

# Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Nov 29, 2022 – 10:43 PM JST

PDB ID : 7X9C

EMDB ID : EMD-33071

Title : Cryo-EM structure of neuropeptide Y Y4 receptor in complex with PP and Gi

Authors: Tang, T.; Han, S.; Zhao, Q.; Wu, B.

Deposited on : 2022-03-15

Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

<a href="https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp">https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp</a>
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ : 1.9.9

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

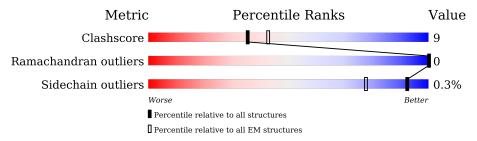
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
	_		12%						
1	R	380		60%		20%	21%		
		25.4	<u>•</u>						
2	A	354		53%	9%		39%		
	-	254	7%						
3	В	351		72%			23% •		
			21%						
4	С	71		70%		6%	24%		
			33%						
5	P	36		72%			28%		



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7219 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Neuropeptide Y receptor type 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	R	302	Total 2358	C 1552	N 391	O 392	S 23	0	0

There are 38 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	343	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	344	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	345	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	346	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	347	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	348	LEU	_	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	349	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	350	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	351	GLY	_	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	352	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	353	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	354	SER	_	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	355	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	356	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	357	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	358	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	359	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	360	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	361	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	362	GLY	_	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	363	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	364	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	365	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	366	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	367	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	368	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	369	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	370	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P50391

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	371	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	372	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	373	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	374	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	375	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	376	PRO	ı	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	377	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	378	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	379	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P50391
R	380	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P50391

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	A	217	Total 1691	C 1082	N 286	O 310	S 13	0	0

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	47	CYS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	202	THR	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	203	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	245	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	326	SER	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P63096

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	В	336	Total 2503	C 1555	N 446	O 481	S 21	0	0

There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	-10	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	-9	HIS	=	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	-7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	-6	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	-5	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	-4	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	-3	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	-1	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	0	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
В	1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P62873

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	С	54	Total 383	C 245	T.	O 70	S 3	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called Pancreatic hormone.

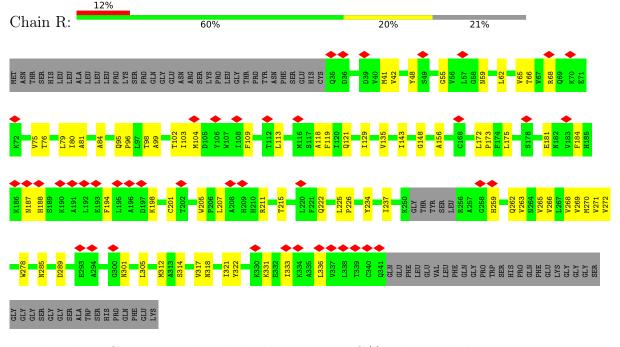
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
5	Р	36	Total	C	N	O 40	S	0	0
	1	30	284	181	52	49	2		



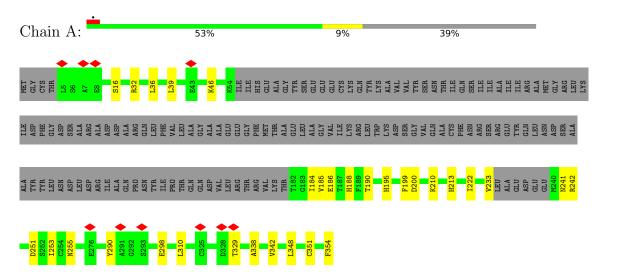
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Neuropeptide Y receptor type 4

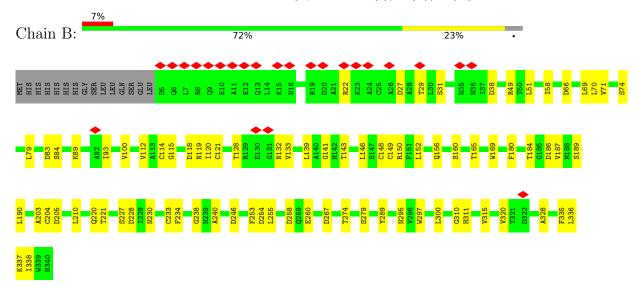


• Molecule 2: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1

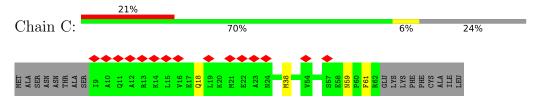




 $\bullet$  Molecule 3: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1



ullet Molecule 4: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2



• Molecule 5: Pancreatic hormone







# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	1047385	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	70	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.219	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.129	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.004	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0188	Depositor
Map size (Å)	267.52, 267.52, 267.52	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.045, 1.045, 1.045	Depositor



## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TYC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	R	0.25	0/2415	0.41	0/3297	
2	A	0.24	0/1720	0.39	0/2316	
3	В	0.24	0/2550	0.44	0/3467	
4	С	0.24	0/389	0.36	0/531	
5	Р	0.24	0/278	0.41	0/380	
All	All	0.24	0/7352	0.41	0/9991	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	R	2358	0	2381	46	0
2	A	1691	0	1650	19	0
3	В	2503	0	2369	54	0
4	С	383	0	370	2	0
5	Р	284	0	277	9	0
All	All	7219	0	7047	122	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.



All (122) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A	A., 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
3:B:115:GLY:HA3	3:B:146:LEU:HD22	1.67	0.76
3:B:79:LEU:HB3	3:B:93:ILE:HB	1.69	0.73
3:B:58:ILE:HD13	3:B:74:SER:HB3	1.72	0.71
1:R:102:THR:HG21	1:R:305:LEU:HD21	1.75	0.69
3:B:49:ARG:HB2	3:B:338:ILE:HB	1.78	0.65
1:R:318:ASN:O	1:R:322:TYR:HB2	1.98	0.63
1:R:76:THR:HG21	2:A:351:CYS:HA	1.80	0.62
2:A:251:ASP:HB2	2:A:310:LEU:HD23	1.81	0.62
3:B:93:ILE:HG12	3:B:133:VAL:HG11	1.81	0.61
1:R:55:GLY:O	1:R:59:ASN:ND2	2.34	0.60
1:R:48:TYR:OH	1:R:305:LEU:O	2.21	0.59
1:R:205:TRP:HE3	1:R:211:ARG:HG2	1.66	0.59
3:B:128:THR:OG1	3:B:132:ASN:O	2.21	0.58
1:R:75:VAL:HG13	1:R:156:ALA:HB2	1.84	0.58
3:B:220:GLN:NE2	3:B:255:LEU:O	2.35	0.58
2:A:348:LEU:HB3	2:A:354:PHE:HB2	1.86	0.57
3:B:121:CYS:HB3	3:B:139:LEU:HD12	1.85	0.57
3:B:187:VAL:HA	3:B:203:ALA:HA	1.87	0.56
1:R:109:PHE:HB3	1:R:113:LEU:HD22	1.87	0.56
1:R:314:SER:HA	1:R:317:VAL:HG22	1.87	0.56
3:B:29:THR:HG22	3:B:31:SER:H	1.71	0.55
3:B:279:SER:HA	3:B:320:VAL:HG11	1.88	0.55
3:B:71:VAL:HG21	3:B:112:VAL:HG21	1.88	0.55
3:B:289:TYR:OH	3:B:297:TRP:NE1	2.40	0.54
1:R:207:LEU:O	1:R:211:ARG:N	2.41	0.54
3:B:233:CYS:SG	3:B:234:PHE:N	2.80	0.54
3:B:310:GLY:O	3:B:337:LYS:NZ	2.38	0.54
4:C:59:ASN:ND2	4:C:61:PHE:O	2.41	0.54
3:B:240:ALA:HA	3:B:254:ASP:HA	1.89	0.53
3:B:22:ARG:NH2	3:B:221:THR:O	2.42	0.53
3:B:228:ASP:OD1	3:B:228:ASP:N	2.42	0.53
2:A:185:VAL:HB	2:A:200:ASP:HB2	1.91	0.52
3:B:51:LEU:O	3:B:335:PHE:HA	2.09	0.51
3:B:51:LEU:HB2	3:B:336:LEU:HB3	1.91	0.51
3:B:149:CYS:O	3:B:150:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.51
1:R:143:ILE:HG21	1:R:237:ILE:HG23	1.91	0.51
1:R:99:ALA:O	1:R:103:ILE:HG12	2.10	0.51
3:B:184:THR:OG1	3:B:205:ASP:OD2	2.27	0.51
2:A:184:ILE:HD11	2:A:199:PHE:HB3	1.92	0.50
1:R:148:GLY:O	2:A:32:ARG:NH2	2.44	0.50

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Continued from prev		Interatomic	Clash overlap (Å)	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}\ ({\rm \AA})$		
2:A:16:SER:HB2	3:B:89:LYS:H	1.77	0.50	
3:B:165:THR:HA	3:B:180:PHE:O	2.12	0.50	
1:R:172:LEU:N	1:R:173:PRO:HD2	2.27	0.50	
1:R:41:MET:SD	1:R:42:VAL:N	2.85	0.50	
1:R:333:ILE:O	1:R:336:LEU:HB2	2.12	0.49	
3:B:22:ARG:NH1	3:B:258:ASP:O	2.46	0.49	
3:B:289:TYR:HH	3:B:297:TRP:HE1	1.61	0.49	
2:A:39:LEU:HD13	2:A:253:ILE:HG21	1.94	0.49	
1:R:129:ILE:HD12	1:R:222:GLN:HG2	1.94	0.48	
3:B:230:ASN:ND2	3:B:246:ASP:OD1	2.40	0.48	
5:P:16:GLN:O	5:P:19:GLN:HG3	2.12	0.48	
1:R:65:VAL:HA	1:R:68:ARG:HG2	1.96	0.48	
3:B:119:ASN:ND2	3:B:143:THR:O	2.46	0.48	
1:R:95:GLN:HB2	1:R:96:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.47	
1:R:269:VAL:HA	1:R:272:VAL:HG12	1.97	0.47	
2:A:190:THR:HG22	2:A:195:HIS:HD2	1.79	0.47	
3:B:70:LEU:HD22	3:B:84:SER:HB2	1.96	0.47	
1:R:285:ASN:OD1	5:P:33:ARG:NH2	2.48	0.47	
3:B:300:LEU:HD21	4:C:38:MET:HG2	1.97	0.46	
1:R:301:ASN:O	1:R:305:LEU:HD23	2.15	0.46	
3:B:160:SER:HB2	3:B:190:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.46	
3:B:274:THR:HG21	3:B:315:VAL:O	2.15	0.46	
2:A:46:LYS:HZ1	2:A:200:ASP:HB3	1.80	0.46	
1:R:98:THR:O	1:R:102:THR:HG22	2.16	0.46	
1:R:266:VAL:HA	1:R:269:VAL:HG12	1.98	0.46	
3:B:120:ILE:HA	3:B:139:LEU:O	2.16	0.46	
5:P:7:TYR:HB2	5:P:20:TYR:CZ	2.51	0.46	
2:A:36:LEU:HD13	2:A:222:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.45	
3:B:267:ASP:N	3:B:267:ASP:OD1	2.49	0.45	
2:A:233:VAL:HB	2:A:242:ARG:HG3	1.99	0.45	
3:B:227:SER:OG	3:B:228:ASP:N	2.49	0.45	
3:B:148:CYS:HB2	3:B:189:SER:HA	1.99	0.45	
1:R:301:ASN:HD21	5:P:29:ASN:HB3	1.81	0.45	
1:R:103:ILE:HG13	1:R:104:MET:HG3	1.98	0.45	
1:R:118:ALA:HA	1:R:121:GLN:HG2	1.99	0.45	
5:P:7:TYR:HB2	5:P:20:TYR:OH	2.17	0.44	
1:R:181:GLU:HG2	1:R:201:CYS:HB3	1.99	0.44	
3:B:51:LEU:HD22	3:B:336:LEU:HD22	1.98	0.44	
1:R:62:LEU:HD23	1:R:84:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.44	
1:R:119:PHE:HB2	1:R:175:LEU:HB2	1.98	0.44	
1:R:262:GLN:HA	1:R:265:VAL:HG12	1.99	0.44	

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Continued from prev		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}\ (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)	
2:A:290:TYR:OH	2:A:298:GLU:OE1	2.30	0.44	
3:B:328:ALA:HB1	3:B:336:LEU:HD21	1.99	0.44	
1:R:234:TYR:HD2	1:R:271:VAL:HB	1.82	0.44	
1:R:278:TRP:HE1	1:R:314:SER:HG	1.65	0.43	
3:B:311:HIS:CE1	3:B:337:LYS:HG2	2.52	0.43	
5:P:13:THR:O	5:P:16:GLN:N	2.51	0.43	
1:R:79:LEU:HB3	1:R:135:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.43	
5:P:29:ASN:HA	5:P:32:THR:HG22	1.99	0.43	
1:R:80:ILE:HD12	1:R:322:TYR:HB3	2.00	0.43	
2:A:210:LYS:O	2:A:213:HIS:NE2	2.52	0.43	
3:B:234:PHE:HE2	3:B:238:GLY:HA2	1.83	0.43	
2:A:251:ASP:OD1	2:A:255:ASN:ND2	2.52	0.43	
3:B:118:ASP:OD1	3:B:118:ASP:N	2.46	0.43	
3:B:152:LEU:HB2	3:B:156:GLN:HG3	2.01	0.43	
3:B:210:LEU:HD22	3:B:255:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.43	
1:R:270:MET:HG2	1:R:321:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.42	
3:B:253:PHE:CD1	3:B:260:GLU:HA	2.55	0.42	
1:R:259:HIS:O	1:R:263:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.42	
1:R:66:THR:HG21	1:R:81:ALA:HB2	2.01	0.42	
1:R:268:VAL:HA	1:R:271:VAL:HG12	2.01	0.42	
3:B:186:ASP:HB3	3:B:204:CYS:SG	2.60	0.42	
2:A:338:ALA:O	2:A:342:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.42	
3:B:121:CYS:HB2	3:B:146:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.42	
3:B:289:TYR:HE1	3:B:295:ASN:HB2	1.85	0.42	
1:R:184:PHE:HB3	1:R:188:HIS:HE1	1.84	0.42	
1:R:95:GLN:HE21	1:R:312:MET:HB3	1.84	0.41	
1:R:187:ASN:O	1:R:188:HIS:ND1	2.53	0.41	
3:B:100:VAL:HG21	3:B:114:CYS:HB2	2.02	0.41	
2:A:186:GLU:OE2	2:A:188:HIS:NE2	2.43	0.41	
3:B:69:LEU:HD23	3:B:83:ASP:HA	2.01	0.41	
1:R:289:ASP:OD2	5:P:35:ARG:NH2	2.54	0.41	
3:B:27:ASP:OD1	3:B:27:ASP:N	2.54	0.41	
1:R:225:LEU:HB3	1:R:226:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.41	
3:B:66:ASP:OD1	3:B:66:ASP:N	2.54	0.40	
1:R:194:PHE:HB2	1:R:198:LYS:HB2	2.03	0.40	
1:R:215:THR:OG1	5:P:35:ARG:NH1	2.54	0.40	
3:B:38:ASP:OD1	3:B:38:ASP:N	2.55	0.40	
3:B:141:GLY:HA3	3:B:169:TRP:HH2	1.85	0.40	
2:A:241:ASN:OD1	2:A:242:ARG:N	2.55	0.40	
2:A:329:THR:O	2:A:329:THR:HG22	2.21	0.40	
3:B:186:ASP:O	3:B:204:CYS:N	2.51	0.40	



There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	R	298/380~(78%)	286 (96%)	12 (4%)	0	100	100
2	A	211/354~(60%)	207 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
3	В	334/351 (95%)	325 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
4	С	52/71 (73%)	51 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
5	Р	34/36~(94%)	30 (88%)	4 (12%)	0	100	100
All	All	929/1192 (78%)	899 (97%)	30 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	R	257/336~(76%)	256 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	97	
2	A	177/306 (58%)	177 (100%)	0	100	100	
3	В	258/293 (88%)	258 (100%)	0	100	100	
4	С	35/58~(60%)	34 (97%)	1 (3%)	42	76	
5	Р	26/29 (90%)	26 (100%)	0	100	100	
All	All	753/1022 (74%)	751 (100%)	2 (0%)	92	97	



All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	R	331	LYS
4	С	18	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Type	Chain	Chain	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
		Type		n Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2		
	5	TYC	Р	36	5	13,13,13	1.64	2 (15%)	17,17,17	0.87	0		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	TYC	Р	36	5	-	2/8/8/8	0/1/1/1

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
5	Р	36	TYC	C-NXT	4.95	1.45	1.32
5	Р	36	TYC	O-C	-2.69	1.18	1.23



There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	Р	36	TYC	O-C-CA-CB
5	Р	36	TYC	NXT-C-CA-CB

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-33071. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

#### 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

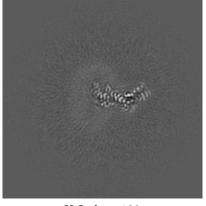
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



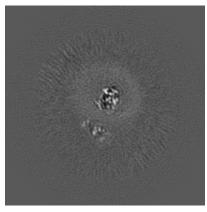
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

#### 6.2 Central slices (i)

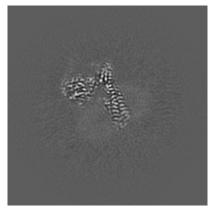
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128



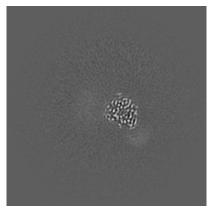
Z Index: 128

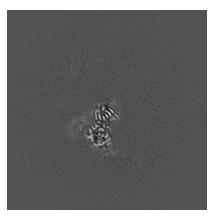


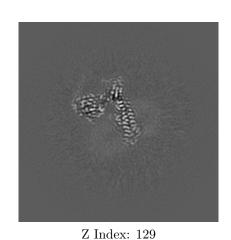
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

#### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

#### 6.3.1 Primary map







X Index: 94 Y Index: 160

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0188. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



## 6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

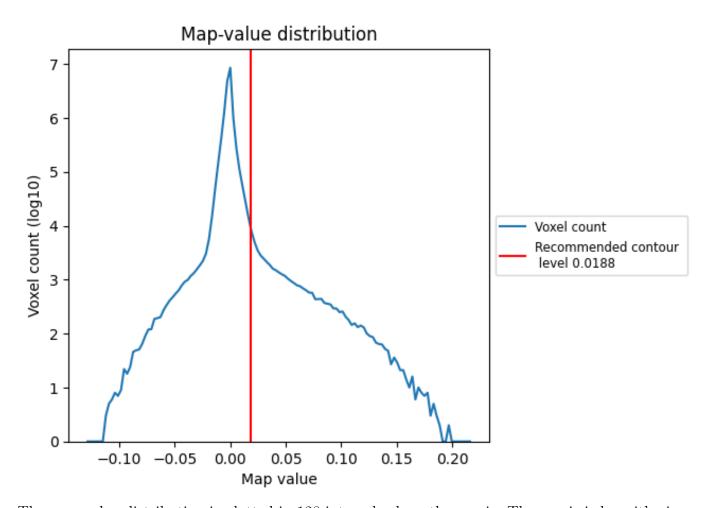
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



## 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

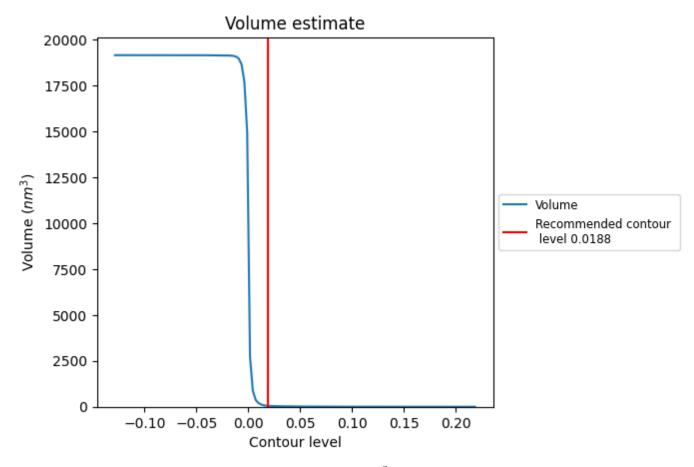
### 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



#### 7.2 Volume estimate (i)

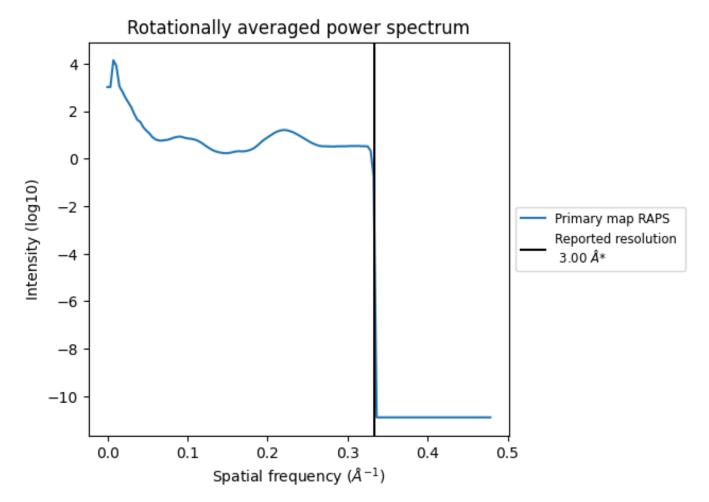


The volume at the recommended contour level is  $53 \text{ nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 48 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



<sup>\*</sup>Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333  $\rm \AA^{-1}$ 



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

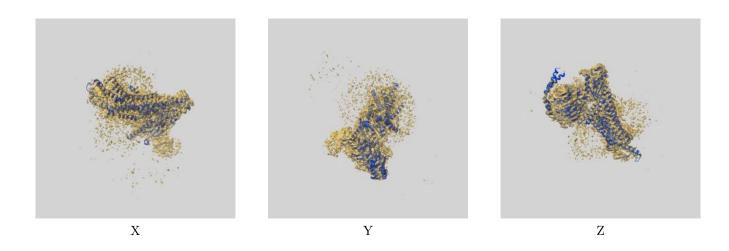
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



## 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-33071 and PDB model 7X9C. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

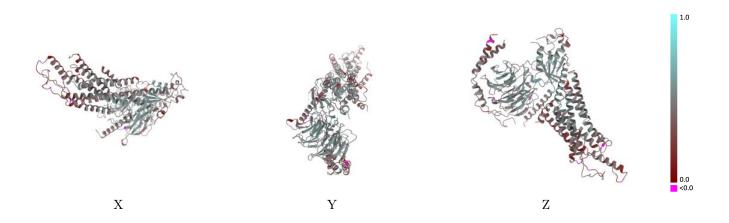
### 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0188 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

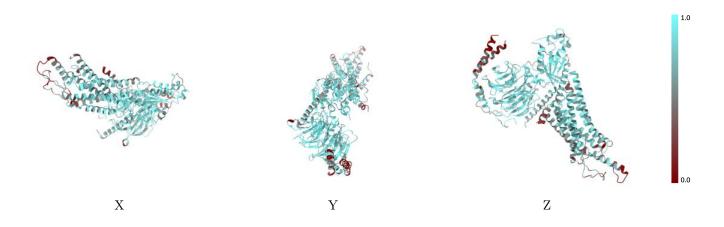


### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

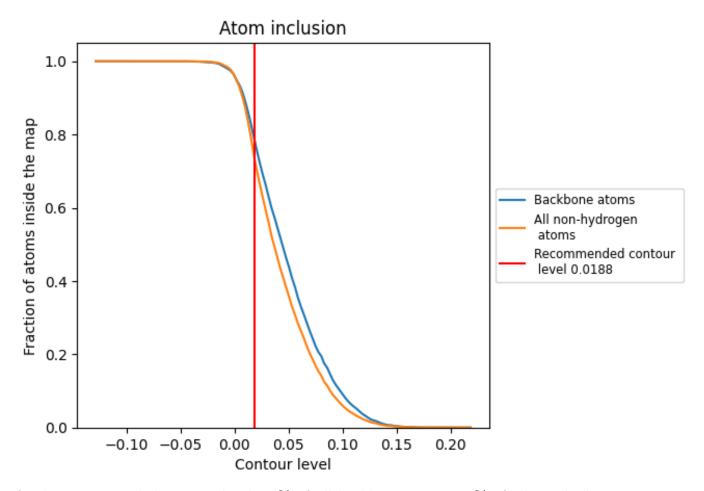
### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0188).



## 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 78% of all backbone atoms, 73% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



### 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0188) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score	
All	0.7287	0.4430	
A	0.7828	0.4780	
В	0.7834	0.4740	
С	0.5921	0.3940	
Р	0.5404	0.3650	
R	0.6766	0.4030	



