

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 8, 2020 - 07:37 AM BST

PDB ID : 4XP1

Title : X-ray structure of Drosophila dopamine transporter bound to neurotransmitter

dopamine

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Deposited on : 2015-01-16

Resolution : 2.89 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.13.1 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

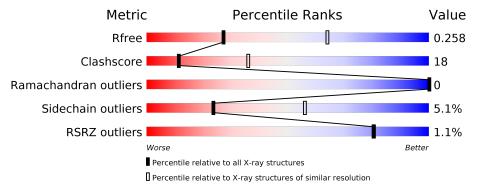
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.89 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1957 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1906 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
1	A	535	63%	35%						
2	L	214	71%	27% •						
3	Н	219	68%	32%						
4	В	2	50%	50%						
4	С	2	50%	50%						



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7680 atoms, of which 29 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

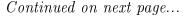
In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Dopamine transporter, isoform B.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	535	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	A	959	4230	2837	656	718	19	0	1	0

There are 43 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	74	ALA	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ASN	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ALA	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	SER	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ARG	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	PRO	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	VAL	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ILE	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	GLY	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	TYR	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	SER	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ASP	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	LEU	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	TYR	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ALA	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	MET	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	GLY	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ASN	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	GLN	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	SER	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	LEU	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	TYR	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2





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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	THR	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	MET	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	LEU	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	THR	$\operatorname{deletion}$	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP A0A0B4KEX2
A	415	ALA	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP A0A0B4KEX2

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Antibody fragment light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	L	214	Total 1616	C 1006	N 268	O 334	S 8	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called antibody fragment heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
3	Н	219	Total 1631	C 1027	N 277	O 319	S 8	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose. (1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	В	2	Total C O 23 12 11	0	0	0
4	С	2	Total C O 23 12 11	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

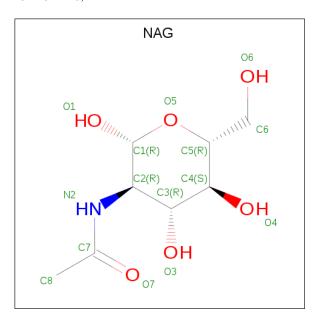


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	2	Total Na 2 2	0	0
5	L	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

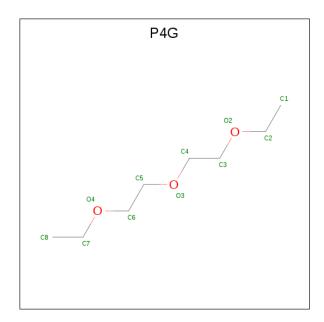
• Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

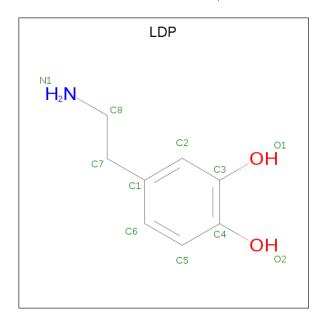
• Molecule 8 is 1-ETHOXY-2-(2-ETHOXYETHOXY)ETHANE (three-letter code: P4G) (formula:  $C_8H_{18}O_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
0	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	О	0	0
0	A	1	29	8	18	3	U	0

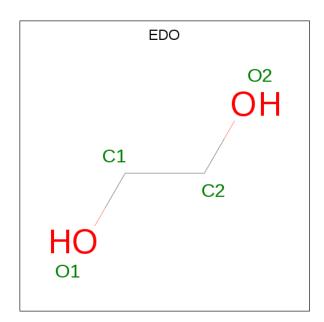
 $\bullet$  Molecule 9 is L-DOPAMINE (three-letter code: LDP) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_8H_{11}NO_2}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
0	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	0
9	A	1	22	8	11	1	2	U	U

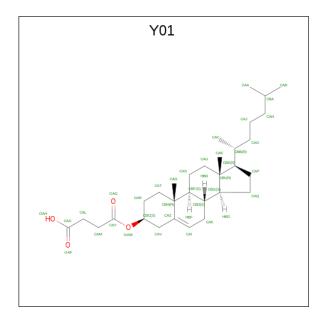
 $\bullet$  Molecule 10 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_6O_2}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	1	Total 4	C 2	O 2	0	0

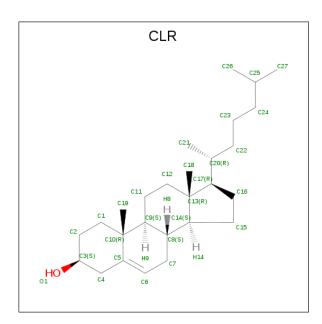
 $\bullet$  Molecule 11 is CHOLESTEROL HEMISUCCINATE (three-letter code: Y01) (formula:  $C_{31}H_{50}O_4).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	A	1	Total 35	C 31	O 4	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 12 is CHOLESTEROL (three-letter code: CLR) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_{27}H_{46}O}).$ 





N.	[ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
]	.2	A	1	Total 28	C 27	O 1	0	0

#### • Molecule 13 is water.

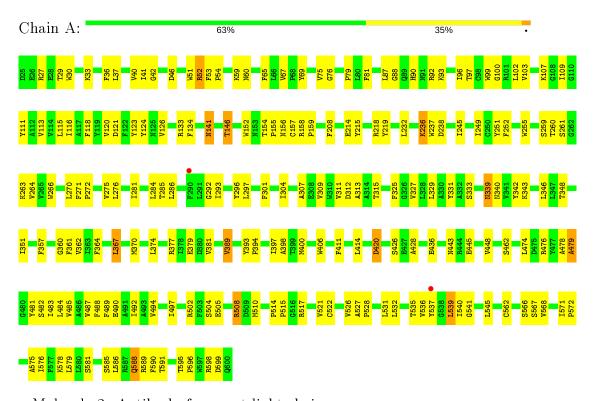
Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
13	A	15	Total O 15 15	0	0
13	L	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
13	Н	3	Total O 3 3	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

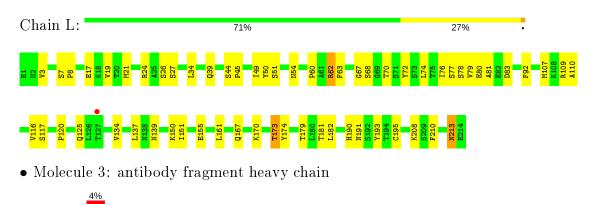
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Dopamine transporter, isoform B



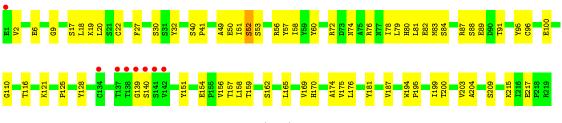
• Molecule 2: Antibody fragment light chain

Chain H:





32%



• Molecule 4: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain B: 50% 50%

GLC1 GLC2

• Molecule 4: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 50% 50%





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	96.80Å 140.18Å 166.19Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.98 - 2.89	Depositor
Resolution (A)	44.98 - 2.89	EDS
% Data completeness	96.7 (44.98-2.89)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.4 (44.98-2.89)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.05 (at 2.91 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX	Depositor
P. P.	0.218 , 0.256	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.220 , $0.258$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2426 reflections (4.89%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	82.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.293	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29,60.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	7680	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	75.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.02% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: Y01, NAG, CL, P4G, NA, GLC, EDO, LDP, CLR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.34	0/4375	0.51	0/5976	
2	L	0.34	0/1654	0.54	0/2250	
3	Н	0.36	0/1670	0.53	0/2276	
All	All	0.34	0/7699	0.52	0/10502	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2
2	L	0	1
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	478	ALA	Peptide
1	A	479	ALA	Peptide
2	L	190	HIS	Peptide



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4230	0	4155	164	0
2	L	1616	0	1520	50	0
3	Н	1631	0	1568	55	0
4	В	23	0	21	1	0
4	С	23	0	21	4	0
5	A	2	0	0	0	0
5	L	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	14	0	13	0	0
8	A	11	18	18	0	0
9	A	11	11	11	0	0
10	A	4	0	6	0	0
11	A	35	0	49	5	0
12	A	28	0	46	4	0
13	A	15	0	0	1	0
13	Н	3	0	0	0	0
13	L	3	0	0	0	0
All	All	7651	29	7428	266	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

The worst 5 of 266 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance}  ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
3:H:200:THR:HG22	3:H:215:LYS:HA	1.50	0.92
1:A:487:VAL:HG12	1:A:531:LEU:HD11	1.53	0.88
11:A:710:Y01:HAO1	11:A:710:Y01:HAA1	1.54	0.88
2:L:134:VAL:HG22	2:L:179:THR:HG23	1.55	0.87
3:H:165:LEU:HD11	3:H:187:VAL:HG21	1.62	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	534/535~(100%)	519 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100
2	L	212/214 (99%)	202 (95%)	10 (5%)	0	100	100
3	Н	217/219 (99%)	210 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	963/968 (100%)	931 (97%)	32 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentile	S
1	A	$434/440 \ (99\%)$	414 (95%)	20 (5%)	27 60	
2	L	181/187 (97%)	169 (93%)	12 (7%)	16 44	
3	Н	177/187 (95%)	169 (96%)	8 (4%)	27 61	
All	All	792/814 (97%)	752 (95%)	40 (5%)	24 56	

5 of 40 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	539	LEU
2	L	51	SER
3	Н	121	LYS
2	L	21	MET
2	L	62	ARG



Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Chain	Res	T in le	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	GLC	В	1	4	12,12,12	0.45	0	17,17,17	1.31	2 (11%)
4	GLC	В	2	4	11,11,12	0.60	0	15,15,17	1.10	1 (6%)
4	GLC	С	1	4	12,12,12	0.53	0	17,17,17	1.13	1 (5%)
4	GLC	С	2	4	11,11,12	0.61	0	15,15,17	0.87	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
4	GLC	В	1	4	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GLC	В	2	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	GLC	С	1	4	-	1/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GLC	С	2	4	_	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.



All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	В	2	GLC	O5-C5-C6	3.02	111.94	107.20
4	В	1	GLC	O3-C3-C2	-2.51	104.54	110.35
4	С	1	GLC	C4-C3-C2	-2.39	106.64	110.82
4	В	1	GLC	O4-C4-C3	2.39	115.87	110.35

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	1	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	В	1	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	С	1	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	С	2	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	С	2	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	1	GLC	1	0
4	С	1	GLC	2	0
4	С	2	GLC	4	0

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	in Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	gles
WIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
10	EDO	A	709	-	3,3,3	0.50	0	2,2,2	0.23	0
7	NAG	A	706	1	14,14,15	0.61	0	17,19,21	0.70	0
12	CLR	A	711	-	31,31,31	0.70	0	48,48,48	1.52	7 (14%)



Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		Res	Link	В	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIGI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
9	LDP	A	708	-	10,11,11	1.11	2 (20%)	13,14,14	0.79	0	
8	P4G	A	707	_	10,10,10	0.78	0	9,9,9	0.44	0	
11	Y01	A	710	-	35,38,38	4.46	14 (40%)	54,57,57	1.96	14 (25%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	EDO	A	709	_	-	0/1/1/1	-
7	NAG	A	706	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
12	CLR	A	711	-	-	0/10/68/68	0/4/4/4
9	LDP	A	708	-	-	2/3/3/3	0/1/1/1
8	P4G	A	707	_	-	4/8/8/8	-
11	Y01	A	710	-	-	6/17/77/77	0/4/4/4

The worst 5 of 16 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
11	A	710	Y01	CAI-CAZ	17.25	1.71	1.33
11	A	710	Y01	CBB-CBE	-10.11	1.36	1.54
11	A	710	Y01	CBH-CBF	7.54	1.68	1.56
11	A	710	Y01	CAU-CBI	-7.05	1.41	1.54
11	A	710	Y01	CAP-CBE	5.61	1.66	1.54

The worst 5 of 21 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
12	A	711	CLR	C4-C5-C10	5.71	124.00	116.42
11	A	710	Y01	OAW-CAY-CAM	4.37	120.92	111.50
11	A	710	Y01	CAU-CBI-CBG	4.32	113.98	107.27
11	A	710	Y01	CAU-CBI-CBE	4.31	123.02	116.57
11	A	710	Y01	CBI-CBE-CBB	-4.05	113.15	119.49

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	A	710	Y01	OAG-CAY-OAW-CBC

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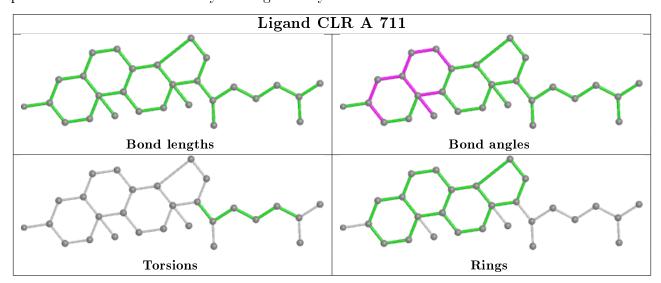
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	A	710	Y01	CAM-CAY-OAW-CBC
11	A	710	Y01	CAJ-CAO-CBB-CAC
7	A	706	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
11	A	710	Y01	CAJ-CAO-CBB-CBE

There are no ring outliers.

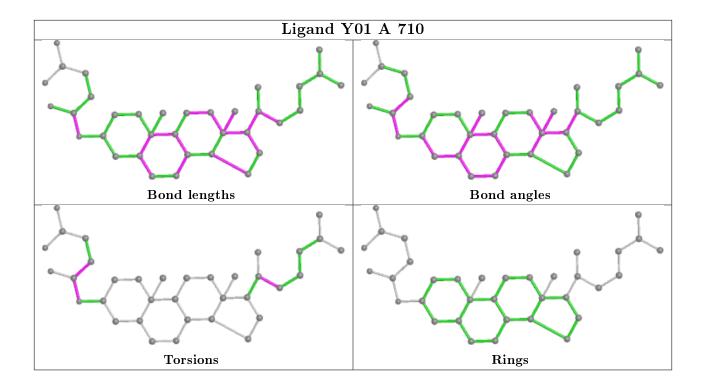
2 monomers are involved in 9 short contacts:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
12	A	711	CLR	4	0
11	A	710	Y01	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	535/535~(100%)	-0.20	2 (0%) 92 93	58, 74, 98, 151	0
2	L	214/214 (100%)	-0.27	1 (0%) 91 91	47, 69, 100, 116	0
3	Н	219/219 (100%)	-0.08	8 (3%) 41 37	54, 69, 110, 154	0
All	All	968/968 (100%)	-0.19	11 (1%) 80 80	47, 72, 100, 154	0

The worst 5 of 11 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
3	Н	138	THR	6.7
3	Н	142	VAL	3.3
1	A	537	TYR	3.1
3	Н	140	SER	2.9
3	Н	139	GLY	2.9

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	GLC	В	1	12/12	0.82	0.35	93,114,120,123	0
4	GLC	В	2	11/12	0.82	0.16	94,106,112,120	0
4	GLC	С	2	11/12	0.86	0.27	89,112,123,125	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	GLC	С	1	12/12	0.87	0.19	89,106,113,116	0

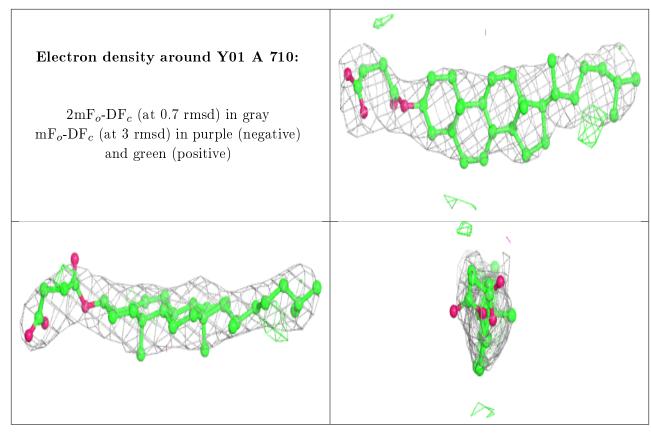
## 6.4 Ligands (i)

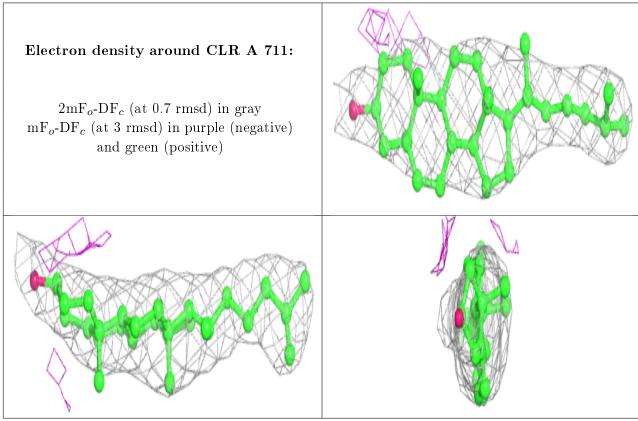
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
7	NAG	A	706	14/15	0.79	0.27	89,109,117,120	0
8	P4G	A	707	11/11	0.79	0.13	96,117,139,142	0
10	EDO	A	709	4/4	0.85	0.28	82,86,88,93	0
11	Y01	A	710	35/35	0.92	0.23	70,85,111,120	0
12	CLR	A	711	28/28	0.93	0.26	70,80,87,88	0
5	NA	A	702	1/1	0.95	0.26	69,69,69,69	0
5	NA	L	301	1/1	0.96	0.22	95,95,95,95	0
5	NA	A	701	1/1	0.97	0.18	69,69,69,69	0
9	LDP	A	708	11/11	0.97	0.25	64,78,94,103	0
6	CL	A	703	1/1	0.97	0.20	72,72,72,72	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

