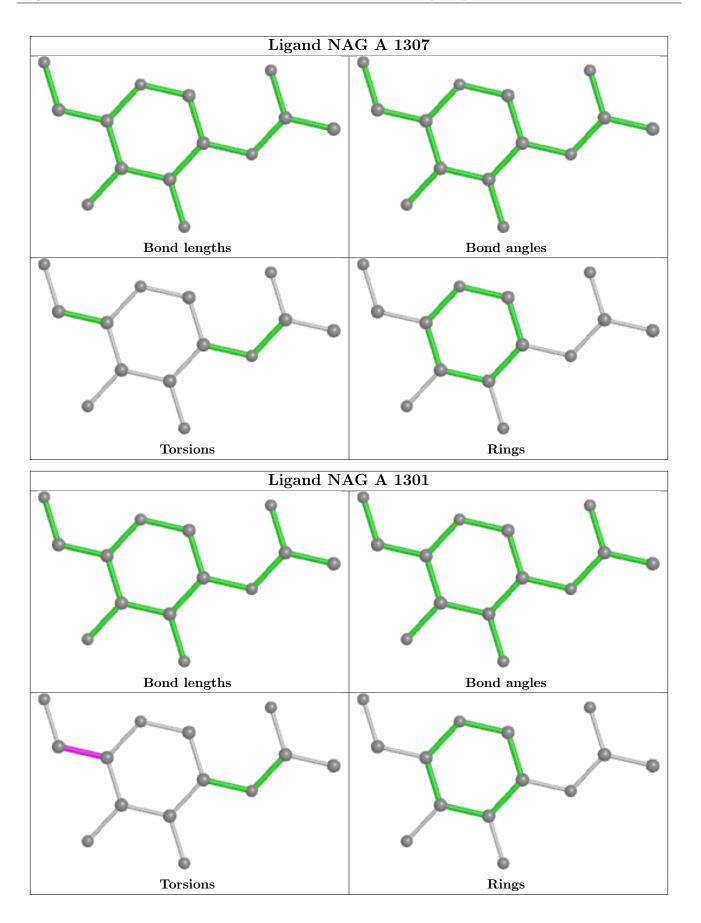
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	А	1301	NAG	1	0
3	А	1310	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

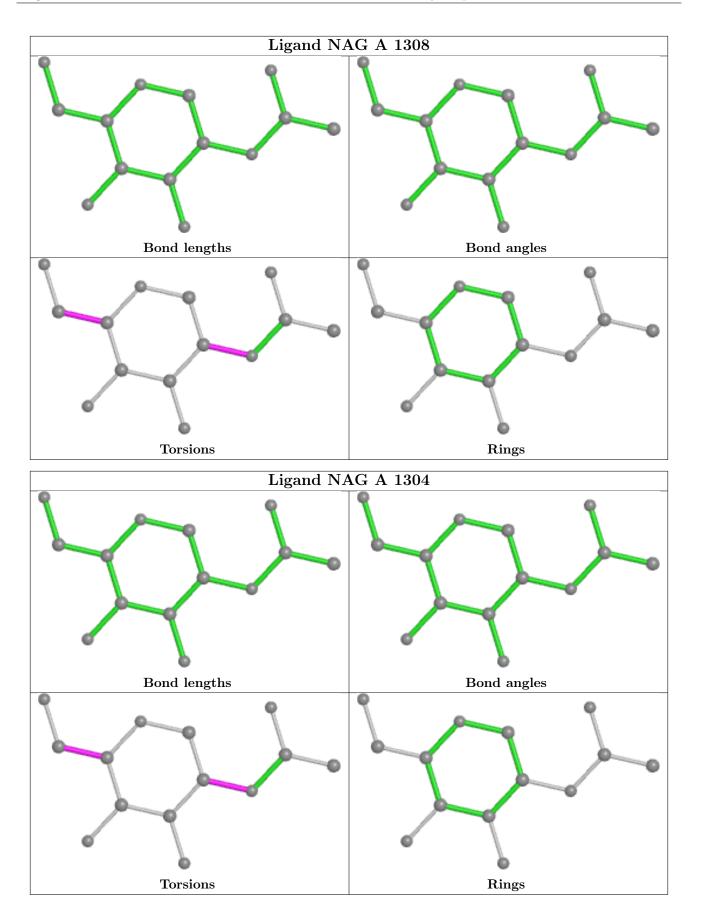




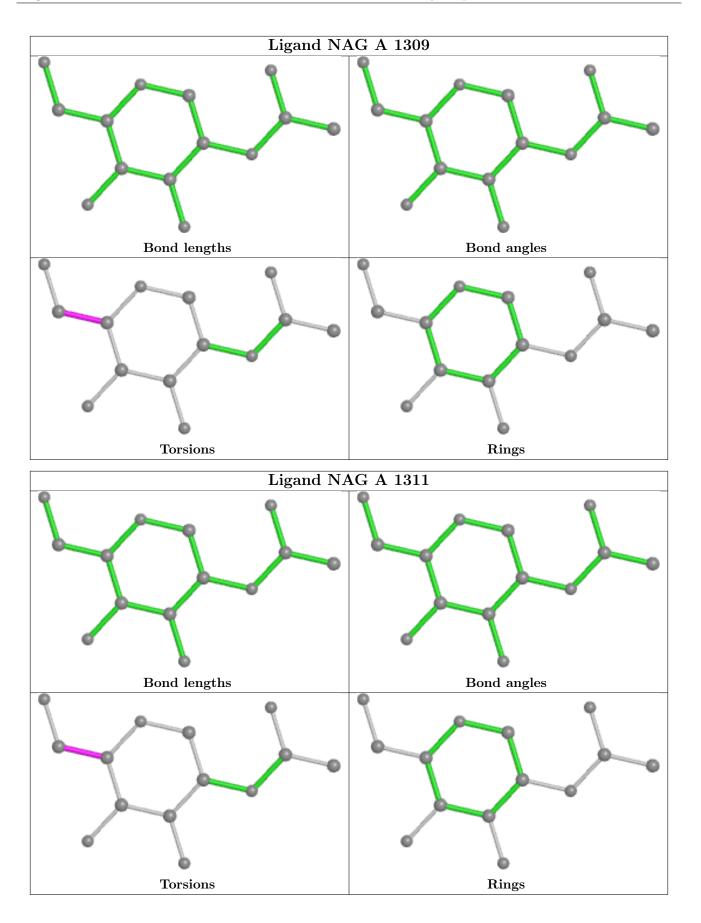




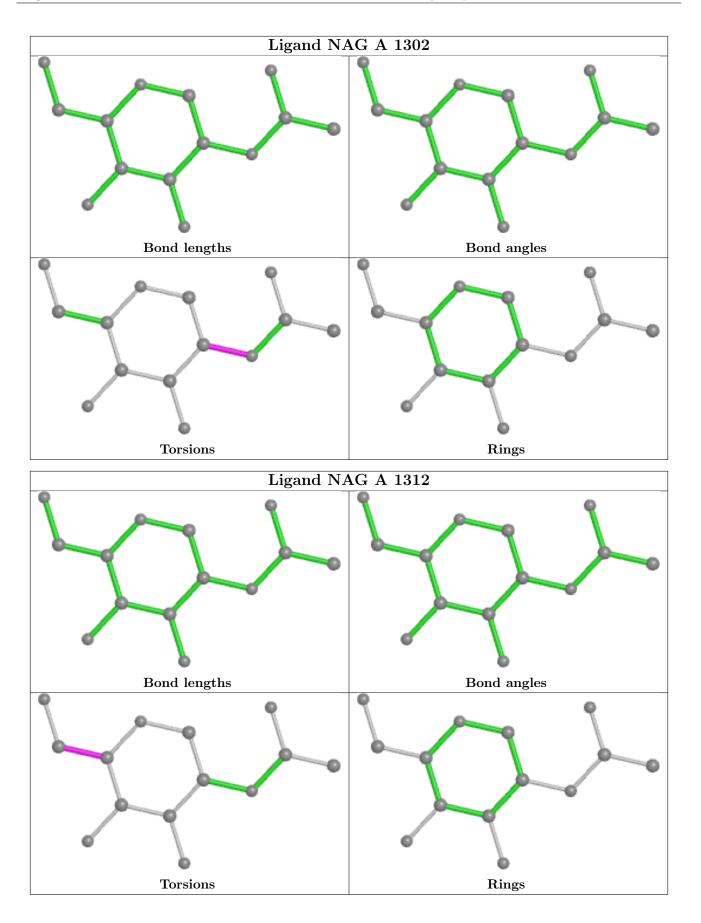




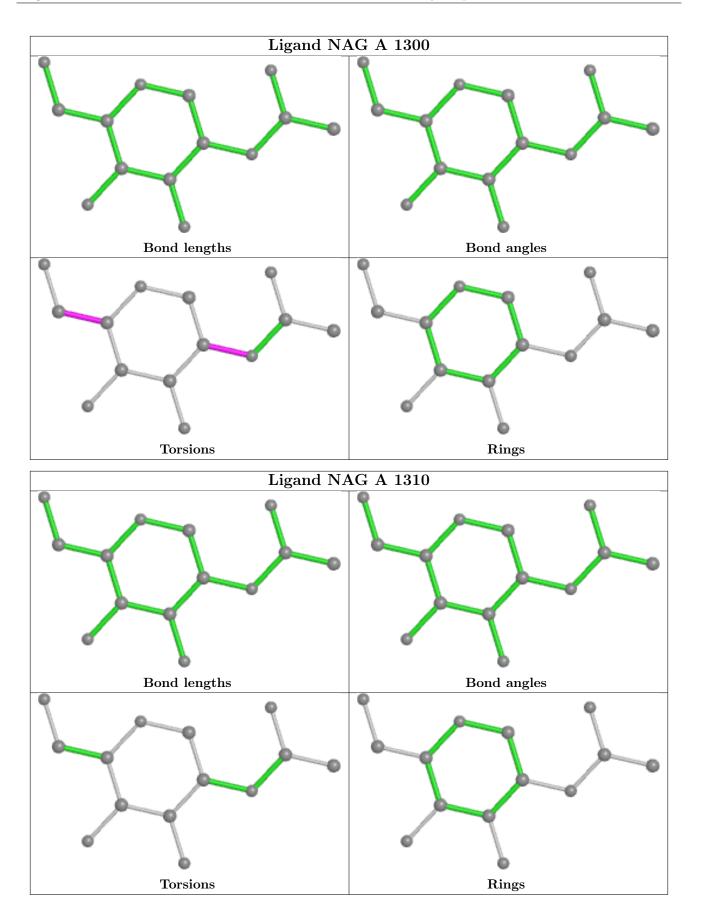




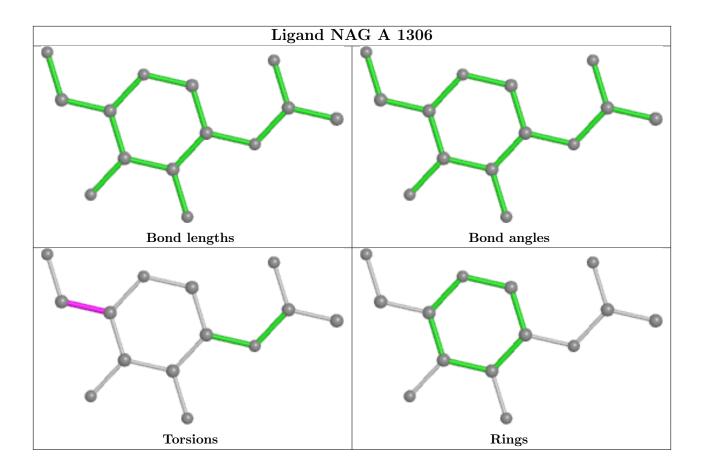












# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



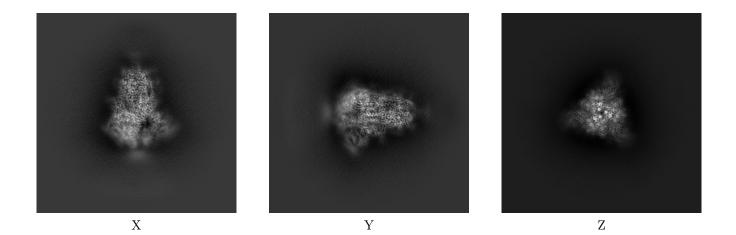
# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-37910. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

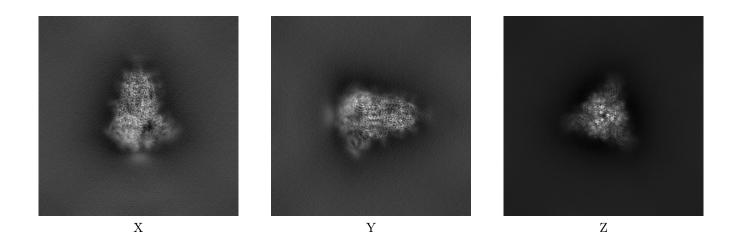
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

# 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

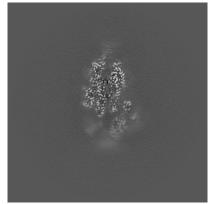


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

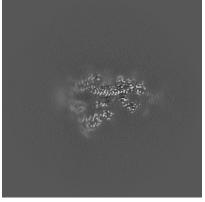


# 6.2 Central slices (i)

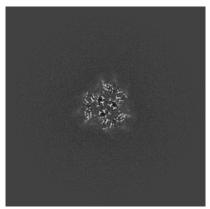
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 192

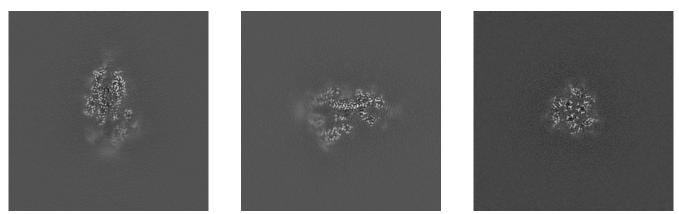


Y Index: 192



Z Index: 192

#### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 192

Y Index: 192

Z Index: 192

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



## 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

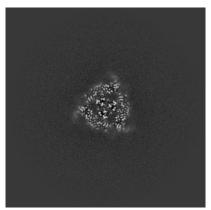
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 187

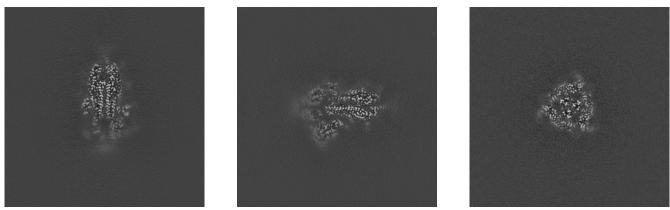


Y Index: 184



Z Index: 187

#### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 187

Y Index: 184

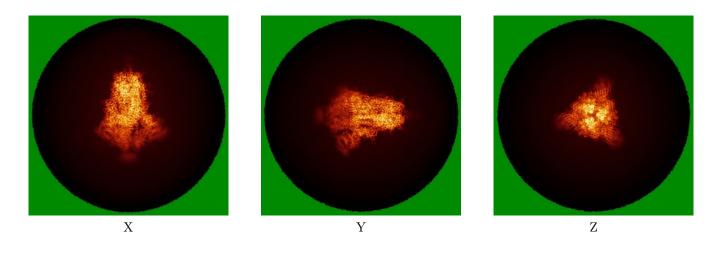


The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

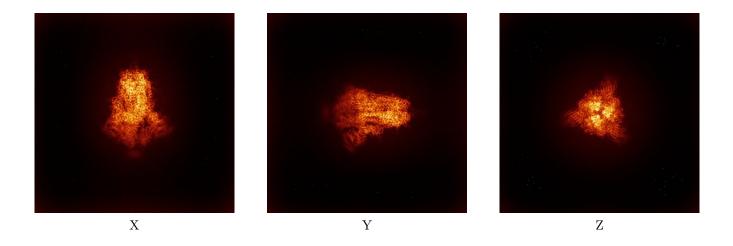


## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



# 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



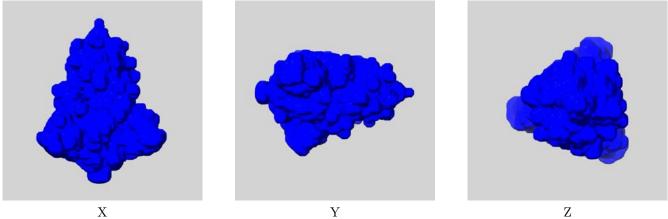
#### Mask visualisation (i) 6.6

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

#### emd\_37910\_msk\_1.map (i) 6.6.1

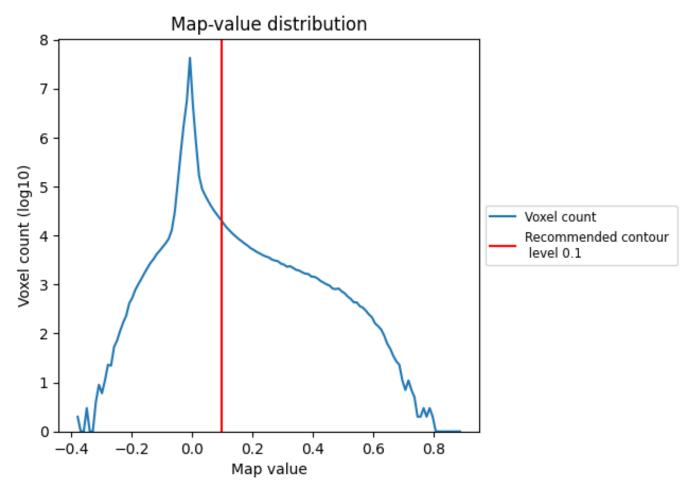




# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

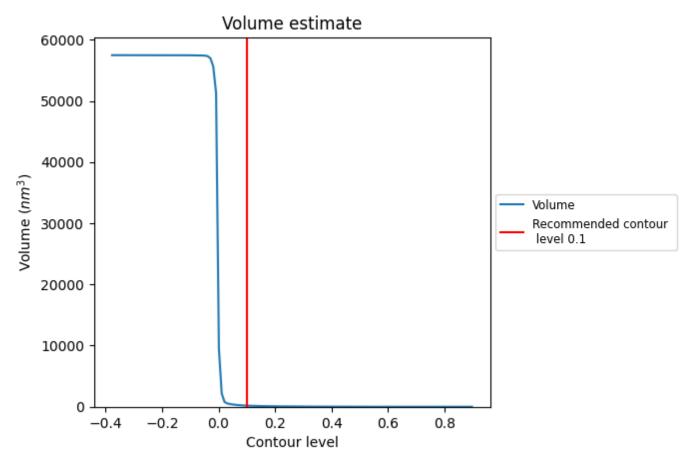
# 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



# 7.2 Volume estimate (i)

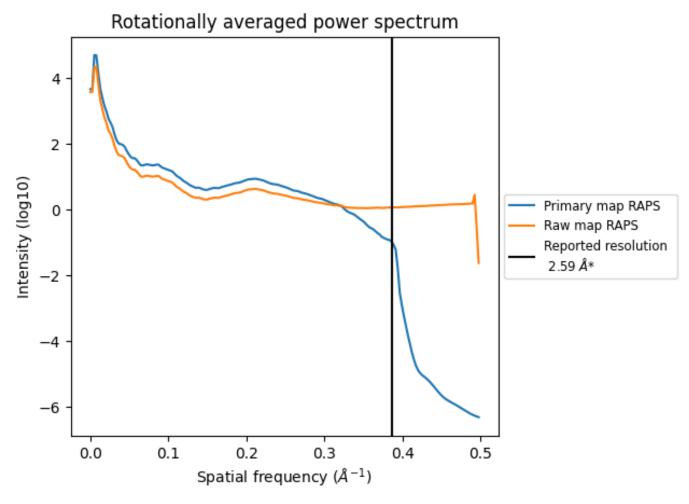


The volume at the recommended contour level is  $185 \text{ nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 168 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



# 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



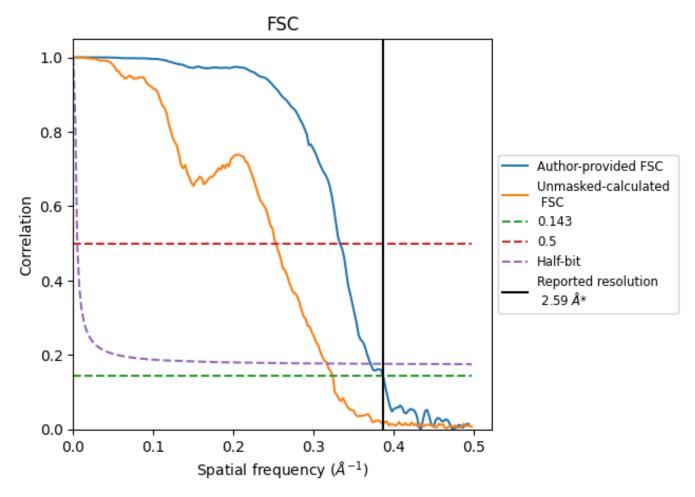
\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.386  ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$ 



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.386  $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$ 



# 8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
Resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	
Reported by author	2.59	-	-	
Author-provided FSC curve	2.59	3.01	2.69	
Unmasked-calculated*	3.09	3.96	3.16	

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.09 differs from the reported value 2.59 by more than 10 %

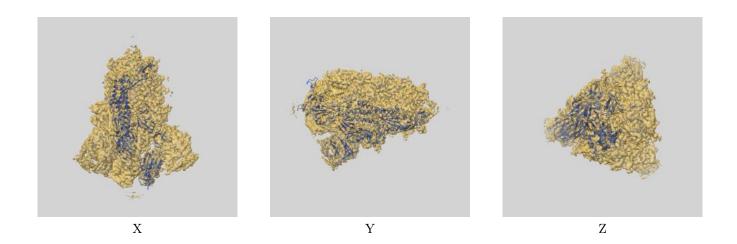


# 9 Map-model fit (i)

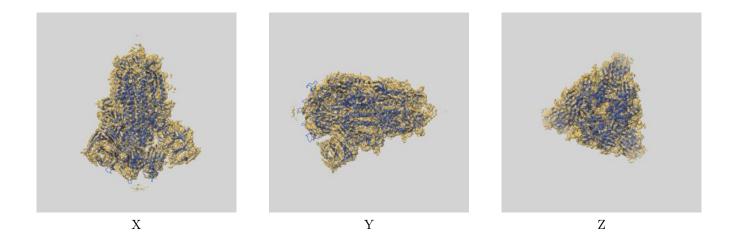
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-37910 and PDB model 8WXL. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

# 9.1 Map-model overlays

#### 9.1.1 Map-model overlay (i)



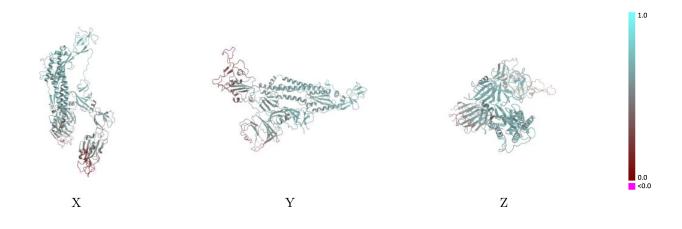
#### 9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

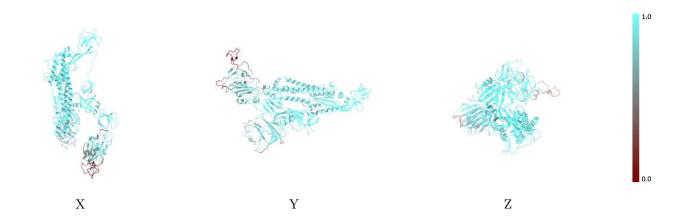


### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

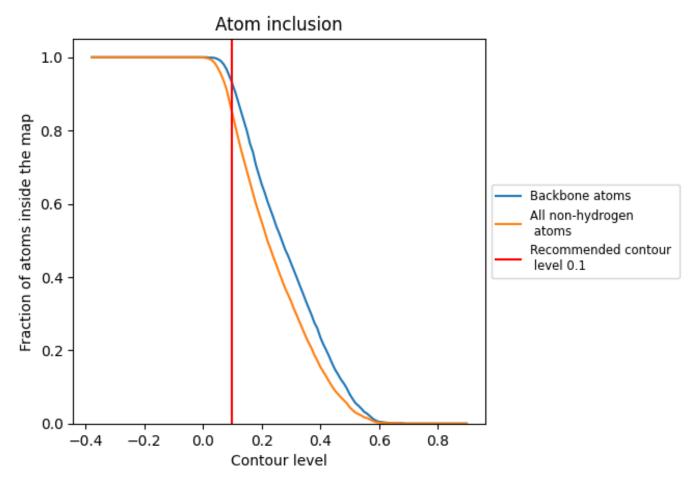
#### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.1).



## 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 93% of all backbone atoms, 85% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



# 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.1) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8480	0.5300
А	0.8480	0.5300
D	0.8210	0.5370
Е	0.9290	0.5610



