



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 1, 2023 – 10:16 PM JST

PDB ID : 7XG2
EMDB ID : EMD-33183
Title : CryoEM structure of type IV-A NTS-nicked dsDNA bound Csf-crRNA ternary complex
Authors : Zhang, J.T.; Cui, N.; Huang, H.D.; Jia, N.
Deposited on : 2022-04-02
Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev50
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.34

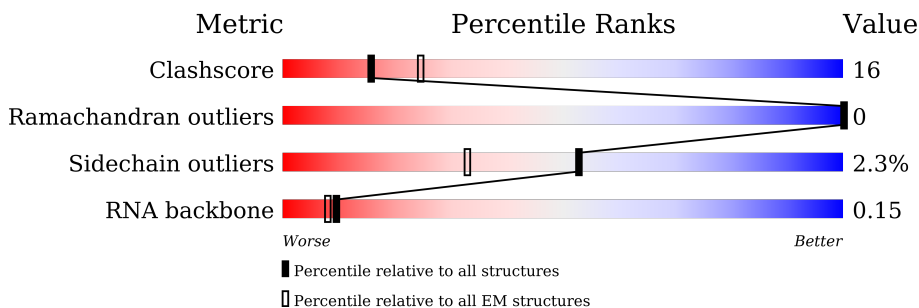
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY








The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	253	 76% 18% • 5%
2	B	220	 77% 22%
3	C	348	 73% 22% 5%
3	D	348	 75% 19% • 5%
3	E	348	 64% 29% 7%
3	F	348	 6% 65% 28% 7%
3	G	348	 6% 49% 30% • 20%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	H	268	
5	I	61	
6	J	43	
7	K	54	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	23G	I	61	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 19904 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Csf1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	241	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1897	1202	336	347	12		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Csf3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	219	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1709	1080	316	305	8		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Csf2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	329	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2488	1570	439	467	12		
3	D	331	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2503	1580	441	470	12		
3	E	324	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2450	1546	431	461	12		
3	F	324	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2450	1546	431	461	12		
3	G	280	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2131	1352	370	398	11		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Csf5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	H	234	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1800	1149	322	322	7		

- Molecule 5 is a RNA chain called crRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
5	I	61	1317	586	247	423	61	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called NTS.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
6	J	18	360	175	56	111	18	0	0

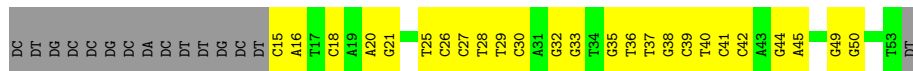
- Molecule 7 is a DNA chain called TS.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
7	K	39	798	380	142	237	39	0	0

- Molecule 8 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Zn	
8	A	1	1	1	0

● Molecule 7: TS



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	136552	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.170	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.089	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.008	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	281.6, 281.6, 281.6	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.1, 1.1, 1.1	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 23G, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.34	0/1945	0.67	0/2643
2	B	0.34	0/1754	0.66	0/2384
3	C	0.33	0/2537	0.61	0/3439
3	D	0.32	0/2552	0.62	0/3458
3	E	0.34	0/2499	0.62	0/3391
3	F	0.32	0/2499	0.65	0/3391
3	G	0.39	0/2177	0.70	0/2955
4	H	0.33	0/1835	0.60	0/2475
5	I	0.39	0/1446	1.06	0/2256
6	J	0.63	0/400	1.11	0/613
7	K	0.66	0/893	1.02	0/1376
All	All	0.37	0/20537	0.72	0/28381

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1897	0	1892	38	0
2	B	1709	0	1694	51	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	2488	0	2495	58	0
3	D	2503	0	2513	57	0
3	E	2450	0	2446	89	0
3	F	2450	0	2446	62	0
3	G	2131	0	2128	126	0
4	H	1800	0	1838	84	0
5	I	1317	0	659	148	0
6	J	360	0	207	3	0
7	K	798	0	441	49	0
8	A	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	19904	0	18759	617	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 617 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:G:139:MET:HE1	5:I:30:G:C4	1.04	1.53
3:E:6:THR:HG21	3:E:257:LYS:NZ	1.19	1.50
3:G:139:MET:CE	5:I:30:G:C4	1.99	1.45
5:I:48:C:N4	5:I:60:G:H21	1.01	1.42
3:E:6:THR:CG2	3:E:257:LYS:NZ	1.81	1.42

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	239/253 (94%)	232 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 100
2	B	217/220 (99%)	211 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	C	325/348 (93%)	320 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
3	D	327/348 (94%)	311 (95%)	16 (5%)	0	100	100
3	E	320/348 (92%)	310 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
3	F	320/348 (92%)	304 (95%)	16 (5%)	0	100	100
3	G	276/348 (79%)	258 (94%)	18 (6%)	0	100	100
4	H	232/268 (87%)	223 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	2256/2481 (91%)	2169 (96%)	87 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	210/222 (95%)	205 (98%)	5 (2%)	49	81
2	B	176/177 (99%)	174 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	92
3	C	263/274 (96%)	260 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	92
3	D	264/274 (96%)	260 (98%)	4 (2%)	65	89
3	E	259/274 (94%)	255 (98%)	4 (2%)	65	89
3	F	259/274 (94%)	253 (98%)	6 (2%)	50	82
3	G	227/274 (83%)	213 (94%)	14 (6%)	18	47
4	H	191/215 (89%)	186 (97%)	5 (3%)	46	79
All	All	1849/1984 (93%)	1806 (98%)	43 (2%)	53	82

5 of 43 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	G	103	TYR
3	G	285	GLU
3	G	110	ASN
3	G	141	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	G	341	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	175	GLN
3	F	68	ASN
3	G	247	ASN
4	H	62	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
5	I	60/61 (98%)	39 (65%)	15 (25%)

5 of 39 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	I	2	U
5	I	3	G
5	I	4	A
5	I	6	C
5	I	9	U

5 of 15 RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	I	20	C
5	I	47	C
5	I	25	G
5	I	48	C
5	I	40	C

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The

Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	23G	I	61	5	19,29,30	1.06	1 (5%)	20,45,48	1.45	4 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	23G	I	61	5	-	0/3/35/36	0/4/4/4

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	I	61	23G	C6-N1	-2.34	1.34	1.37

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	I	61	23G	OC1-PC-OC2	3.33	120.64	109.89
5	I	61	23G	O3'-PC-OC2	-2.38	109.47	115.76
5	I	61	23G	C8-N7-C5	2.35	107.47	102.99
5	I	61	23G	C5-C6-N1	2.30	118.01	113.95

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 9 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	I	61	23G	9	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

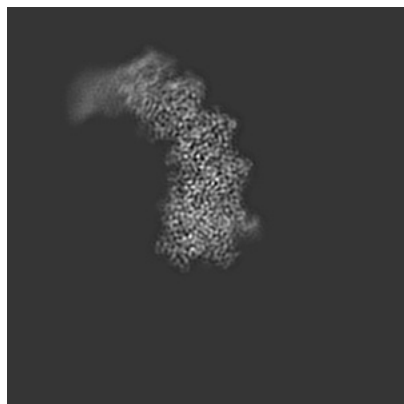
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-33183. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

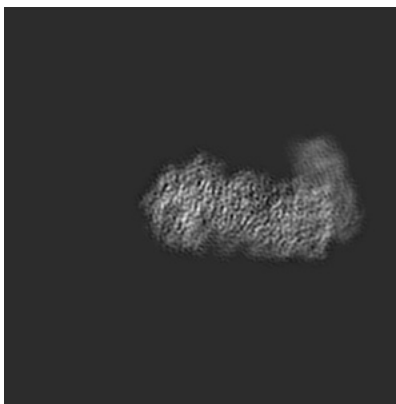
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

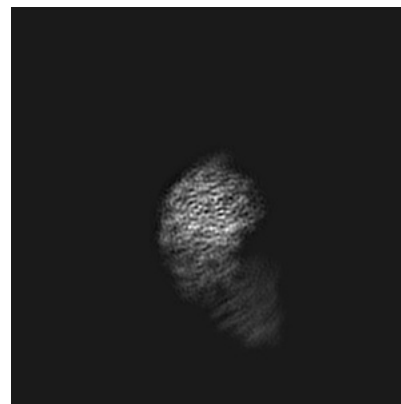
6.1.1 Primary map



X

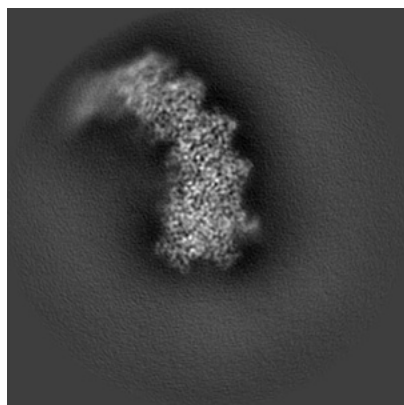


Y

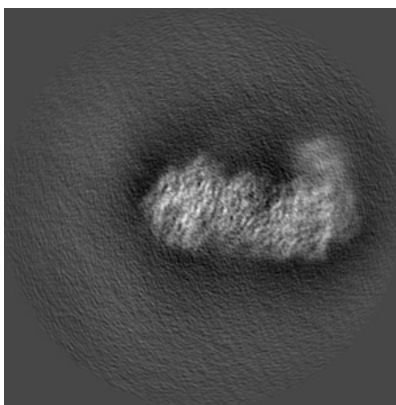


Z

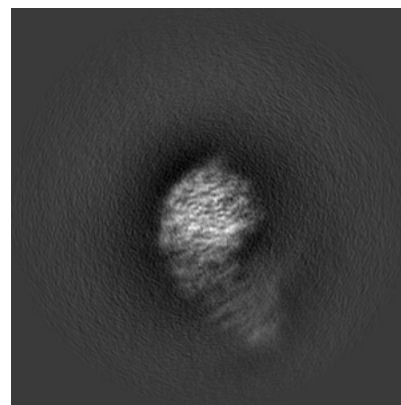
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

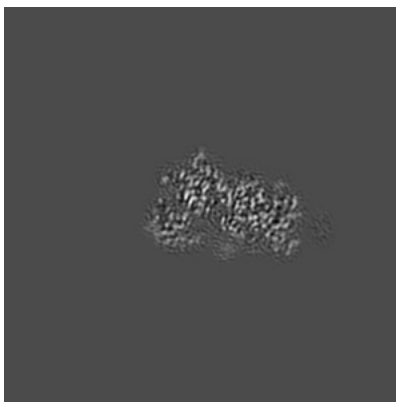
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

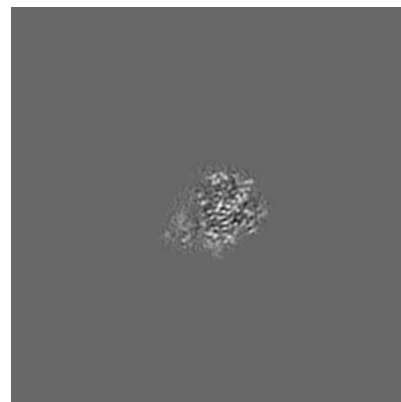
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128

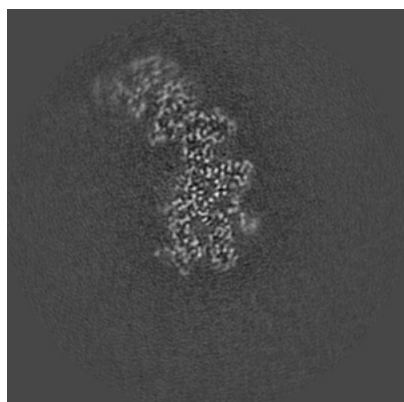


Y Index: 128

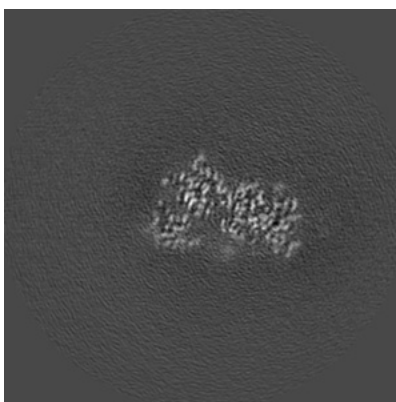


Z Index: 128

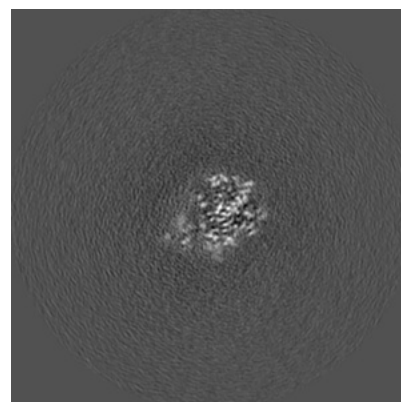
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

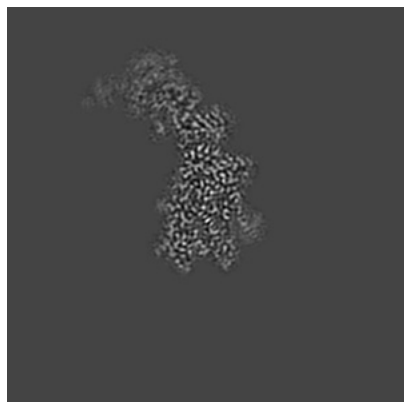


Z Index: 128

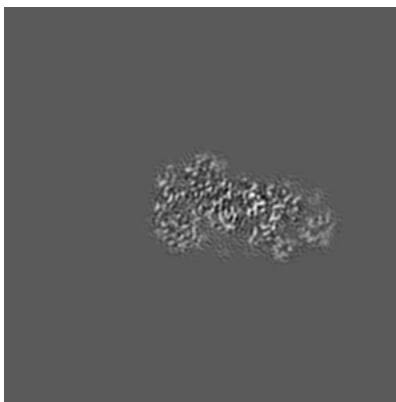
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

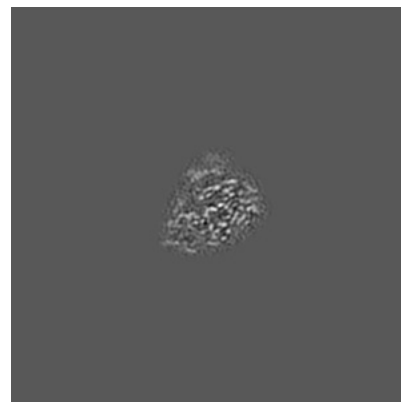
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 131

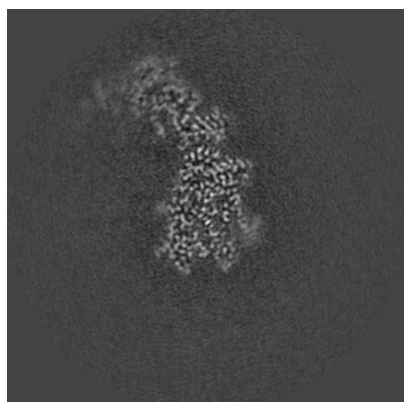


Y Index: 122

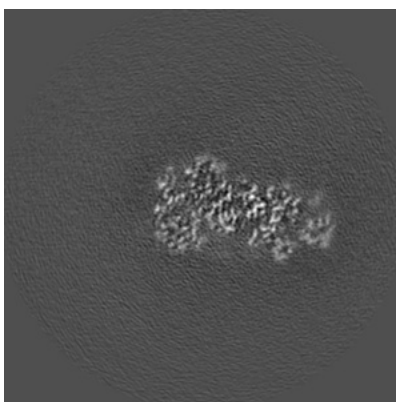


Z Index: 121

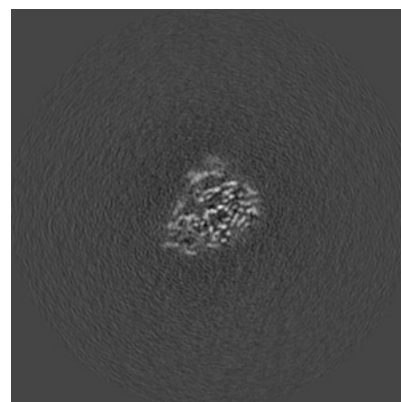
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 131



Y Index: 122

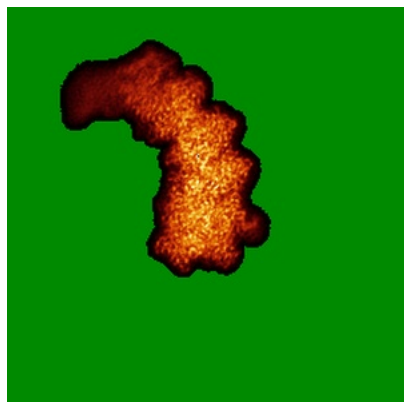


Z Index: 121

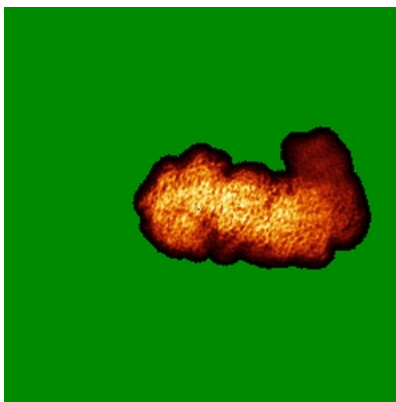
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

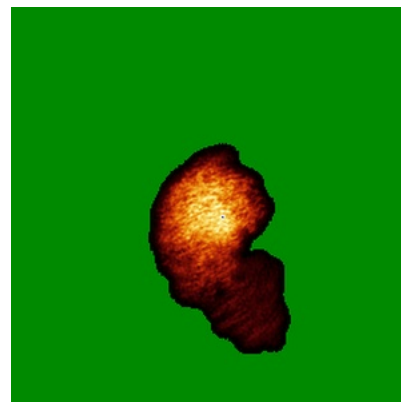
6.4.1 Primary map



X

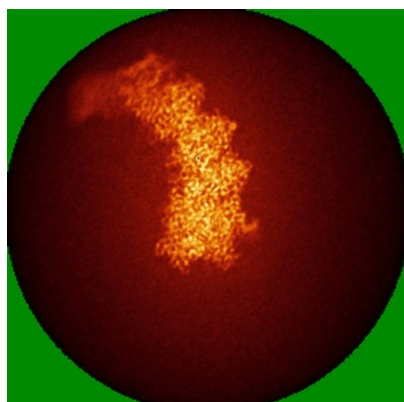


Y

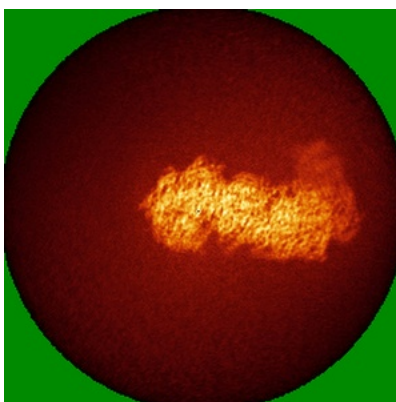


Z

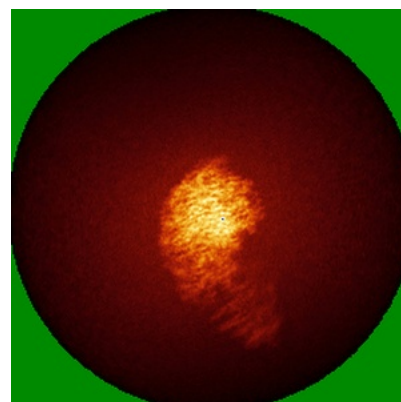
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

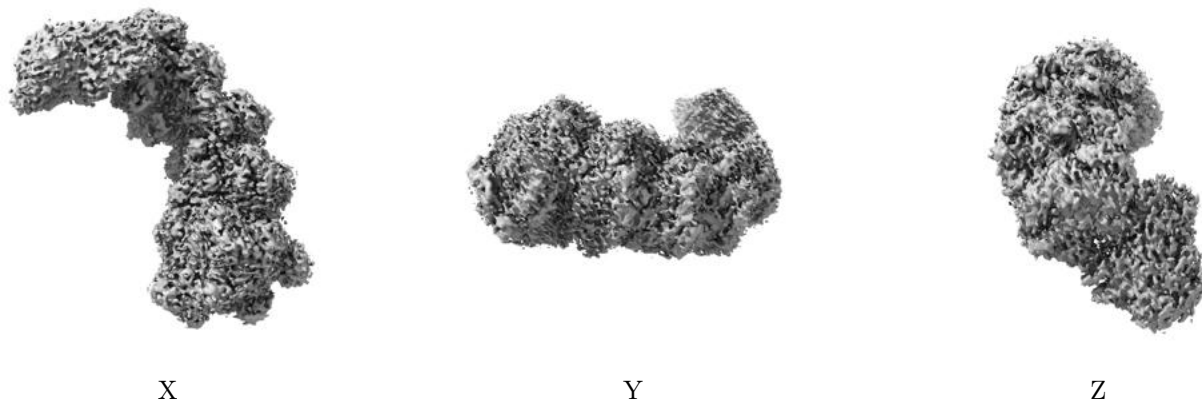


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

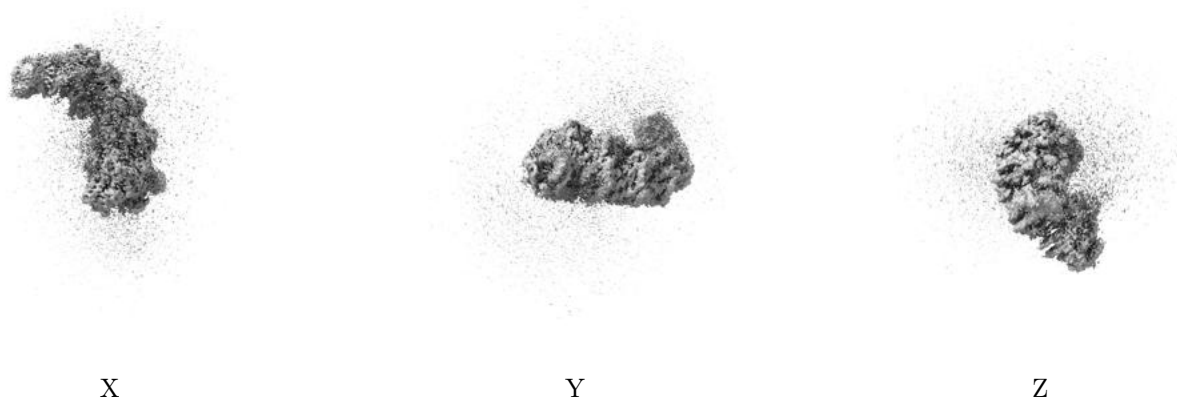
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.008. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

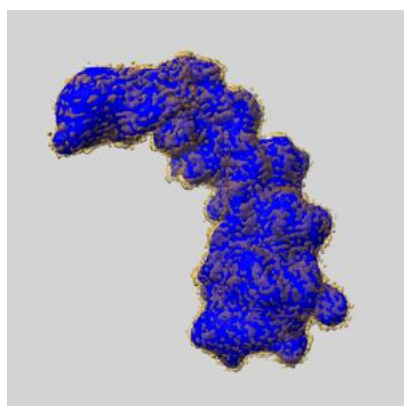
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

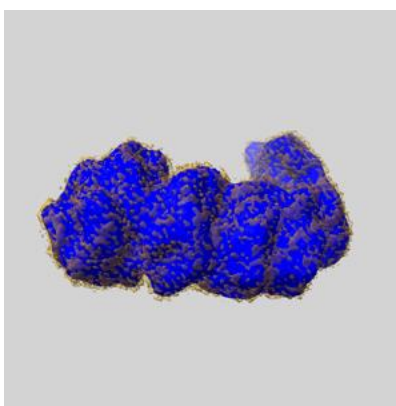
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

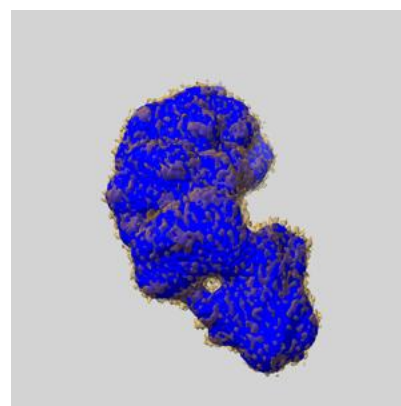
6.6.1 emd_33183_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

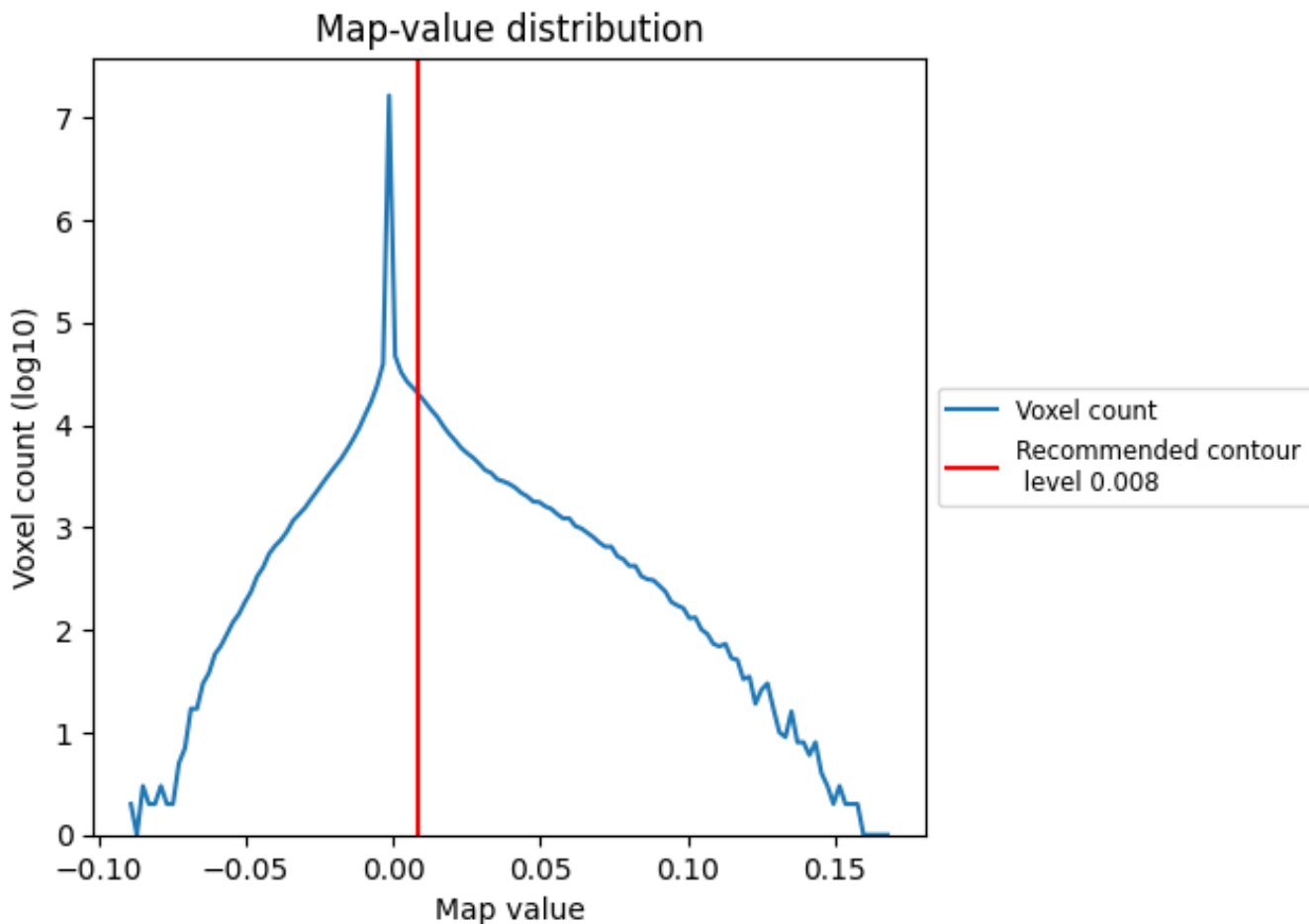


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

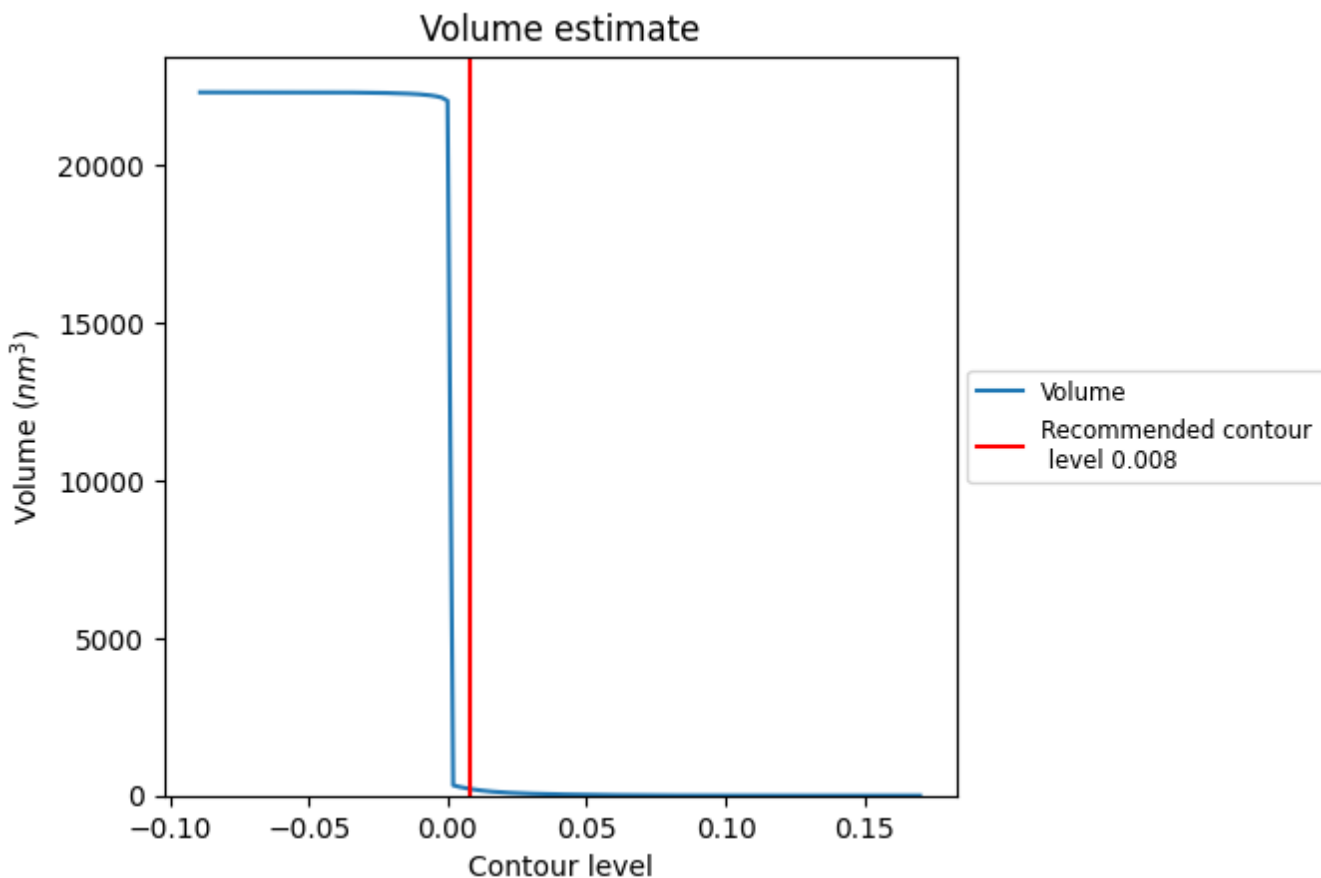
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

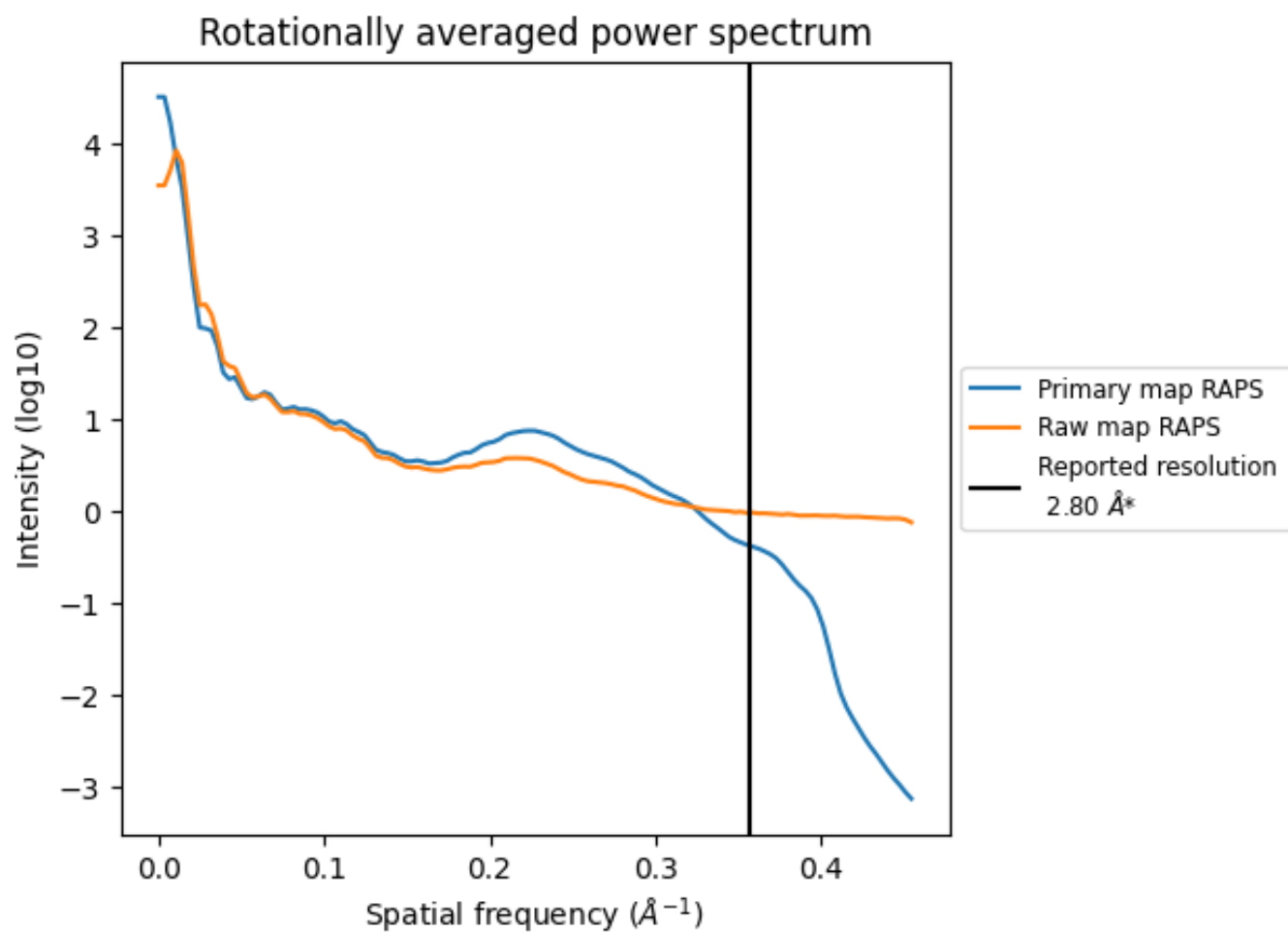
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 212 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 191 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

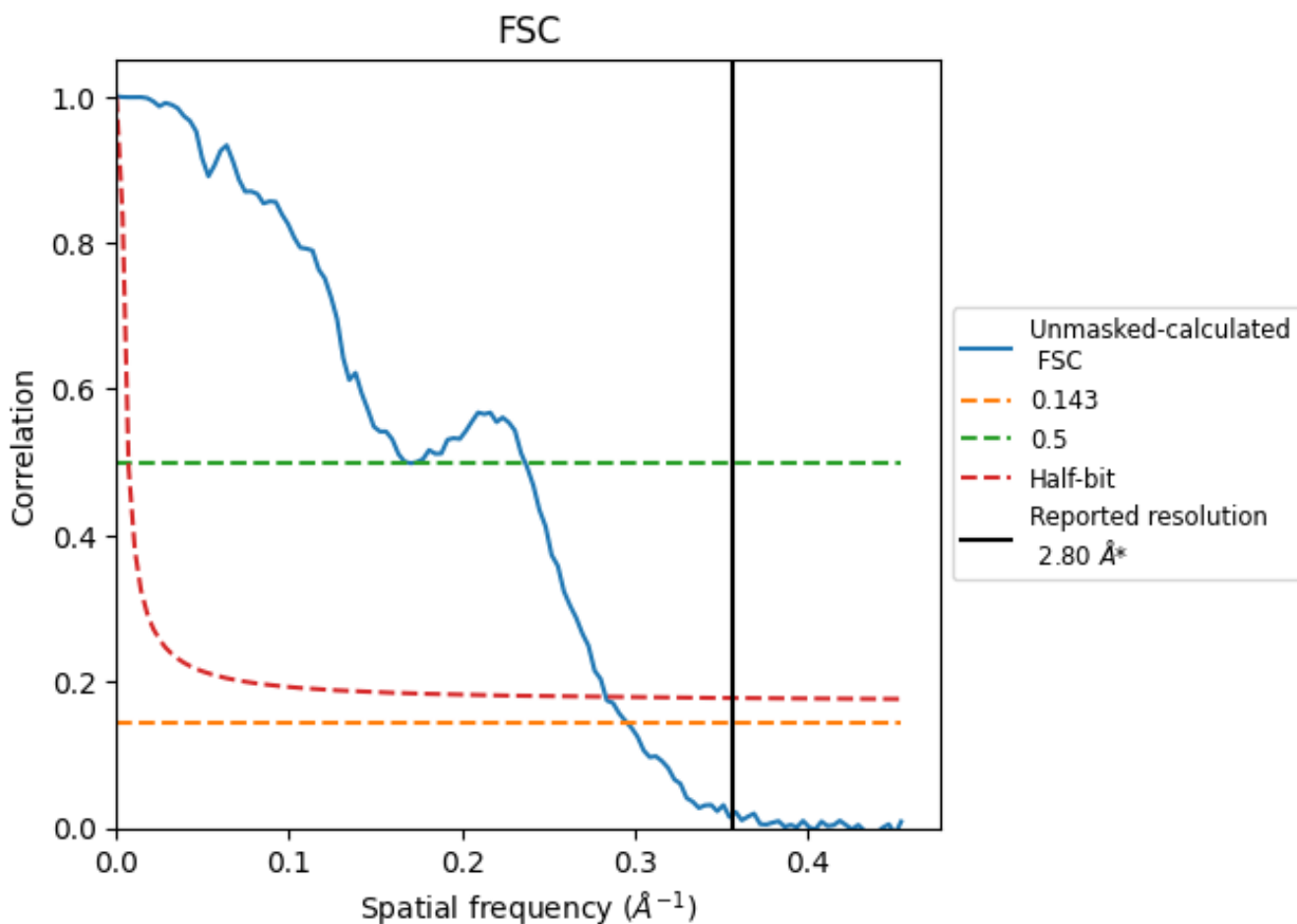


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.357 \AA^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.357 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

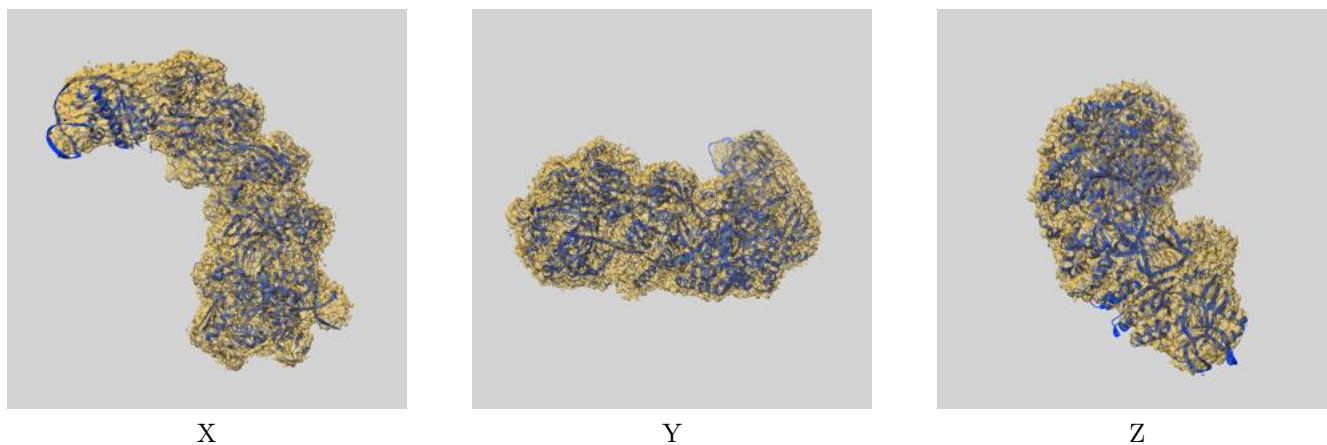
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.80	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.38	5.96	3.53

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.38 differs from the reported value 2.8 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

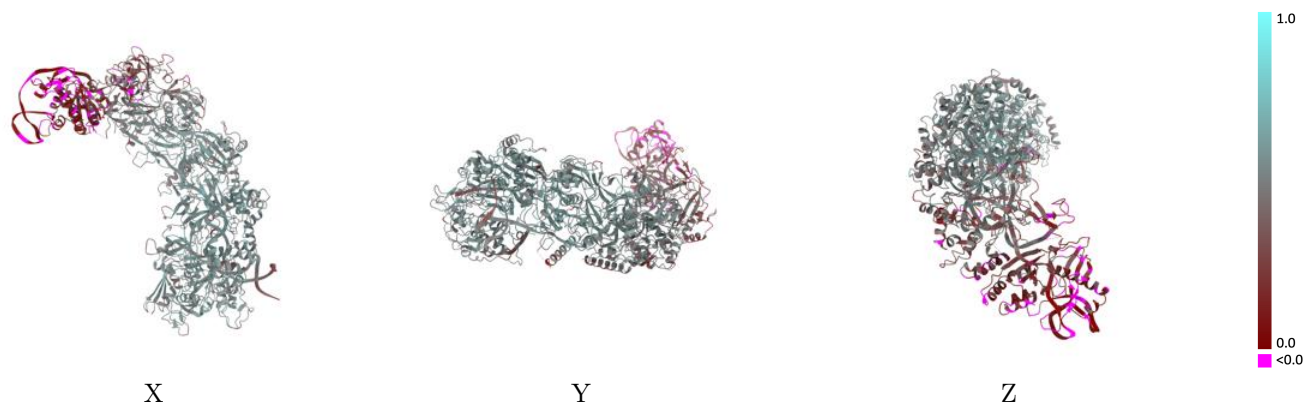
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-33183 and PDB model 7XG2. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.008 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



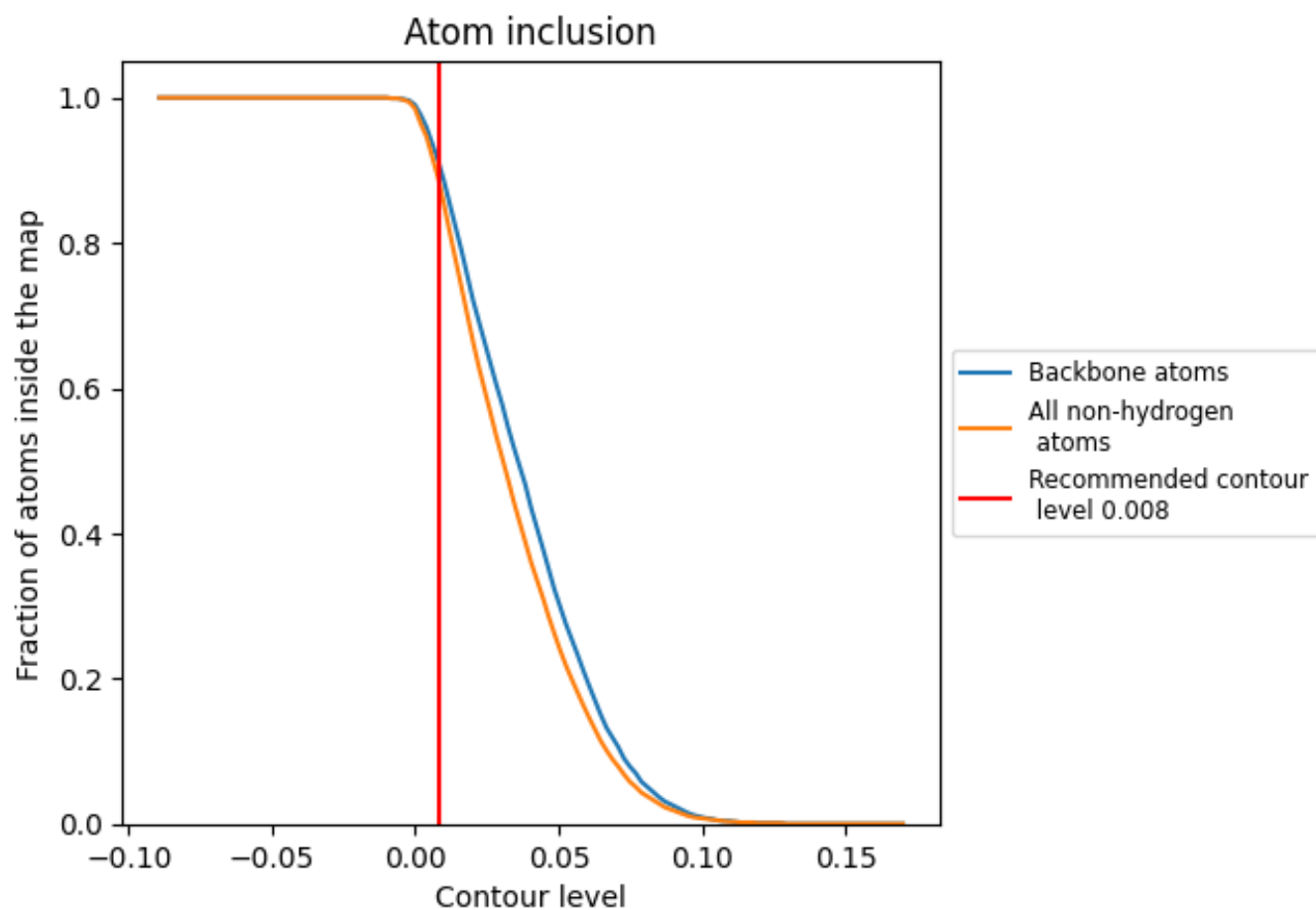
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.008).

























9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 91% of all backbone atoms, 89% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.008) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8890	 0.4530
A	 0.9430	 0.5130
B	 0.9650	 0.5510
C	 0.9680	 0.5490
D	 0.9620	 0.5450
E	 0.9510	 0.5270
F	 0.8840	 0.4650
G	 0.8110	 0.3330
H	 0.5720	 0.1310
I	 0.8150	 0.3440
J	 0.9500	 0.4210
K	 0.9700	 0.4990

