

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 14, 2020 - 01:41 am BST

PDB ID	:	2X2A
Title	:	Free acetyl-CypA trigonal form
Authors	:	Lammers, M.; Neumann, H.; Chin, J.W.; James, L.C.
Deposited on		
$\operatorname{Resolution}$:	1.40 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

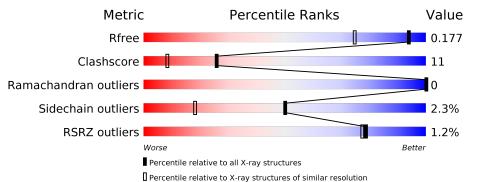
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	1714(1.40-1.40)
Clashscore	141614	1812 (1.40-1.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1763(1.40-1.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1762(1.40-1.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1674(1.40-1.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	165	85%	12%	
1	В	165	84%	15%	•••



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3130 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

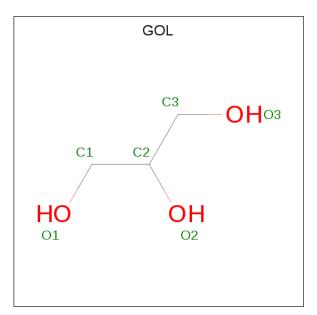
• Molecule 1 is a protein called PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS-TRANS ISOMERASE A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	1 A	165	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0
		105	1268	805	219	235	9	0		
1	В	164	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0
	1 B	104	1260	800	218	234	8	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	120	LYS	GLU	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP P62937
В	120	LYS	GLU	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP P62937

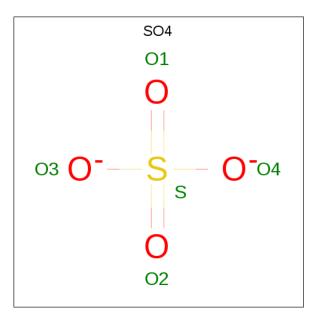
• Molecule 2 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total 6	${ m C} { m 3}$	O 3	0	0



 $\bullet\,$ Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: ${\rm O_4S}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
3	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

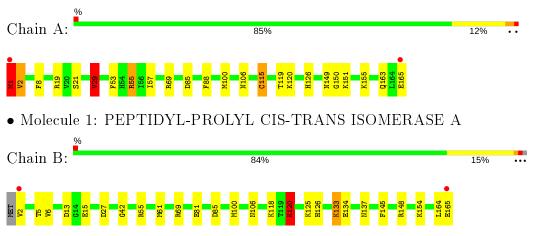
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	298	Total O 298 298	0	0
4	В	288	Total O 288 288	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS-TRANS ISOMERASE A





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	64.30Å 64.30 Å 173.90 Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	57.95 - 1.40	Depositor
Resolution (A)	27.84 - 1.40	EDS
% Data completeness	$99.6\ (57.95-1.40)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$99.6\ (27.84\text{-}1.40)$	EDS
R _{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.11 (at 1.40 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.123 , 0.161	Depositor
$\mathbf{n}, \mathbf{n}_{free}$	0.140 , 0.177	DCC
R_{free} test set	4140 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	13.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.061	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 40.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.029 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	3130	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.22% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, SO4, ALY

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	1.22	4/1283~(0.3%)	1.13	7/1718~(0.4%)	
1	В	1.32	9/1275~(0.7%)	1.10	9/1708~(0.5%)	
All	All	1.27	13/2558~(0.5%)	1.12	16/3426~(0.5%)	

All (13) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms		$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	В	15	GLU	CD-OE1	9.90	1.36	1.25
1	В	120	LYS	CD-CE	9.85	1.75	1.51
1	В	120	LYS	CG-CD	9.14	1.83	1.52
1	В	6	VAL	CB-CG2	-7.93	1.36	1.52
1	А	115	CYS	CB-SG	-7.33	1.69	1.82
1	А	29	VAL	CB-CG2	-7.32	1.37	1.52
1	В	81	GLU	CG-CD	6.72	1.62	1.51
1	В	134	GLU	CD-OE1	6.42	1.32	1.25
1	В	81	GLU	CB-CG	6.18	1.64	1.52
1	В	15	GLU	CD-OE2	5.44	1.31	1.25
1	А	21	SER	CB-OG	-5.34	1.35	1.42
1	А	149	ASN	CG-ND2	5.29	1.46	1.32
1	В	15	GLU	CG-CD	5.08	1.59	1.51

All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	120	LYS	CG-CD-CE	-10.50	80.40	111.90
1	А	1	MET	CG-SD-CE	-10.46	83.47	100.20
1	А	19	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.30	116.15	120.30
1	В	13	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-7.71	111.36	118.30
1	В	120	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	6.98	127.75	111.70
1	В	55	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.84	116.88	120.30

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	69	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.49	123.54	120.30
1	В	148	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.19	117.20	120.30
1	А	2	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	6.01	119.92	110.90
1	А	55	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.81	117.39	120.30
1	В	27	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.47	123.22	118.30
1	В	69	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.38	122.99	120.30
1	В	133	LYS	CA-CB-CG	5.18	124.80	113.40
1	А	88	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	5.16	124.41	120.80
1	В	13	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.11	122.90	118.30
1	А	8	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-5.08	117.25	120.80

Continued from previous page...

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1268	0	1244	28	0
1	В	1260	0	1232	24	0
2	А	6	0	8	0	0
3	А	5	0	0	0	0
3	В	5	0	0	1	0
4	А	298	0	0	24	2
4	В	288	0	0	10	1
All	All	3130	0	2484	53	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (53) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic}\\ {\rm distance}~({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:120:LYS:CD	1:B:120:LYS:CE	1.75	1.56
1:B:120:LYS:CD	1:B:120:LYS:CG	1.83	1.51
1:A:115:CYS:SG	4:A:2219:HOH:O	1.93	1.20

Continued on next page...



Continued from prev		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)	
1:A:29:VAL:HG22	4:A:2060:HOH:O	1.02	1.20	
1:B:120:LYS:CG	1:B:120:LYS:CE	2.31	1.07	
1:A:1:MET:CA	4:A:2004:HOH:O	2.13	0.96	
1:A:55:ARG:NE	4:A:2123:HOH:O	1.90	0.92	
1:A:151:LYS:HE2	4:A:2267:HOH:O	1.70	0.91	
1:B:137:ASN:HB3	4:B:2238:HOH:O	1.74	0.87	
1:A:1:MET:C	4:A:2004:HOH:O	2.15	0.85	
1:B:120:LYS:HE3	4:B:2218:HOH:O	1.78	0.84	
1:B:120:LYS:NZ	1:B:120:LYS:HG2	1.94	0.83	
1:A:29:VAL:CG2	4:A:2060:HOH:O	1.75	0.82	
1:A:115:CYS:HB3	4:A:2219:HOH:O	1.82	0.80	
1:A:1:MET:N	4:A:2002:HOH:O	2.17	0.78	
1:A:55:ARG:NH2	4:A:2123:HOH:O	2.17	0.78	
1:A:115:CYS:CB	4:A:2219:HOH:O	2.20	0.76	
1:B:85:ASP:H	1:B:106:ASN:HD22	1.33	0.75	
1:A:119:THR:CG2	4:A:2219:HOH:O	2.35	0.75	
1:B:2:VAL:N	4:B:2001:HOH:O	2.22	0.72	
1:A:2:VAL:N	4:A:2004:HOH:O	2.22	0.72	
1:A:53:PHE:O	4:A:2117:HOH:O	2.08	0.71	
1:A:85:ASP:H	1:A:106:ASN:HD22	1.37	0.71	
1:B:5:THR:HG22	1:B:164:LEU:HD12	1.73	0.70	
1:A:119:THR:HG23	4:A:2219:HOH:O	1.96	0.65	
1:A:151:LYS:O	4:A:2261:HOH:O	2.14	0.65	
1:B:120:LYS:HG2	1:B:120:LYS:CE	2.21	0.64	
1:B:133:LYS:HE2	4:B:2002:HOH:O	1.99	0.62	
1:B:120:LYS:CD	1:B:120:LYS:CB	2.74	0.60	
1:A:155:LYS:HD3	4:A:2015:HOH:O	2.01	0.60	
1:A:55:ARG:CZ	4:A:2123:HOH:O	2.36	0.60	
1:B:126:HIS:HE1	4:B:2226:HOH:O	1.86	0.59	
1:B:5:THR:CG2	1:B:164:LEU:HD12	2.32	0.59	
1:A:29:VAL:CG1	4:A:2060:HOH:O	2.46	0.58	
1:B:42:GLY:CA	4:B:2083:HOH:O	2.53	0.57	
1:A:29:VAL:CB	4:A:2060:HOH:O	2.22	0.56	
1:A:1:MET:HA	4:A:2004:HOH:O	1.90	0.54	
1:B:145:PHE:CE1	1:B:154:LYS:HD2	2.41	0.54	
3:B:1166:SO4:O2	4:B:2287:HOH:O	2.17	0.54	
1:B:120:LYS:NZ	1:B:120:LYS:CG	2.62	0.53	
1:B:42:GLY:HA2	4:B:2083:HOH:O	2.08	0.53	
1:B:164:LEU:O	1:B:165:GLU:HG3	2.09	0.53	
1:B:120:LYS:HG2	1:B:120:LYS:HZ3	1.73	0.52	
1:A:119:THR:HG21	4:A:2219:HOH:O	2.06	0.50	

Continued from previous page...

Continued on next page...



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	\mathbf{Clash}
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:B:42:GLY:C	4:B:2083:HOH:O	2.51	0.48
1:B:118:LYS:NZ	4:B:2216:HOH:O	2.46	0.47
1:B:125:ALY:HH31	1:B:125:ALY:HE2	1.62	0.47
1:A:100:MET:O	1:A:126:HIS:HD2	1.99	0.46
1:B:100:MET:O	1:B:126:HIS:HD2	1.99	0.45
1:A:29:VAL:HG13	4:A:2060:HOH:O	2.11	0.45
1:A:57:ILE:HD13	1:A:150:GLY:CA	2.49	0.43
1:A:163:GLN:NE2	4:A:2285:HOH:O	1.99	0.42
1:A:85:ASP:H	1:A:106:ASN:ND2	2.10	0.42

Continued from previous page...

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic}\\ {\rm distance}~({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:2244:HOH:O	4:B:2039:HOH:O[3_655]	1.47	0.73
4:A:2161:HOH:O	4:A:2250:HOH:O[4_545]	1.85	0.35

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percer	ntiles
1	А	162/165~(98%)	155~(96%)	7 (4%)	0	100	100
1	В	161/165~(98%)	156 (97%)	5(3%)	0	100	100
All	All	323/330~(98%)	311~(96%)	12~(4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar



resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	132/132~(100%)	128~(97%)	4(3%)	41 10
1	В	131/132~(99%)	129~(98%)	2(2%)	65 37
All	All	263/264~(100%)	257~(98%)	6 (2%)	50 18

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	1	MET
1	А	29	VAL
1	А	120	LYS
1	А	165	GLU
1	В	61	MET
1	В	120	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	106	ASN
1	А	126	HIS
1	В	106	ASN
1	В	126	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection.



Mol	Trrne	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			B	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	туре	Cham	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
1	ALY	В	125	1	10, 11, 12	1.71	3 (30%)	7,12,14	1.51	2 (28%)
1	ALY	А	125	1	$10,\!11,\!12$	1.68	3 (30%)	7,12,14	1.12	0

RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	ALY	В	125	1	-	2/9/10/12	-
1	ALY	А	125	1	-	1/9/10/12	-

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	В	125	ALY	CH3-CH	-3.59	1.43	1.50
1	А	125	ALY	CE-NZ	2.81	1.52	1.46
1	В	125	ALY	OH-CH	2.75	1.29	1.23
1	А	125	ALY	CH3-CH	2.70	1.56	1.50
1	А	125	ALY	CB-CA	2.32	1.56	1.53
1	В	125	ALY	CB-CA	-2.23	1.50	1.53

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	125	ALY	CE-NZ-CH	2.65	126.63	122.56
1	В	125	ALY	CH3-CH-NZ	-2.51	111.65	116.09

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms
1	В	125	ALY	OH-CH-NZ-CE
1	В	125	ALY	CH3-CH-NZ-CE
1	А	125	ALY	CE-CD-CG-CB

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	125	ALY	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
2	GOL	А	1166	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.76	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.93	0	
3	SO4	В	1166	-	$4,\!4,\!4$	0.66	0	6,6,6	1.05	0	
3	SO4	А	1167	-	$4,\!4,\!4$	0.53	0	6,6,6	0.44	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GOL	А	1166	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	1166	SO4	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# RSRZ {>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	164/165~(99%)	-0.51	2 (1%) 79 77	9, 13, 22, 38	0
1	В	163/165~(98%)	-0.38	2 (1%) 79 77	11, 16, 26, 45	0
All	All	327/330 (99%)	-0.44	4 (1%) 79 77	9, 14, 25, 45	0

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	2	VAL	6.7
1	В	165	GLU	4.2
1	А	165	GLU	2.5
1	А	1	MET	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
1	ALY	В	125	12/13	0.94	0.09	14,18,25,28	0
1	ALY	А	125	12/13	0.96	0.06	$9,\!15,\!18,\!18$	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	\mathbf{RSR}	$\mathbf{B} extsf{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GOL	А	1166	6/6	0.96	0.05	20,23,25,26	0
3	SO4	В	1166	5/5	0.96	0.28	$37,\!43,\!45,\!45$	0
3	SO4	А	1167	5/5	0.99	0.12	$23,\!25,\!31,\!31$	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

