

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Feb 29, 2024 – 12:17 PM JST

PDB ID : 5X30

Title: Crystal structure of Pseudomonas putida methionine gamma-lyase C116H mu-

tant with L-homocysteine intermediates.

Authors: Shiba, T.; Sato, D.; Harada, S.

Deposited on : 2017-02-02

Resolution : 1.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

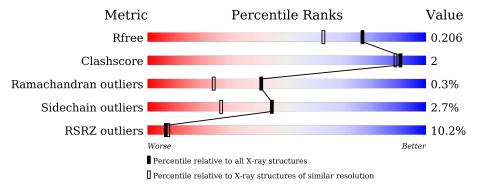
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	4298 (1.70-1.70)
Clashscore	141614	4695 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4610 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4610 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4222 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	398	94%	
1	С	398	9%	6%
2	В	398	91%	7% ••
2	D	398	95%	5%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13001 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called L-methionine gamma-lyase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	392	Total 2970	C 1874	- 1	0	P 1	D	0	0	0
1	С	393	Total 2975	C 1877	- '	O 555	P 1	S 16	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	116	HIS	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P13254
С	116	HIS	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P13254

• Molecule 2 is a protein called L-methionine gamma-lyase.

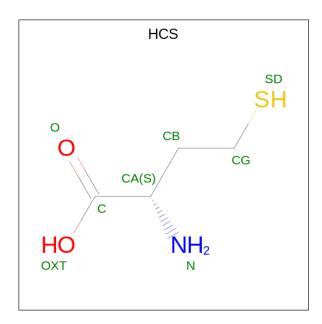
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
9	D	392	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
	2 D	392	2963	1870	525	552	16	0	1	
9	D	398	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
	ש	J90	3010	1898	537	558	17	0	1	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	n Residue Modelled Actual		Comment	Reference	
В	116	HIS	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P13254
D	116	HIS	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P13254

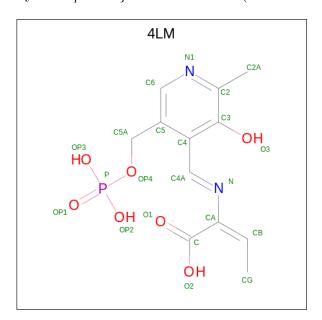
• Molecule 3 is 2-AMINO-4-MERCAPTO-BUTYRIC ACID (three-letter code: HCS) (formula:  $C_4H_9NO_2S$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
3	3 A	1	8	4	1	2	1	0		
9	С	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
3		1	8	4	1	2	1	0		

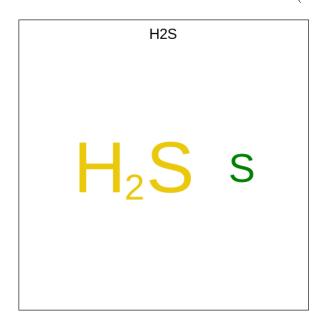
• Molecule 4 is (2E)-2-{[(1E)-{3-hydroxy-2-methyl-5-[(phosphonooxy)methyl]pyridin-4-yl}me thylidene]amino}but-2-enoic acid (three-letter code: 4LM) (formula:  $C_{12}H_{15}N_2O_7P$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
4	В	1	Total 22	C 12	_	O 7	P 1	0	0

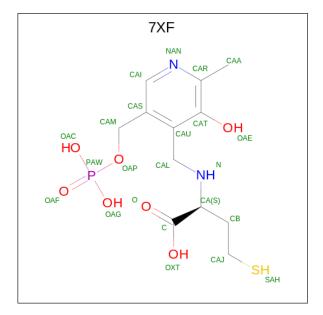


• Molecule 5 is HYDROSULFURIC ACID (three-letter code: H2S) (formula: H<sub>2</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total S 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is (2 {S})-2-[[2-methyl-3-oxidanyl-5-(phosphonooxymethyl)pyridin-4-yl]methyla mino]-4-sulfanyl-butanoic acid (three-letter code: 7XF) (formula:  $C_{12}H_{19}N_2O_7PS$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
6	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	0
0	D	1	23	12	2	7	1	1	U	U



### • Molecule 7 is water.

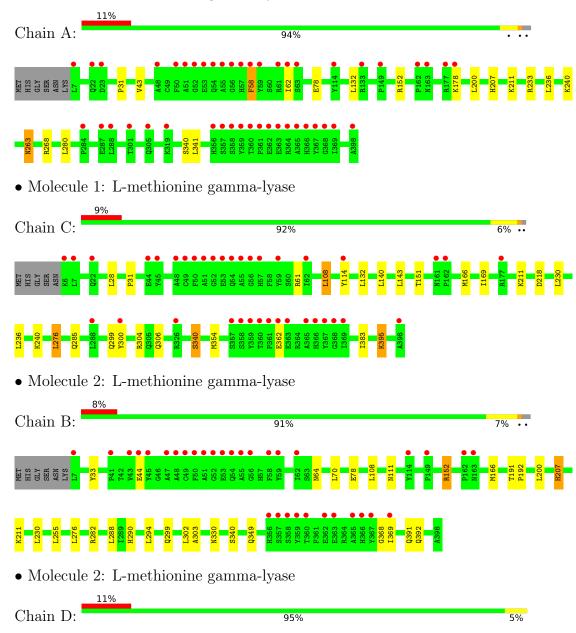
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	194	Total O 194 194	0	0
7	В	292	Total O 292 292	0	0
7	С	268	Total O 268 268	0	0
7	D	267	Total O 267 267	0	0



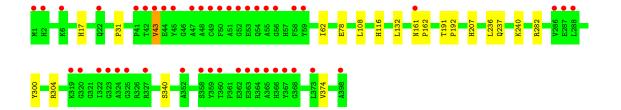
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: L-methionine gamma-lyase









# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	153.75Å 152.97Å 80.59Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 1.70	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.98  -  1.70	EDS
% Data completeness	99.4 (20.00-1.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.5 (19.98-1.70)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.28 (at 1.70Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0103	Depositor
D D	0.170 , 0.195	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.180 , $0.206$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	10413  reflections  (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.069	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39, 45.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.009 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	13001	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.50% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LLP, HCS, 4LM, 7XF, H2S

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Chain		Bond lengths		ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.45	0/3010	0.71	2/4086~(0.0%)
1	С	0.47	0/3015	0.71	1/4093~(0.0%)
2	В	0.49	0/3028	0.72	$2/4111 \ (0.0\%)$
2	D	0.49	0/3077	0.70	1/4175~(0.0%)
All	All	0.48	0/12130	0.71	6/16465~(0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers	
2	В	0	1	

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	282	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.09	123.35	120.30
1	A	268	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.56	123.08	120.30
2	В	152	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.48	123.04	120.30
1	A	233	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.39	123.00	120.30
2	D	282	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.38	122.99	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	В	207	HIS	Peptide



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2970	0	2926	6	0
1	С	2975	0	2928	13	0
2	В	2963	0	2926	15	0
2	D	3010	0	2975	12	0
3	A	8	0	8	0	0
3	С	8	0	8	2	0
4	В	22	0	11	2	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
6	D	23	0	0	0	0
7	A	194	0	0	0	0
7	В	292	0	0	1	0
7	С	268	0	0	1	0
7	D	267	0	0	3	0
All	All	13001	0	11782	41	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 41 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:C:169:ILE:H	1:C:306:GLN:HE22	1.37	0.73
1:C:61:ARG:HH22	2:D:116:HIS:CD2	2.10	0.69
2:B:288:LEU:HD21	2:B:290:HIS:NE2	2.08	0.68
2:B:166:MET:H	2:B:299:GLN:HE22	1.43	0.65
2:B:211:LYS:HZ3	4:B:401:4LM:C4A	2.10	0.65

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries



of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	389/398 (98%)	376 (97%)	12 (3%)	1 (0%)	41	24
1	С	390/398 (98%)	380 (97%)	9 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	24
2	В	391/398 (98%)	380 (97%)	10 (3%)	1 (0%)	41	24
2	D	397/398 (100%)	386 (97%)	10 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	24
All	All	1567/1592 (98%)	1522 (97%)	41 (3%)	4 (0%)	41	24

#### All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	340	SER
1	С	340	SER
2	D	340	SER
1	A	340	SER

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	301/306 (98%)	293 (97%)	8 (3%)	44	26
1	C	301/306 (98%)	292 (97%)	9 (3%)	41	22
2	В	303/307 (99%)	291 (96%)	12 (4%)	31	13
2	D	308/307 (100%)	304 (99%)	4 (1%)	69	56
All	All	1213/1226 (99%)	1180 (97%)	33 (3%)	44	26

5 of 33 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

	$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Res	Type
	1	С	395	LYS
	2	D	43	VAL
ĺ	2	D	374	VAL

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	152	ARG
2	В	111	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 38 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	17	HIS
2	D	237	GLN
2	D	34	GLN
2	D	187	ASN
2	D	330	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			B	ond ang	les
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	LLP	С	211	1	23,24,25	2.85	5 (21%)	25,32,34	1.38	6 (24%)
1	LLP	A	211	1	23,24,25	2.86	5 (21%)	25,32,34	1.39	4 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	LLP	С	211	1	-	5/16/17/19	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	LLP	A	211	1	-	4/16/17/19	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	С	211	LLP	C3-C2	7.64	1.48	1.40
1	A	211	LLP	C3-C2	7.02	1.47	1.40
1	A	211	LLP	C4-C5	6.75	1.50	1.42
1	С	211	LLP	C4-C3	6.18	1.50	1.40
1	С	211	LLP	C4'-NZ	5.99	1.47	1.27

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	211	LLP	C6-N1-C2	3.10	124.91	119.17
1	A	211	LLP	C2'-C2-N1	2.68	122.90	117.67
1	С	211	LLP	C6-N1-C2	2.64	124.05	119.17
1	С	211	LLP	C3-C4-C5	-2.43	116.39	118.26
1	A	211	LLP	OP3-P-OP2	2.38	116.73	107.64

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	211	LLP	O-C-CA-CB
1	С	211	LLP	O-C-CA-CB
1	С	211	LLP	C4-C4'-NZ-CE
1	A	211	LLP	C4-C4'-NZ-CE
1	С	211	LLP	CA-CB-CG-CD

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is modelled with single atom - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trmo	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	4LM	В	401	-	21,22,22	1.73	4 (19%)	25,31,31	1.88	7 (28%)
3	HCS	С	501	-	6,7,7	1.14	1 (16%)	7,8,8	2.61	3 (42%)
6	7XF	D	501	-	23,23,23	2.19	5 (21%)	27,32,32	2.53	5 (18%)
3	HCS	A	501	-	6,7,7	0.98	1 (16%)	7,8,8	3.47	3 (42%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	4LM	В	401	-	-	0/15/17/17	0/1/1/1
3	HCS	С	501	-	-	1/7/7/7	-
6	7XF	D	501	-	-	5/18/18/18	0/1/1/1
3	HCS	A	501	-	-	2/7/7/7	-

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\mathring{A}})$	Ideal(A)
6	D	501	7XF	CB-CA	-7.30	1.36	1.53
4	В	401	4LM	C4-C4A	3.75	1.53	1.46
6	D	501	7XF	CAR-NAN	3.62	1.40	1.33
4	В	401	4LM	C2-N1	3.32	1.40	1.33
4	В	401	4LM	P-OP2	-2.61	1.44	1.54

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
6	D	501	7XF	CB-CAJ-SAH	-9.96	103.36	113.74

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	501	HCS	CB-CG-SD	-8.23	105.16	113.74
4	В	401	4LM	O2-C-CA	5.69	122.80	113.42
3	С	501	HCS	CG-CB-CA	5.54	122.19	113.14
6	D	501	7XF	CAL-N-CA	5.03	123.45	113.92

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	501	HCS	N-CA-CB-CG
3	A	501	HCS	C-CA-CB-CG
3	С	501	HCS	CA-CB-CG-SD
6	D	501	7XF	N-CAL-CAU-CAS
6	D	501	7XF	CB-CA-N-CAL

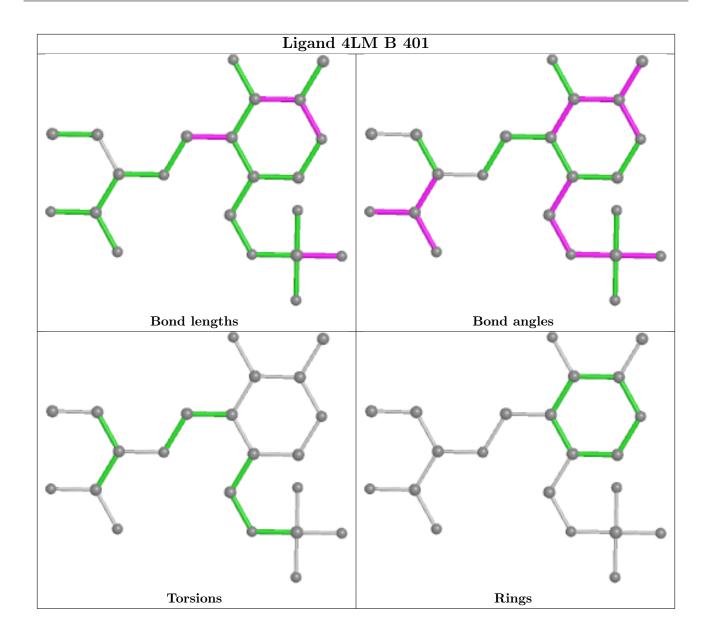
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

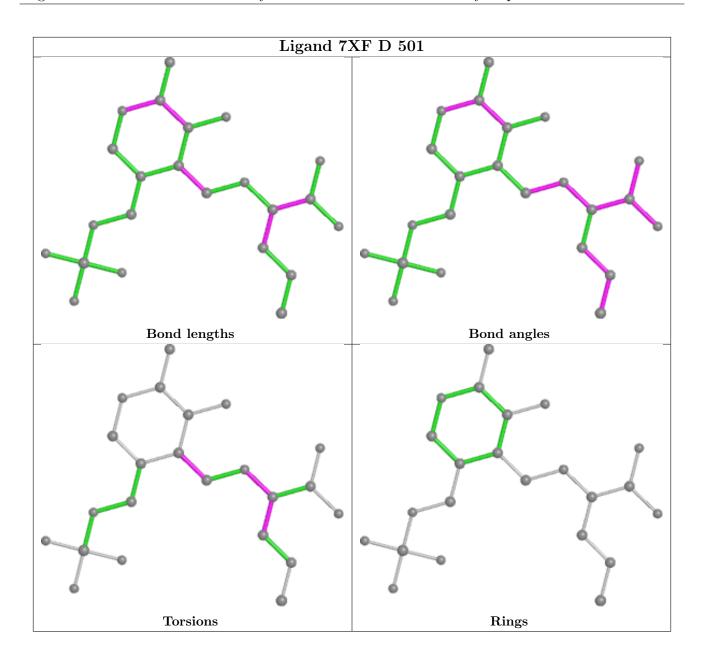
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	401	4LM	2	0
3	С	501	HCS	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	391/398 (98%)	0.59	45 (11%) 4 5	15, 29, 71, 119	0
1	С	392/398 (98%)	0.29	37 (9%) 8 9	13, 23, 68, 98	0
2	В	392/398 (98%)	0.22	33 (8%) 11 12	13, 21, 57, 112	0
2	D	398/398 (100%)	0.44	45 (11%) 5 6	12, 21, 74, 111	0
All	All	1573/1592 (98%)	0.39	160 (10%) 6 7	12, 23, 68, 119	0

The worst 5 of 160 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	55	ALA	14.7
2	D	51	ALA	14.3
2	D	365	ALA	12.6
2	В	52	GLY	12.3
2	В	55	ALA	12.2

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	LLP	A	211	24/25	0.95	0.10	17,26,31,34	0
1	LLP	С	211	24/25	0.96	0.09	14,21,26,30	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

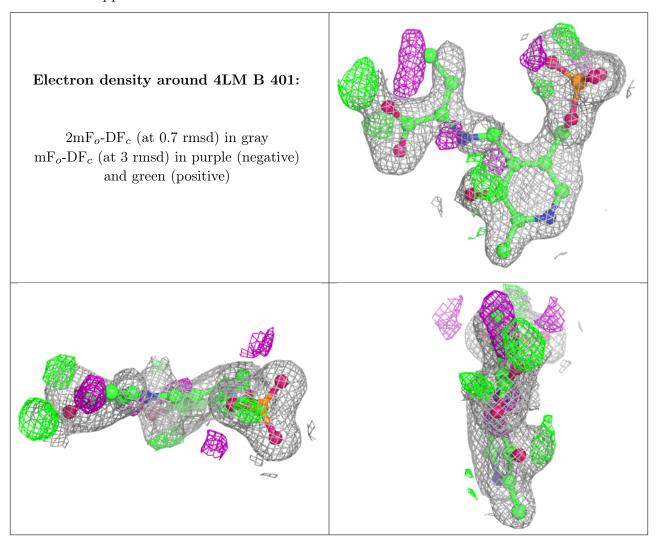


## 6.4 Ligands (i)

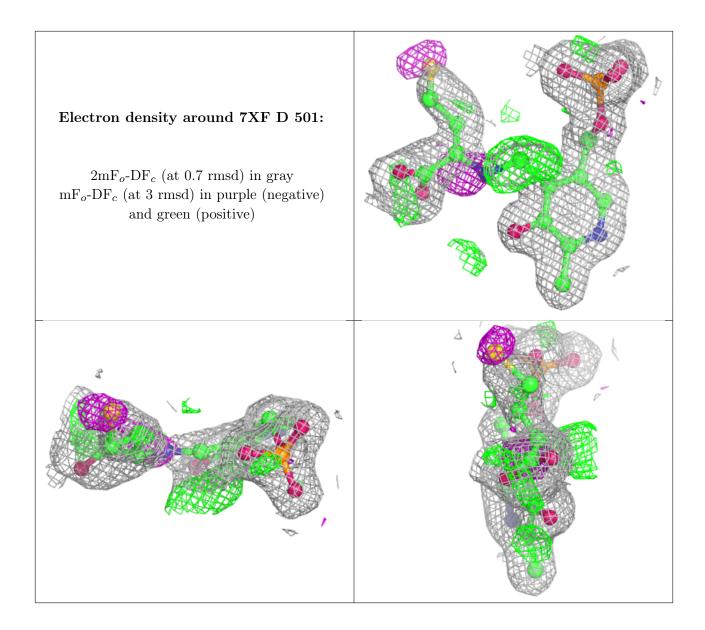
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	HCS	С	501	8/8	0.68	0.27	60,63,64,76	0
3	HCS	A	501	8/8	0.79	0.25	58,63,69,79	0
5	H2S	В	402	1/1	0.84	0.08	74,74,74,74	0
4	4LM	В	401	22/22	0.95	0.13	19,32,47,50	0
6	7XF	D	501	23/23	0.95	0.12	16,26,54,71	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

